Seurat_Tutorial_1

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```
library(dplyr)
library(Seurat)

pbmc.data <- Read10X(data.dir = "/Users/siddarth/Desktop/datasets/filtered_gene_bc_matrices/hg19/")
pbmc <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = pbmc.data, project = "pbmc3k", min.cells = 3, min.features = 200)

## Warning: Feature names cannot have underscores ('_'), replacing with dashes

## ('-')

pbmc

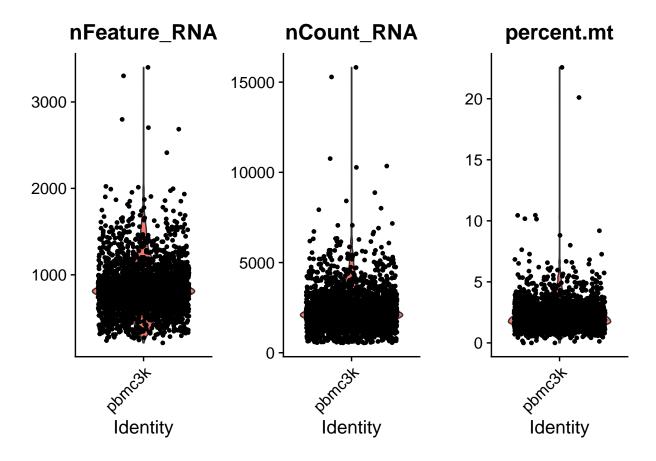
## An object of class Seurat

## 13714 features across 2700 samples within 1 assay

## Active assay: RNA (13714 features)

#QC Visualizations

pbmc[["percent.mt"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(pbmc, pattern = "^MT-")
VlnPlot(pbmc, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "nCount_RNA", "percent.mt"), ncol = 3)</pre>
```



```
#Subset
pbmc <- subset(pbmc, subset = nFeature_RNA > 200 & nFeature_RNA < 2500 & percent.mt < 5)
#Normalize by total expression, multiply by 10,000 and log transform
pbmc <- NormalizeData(pbmc, normalization.method = "LogNormalize", scale.factor = 10000)
#Following is normalization with default parameters
#pbmc <- NormalizeData(pbmc)</pre>
```

```
#Feature Selection
pbmc <- FindVariableFeatures(pbmc, selection.method = "vst", nfeatures = 2000)

# Identify the 10 most highly variable genes
top10 <- head(VariableFeatures(pbmc), 10)

# plot variable features with and without labels
plot1 <- VariableFeaturePlot(pbmc)
plot2 <- LabelPoints(plot = plot1, points = top10, repel = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
## Warning: Using `as.character()` on a quosure is deprecated as of rlang 0.3.0.
```

^{##} Please use `as_label()` or `as_name()` instead.

^{##} This warning is displayed once per session.

^{##} When using repel, set xnudge and ynudge to 0 for optimal results

CombinePlots(plots = list(plot1, plot2)) ## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous x-axis ## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous x-axis Standardized Variance Standardized Variance Non-variable count: 11714 Non-variable count: 11714 Variable count: 2000 Variable count: 2000 11120000002 11100000002

```
#Scaling data
all.genes <- rownames(pbmc)
pbmc <- ScaleData(pbmc, features = all.genes)</pre>
```

Average Expression

Centering and scaling data matrix

rage Expression

