# FlyMine

An integrated database for *Drosophila* and *Anopheles* genomics

Andrew Varley 24<sup>th</sup> June 2003

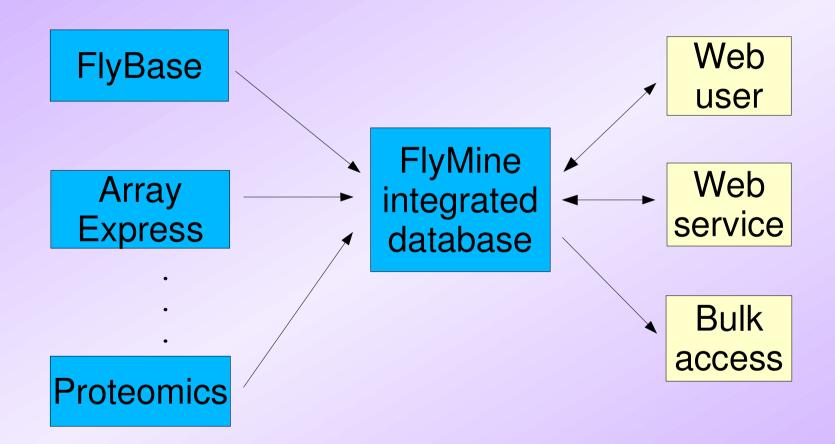


## Why yet another database?

- Currently lots of little databases
  - fine for "browsing", bad for "querying"
- Hard to query across them
- Massive amounts of experimental data (microarray, proteomics) being produced
- Need to tie this information together
- Chado etc. did not exist
  - FlyMine has broader scope



#### Outline





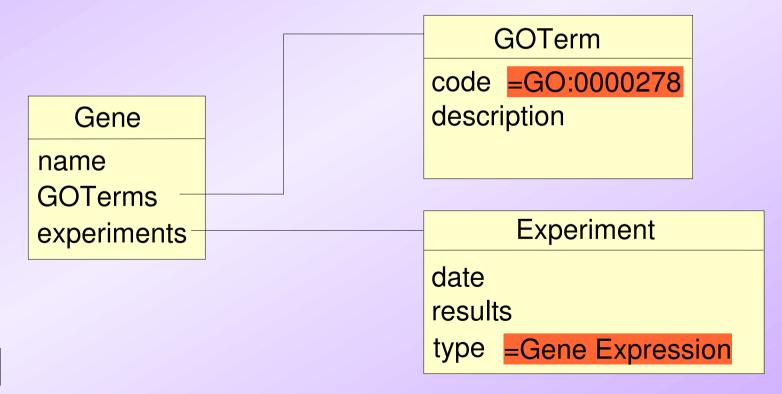
#### Aims

- Integrate data from multiple sources
- Allow <u>arbitrary</u> queries from users
- Queries based on objects, not SQL
- Multiple query interfaces (Java, OQL, graphical, etc)
- Different classes of user (web-based, SOAP)
- Open source!



## Query interfaces – graphical

"Show gene expression data for genes which have GO term GO:0000278 applied"





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#### Query interfaces – OQL

"Show gene expression data for genes which have GO term GO:0000278 applied"



## Query interfaces – Java

# "Show gene expression data for genes which have GO term GO:0000278 applied"



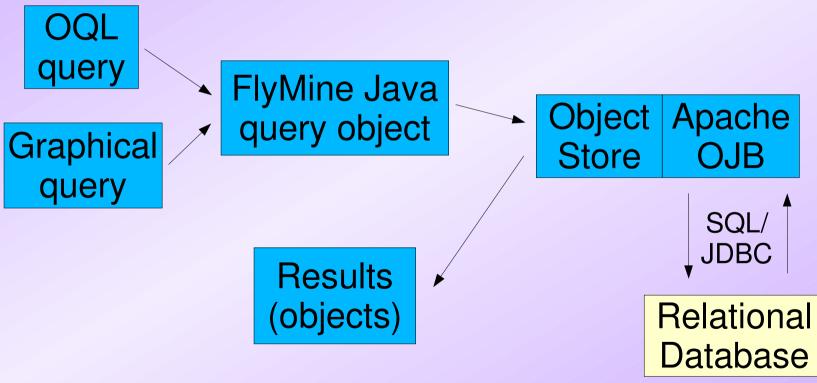
## Object databases

- Open-source solutions include
  - Apache OJB
  - Hibernate
  - Castor
  - various object databases
- Commercial
  - various JDO vendors



