United States of America, Criminal Action No. 1:21-cr-00022-KBJ Plaintiff, States of America, No. 1:21-cr-00022-KBJ Plaintiff, No. 1:21-			
United States of America, Criminal Action No. 1:21-cr-00022-KBJ Plaintiff,   vs. Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Christopher R. Grider, Washington, D.C. April 6, 2021 Defendant. Time: 2:30 p.m.  Transcript of Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Held Before The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  APPEARANCES  For the Plaintiff: Candice Chiu Wong U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Brent Mayr (via Zoom) MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom) Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001			
Plaintiff,  Vs.    Motion Hearing (via Zoom)   No. 1:21-cr-00022-KBJ	FOR THE D	ISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	
Plaintiff, )  vs. ) Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Christopher R. Grider, ) Washington, D.C. ) April 6, 2021 Defendant. ) Time: 2:30 p.m.  Transcript of Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Held Before The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  A P P E A R A N C E S  For the Plaintiff: Candice Chiu Wong (via Zoom) U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Brent Mayr (via Zoom) MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom) Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	United States of America,	•	
Christopher R. Grider,  ) Washington, D.C. ) April 6, 2021 Defendant. ) Time: 2:30 p.m.  Transcript of Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Held Before The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  A P P E A R A N C E S  For the Plaintiff: (via Zoom)  Candice Chiu Wong U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Serent Mayr (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	Plaint	•	
Defendant. ) Time: 2:30 p.m.  Transcript of Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Held Before The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  APPEARANCES  For the Plaintiff: Candice Chiu Wong (via Zoom) U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Brent Mayr (via Zoom) MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom) Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	VS.	) <u>Motion Hearing</u> (via Zoom)	
Defendant. ) Time: 2:30 p.m.  Transcript of Motion Hearing (via Zoom) Held Before The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  APPEARANCES  For the Plaintiff: Candice Chiu Wong (via Zoom) U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Brent Mayr (via Zoom) MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom) Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	Christopher R. Grider,		
Held Before  The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  A P P E A R A N C E S  For the Plaintiff: (via Zoom)  Candice Chiu Wong U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: (via Zoom)  Brent Mayr (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	Defend		
Held Before  The Honorable Ketanji Brown Jackson (via Zoom) United States District Judge  A P P E A R A N C E S  For the Plaintiff: (via Zoom)  Candice Chiu Wong U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: (via Zoom)  Brent Mayr (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001		ation Hosping (via 700m)	
United States District Judge  A P P E A R A N C E S  For the Plaintiff: (via Zoom)  U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: (via Zoom)  Brent Mayr (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	Held Before		
For the Plaintiff:  (via Zoom)  U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Brent Mayr (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001			
For the Plaintiff:  (via Zoom)  U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: Brent Mayr (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001			
(via Zoom)  U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: (via Zoom)  Brent Mayr MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	<u>APPEARANCES</u>		
555 Fourth Street, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: (via Zoom)  Brent Mayr  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer  Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001		<del>_</del>	
Washington, D.C. 20530  For the Defendant: (via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001			
(via Zoom)  MAYR LAW, P.C. 5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001			
5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750 Houston, Texas 77007  Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001			
Stenographic Official Court Reporter: (via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	5	5300 Memorial Drive, Suite 750	
(via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer  Registered Diplomate Reporter  Certified Realtime Reporter  United States Courthouse, Room 6509  333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest  Washington, D.C. 20001	11	ouston, lexas //ou/	
(via Zoom)  Nancy J. Meyer  Registered Diplomate Reporter  Certified Realtime Reporter  United States Courthouse, Room 6509  333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest  Washington, D.C. 20001	Ctonographia Official Carr	rt Donortor.	
Certified Realtime Reporter United States Courthouse, Room 6509 333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	(via Zoom) N	ancy J. Meyer	
333 Constitution Avenue, Northwest Washington, D.C. 20001	C	ertified Realtime Reporter	
	3	33 Constitution Avenue, Northwest	

## PROCEEDINGS

(REPORTER'S NOTE: This hearing was held during the COVID-19 pandemic restrictions and is subject to the limitations of technology associated with the use of technology, including but not limited to telephone and video signal interference, static, signal interruptions, and other restrictions and limitations associated with remote court reporting via telephone, speakerphone, and/or videoconferencing.)

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: This is Criminal Case 21-022, United States of America v. Christopher Grider.