```
pbmc <- RunPCA(pbmc, features = VariableFeatures(object = pbmc))</pre>
```

```
## PC_ 1

## Positive: CST3, TYROBP, LST1, AIF1, FTL, FTH1, LYZ, FCN1, S100A9, TYMP

## FCER1G, CFD, LGALS1, S100A8, CTSS, LGALS2, SERPINA1, IFITM3, SPI1, CFP

## PSAP, IFI30, SAT1, COTL1, S100A11, NPC2, GRN, LGALS3, GSTP1, PYCARD

## Negative: MALAT1, LTB, IL32, IL7R, CD2, B2M, ACAP1, CD27, STK17A, CTSW

## CD247, GIMAP5, AQP3, CCL5, SELL, TRAF3IP3, GZMA, MAL, CST7, ITM2A

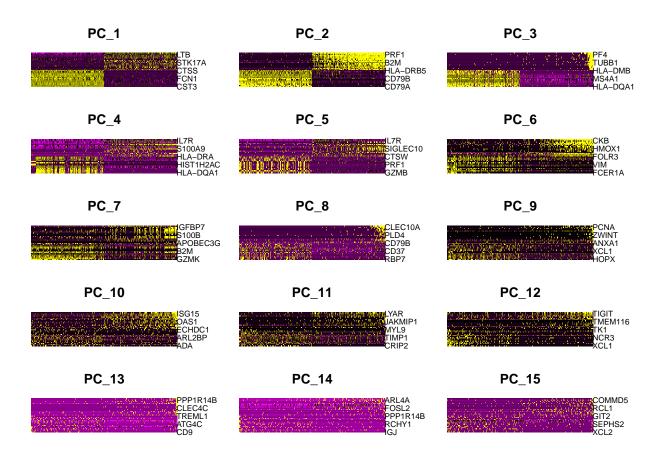
## MYC, GIMAP7, HOPX, BEX2, LDLRAP1, GZMK, ETS1, ZAP70, TNFAIP8, RIC3

## PC_ 2

## Positive: CD79A, MS4A1, TCL1A, HLA-DQA1, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DRA, LINCO0926, CD79B, HLA-DRB1, CD74
```