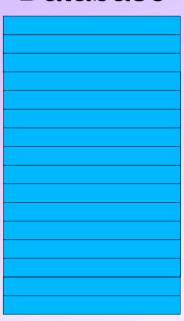
## FlyMine ObjectStore

Based on heavily modified Apache OJB









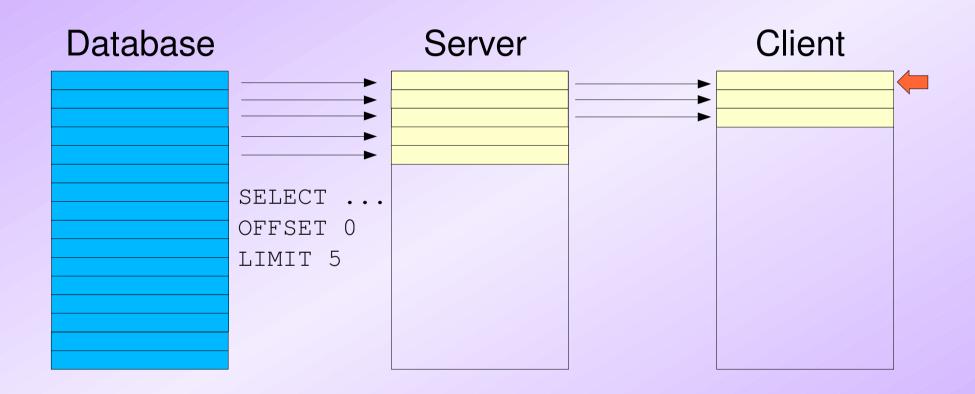
#### Server



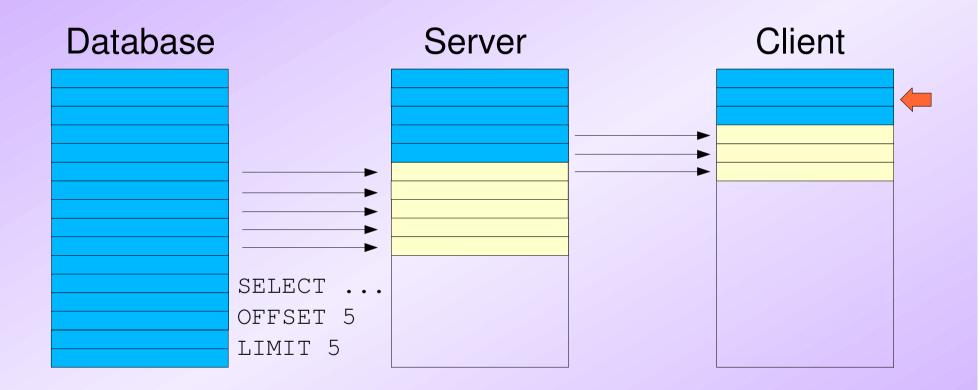
#### Client



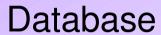


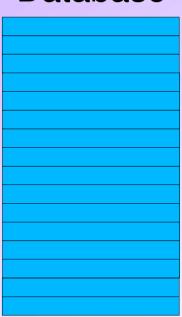




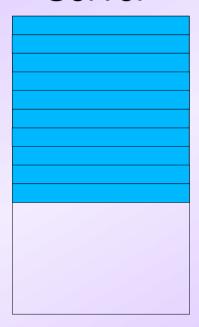




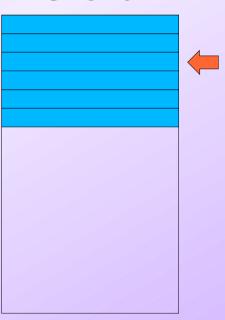




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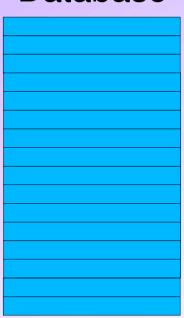


