Lexical Decision in Uruguayan Sign Language (LSU)

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Abstract

Lexical recognition and access are fundamental to language comprehension. This study

investigated these processes in Uruguayan Sign Language (LSU), a language undergoing

standardization that remains relatively under-documented. We examined the impact of iconicity

and the relationship between gesturing and lexicalization. Gestures present a paradox: they share

perceptual and linguistic properties with signs but lack linguistic convention, potentially

triggering cognitive conflicts that are reflected in longer reaction times in lexical decision tasks.

For the present study, 31 deaf, fluent LSU signers completed a lexical decision task—a paradigm

suitable for revealing the cognitive boundaries of the lexicon. Gestures were included as stimuli

to directly probe this boundary. Results showed equivalent recognition speeds for iconic and

noniconic signs, indicating that semantic transparency did not hinder access for established

lexical items. However, participants were significantly slower to reject non signs and, crucially,

gestures, than signs (independently of their iconicity). This was accompanied by a higher error

rate, suggesting a tendency to perceive gestures as actual signs. These findings provide evidence

for the cognitive reality of lexical and grammatical evolution of sign languages. The increased

latency and error rates for gestures reflect the active cognitive process of inhibiting a form that is

not yet fully lexicalized but sits on the continuum toward becoming a sign. These findings are

consistent with gradation-based models of sign recognition, which propose a continuum between

gesture and language rather than a strict dichotomy. Finally, we discuss limitations of the study

and the theoretical implications of our findings for understanding language emergence and

change.

Keywords: Uruguayan Sign Language, Lexicalization, Grammar, Iconicity, Gesturing.

Results

Table 1. Latencies and accuracy for all conditions.

Conditions	Moan (ACC)
Conditions	Mean (ACC)
Noniconic sign	1.288 (0.92)
Iconic sign	1.324 (0.94)
Non sign	1.430 (0.93)
Gesture	1.718 (0.24)

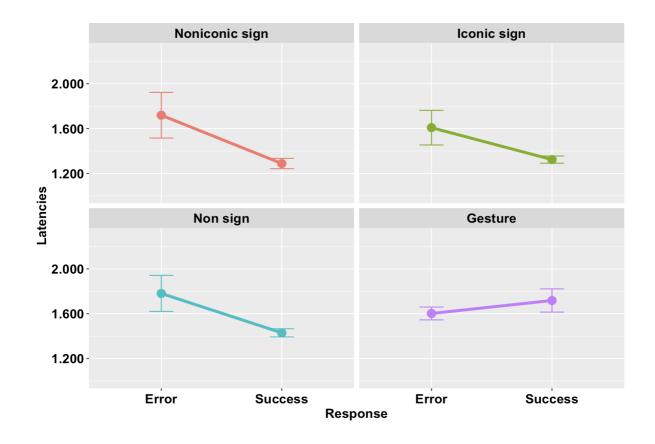


Figure 1. Lines plot and CI 95 % for latencies (seconds) distribution for Kind of stimuli. The participants' task consisted of judging a sign using a manual response (Yes: It is an LSU actual sign. No: It is not an actual LSU sign). Success means that the participants responsed as expected.