

Module 31

Sourangshu Bhattacharya

Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual
Function

Module 31: Programming in C++

Virtual Function Table

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Slides taken from NPTEL course on Programming in C++ by **Prof. Partha Pratim Das**



Module Objectives

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salar Processing
C Solution
C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Tabl

Summary

 Understand Virtual Function Table for dynamic binding (polymorphic dispatch)



Module Outline

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

Summary

- Staff Salary Processing: RECAP
 - C Solution using Function Pointers
 - C++ Solution using Polymorphic Hierarchy
 - Comparison of C and C++ Solutions
- Virtual Function Table for Polymorphic Dispatch



Staff Salary Processing: Problem Statement: RECAP (Module 29)

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary Processing

C++ Solution

Function Pointer Table

Summ

- An organization needs to develop a salary processing application for its staff
- At present it has an engineering division only where Engineers and Managers work. Every Engineer reports to some Manager. Every Manager can also work like an Engineer
- The logic for processing salary for Engineers and Managers are different as they have different salary heads
- In future, it may add Directors to the team. Then every Manager will report to some Director. Every Director could also work like a Manager
- The logic for processing salary for Directors will also be distinct
- Further, in future it may open other divisions, like Sales division, and expand the workforce
- Make a suitable extensible design



C Solution: Function Pointers Engineer + Manager: RECAP (Module 29)

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Objectives of Outline

otaff Salar Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

Summary

• How to represent Engineers, Managers, and Directors?

- struct
- How to initialize objects?
 - Initialization functions
- How to have a collection of mixed objects?
 - Array of union
- How to model variations in salary processing algorithms?
 - struct-specific functions
- How to invoke the correct algorithm for a correct employee type?
 - Function switch
 - Function pointers



C Solution: Function Pointers Engineer + Manager + Director

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary
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C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Tabl

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
typedef enum E_TYPE { Er, Mgr, Dir } E_TYPE;
typedef void (*psFuncPtr)(void *);
typedef struct Engineer { char *name_; } Engineer;
Engineer *InitEngineer(const char *name) { Engineer *e = (Engineer *)malloc(sizeof(Engineer));
    e->name = strdup(name): return e:
void ProcessSalaryEngineer(void *v) { Engineer *e = (Engineer *)v;
    printf("%s: Process Salary for Engineer\n", e->name_);
typedef struct Manager { char *name_; Engineer *reports_[10]; } Manager;
Manager *InitManager(const char *name) { Manager *m = (Manager *)malloc(sizeof(Manager));
    m->name = strdup(name): return m:
void ProcessSalaryManager(void *v) { Manager *m = (Manager *)v;
    printf("%s: Process Salary for Manager\n", m->name );
typedef struct Director { char *name_; Manager *reports_[10]; } Director;
Director *InitDirector(const char *name) { Director *d = (Director *)malloc(sizeof(Director));
    d->name = strdup(name): return d:
void ProcessSalaryDirector(void *v) { Director *d = (Director *)v;
    printf("%s: Process Salary for Director\n", d->name ):
}
```



C Solution: Function Pointers Engineer + Manager + Director

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Objectives & Outline

Processing
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C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

