Linux User Manual

PCI/PCIe Multi-Ports Driver Installation & Usage

Ver. 2.6

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Document Information

Information	Content	
Abstract	This manual describes how to install and uninstall the Linux driver for PCI/PCIe Multi-port card series.	
Version History	V1.8, Written by Je-hwan Yoo on April 4 th ,2013	
	V1.9, Written by Je-hwan Yoo on May 14 th ,2013	
	V2.0, Written by Je-hwan Yoo on Jan 15 th ,2014	
	V2.1, Written by Je-hwan Yoo on Jan 30 th ,2014	
	V2.2, Written by Je-hwan Yoo on Feb 7 th ,2014	
	V2.3, Written by Won Lee on Jan 11 th ,2016	
	V2.4, Written by Won Lee on Aug 2 nd ,2018	
	V2.5, Written by Jae-hyuk Kim on Dec 12 th ,2018	
	V2.6, Written by Yong-ho Moon on Feb 26 th ,2020	

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1. Introduction

Linux driver for PCI/PCIe Multi-port card series is provided in the form of a script, you can install the driver without other operations.

2. Supported Linux Kernel Versions

Supported Kernel: From version 2.4.18 to 5.3

Tested Linux				
Linux distribution	Kernel version	Architecture		
Red hat 9.0	-	i386		
Kubuntu 11.10	-	i386		
CentOS 6	-	i386		
	3.10.0-862	x86_64		
CentOS 7	3.10.0-1062	x86_64		
	4.16	x86_64		
CentOS 8.1	4.18.0-147	x86_64		
Fedora 28	4.16	x86_64		
Fedora 29	4.18	x86_64		
Fedora 31	5.3	x86_64		
OpenSuse 42.3	4.4	x86_64		
OpenSuse 15	4.12	x86_64		
OpenSuse 15.1	4.12.14	x86_64		
Ubuntu 6.06.1	2.6.15	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 6.10	2.6.17	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 7.04	2.6.20	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 9.10	2.6.31	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 10.10	2.6.35	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 11.10	3.0.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 12.04.1 LTS	3.2.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 12.10	3.5.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 13.04	3.8.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 13.10	3.11.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 14.04 LTS	3.13.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 14.10	3.16.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 15.04	3.19.3	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 15.10	4.2.0	i386/amd64		
Ubuntu 16.04 LTS	4.4.0	1386/amd64		
Ubuntu 17.10	4.13.0	1386/amd64		
Ubuntu 18.04 LTS	4.16.0	amd64		
Ubuntu 19.04	5.0.0	amd64		
Ubuntu 19.10	5.3.0	amd64		

3. Release Note

- Linux Driver Version 23.0
- (Update) Support to kernel version 5.0.0~5.3.0 (Ubuntu, Fedora)
- Linux Driver Version 22.0
- (Update) Support to kernel version 4.4~4.16 (Ubuntu)
- Not Support to kernel version 2.4.xx
- Not Support to less than kernel version 3.10.0-862 (CentOS)
- Linux Driver Version 21.0
- (Update) Support to kernel version 3.13~4.2
- Linux Driver Version 20,2
- (Update) Support to Multi-32/PCIe (bridge type)
- Linux Driver Version 20.1
- (Bug Fix) Fix of "struct tty_port" link
- (Update) Support to kernel version 3.12
- Linux Driver Version 20
- (Update) Support to kernel version 3.8

4. Required for driver installation

1. Login as root user (Superuser).

You must login as root. You can check it from the prompt as shown below. (Default: If you login without the root account, it will show \$, but when you did, # is displayed.)

<Unprivileged Account>

2, GCC (GNU C Compiler)

Check if you have the GCC installed. When you type 'gcc -v' and the result shows "gcc: command not found", the GCC is not installed. You must install it before installing the driver.

sysbas@utu:/tmp\$ gcc -v Using built-in specs. COLLECT_GCC=gcc COLLECT_LTO_WRAPPER=/usr/lib/gcc/i686-linux-gnu/4.6.1/lto-wrapper Target: i686-linux-gnu Configured with: ../src/configure -v --with-pkgversion='Ubuntu/Linaro 4.6.1-9ubuntu3' -with-bugurl=file:///usr/share/doc/gcc-4.6/README.Bugs languages=c,c++,fortran,objc,obj-c++,go --prefix=/usr --program-suffix=-4.6 --enableshared --enable-linker-build-id --with-system-zlib --libexecdir=/usr/lib --without-includedgettext --enable-threads=posix --with-gxx-include-dir=/usr/include/c++/4.6 --libdir=/usr/lib --enable-nls --with-sysroot=/ --enable-clocale=gnu --enable-libstdcxx-debug --enablelibstdcxx-time=yes --enable-plugin --enable-objc-gc --enable-targets=all --disable-werror -with-arch-32=i686 --with-tune=generic --enable-checking=release --build=i686-linux-gnu --host=i686-linux-gnu --target=i686-linux-gnu Thread model: posix gcc version 4.6.1 (Ubuntu/Linaro 4.6.1-9ubuntu3)