```
HLA-DMA, HLA-DPB1, HLA-DQA2, CD37, HLA-DRB5, HLA-DMB, HLA-DPA1, FCRLA, HVCN1, LTB
##
##
       BLNK, P2RX5, IGLL5, IRF8, SWAP70, ARHGAP24, FCGR2B, SMIM14, PPP1R14A, C16orf74
## Negative: NKG7, PRF1, CST7, GZMB, GZMA, FGFBP2, CTSW, GNLY, B2M, SPON2
       CCL4, GZMH, FCGR3A, CCL5, CD247, XCL2, CLIC3, AKR1C3, SRGN, HOPX
##
       TTC38, APMAP, CTSC, S100A4, IGFBP7, ANXA1, ID2, IL32, XCL1, RHOC
##
## PC 3
## Positive: HLA-DQA1, CD79A, CD79B, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DPB1, HLA-DPA1, CD74, MS4A1, HLA-DRB1, HLA-DRA
      HLA-DRB5, HLA-DQA2, TCL1A, LINCOO926, HLA-DMB, HLA-DMA, CD37, HVCN1, FCRLA, IRF8
##
       PLAC8, BLNK, MALAT1, SMIM14, PLD4, LAT2, IGLL5, P2RX5, SWAP70, FCGR2B
## Negative: PPBP, PF4, SDPR, SPARC, GNG11, NRGN, GP9, RGS18, TUBB1, CLU
       HIST1H2AC, APO01189.4, ITGA2B, CD9, TMEM40, PTCRA, CA2, ACRBP, MMD, TREML1
       NGFRAP1, F13A1, SEPT5, RUFY1, TSC22D1, MPP1, CMTM5, RP11-367G6.3, MYL9, GP1BA
##
## PC_ 4
## Positive: HLA-DQA1, CD79B, CD79A, MS4A1, HLA-DQB1, CD74, HLA-DPB1, HIST1H2AC, PF4, TCL1A
       SDPR, HLA-DPA1, HLA-DRB1, HLA-DQA2, HLA-DRA, PPBP, LINCOO926, GNG11, HLA-DRB5, SPARC
##
       GP9, AP001189.4, CA2, PTCRA, CD9, NRGN, RGS18, GZMB, CLU, TUBB1
## Negative: VIM, IL7R, S100A6, IL32, S100A8, S100A4, GIMAP7, S100A10, S100A9, MAL
      AQP3, CD2, CD14, FYB, LGALS2, GIMAP4, ANXA1, CD27, FCN1, RBP7
      LYZ, S100A11, GIMAP5, MS4A6A, S100A12, FOLR3, TRABD2A, AIF1, IL8, IF16
##
## PC 5
## Positive: GZMB, NKG7, S100A8, FGFBP2, GNLY, CCL4, CST7, PRF1, GZMA, SPON2
      GZMH, S100A9, LGALS2, CCL3, CTSW, XCL2, CD14, CLIC3, S100A12, CCL5
      RBP7, MS4A6A, GSTP1, FOLR3, IGFBP7, TYROBP, TTC38, AKR1C3, XCL1, HOPX
##
## Negative: LTB, IL7R, CKB, VIM, MS4A7, AQP3, CYTIP, RP11-290F20.3, SIGLEC10, HMOX1
       PTGES3, LILRB2, MAL, CD27, HN1, CD2, GDI2, ANXA5, CORO1B, TUBA1B
##
##
       FAM110A, ATP1A1, TRADD, PPA1, CCDC109B, ABRACL, CTD-2006K23.1, WARS, VM01, FYB
```

DimHeatmap(pbmc, dims = 1:15, cells = 500, balanced = TRUE)



#Takes a long time - can be used to find significant PCs for UMAP. Can be sort of determined from heatm
pbmc <- JackStraw(pbmc, num.replicate = 100)
pbmc <- ScoreJackStraw(pbmc, dims = 1:20)
JackStrawPlot(pbmc, dims = 1:15)</pre>

Warning: Removed 23496 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

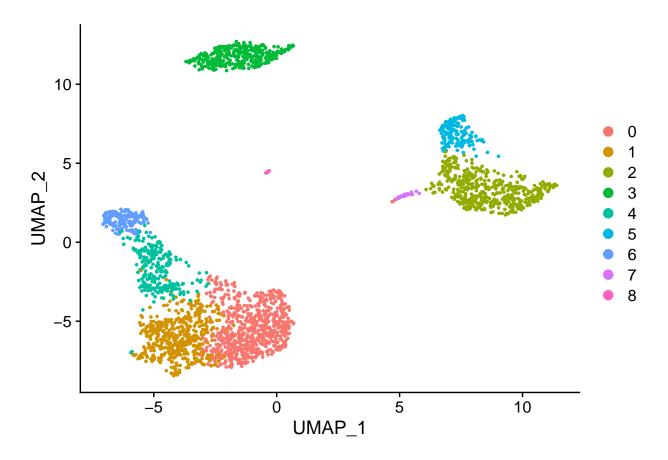
```
0.3
                                                                    PC: p-value
                                                                        PC 1: 9.12e-161
                                                                        PC 2: 1.47e-114
Theoretical [runif(1000)]
                                                                        PC 3: 1e-32
                                                                        PC 4: 3.04e-58
    0.2
                                                                        PC 5: 5.05e-56
                                                                        PC 6: 1.57e-55
                                                                        PC 7: 4.05e-24
                                                                        PC 8: 1.48e-11
                                                                        PC 9: 5.22e-12
    0.1
                                                                        PC 10: 6.33e-08
                                                                        PC 11: 6.33e-08
                                                                        PC 12: 0.000101
                                                                        PC 13: 0.00253
                                                                        PC 14: 0.133
                                                                        PC 15: 1
    0.0
                     0.025
                                  0.050
                                               0.075
                                                            0.100
        0.000
                               Empirical
pbmc <- FindNeighbors(pbmc, dims = 1:10)</pre>
## Computing nearest neighbor graph
## Computing SNN
pbmc <- FindClusters(pbmc, resolution = 0.5)</pre>
```