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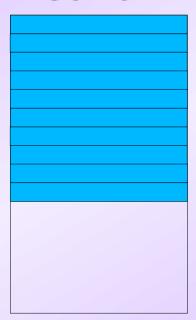




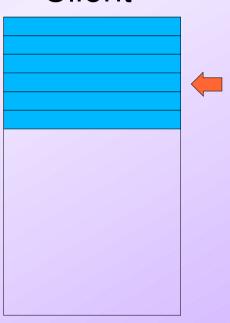




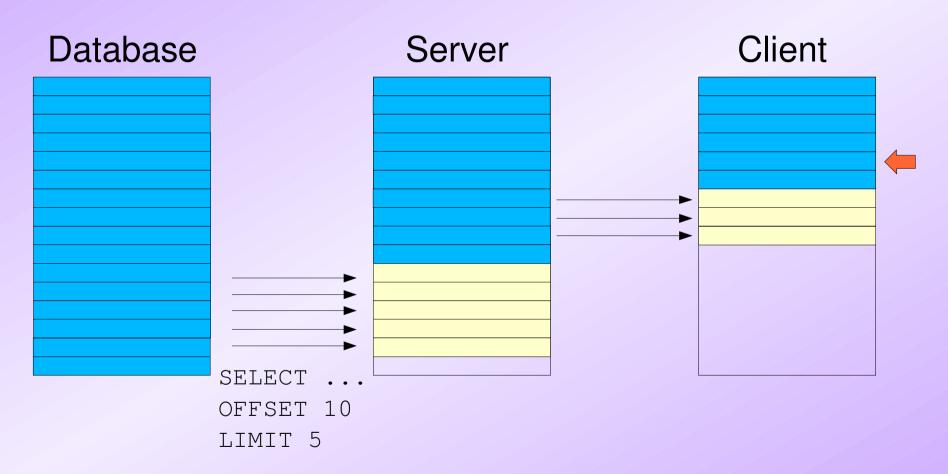
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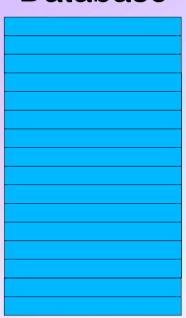




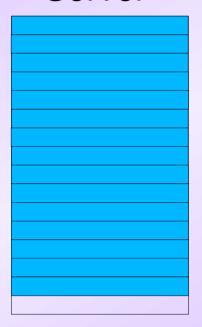




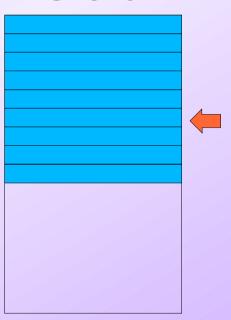




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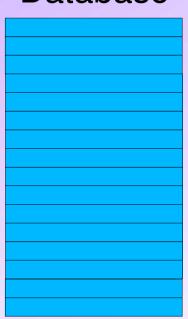


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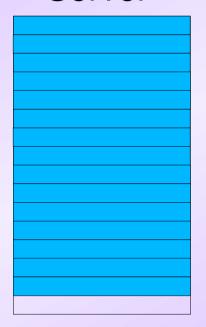




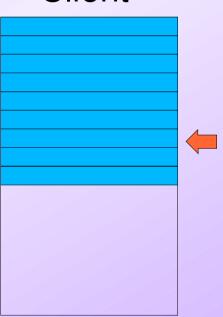




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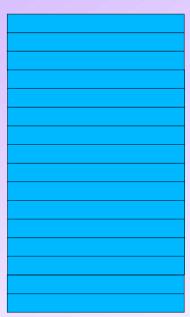