Starting with government counsel, I'm going to ask that you please state your appearance for the record.

MS. WONG: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Candice Wong for the United States. I'm joined here today by my section chief in the background, Dineen Baker. She's the chief of the violent crime, narcotics, and trafficking section, should the Court wish to hear from her.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

MR. MAYR: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Brett Mayr.

I'm present here with my client, Christopher Grider.

THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Mayr and Mr. Grider.

This is a status conference that was set in the ordinary course on February 22nd, 2021, before it came to the Court's attention that defense counsel had given a media interview concerning this criminal case and also before there was a second nationally televised appearance by defense counsel concerning this matter. I am emphasizing the timing because

unlike in Judge Mehta's case where I understand there was not an attempt by the media to intervene, there is such a motion pending in my case, but today's proceeding was not set as a hearing per se, nor is it the Court's intention to turn today's proceeding into such a hearing.

This Court ordinarily proceeds by motion and would most certainly not enter any order of this nature without requiring the parties to brief the legal issues and having an actual hearing on those briefs.

So for today's purposes, the Court merely asked the parties to be prepared to discuss the local rules concerning the duties of counsel and the authority of the Court during the course of this previously scheduled status conference, primarily because I wanted to determine whether counsel for both sides are aware of their obligations under this Court's local rules as a precursor for any potential future determination of whether an order under Local Rule 57.7(c) is warranted.

So let me start by summarily denying without prejudice the news organizations' pending motion to intervene as unnecessary and premature under these circumstances.

And for the purposes of today's conference, let me just start by addressing Mr. Mayr concerning his understanding of the local rules in connection with the media appearances that have occurred. The Court is aware of two instances of -- or

participation in nationally televised interviews. I understand that this is not your ordinary jurisdiction. So let me just hear from you about your view of whether the appearances that you made are consistent with the local rules, or maybe you're just not aware of those duties and restrictions.

MR. MAYR: Sure, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You may have to speak up. I'm sorry.

MR. MAYR: Yes. I hope you can hear me okay. I'll try to speak up a little bit louder.

So first and foremost in that regard, Your Honor, as far as the application of the local rules, I will represent to the Court that as was required when I submitted my motion to appear pro hac vice on this case, I did affirm that I had reviewed the local rules. Now, in all honesty, I kind of skimmed over the local civil rules, but I paid close attention to the local criminal rules and was aware of the rule dealing with pretrial publicity, noting its similarities to Model Rule 3.6, which is something that I'm very -- which I'm very familiar with.

I -- I -- I want -- I want to start off by letting the Court know that I did not take my appearances on any of these nationally televised interviews lightly; that a lot of forethought went into these to make sure that, one, I was complying with the local rules; two, I was complying with my ethical obligations in doing so.

As I stated, I reviewed the Model Rule 3.6. I reviewed

local rules for the D.C. Bar, just -- just to see if there was any difference there. I'm very familiar with the Supreme Court's decision in *Gentile v. State Bar of Nevada*.

Judge, I'm -- I'm cochair of the ethics committee for the Texas Criminal Defense Lawyers Association. I actually -- my -- my former employer gave a seminar on pretrial publicity that I made sure that -- watched to make sure there wasn't anything I wasn't picking up. So I was very well aware of the limitations and ethical obligations that I was bound by and took those into consideration.

In -- in doing the interviews and reading the rules, I did not intend nor believe that any of my comments ran afoul of the rules. For one, I don't believe that my comments in any way -- to take from -- to take from (b)(1) of the rule, I did not believe and had no intention of having my statements interfere with a fair trial or otherwise prejudice the administration of justice. Obviously --

THE COURT: Right. I was listening very carefully because I was trying to understand when you said you were familiar with the rules if you were referencing in particular the local rules of this Court -- and, that is, Local Rule 57.7(b)(1), which I now take you to be referencing in particular. And so let's just be as clear as we can concerning what that rule says.

MR. MAYR: Sure.

THE COURT: "It is the duty of the lawyer or law firm not to release or authorize the release of information or opinion which a reasonable person would expect to be disseminated by means of public communication, in connection with pending or imminent criminal litigation with which the lawyer or the law firm is associated, if there is a reasonable likelihood that such dissemination will interfere with a fair trial or otherwise prejudice the due administration of justice."

