

Lesson 8-2:

Strings and Random Numbers (in Loops)

Computer Science 46A: Introduction to Programming

San José State University

Announcements

- Lab tomorrow (3/21)
- Midterm ?

Learning Objectives

By the end of this lesson, you should be able to:

1. Format strings with space “padding”
2. Generate random integers and doubles
3. Generate a predictable set of random numbers using a “seed”

A few more string formatting tips

Recall: Formatting doubles with `printf`

With the `printf` function, we can format double type numbers in strings with a specified number of decimal places

For example:

```
System.out.printf("The square root of 2 is %.4f.", Math.sqrt(2))
```

Output:

```
The square root of 2 is 1.4142.
```

Number of decimal places



Poll Everywhere: Question 1

Which of the following lines would print 3.14?

- A) `System.out.printf("%.1f", 3.14)`
- B) `System.out.printf("%.3f", 3.14)`
- C) `System.out.printf("%.2f", Math.PI)`
- D) `System.out.printf("%.3f", Math.PI)`

Formatting integers with spaces

```
int number = 3456;
```

Recall: We can format integers in strings with the %d formatter
e.g. `System.out.printf("%d", number)`

0	1	2	3	← indices
3	4	5	6	

← digits

We can “pad” integers with spaces with a number in the %d formatter
e.g. `System.out.printf("%9d", number)`

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
					3	4	5	6

Formatting doubles

```
double number = 3456.789;
```

Recall: We can format doubles in strings with the %f formatter
e.g. `System.out.printf("%.2f", number)`

				0	1
3	4	5	6	7	8

← decimal indices



Two decimal places

Formatting doubles with spaces

```
double number = 3456.78;
```

We can “pad” doubles with spaces with a number in the %f formatter
e.g. `System.out.printf(“%9.2f”, number)`

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		3	4	5	6	.	7	8



Two decimal places



Nine possible characters

Example: RotationMatrix

- In linear algebra, the rotation matrix (R) for an angle θ is:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix}$$

- This matrix is used to rotate vectors in a plane

```
The rotation matrix for  $\theta = 45.0$  is  
| 0.707 -0.707 |  
| 0.707 0.707 |
```

Random Numbers

Random Numbers

- Often, we require randomly-generated numbers in our code
- Examples:
 - Encryption, Statistics, Code testing
- To generate random numbers we use the Random class
- First, we create a generator object:
- Then, we can use the generator to produce our random numbers

```
Random generator = new Random();
```

```
generator.nextInt(n);
```

The nextInt method will provide a random number between 0 and n (exclusive)

Example: FlippingACoin

Code Description:

- Flip a coin a given amount of times, counting the number of heads and tails as you go

If you like stats and programming,
[THIS VIDEO](#) is highly recommended!

```
Flipping a coin 100 times...
Number of heads: 53
Number of tails: 47
Flipping a coin 100 times...
Number of heads: 54
Number of tails: 46
Flipping a coin 100 times...
Number of heads: 51
Number of tails: 49
Flipping a coin 100 times...
Number of heads: 55
Number of tails: 45
```

Output of the `FlippingACoin` class run 4 times

Poll Everywhere: Question 2

- We can use `generator.nextInt(n)` to generate a random number between 0 and n (exclusive).
- How can we generate a random number between 7 and 17 (exclusive)?

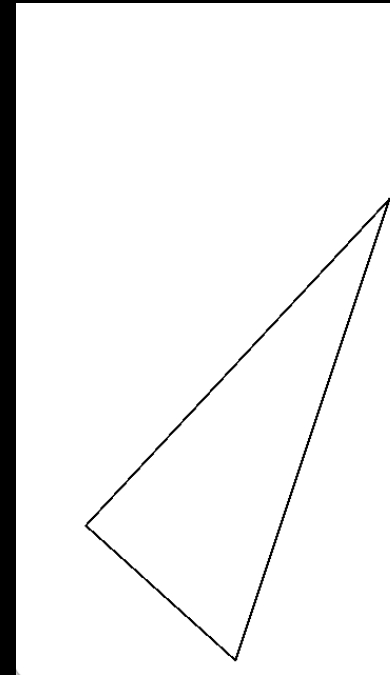
- A) `generator.nextInt(7,17)` C) `17 + generator.nextInt(7)`
- B) `7 + generator.nextInt(17)` D) `7 + generator.nextInt(10)`

PollEv.com/narayanbalasubramanian644

Example: RandomTriangle

Code Description:

- Draw a triangle with indices given at random points such that
 - $0 < x < 200$
 - $0 < y < 400$
- Print coordinates to the screen



```
Point 1: (178, 94)  
Point 2: (34, 249)  
Point 3: (105, 313)
```

Output of the
`RandomTriangle` class

A Predictable Set of Random Numbers

- Each time you use a generator to produce random numbers, it provides a unique selection of random numbers
- Each time you run the code, the random numbers will change
- If you want a predictable set of random numbers, construct your generator using a “seed” – an integer value that specifies a specific set of random numbers

```
int seed = 10; //example
```

```
Random generator = new Random(seed);
```

See example code in **RandomTriangle**

Participation Exercise 8-2a:

MultiplicationTable

Goal: Create a multiplication table such as the one displayed at the right

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Output of `MultiplicationTable`

Codecheck Link: [HERE](#) and on Canvas

Participation Exercise 8-2b:

RandomNumbersWithASeed

Goal: Create a list of random numbers with values between 45 and 55

Use the SEED to ensure your values match the values shown at the right

```
Enter the count of random numbers: 5  
54 50 46 51 54
```

Output of `RandomNumbersWithASeed`

Codecheck Link: [HERE](#) and on Canvas