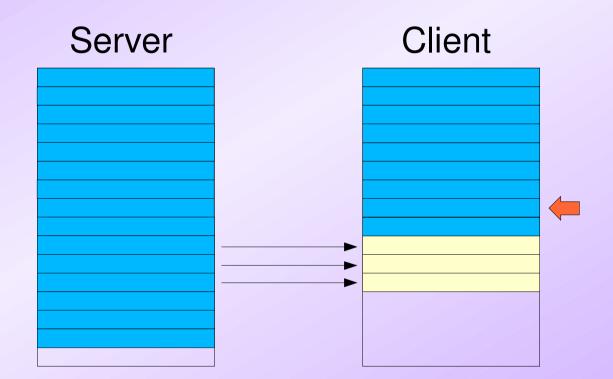
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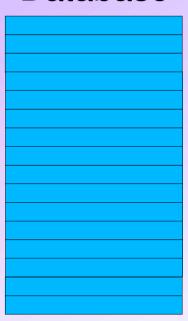




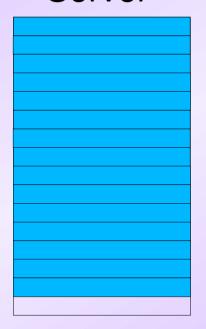




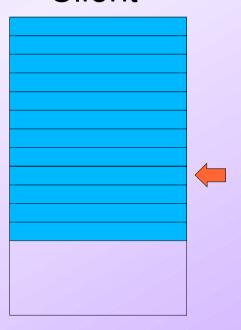




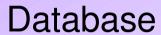
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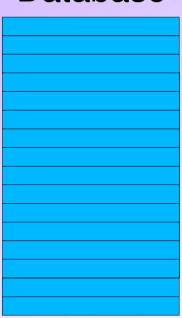


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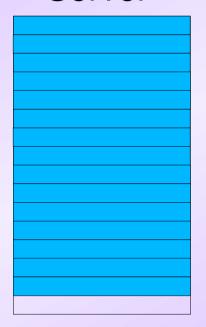




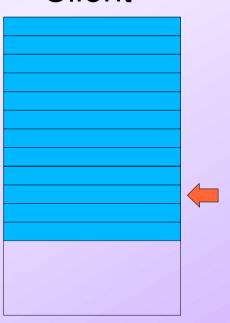




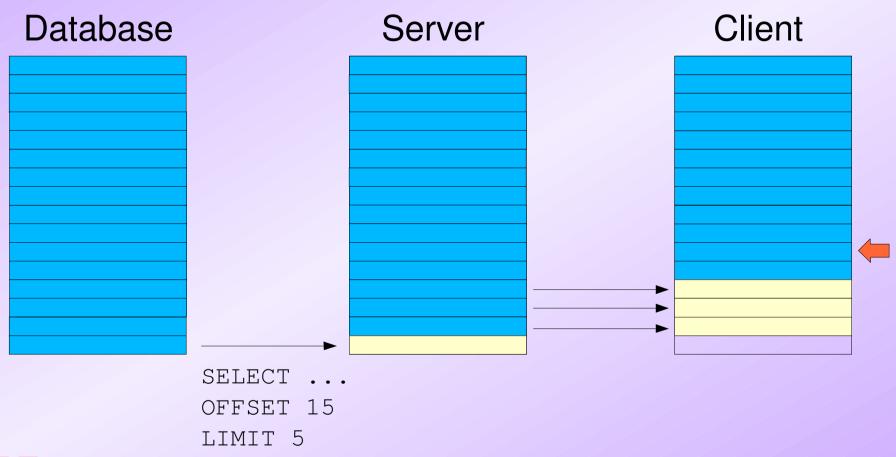
Server



#### Client









## Arbitrary queries – problems

- Badly formed queries may overload database server
- Difficult to optimise database for all queries
  - Which indexes to use?
  - Slow response to complex queries involving multi-table joins



### Arbitrary queries – solutions

- Close relationship with database server query planner
  - ask how long a query will take <u>before</u> attempting to run it (~3ms)
  - Disallow queries that will take longer than a certain threshold
- Store data massively redundantly in "precomputed tables" and rewrite incoming queries on-the-fly.