So, you know, again, I'm not trying to turn this into a hearing necessarily. I just wanted to get a sense of whether you were aware of this particular rule and -- and suggesting that you don't believe that what you did ran afoul of it or you just weren't aware of that. It sounds like -- it sounds like the -- the former.

MR. MAYR: Definitely, Your Honor. Very familiar with it. In fact, I remember when I -- when I was first familiarizing myself with the local rules before submitting my application to appear pro hac vice, I remember reviewing this rule and saying: Okay. That looks just -- that looks pretty much like Model Rule 3.06 [sic], which -- and it has the same -- it has the same reasonable likelihood of -- of language that was discussed by the Supreme Court in the Gentile decision.

So I immediately recognized it, and I knew that, look, I

don't need to go -- I don't go on there and try to, you know, throw out some crazy statements that are just going to ruin the ability to have a fair trial in this case.

Now, I will say this: Each of these times that I did do some national interviews, it wasn't like I sought -- it's not like I sought out to be interviewed by them. These -- these org- -- these media entities contacted me saying: Hey, we are -- we are doing this -- we're considering doing a story regarding your client. We'd like to know whether you would want to be interviewed.

THE COURT: I understand. And I understand from at least reading the media interviews and the transcripts that other defense counsel were contacted as well and -- and others decided not to do the interview.

MR. MAYR: Sure. And I was -- and I -- obviously I saw that after the fact, but my position, as it pertained to my client, was there's been -- this is obviously an unprecedented situation. There's been negative -- there's been publicity about this almost on a daily basis since this occurred back in January. And there was an abundant amount of -- of -- of publicity regarding my client's case, especially in his community.

And when I was contacted by these -- it's interesting you brought up other counsel, because after the fact, I heard stories where other counsel said they declined to comment for

the story. And I thought that's -- that's not good. That's not good that -- that the media is talking about their client's case and is portraying it as -- in -- in what could be construed in a negative light and there's no one there to balance that out.

And so when I was contacted by these agencies, my decision to -- to go on an interview with them is to try to -- not so much to interfere with a fair trial, but to ensure that we have a fair trial, to ensure that the story just wasn't reporting one side. I wanted them to have both sides of the story so that, again, my client wasn't being portrayed as just some -- as just another Capitol rioter who was there to do harm and -- and wreak havoc and lead an insurrection. I felt that -- that my ethical obligations required me to give a counterpoint of that, and that was the reason why I did those.

And, again, in making my comments, I'm very familiar with the rules, very familiar with the ethical obligations, as well as my obligation to my client. Try to keep things very balanced. I tried to focus on what was already out in the public record, not to go much well beyond that, which is an exception, and -- and -- but -- but provide some balance to the story regarding my client.

THE COURT: All right. So it -- it sounds as though we may need to have some briefing and -- and a hearing concerning it, because the position that you are taking is one

that I'm going to have to evaluate, because it sounds as though you believe that this was not a mistake or, you know, a circumstance in which you didn't really understand the rules and that you believe that, you know, it's not going to arise again, and you wouldn't -- and you do take these rules to limit your ability to -- to have a discussion. In fact, it sounds as though just the opposite is the case.

And so the Court is going to have to rule on whether or not the -- these rules are consistent with the conduct that has already occurred and that presumably might occur again if it is your position that the rules do not prescribe that kind of -- of discussion on the part of an attorney.

MR. MAYR: Yeah. Let me be clear. I -- I don't want the Court or anyone, for that matter, to think that I'm just flaunting these rules. I mean, I -- I'm -- I take them very seriously. I mean, when I made that affirmation, I took it very seriously.

I don't want the Court to think that I'm here to flaunt them or just throw them to the wayside and I'm going to do whatever I want to. I'm obviously going to abide by whatever the Court orders me to do, and I'm going to abide by whatever, you know, you allow me to do and what you don't allow me to do.

Up until this point, you know, I look at the rule and

I -- I see that the rule says, look, you can't talk about prior

criminal record. We haven't talked about prior criminal

record. You can't talk about the existence or contents of any confession or admission. I haven't done that. You can't talk about the performance of any examinations or tests. I haven't done those things.

But (b)(3) does say that "The foregoing shall not be construed to preclude the lawyer or law firm . . ." and it gives a number of exceptions, if you would, where -- things that I can comment on. And, again, I -- I'm -- I know that there's not a real clear bright line on a lot of these things, and so I want the Court to be aware that, look, I will -- I don't want to come across as saying that, look, I'm going to do what I want to and, you know, whatever may -- I'll take whatever.