```
typedef struct Staff {
    E_TYPE type_;
   void *p:
} Staff:
int main() {
    psFuncPtr psArray[] = { ProcessSalaryEngineer.
                            ProcessSalaryManager,
                            ProcessSalaryDirector };
    Staff staff [] = { { Er, InitEngineer("Rohit") },
                      { Mgr, InitEngineer("Kamala") },
                      { Mgr, InitEngineer("Rajib") },
                      { Er. InitEngineer("Kavita") }.
                      { Er, InitEngineer("Shambhu") },
                      { Dir, InitEngineer("Ranjana") } };
    for (int i = 0: i < sizeof(staff) / sizeof(Staff): ++i)
        psArray[staff[i].type_](staff[i].p);
    return 0:
----
Output:
Rohit: Process Salary for Engineer
Kamala: Process Salary for Manager
Rajib: Process Salary for Manager
Kavita: Process Salary for Engineer
Shambhu: Process Salary for Engineer
Ranjana: Process Salary for Director
```



C++ Solution: Polymorphic Hierarchy: RECAP Engineer + Manager + Director: (Module 30)

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salar Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table



- How to represent Engineers, Managers, and Directors?
 - Polymorphic class hierarchy
- How to initialize objects?
 - Constructor / Destructor
- How to have a collection of mixed objects?
 - array of base class pointers
- How to model variations in salary processing algorithms?
 - Member functions
- How to invoke the correct algorithm for a correct employee type?
 - Virtual Functions



C++ Solution: Polymorphic Hierarchy: RECAP Engineer + Manager + Director: (Module 30)

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std:
class Engineer {
protected:
   string name :
public:
    Engineer(const string& name) : name (name) {}
    virtual void ProcessSalarv()
                 { cout << name_ << ": Process Salary for Engineer" << endl; }
};
class Manager : public Engineer {
    Engineer *reports_[10];
public:
   Manager(const string& name) : Engineer(name) {}
    void ProcessSalarv()
         { cout << name_ << ": Process Salary for Manager" << endl; }
class Director : public Manager {
   Manager *reports_[10];
public:
    Director(const string& name) : Manager(name) {}
   void ProcessSalary()
         { cout << name_ << ": Process Salary for Director" << endl; }
}:
```



C++ Solution: Polymorphic Hierarchy: RECAP Engineer + Manager + Director: (Module 30)

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salar Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

```
int main() {
    Engineer e1("Rohit");
    Engineer e2("Kavita"):
    Engineer e3("Shambhu");
    Manager m1("Kamala");
   Manager m2("Rajib"):
    Director d("Ranjana");
    Engineer *staff[] = { &e1, &m1, &m2, &e2, &e3, &d }:
    for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(staff) / sizeof(Engineer*); ++i) staff[i]->ProcessSalary();
    return 0:
}
Output:
Rohit: Process Salary for Engineer
Kamala: Process Salary for Manager
Rajib: Process Salary for Manager
Kavita: Process Salary for Engineer
Shambhu: Process Salary for Engineer
Ranjana: Process Salary for Director
```



C and C++ Solutions: A Comparison

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Objectives & Outline

Processing
C Solution
C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

Summa

C Solution

- How to represent Engineers, Managers, and Directors?
 - structs
- How to initialize objects?
 - Initialization functions
- How to have a collection of mixed objects?
 - array of union wrappers
- How to model variations in salary processing algorithms?
 - functions for structs
- How to invoke the correct algorithm for a correct employee type?
 - Function switch
 - Function pointers

C++ Solution

- How to represent Engineers, Managers, and Directors?
 - Polymorphic hierarchy
- How to initialize objects?
 - Ctor / Dtor
- How to have a collection of mixed objects?
 - array of base class pointers
- How to model variations in salary processing algorithms?
 - class member functions
- How to invoke the correct algorithm for a correct employee type?
 - Virtual Functions



C and C++ Solutions: A Comparison

C Solution (Function Pointer)

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Tabl

Summ

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                #include <iostream>
                                                #include <string>
#include <string.h>
typedef enum E_TYPE { Er, Mgr, Dir } E_TYPE;
                                                using namespace std;
typedef void (*psFuncPtr)(void *);
typedef struct { E_TYPE type_; void *p; } Staff;
typedef struct { char *name_; } Engineer;
                                                class Engineer { protected: string name_;
Engineer *InitEngineer(const char *name):
                                                public: Engineer(const string& name):
void ProcessSalarvEngineer(void *v):
                                                    virtual void ProcessSalarv(): }:
typedef struct { char *name_; } Manager;
                                                class Manager : public Engineer {
Manager *InitManager(const char *name);
                                                public: Manager(const string& name);
void ProcessSalaryManager(void *v);
                                                    void ProcessSalary(); };
typedef struct { char *name_; } Director;
                                                class Director : public Manager {
Director *InitDirector(const char *name):
                                                public: Director(const string& name);
void ProcessSalarvDirector(void *v):
                                                    void ProcessSalarv(): }:
int main() { psFuncPtr psArray[] = {
                                                int main() {
    ProcessSalaryEngineer,
    ProcessSalaryManager.
    ProcessSalaryDirector }:
    Staff staff[] = {}
                                                    Engineer e1("Rohit");
    { Er. InitEngineer("Rohit") }.
                                                    Manager m1("Kamala"):
    { Mgr, InitEngineer("Kamala") },
                                                    Director d("Ranjana");
    { Dir, InitEngineer("Ranjana") } };
                                                    Engineer *staff[] = { &e1, &m1, &d };
    for (int i = 0; i <
                                                    for(int i = 0; i <
        sizeof(staff)/sizeof(Staff); ++i)
                                                        sizeof(staff)/sizeof(Engineer*); ++i)
       psArrav[staff[i].type ](staff[i].p):
                                                        staff[i]->ProcessSalary():
    return 0:
                                                    return 0:
```

C++ Solution (Virtual Function)



Virtual Function Pointer Table

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Virtual Function Pointer Table