```
## Modularity Optimizer version 1.3.0 by Ludo Waltman and Nees Jan van Eck
##
## Number of nodes: 2638
## Number of edges: 96033
##
## Running Louvain algorithm...
## Maximum modularity in 10 random starts: 0.8720
## Number of communities: 9
## Elapsed time: 0 seconds

pbmc <- RunUMAP(pbmc, dims = 1:10)</pre>
```

Warning: The default method for RunUMAP has changed from calling Python UMAP via reticulate to the R ## To use Python UMAP via reticulate, set umap.method to 'umap-learn' and metric to 'correlation' ## This message will be shown once per session

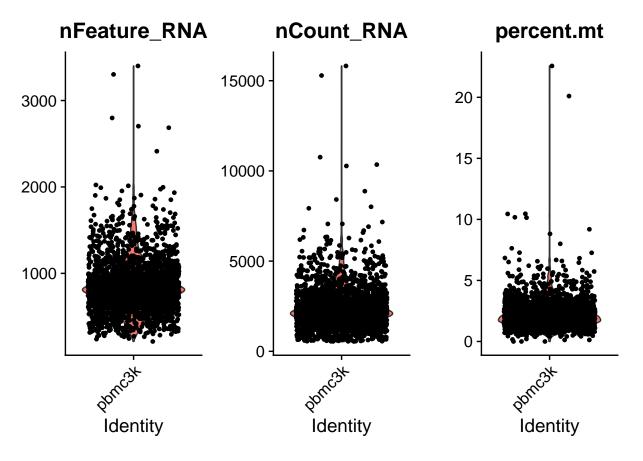
```
## 18:02:06 UMAP embedding parameters a = 0.9922 b = 1.112
## 18:02:06 Read 2638 rows and found 10 numeric columns
## 18:02:06 Using Annoy for neighbor search, n_neighbors = 30
## 18:02:06 Building Annoy index with metric = cosine, n trees = 50
## 0%
       10
            20
                 30
                               60
                                    70
                                                  100%
                          50
## [----|----|----|
## *****************************
## 18:02:06 Writing NN index file to temp file /var/folders/h0/2bsm21213w587mz_25h_0kb00000gn/T//Rtmpse
## 18:02:06 Searching Annoy index using 1 thread, search_k = 3000
## 18:02:07 Annoy recall = 100%
## 18:02:07 Commencing smooth kNN distance calibration using 1 thread
## 18:02:08 Initializing from normalized Laplacian + noise
## 18:02:08 Commencing optimization for 500 epochs, with 105132 positive edges
## 18:02:14 Optimization finished
# note that you can set `label = TRUE` or use the LabelClusters function to help label
# individual clusters
DimPlot(pbmc, reduction = "umap")
```



```
#Or even simpler, with Seurat v3, use scTransform function, which normalizes, scales (shifts) and feature
pbmc.data <- Read10X(data.dir = "/Users/siddarth/Desktop/datasets/filtered_gene_bc_matrices/hg19/")
pbmc <- CreateSeuratObject(counts = pbmc.data, project = "pbmc3k", min.cells = 3, min.features = 200)
pbmc

## An object of class Seurat
## 13714 features across 2700 samples within 1 assay
## Active assay: RNA (13714 features)

pbmc[["percent.mt"]] <- PercentageFeatureSet(pbmc, pattern = "^MT-")
VlnPlot(pbmc, features = c("nFeature_RNA", "nCount_RNA", "percent.mt"), ncol = 3)</pre>
```



```
pbmc <- SCTransform(pbmc, vars.to.regress = "percent.mt", verbose = FALSE)

pbmc <- RunPCA(pbmc, verbose = FALSE)

pbmc <- RunUMAP(pbmc, dims = 1:30, verbose = FALSE)

pbmc <- FindNeighbors(pbmc, dims = 1:30, verbose = FALSE)

pbmc <- FindClusters(pbmc, verbose = FALSE)

DimPlot(pbmc, label = TRUE) + NoLegend()</pre>
```