I'm willing to comply with any limitations that the

Court feels is necessary, but, in the same respect, you know,

again, I feel like I do have an -- I do have an obligation to

my client and to -- consistent with his First Amendment rights

to at least be able to comment regarding this is what's

happening, this is what my -- this is what our defense is, this

is what we anticipate happening without breaching those

barriers that are discussed in the -- that are discussed in the

rest of the rules. So anyway --

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me -- let me -- let me hear from the government. I mean, the Court was mostly focused on (b)(1) and the extent to which one might interpret

the interviews that have already occurred as presenting a reasonable likelihood of interference or prejudicing the administration of justice. And I think that we may need to brief that to the extent that defense counsel at least doesn't think that talking on a national news program about his client's defense would, in fact, run afoul of that rule.

But let me hear -- maybe the government agrees with his view on -- of this.

MS. WONG: Your Honor, the government is certainly happy to submit anything on the -- in writing that would help the Court in addressing your minute entry that was entered the other day.

I think maybe I can start by just noting that defense counsel has noted that one of his reasons was that there was abundant publicity involving this case. I do just want to note for the record, Your Honor, to my knowledge, the government has not issued any public statement on Mr. Grider's case to date nor even a press release as to this criminal matter.

All I'll say for now, Your Honor, is that the government is mindful of the obligations that bind, you know, both government attorneys, as well as defense counsel, in Local Rule 57.7, not just (b)(1), but the specifically delineated categories in (b)(3) as well, which include the 57.7(b)(3)(vi) -- subpart (vi) -- that no discussion of an "... opinion as to the accused's guilt or innocence or as to

the merits of the case or the evidence in the case." That is a specifically delineated category.

But beyond that, if I can just speak to the government's obligations. We do recognize and take seriously not only the obligations -- we are familiar with the obligations and ethical duties in Local 57.7, but also the further obligations that are spelled out in the justice manual, as well as the Department of Justice regulations that would further ascribe anything the government would say in this case.

And we certainly agree and expect -- we think it's appropriate for Your Honor to reiterate these obligations and these duties and certainly expect that this matter should not be tried, you know, in the court of public opinion, but rather in this courtroom.

THE COURT: Yeah. So, Mr. Mayr, I have to say that I'm trying to assess whether or not it makes sense to spend time on really fleshing these things out or whether the language the government counsel points to, which is, you know, well-taken here, Rule 57.7(b)(3)(vi), which appears to limit counsel's ability to comment concerning an opinion as to the accused's guilt or innocence or as to the merits of the case or the evidence in the case.

You know, I saw the 60 Minutes interview. I pulled up -- I saw that live, by the way. I saw that on the night that it was actually broadcast, and I saw the CNN interview

earlier, just in preparation for this matter, and I think it's sufficiently close that, you know, if it were your intention to kind of go on the media circuit and continue in this fashion, you really would have to sort of assess the extent to which the law and the rules as they are set forward really do prescribe the particular conduct.

MR. MAYR: Right.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: I sort of hear you suggesting that that's not your intention, that you don't want to run afoul of the rules, and I guess I -- I can say, at this point, that I do read these rules as preventing counsel from actually opining on -- about his client's quilt or innocence or the merits of the case because doing so, especially in the national forum -doing so, in the Court's view at least, without it being briefed and without making a definitive ruling on what you've actually done, as a general matter, I -- I think there is a reasonable likelihood that precisely because of the public interest in this matter, that by having counsel going out, having, you know, nationally televised interviews, talking about the evidence, you know, people are playing the clips from the videotapes that are likely going to be evidence in this case, and having defense counsel put forward their view of them, I think there is a reasonable likelihood that that interferes with any potential future trial process concerning this.

At a minimum, the Court now is going to have to really tailor its voir dire if we go to trial to really assess whether and to what extent any jurors may have seen these interviews.

And that should tell us something, I think, because if they've seen them, then they've already gotten some idea of the defendant's view of this case in a way that may be prejudicial to the government in terms of its putting forward the evidence, and we want to have people who don't have preconceived notions of a matter as jurors.

So there is a likelihood, I think, a risk, when we have counsel doing this, which is precisely why this rule exists.