```
Base Class
                                                    Derived Class
```

```
class B {
                                                   class D: public B {
    int i:
                                                       int i:
public:
                                                   public:
    B(int i_): i(i_) {}
                                                       D(int i_, int j_): B(i_), j(j_) {}
                                                           void f(int): // D::f(D*const. int)
        void f(int): // B::f(B*const, int)
virtual void g(int); // B::g(B*const, int)
                                                           void g(int); // D::g(D*const, int)
};
                                                   };
B b(100):
                                                   D d(200, 500):
B *p = &b;
                                                   B *p = &d;
```

b Object Layout

VFT Object B::g(B*const, int) n 100

vft R··i

2111 100	
Source Expression b.f(15);	Compiled Expression B::f(&b, 15);
p->f(25);	B::f(p, 25);
b.g(35);	B::g(&b, 35);

p->vft[0](p, 45);

d Object Layout



Source Expression

```
VFT
D::g(D*const. int)
```

Compiled Expression

```
d.f(15):
                       D::f(&d. 15):
p->f(25);
                       B::f(p, 25);
```

```
d.g(35);
                       D::g(&d, 35);
                       p->vft[0](p, 45):
p->g(45);
```

p->g(45);



Virtual Function Pointer Table

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Staff Salary Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

- Whenever a class defines a virtual function a hidden member variable is added to the class which points to an array of pointers to (virtual) functions called the Virtual Function Table (VFT)
- VFT pointers are used at run-time to invoke the appropriate function implementations, because at compile time it may not yet be known if the base function is to be called or a derived one implemented by a class that inherits from the base class
- VFT is class-specific all instances of the class has the same VFT
- VFT carries the Run-Time Type Information (RTTI) of objects



Virtual Function Pointer Table

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Virtual Function Pointer Table

```
class A { public:
    virtual void f(int) { }
    virtual void g(double) { }
                                                                  a Object Lavout
    int h(A *) { }
};
class B: public A { public:
    void f(int) { }
    virtual int h(B *) { }
class C: public B { public:
    void g(double) { }
    int h(B *) { }
1:
                                                     vft
A a; B b; C c;
A *pA: B *pB:
```

Compiled Expression

Source Expression pA->f(2): pA -> g(3.2);

pA->vft[0](pA, 2); pA->vft[1](pA, 3.2); pA->h(&a); A::h(pA, &a); pA->h(&b): A::h(pA, &b): pB->f(2);pB->vft[0](pB, 2); pB - > g(3.2): pB->vft[1](pB, 3.2): pB->vft[2](pB, &a): pB->h(&a): pB->h(&b); pB->vft[2](pB, &b);

Object		VFT	
vft →	0	A::f(A*const, int)	
	1	A::g(A*const, double)	

b Object Layout

Object		VFT
t	0	B::f(B*const, int)
	1	A::g(A*const, double)
:	2	B::h(B*const, B*)

c Object Layout





Module Summary

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Objectives & Outline

Staff Salary Processing C Solution C++ Solution

Virtual Function Pointer Table

Summary

- Leveraging an innovative solution to the Salary Processing Application in C using function pointers, we compare C and C++ solutions to the problem
- The new C solution is used to explain the mechanism for dynamic binding (polymorphic dispatch) based on virtual function tables