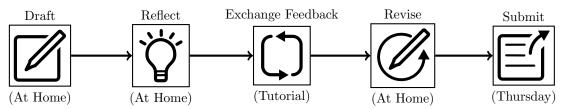
The PAR Process



Definition 1: The matrices A and B are called similar if they represent the same linear transformation but in (possibly) different bases.

Definition 2: The matrices A and B are called *similar* if there is an invertible matrix P such that $A = PBP^{-1}$.

Problem Statement

Are definition 1 and definition 2 equivalent, that is, are they saying the same thing? Describe, in your own words, how the two definitions relate. Make sure to include a description of what the matrices P and P^{-1} do.

Feedback Provided By:_



Show All Steps



Explain Why, Not Just What



Avoid Pronouns



Use Correct Definitions



Define Variables, Units, etc.



Create Diagrams

Suggestions Accuracy Strengths



Correct Setup



Accurate Calculations



Solve Multiple Ways



Answer Reasonable



Other (Write Below)