TALLINN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

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Sigita Ševceva 204434IV IAX0583 Programming I

Tabulating a function

$$y = 1 - \frac{1 - \sqrt{4 - x^2}}{40x^2 + \sqrt{x}}$$

Homework I

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Declaration of originality

I hereby certify that I am the sole author of this thesis and that no part of this thesis has been published or submitted for publication. All works and major viewpoints of the other authors, data from other sources of literature and elsewhere used for writing this paper have been referenced.

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Date: 7.10.2020

Table of contents

Declaration of originality	2
Table of contents	3
Task description	
Function plot	
Program description	
Algorithm	
Screenshots	
References	9

Task description

Method

6. User inputs a starting value A, step H and upper limit of the function value YM. The following conditions have to be true: H > 0.

The function value y will be calculated in the following points:

A

A + H

A + 2H

A + 3H

...

while the condition y < YM holds true, however not more than 15 times.

Function

31.
$$y = 1 - \frac{1 - \sqrt{4 - x^2}}{40x^2 + \sqrt{x}}$$

Function plot

To provide a better insight into my homework, I have included two graphs with different scales below, by using *Grapher* (Apple, 2005-2019) software for visual plot functioning.

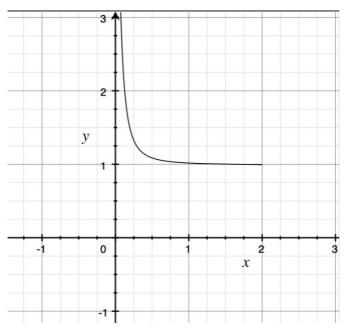


Figure 1: Function $y = 1 - (1 - sqrt(4 - x^2))/(40x^2 + sqrt(x))$ graph around zero

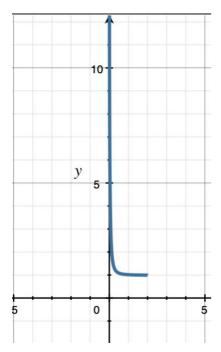


Figure 2: y=1-(1-sqrt(4-x^2))/(40x^2+sqrt(x)) graph

Program description

The C language program is made in *Geany* IDE using standard C libraries <stdio.h> and <math.h> for mathematical operations. Its goal is to calculate values of a given mathematical equation by taking into account information by user input.

Regarding the program flow, firstly, 3 macros are defined, namely, the spacing of final table columns. Then, the main function is created and 11 variables are defined: an array of x floating numbers (holding up to 15 values); similarly, an array of y values; an integer number of user input for number of calculations to be done (times); the function starting value stored in variable A; function argument step stored in H; the upper limit of y value stored in (Ymax); two counters i and n for x and y values; enumeration variable that will be used in the final table columns (num), as well as two character strings to inform the user about missing values or values exceeding Ymax. All variables that will be directly used in calculations are set as floating-point numbers for precision; the rest are assigned as integers or chars where necessary.

Secondly, the user is introduced to the program functions using puts functions. Then, as the user shall not exceed the number 15 when providing the number of calculations, a *do while* loop is introduced to handle cases when the user inputs a number greater than 15. Next, a *do while* loop is used to prevent the user for inputting anything other than numerical value for x0 value, as well as Ymax. This is done by validating the input with getchar() != '\n'. This also prevents the user from complex number input. Similarly, the given task requires for the step to be over 0, thus a *do while* loop is used to not allow the user to input H smaller or equal than 0.

Next, the program executes calculations to find each x value starting from x0 defined as A, adding a step H multiplied by the counter i. The counter is incremented after each executed loop until it reaches the number of times chosen by the user. Similarly, a *for loop* is introduced to calculate each y value according to the already calculated and stored x values. Here math.h standard library comes into use by calculating powers and square roots of the given mathematical equation. Following is a table header which is created with three columns: for numeration, x and y values. The spacing is automatically assigned by the previously defined macros of length.

Finally, the x and y values are displayed in the table, reinitializing the previously introduced counters to 0 and incrementing them until user specified (times). Values are aligned by using defined macros of length and .3 to display 3 numbers after the comma. If the y values exceed user inputted y ax, the function prints y as well as y or y in case of missing or non-computational values. The program returns 0 upon successful termination.

There is a limitation to this given mathematical equation, namely, as seen in the *Figures 1 and 2*, x values can only be given in the range from 0-2, as the corresponding y values do not exceed these x values. For this reason, a small amplitude of values and steps should be inputted for the y calculations to return real values, because the closer to 0 get the x values, the closer to infinity get y values.

Algorithm

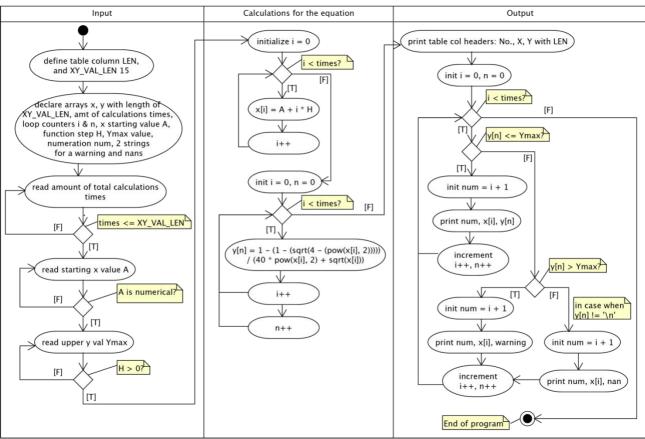


Image 1: Algorithm of program

Screenshots

Figure 2: Program functioning properly

Figure 1: Program found some invalid values (larger than user input Y max)

```
Please enter function starting value (x0):
Please enter upper limit of function value (Ymax):
100
Please enter function argument step: (H>0)
        X
3.000
No.
                 No val
         5.000
                 No val
        7.000
9.000
3
                 No val
                 No val
        11.000
                 No val
                 No val
        13.000
6
7
8
9
        15.000
17.000
                 No val
                 No val
        19.000
                 No val
10
         21.000
                 No val
11
         23.000
                 No val
12
         25.000
                 No val
13
         27.000
                 No val
14
         29.000
                 No val
15
         31.000
                 No val
```

Figure 5: Program found no values for y because the given function does not return values for x > 2 (see Figures 1 & 2)

References

Apple Inc. (2005-2019) *Grapher*, software, Version 2.7. The Geany contributors (2005) *Geany*, software, Version 1.36.