So I'm not making now today any ruling about the extent to which you have acted unethically or actually violated the rules, but I will let this serve as something of a warning that we're going to have to really bear down on this as a legal matter if it is your intention to continue in this fashion and -- and if this -- you know, this issue continues to arise in the context of this case.

MR. MAYR: Judge, I agree with everything -Your Honor, I agree with everything you say, and I will -- I
will respectfully abide by that -- that -- that caution, that
warning. I -- I know this is -- this is not an -- this is one
of the most difficult things for a criminal defense lawyer
is -- is responding to the -- is responding to what is out
there, and I want to be clear. If I had it my way, there would

be no publicity about any of this stuff, but it's just not the reality of it.

And, again, I want the Court to understand that, you know, my intentions here were -- were to provide balance, because, again, my concern is when these organizations reached out saying, hey, we want to do a story about your client's case, again, I did not want there -- I mean, I'll -- I'll let the Court know that I've spoken with local media in the Waco area regarding this case and not saying anything differently than what I've -- what I've already stated and what's already in the public record. But, again, the whole reason of this is just to provide balance -- to -- again, to ensure that there isn't this -- that there isn't this prejudice to the administration of justice by what is being published by the media.

THE COURT: But can I just say that justice is not done in the media. It is -- it's really -- my purview is not really the concern of what -- what people in the media or people in the world will think about your client, and -- and it's not really the duty of counsel in this context to make sure that the media portrays your client in a favorable light; right?

What we care about in the justice system is whether your client will have a fair trial to include the government's ability to put forward its case and your ability to defend, and

when we have media representations -- obviously the media is free to write stories about whatever it wants, but when we have people who are actively involved in the criminal justice system, also participating actively in the media realm, then we have real risk that we're going to prejudice the jurors who the Court would be called upon to bring into the courtroom and try to actually hear the evidence and decide the case on what is being presented to them in court.

So I completely understand that you may feel as though the portrayals of your client in the media are unfair, but, you know, with all due respect, really the most important thing is whether your client is going to be able to get a fair trial should it come to that, and in order for that to happen, members of the case need not participate in the media representations. Do you understand?

MR. MAYR: Absolutely. And, again, Your Honor,

I -- I completely agree with everything you said. Every

concern you've raised has been a concern that I have taken into

consideration and -- and weighed and balanced in doing what

I've done. But I'm -- I'm hearing the Court loud and clear.

I -- again, rather than -- again, it's not my intention to try

this case in the media. I want to make that abundantly clear.

I just -- and I think the best way for that to happen is for me

to decline any future interviews.

I will limit myself to the very clear plain language of

the rule, which will only allow me to comment on scheduling matters, letting -- letting the media know, okay, on this date there's a hearing, but nothing beyond that, and -- and, again, my client is -- is pleading not guilty and we're looking forward to our day in court, and beyond that -- that's only if I'm asked. I'm not going to make any statements or reach out or do anything else any further from this point forward.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I think that's helpful, and as a result, let's just table this discussion. Hopefully we won't have to go any further.

Now, the other things that were on the agenda for today's status conference concern the various other pending motions about discovery, speedy trial clock and the like, and the defendant's motion to dismiss.

Let me ask government counsel about the discovery. I received your notice informing the Court of items that have been produced to defense counsel via file sharing and also the government's motion for the release of 6(e) materials. So maybe you can say a little bit about the status of discovery in this case.

MS. WONG: Yes, Your Honor. We do appreciate that even back before that discovery letter on March 10th, you did very quickly sign our unopposed motion for protective order then. So the government was able to make a production that is delineated in that discovery letter that's filed on the docket

on March 10th. It included not only charging documents but search warrant returns, subpoena returns, Capitol Police footage, various other videos that reflect the defendant's conduct inside the Capitol Building that were in the government's possession from the dates in context.

That is a separate track -- I mean, that's -- that is the extent of discovery that has been disclosed to date, the March 10th production, that is an informal discovery production. We do have, separately, a process that is being sorted out in connection with, you know, discussions with the federal public defender's office regarding a system we can have that will ultimately amass sort of a formal process here, including as additional video evidence, voluminous video evidence, is gathered. Some of this is referenced, Your Honor, in the most recent motion for tolling that the government's filed.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask you about that, because I have had some defense counsel in other cases push back concerning the tolling and the plan that the government has, in conjunction with the federal public defender's office, to toll the clock for extended periods of time to allow for this kind of coordination. And the concern that defense counsel has expressed, and that I think some of my colleagues on the court have actually been persuaded by, is the concern that the government seems to be working on a consolidated, coordinated

production of discovery with respect to maybe all of these cases or most of these cases and it's not particularized to the individual defendant.

