

Module 26

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives & Outline

Casting
Upcast & Downcas

Static and

Binding

Summary

Module 26: Programming in C++

Dynamic Binding (Polymorphism): Part 1

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Department of Computer Science and Engineering Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur sourangshu@cse.iitkgp.ac.in

Slides taken from NPTEL course on Programming in C++ by **Prof. Partha Pratim Das**



Module Objectives

Module 26

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives & Outline

Casting Upcast & Downcas

Static and

-

- Understand Casting in a class hierarchy
- Understand Static and Dynamic Binding



Module Outline

Module 26

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives & Outline

C**asting** Upcast & Downcas

Static and

Sinding

- Casting
 - Upcast & Downcast
- Static and Dynamic Binding



Casting: Basic Rules

Module 26

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives of Outline

Casting
Upcast & Downcast

Static and

Dinaing

Summar

 Casting is performed when a value (variable) of one type is used in place of some other type

```
int i = 3;
double d = 2.5;
double result = d / i; // i is cast to double and used
```

Casting can be implicit or explicit



Casting: Basic Rules

Module 26

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives & Outline

Casting

Upcast & Downcast

Static and Dynamic

c.....

(Implicit) Casting between unrelated classes is not permitted

```
class A { int i; };
class B { double d: }:
Aa;
B b:
A *p = &a;
B *q = &b;
a = b: // error C2679: binary '=' : no operator found
          // which takes a right-hand operand of type 'main::B'
a = (A)b: // error C2440: 'type cast' : cannot convert from 'main::B' to 'main::A'
b = a;
          // error C2679: binary '=' : no operator found
          // which takes a right-hand operand of type 'main::A'
b = (B)a; // error C2440: 'type cast' : cannot convert from 'main::A' to 'main::B'
p = q:
         // error C2440: '=' : cannot convert from 'main::B *' to 'main::A *'
          // error C2440: '=' : cannot convert from 'main::A *' to 'main::B *'
p = (A*)&b; // Forced -- Okay
q = (B*)&a; // Forced -- Okay
```



Casting: Basic Rules

Module 26

Casting

Forced Casting between unrelated classes is dangerous

```
class A { public: int i; };
class B { public: double d; };
A a;
B b;
a.i = 5;
b.d = 7.2;
A *p = &a:
B *q = &b;
cout << p->i << endl; // prints 5
cout << q->d << endl; // prints 7.2
p = (A*)&b:
q = (B*)&a;
cout << p->i << endl; // prints -858993459 ----- GARBAGE
cout << g->d << endl: // prints -9.25596e+061 ----- GARBAGE
```



Casting on a Hierarchy

Module 26

Upcast & Downcast

Casting on a hierarchy is permitted in a limited sense

```
class A {};
class B : public A {}:
A *pa = 0;
B * pb = 0;
void *pv = 0;
pa = pb; // okay ------ // UPCAST
pb = pa: // error C2440: '=' : cannot convert from 'A *' to 'B *' // DOWNCAST
py = pa: // okay ----- // Lose the type
pv = pb: // okav ------ // Lose the type
pa = pv; // error C2440: '=' : cannot convert from 'void *' to 'A *'
pb = pv: // error C2440: '=' : cannot convert from 'void *' to 'B *'
```



Casting on a Hierarchy

Module 26

Upcast & Downcast

Up-Casting is safe

```
class A { public: int dataA_; };
class B : public A { public: int dataB_; };
    A a;
    B b;
    a.dataA_{-} = 2;
    b.dataA_{-} = 3;
    b.dataB = 5:
    A *pa = &a;
    B *pb = &b:
    cout << pa->dataA_ << endl;</pre>
                                                       // prints 2
    cout << pb->dataA_ << " " << pb->dataB_ << endl; // prints 3 5
    pa = \&b;
    cout << pa->dataA_ << endl;</pre>
                                                       // prints 3
    // cout << pa->dataB << endl: // error C2039: 'dataB ': is not a member of 'A'
```



Static and Dynamic Binding

```
Module 26
```

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives & Outline

Casting
Upcast & Downcast

Static and Dynamic Binding

Summar

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std:
class B {
public:
   void f() { cout << "B::f()" << endl: }</pre>
   virtual void g() { cout << "B::g()" << endl; }</pre>
};
class D: public B {
public:
   void f() { cout << "D::f()" << endl: }</pre>
   virtual void g() { cout << "D::g()" << endl: }</pre>
};
 int main() {
                                                     pb->f(); // B::f() -- Static Binding
      B b:
                                                     pb->g(); // B::g() -- Dynamic Binding
      D d:
                                                     pd->f(); // B::f() -- Static Binding
                                                     pd->g(): // D::g() -- Dynamic Binding
      B *pb = &b;
      B *pd = &d: // UPCAST
                                                     rb.f(): // B::f() -- Static Binding
                                                     rb.g(); // B::g() -- Dynamic Binding
      B &rb = b:
                                                     rd.f(); // B::f() -- Static Binding
      B &rd = d: // UPCAST
                                                     rd.g(): // D::g() -- Dynamic Binding
      b.f(); // B::f()
                                                     return 0;
      b.g(): // B::g()
                                                }
      d.f(): // D::f()
      d.g(); // D::g()
```



Module Summary

Module 26

Summary

- Introduced casting and discussed the notions of upcast and downcast
- Introduced Static and Dynamic Binding