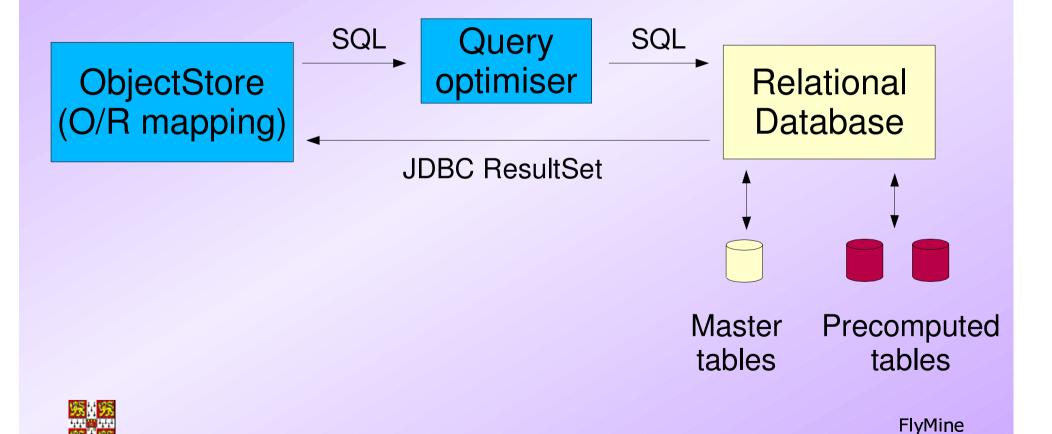


#### Query optimisation – aims

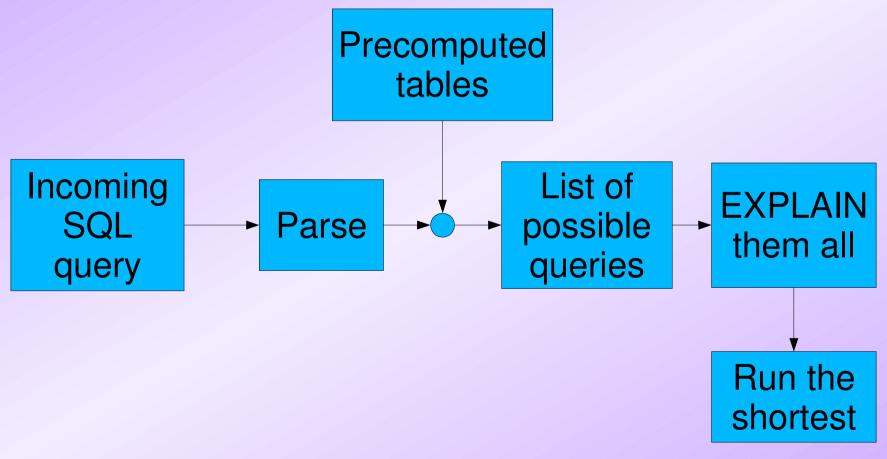
- Provide a generic way of speeding up complex queries to any read-only SQL database
- Minimal parsing/computational overhead
- Transparent to users/applications
  - no new schema/model to learn
- Make available as standalone module



## Query optimisation architecture



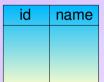
## Query optimisation



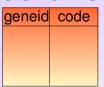


#### Master tables

#### Genes



#### **GOTerms**



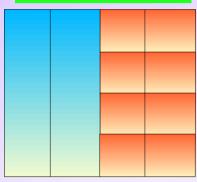
#### **Experiments**

geneid	date	type



#### Precomputed tables

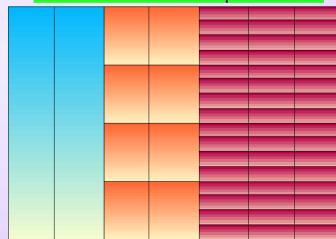
#### GenesGOTerms



CREATE TABLE genesgoterms AS
SELECT genes.id AS genes\_id,
genes.name AS genes\_name,
goterms.geneid AS goterms\_geneid,
goterms.code AS goterms\_code

FROM genes, goterms
WHERE genes.id = goterms.geneid

#### GenesGOTermsExperiments



CREATE TABLE ....

SELECT ....