So I had a case -- one of these cases where the discovery was limited with respect to the individual, but the government was still asking through this form motion for 60 days, 90 days, or whatever it was, because it said it was engaged in this larger effort to coordinate the -- the -- the video, you know, on a more generic basis. So what can you say here about the evidence that pertains to Mr. Grider in particular that would warrant what the government is asking for here, which is a 60-day period of exclusion?

MS. WONG: Sure. Yes, Your Honor. I think they're not distinct in that sense. I mean, we are certainly collecting and amassing all the video evidence and other evidence that we have with respect to Mr. Grider, and I do expect, I should say, to make an additional production of all these items that are currently in my possession on this informal track.

The formal track, though, is because given the nature of this evidence and the nature of the events on January 6th, there is evidence -- you know, there was a lot of footage that is being recovered. For instance, whether through legal process of other defendants that are being investigated, may still not be out there, but that where Mr. Grider may or may

not appear from different angles and other footage that I do not currently have and that defense counsel currently does not have.

And in order for the government and defense counsel, I think, to feel that we have reasonably discharged our obligations to have -- our ethical duties, but also to have seen all the evidence, we do need that process in place where that additional evidence that I said beyond sort of the obvious footage -- or immediate footage, for instance, that has already been recovered.

For instance, I noted that I have already disclosed various video clips from U.S. Capitol Police surveillance footage that I was able to identify, include Mr. Grider, but there may be different video clips recovered from other defendants' cell phones that are -- do not depict the same course of events that are already on these cameras that are in specified locations.

THE COURT: But that -- but that potentially implicate Mr. Grider?

MS. WONG: Exactly.

THE COURT: We have the complexity of lots of people with lots of cell phones, you know, going at different angles, and we don't yet know whether you have everything. And so there may be more time needed to ferret through all of this and make sure that defense counsel has everything?

MS. WONG: Precisely, and I think -- I, myself, would not feel comfortable stating that I have fully, you know, flagged all video footage that is in the government's possession that features Mr. Grider at all, or that he might find of interest, until we have that formal process or this sort of technological infrastructure in place that will help, you know, give us some comfort that we have gone through this more methodically.

THE COURT: All right. And so, Mr. Mayr, do you consent to the -- I see it's represented that this is an unopposed motion to exclude time. Is that your position?

MR. MAYR: It is, Your Honor. Again, I -- I don't think I've agreed so much with the prosecutor before in a long time, but, you know, the reality of it is is a lot of these other videos -- I mean, in the informal discovery, there's been some things that could be considered as much exculpatory as -- as they could be inculpatory, and -- and I'm -- I don't have any reason to think that that's not going to be the case with additional videos.

Ms. Wong hits the nail on the head. There could be -- I mean, there's -- there's one video that we're aware of where my client is -- is yelling to other people inside the Capitol, "Don't break anything. Don't break anything." That could be very relevant, especially to the depravation charge that he's facing in Count 1 of the indictment. So it would be very

helpful for us to see other videos where he's maybe saying the same thing or he's encouraging other people to not cause any damage to the prosecutor [sic]. Just like for the government it may be interested if he does something.

Along those lines, I would also say we are very interested in any body camera footage from any of the officers. We feel that that's going to be very important in our defense, knowing what his interactions were like with the police officers. We saw a little bit of that in his interactions with the officers at the Speaker's Lobby door. So we -- I think we need to see the rest of -- we need to see the rest of it and have as complete and accurate picture --

THE COURT: All right. So it sounds like you are on board with this 60-day exclusion?

MR. MAYR: Yes.

THE COURT: I will allow it in the interest of justice given the representations that have been made. I'm going to look carefully at the actual written order. I may tailor it some. I know some of my colleagues have tweaked it to be more specific to the needs of this individual case, but I will toll the clock for 60 days out, which is what I think the government is asking for, and I will issue a ruling concerning that.