⟨GCC installed⟩

sysbas@utu:/tmp\$ gcc -v gcc: command not found

〈GCC not installed〉

3. Kernel Source

Check whether the kernel source files are installed. Type 'cd /usr/src' and check the result. If you can't found kernel source under the directory, you must install the kernel source files before installing the driver.

sysbas@utu:/tmp\$ cd /user/src
sysbas@utu:/src\$ ls
linux-headers-3.0.0-12 linux-headers-3.0.0-12-generic

⟨Kernel source installed⟩

sysbas@utu:/tmp\$ cd /user/src sysbas@utu:/src\$ ls

⟨Kernel source not installed⟩

4. Make

Check whether the "make" is installed. Type 'make -v' and check the result. When it shows "make: command not found", the "make" is not installed. You must install make. You must install the "make" before installing the driver.

sysbas@utu:/tmp\$ make -v

GNU Make 3.81

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This program built for i686-pc-linux-gnu

⟨Make installed⟩

sysbas@utu:/tmp\$ make -v make: command not found

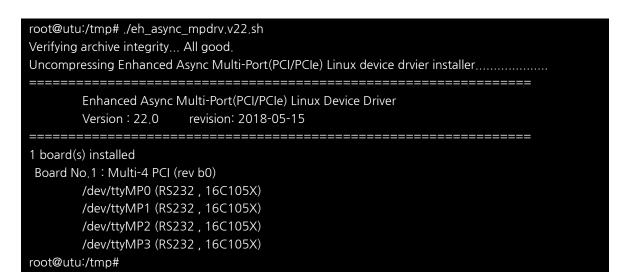
⟨Make not installed⟩

5. Installation

- 1. Please check whether the power is off from your PC.
- 2. Install a PCI/PCIe Multi-port card in the PCI/PCIe slot of the PC.
- 3. If you have any external cables for each port, please connect the cables to the card.
- 4. Turn on the PC.
- 5. After the Linux boots, login with the administrator ID as root.
- 6. Run the device driver file named "eh_async_mpdrv.v22.sh".

The device driver file is an executable file. You could just type the name in shell followed by "./". After you execute the file, you can see a sub directory named "eh_async_mpdrv.v22" with installation information like a below image.

You will see the followings: model name of the multiport, type of serial interface-RS232/RS422/RS485, port name and version in the installation information



6. Remove

- 1. Go to the directory where the driver is installed.

 If you installed the driver at "~/tmp", please go to "~/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22" directory.
- 2. Run Remove command as follows.
 - #./Remove

```
root@utu:/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22# ls
Install Remove async_multiport ioctl multidrop_test
root@utu:/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22# ./Remove
```

3. All the installed files will be removed automatically after executing **Remove** command.

Remove Multiports PCI/PCle Driver..!! remove device(/dev)···..done modify rc.local···..done root@utu:/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22#

7. Testing

#cd async_multiport

#./sb_test [Port Name] [Baudrate] [TestMode]

If you want to know how to use the sb_test, you just type the name without any argument. And then you can see the method of the usage.

```
root@utu:/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22/async_multiport# ./sb_test
Usage: ./sb_test [Port Name] [Baudrate] [TestMode]
Port Name: /dev/ttyMP0 ~ /dev/ttyMP32
Baudrate : 9600, 19200, ...
TestMode : 0(Loopback) 1(Send) 2(Recv)
root@utu:/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22/async_multiport#
```

Usage: ./sb_test [Port Name] [Baudrate] [TestMode]

Port Name :/dev/ttyMP0 ~ /dev/ttyMP32

Baudrate : 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800,

921600

TestMode : 0 (Loopback)

1 (Send) 2 (Receive)

Example:

\$./sb_test /dev/ttyMP0 9600 0 \$./sb_test /dev/ttyMP5 921600 0 \$./sb_test /dev/ttyMP3 115200 1

(Note) There is a blank space after "/sb_test" and before "/dev/".

After you connect the loopback connector to the port you wish to test, you can test it by using the loopback mode.

The test pattern is "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz" and the program generates characters from "a" to "z" repeatedly increasing by one character.

```
root@utu:/tmp/eh_async_mpdrv.v22/async_multiport# ./sb_test /dev/ttyMP0 9600 0
Loopback Test Mode !

a ab
abc
abcd
abcde
abcdef
abcdefg
abcdefghi
abcdefghii
abcdefghiikl
abcdefghiijkl
abcdefghijklm
```

When the multi-port card driver is installed correctly, you will see the test result repeatedly as shown above.