FROM genes, goterms, experiments

WHERE genes.id = goterms.geneid

AND genes.id = experiments.geneid

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"Show dates that gene expression experiments were performed on genes which have GO term GO:0000278 applied"

```
SELECT genes.name, experiments.date
FROM genes, goterms, experiments
WHERE genes.id = goterms.geneid
AND genes.id = experiments.geneid
AND goterms.code = "GO:0000278"
AND experiments.type = "Gene Expression"
```





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1 second





200ms



Without optimiser

With optimiser

```
Time = 9ms + 100ms + 200ms (3 EXPLAINs) (PARSE) (EXECUTE)
```



### Query optimisation – summary

- For complex queries, our SQL optimisation module can produce large speed increases
- Optimisation is transparent to the user or application generating the SQL.
- Choosing which precomputed tables to store is important – may need to analyse incoming queries.



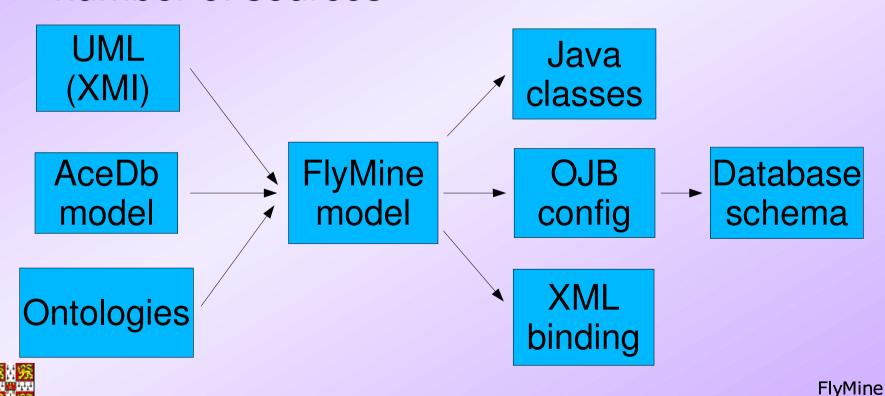
### Query optimiser – summary

- Optimiser trades off disk space for improved query performance.
- Schema independent.
- Can be used in conjunction with P6Spy to intercept JDBC calls from existing software to a database.
- Available from www.flymine.org !!

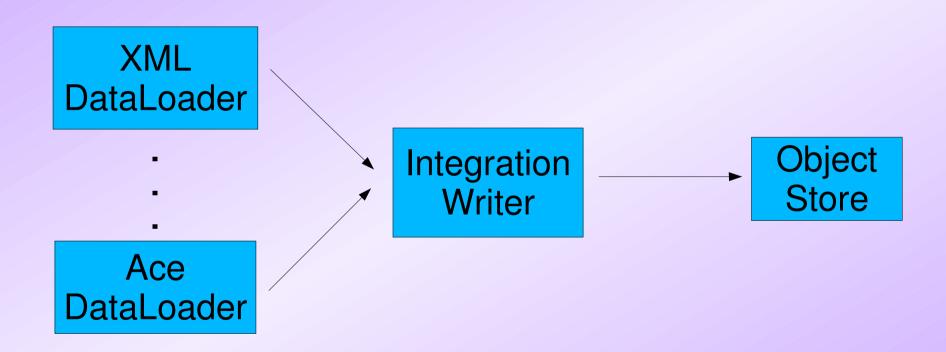


#### Data model

 Data model can be generated from one of a number of sources



## Data loading and integration





### Summary

- Current status
  - generic SQL query optimiser
  - powerful object database
  - 2 query interfaces (OQL + Java)
  - framework for data loading/integration
  - autogeneration of model-dependent parts from UML or Ace model



## Summary

- Coming up
  - graphical query interface
  - web front end
  - web service
  - integrated Drosophila/Anopheles database (genomics, microarray, proteomics, etc)
  - tools for auto-generation of best set of precomputed tables



## Acknowledgements

#### The FlyMine team:

Andrew Varley François Guillier

Richard Smith Rachel Lyne

Matthew Wakeling Rajasekhar Paidi

Mark Woodbridge Gos Micklem

Download FlyMine from www.flymine.org



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