I'll also grant the 6(e) motion, which I also understand there's consent to, allowing for the release of those materials

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

```
and sealed materials pursuant to the protective order.
thing I did note with respect to that motion in particular,
Ms. Wong, is the mention of codefendants, and I didn't know
whether there was some -- whether that's sort of standard form
language in these motions or whether the government is
indicating that there may yet be a codefendant in this case.
         MS. WONG: That is standard language in the motion.
I do not currently believe there is a -- there will be,
imminently, a codefendant.
          THE COURT: Okay. All right. So that's -- those are
the main motions that -- procedural motions that exist.
       Turning to the reply brief hearing date, et cetera, for
the motion to dismiss, I have the motion to dismiss. I have
the government's opposition that just came in yesterday. So I
have not reviewed them yet. I'm waiting for the -- the motion
to ripen.
       Let me ask you, Mr. Mayr, whether you are seeking a time
for reply or would you like the Court to go ahead and evaluate
the motion from the opposition?
         MR. MAYR: Your Honor, I -- I think -- I think -- you
know, I had an opportunity to review the government's motion.
I don't believe a reply is -- at this time, I don't believe a
reply is necessary.
          THE COURT: All right.
          MR. MAYR: I think I will be just restating what is
```

```
1
       in the motion. So I'm ready for the Court to, you know, set --
       set it for submission or do whatever is -- whatever action is
2
      needed on the motion.
 3
                 THE COURT: All right. I typically have a hearing
 4
 5
       related to such matters, and I'm just looking -- my schedule is
      a little complicated. What I'll do is I will take a look. Let
 6
 7
      me just -- give me a second here to see.
 8
              I could see you-all on this matter in the afternoon of
 9
       the 16th, which is next Friday. Would you be available for a
10
      hearing on the motion to dismiss?
11
                 MS. WONG: The government is available.
12
                 MR. MAYR: Could I ask what time the Court is looking
       to do this?
13
                 THE COURT: About 2:30 or 3 o'clock Eastern.
14
15
                 MR. MAYR: Yes. We made that adjustment.
16
              Yes, I will be available that afternoon.
17
                 THE COURT: All right. So let me set this for 2:30
18
      Eastern on the 16th of April, and that will be for a hearing on
19
       the pending defense motion to dismiss Count 4 of the
20
       indictment.
21
              So, then, we also now need to set a return date on this
22
             The question is whether I need to see you again before
       case.
23
       the expiration of the 60-day tolling period. Let me ask.
24
                 MS. WONG: Your Honor, my -- I think 60 days brings
25
      us to Saturday, June 5th. I asked Mr. Mayr if he was available
```

```
1
       the week of May 31st or June 7th. All those dates work for me.
2
       I believe he said everything but one of those dates might work
 3
       for him, and then we would just ask that you toll until that
 4
       date, whatever works for the Court.
 5
                 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Mayr -- Mr. Mayr, what's
 6
       your availability the week of June 7th?
 7
                 MR. MAYR: The week of June 7th is a lot better than
       the week of -- of May 31st.
 8
 9
                 THE COURT: Could we do this on the 10th?
10
                 MR. MAYR: Would it also be in the afternoon?
11
                 THE COURT: That's fine.
12
                 MR. MAYR: Yes, I'll be available. That would work
13
       perfectly.
14
                 THE COURT: All right. So let's set this for the
15
       next status conference date, June 10th at 2:30 in the
16
       afternoon.
17
              And we will -- the Court will find that it's in the
18
       interest of justice for the reasons represented in the
19
       government's written motion to toll the speedy trial clock
20
       between today and return of court on this matter, which will be
21
       June 10th. I will file a formal order concerning the tolling,
22
       but for our purposes now, the clock will be tolled until then.
23
              Is there anything else that I need to address in this
24
       case at this time?
25
                 MS. WONG: Nothing from the government, Your Honor.
```

```
1
                 MR. MAYR: And nothing from the defendant.
2
                 THE COURT: All right. So I will see you-all on the
 3
       16th for the hearing on the motion to dismiss. Take care. I
 4
       will see you then.
 5
                  (The proceedings concluded at 3:14 p.m.)
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

## CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER I, Nancy J. Meyer, Registered Diplomate Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing constitutes a true and accurate transcript of my stenograph notes and is a full, true, and complete transcript of the proceedings to the best of my ability. Dated this 22nd day of June, 2021. /s/ Nancy J. Meyer Nancy J. Meyer Official Court Reporter Registered Diplomate Reporter Certified Realtime Reporter 333 Constitution Avenue Northwest, Room 6509 Washington, D.C. 20001