Document

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2025-05-22

```
library(conflicted)
conflict_prefer("map", "pomp")
conflict_prefer("filter", "dplyr")

library(pomp)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse)
library(dplyr)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
```

EVO Dynamics Plot

The following plots show the smoothed time series of algae, flagellates, and rotifers from experimental runs with evolutionary dynamics (EVO). These data and visualizations are based on:

Teppo Hiltunen, Stephen P. Ellner, Giles Hooker, Laura E. Jones, and Nelson G. Hairston Jr., Eco-Evolutionary Dynamics in a Three-Species Food Web with Intraguild Predation: Intriguingly Complex, *Advances in Ecological Research*, 2014.

The underlying data were extracted from the file "NoEvoData_SE_Feb14_2012.csv". The goal of this visualization is to examine whether the observed population dynamics are consistent with the presence of **canard cycles**, a phenomenon hypothesized in the final section of the paper to explain the complex oscillatory behavior in this predator—prey system.

```
setwd("/Users/sijiawang/Desktop/Honor Thesis")
require(locpol);

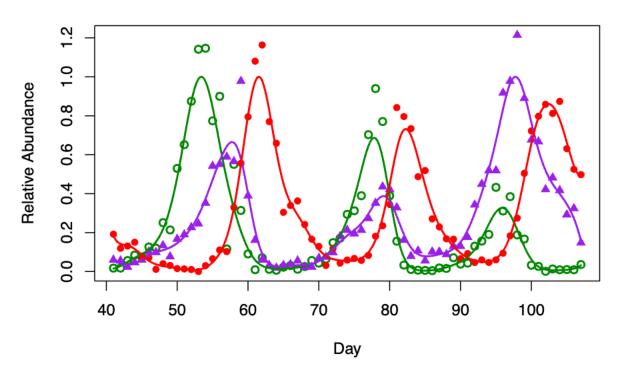
X123=read.csv("NoEvoData=SE=Feb14 2012.csv");
lagsr=lagsf=periods=numeric(0);
```

In all plots, green represents algae (A, prey), purple represents flagellates (F, intermediate predator), and red represents rotifers (R, top predator). The y-axis shows relative abundance, which reflects each species' abundance scaled by its maximum value in the run, allowing for direct comparison of dynamic patterns across species.

```
# Orange is panel (A)
X=cbind(X123$day,X123$Algae.orange1,X123$Flag.orange1,X123$Rot.orange1);
X=data.frame(X); colnames(X)<-c("day","algae","flagellates","rotifers");
X=X[X$day>=41,]; X=X[X$day<= 107,]; rownames(X)<-NULL;
adjust=1; npeaks=3;</pre>
```

```
#smoothed algae
  acv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$algae),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
  fita=locpol(sqrt(algae)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=acv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
  pxa=fita$xeval; pya=fitted(fita)^2; maxa=max(pya);
  #smoothed flagellates
  fcv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$flagellates),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
  fitf=locpol(sqrt(flagellates)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=fcv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
 pxf=fitf$xeval; pyf=fitted(fitf)^2; maxf=max(pyf);
  #smoothed rotifers
 rcv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$rotifers),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
 fitr=locpol(sqrt(rotifers)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=rcv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
  pxr=fitr$xeval; pyr=fitted(fitr)^2; maxr=max(pyr);
Xs=X; Xs[,2:4]=scale(Xs[,2:4],center=FALSE,scale=c(maxa,maxf,maxr));
matplot(Xs$day, Xs[,2:4], type="p", lty=1, col=c("green4", "purple", "red"),
      pch=c(1,17,16), lwd=2, ylab="Relative Abundance", xlab="Day", main="Orange (Panel 1)")
matpoints(pxa, cbind(pya/maxa, pyf/maxf, pyr/maxr), type="l", lty=1, lwd=2, col=c("green4", "purple",
```

Orange (Panel 1)

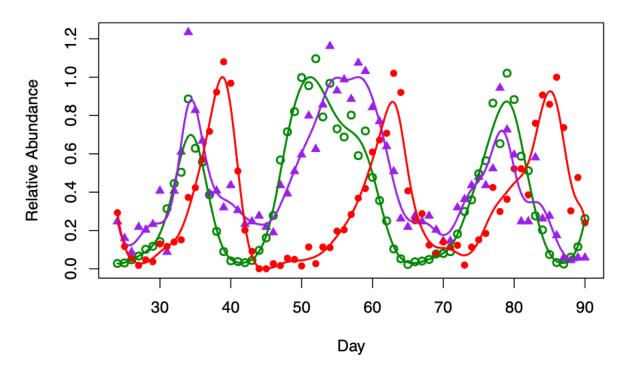


The **orange** panel corresponds to experimental run 1 with algae, flagellates, and rotifers sampled from days 41 to 107.

```
# Brown
X=cbind(X123$day,X123$Algae.brown2,X123$Flag.brown2,X123$Rot.brown2);
X=data.frame(X); colnames(X)<-c("day","algae","flagellates","rotifers");</pre>
```

```
X=X[X$day>=24,]; X=X[X$day<=90,]; rownames(X)<-NULL;
    adjust=1; npeaks=3;
    #smoothed algae
    acv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$algae),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
    fita=locpol(sqrt(algae)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=acv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
    pxa=fita$xeval; pya=fitted(fita)^2; maxa=max(pya);
    #smoothed flagellates
    fcv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$flagellates),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
    fitf=locpol(sqrt(flagellates)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=fcv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
   pxf=fitf$xeval; pyf=fitted(fitf)^2; maxf=max(pyf);
    #smoothed rotifers
   rcv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$rotifers),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
   fitr=locpol(sqrt(rotifers)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=rcv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
   pxr=fitr$xeval; pyr=fitted(fitr)^2; maxr=max(pyr);
  Xs=X; Xs[,2:4]=scale(Xs[,2:4],center=FALSE,scale=c(maxa,maxf,maxr));
  matplot(Xs$day, Xs[,2:4], type="p", lty=1, col=c("green4", "purple", "red"),
          pch=c(1,17,16),lwd=2,ylab="Relative Abundance",xlab="Day",main="Brown (Panel 2)");
  matpoints(pxa,cbind(pya/maxa,pyf/maxf,pyr/maxr),type="l",lty=1,lwd=2,col=c("green4","purple","red"));
```

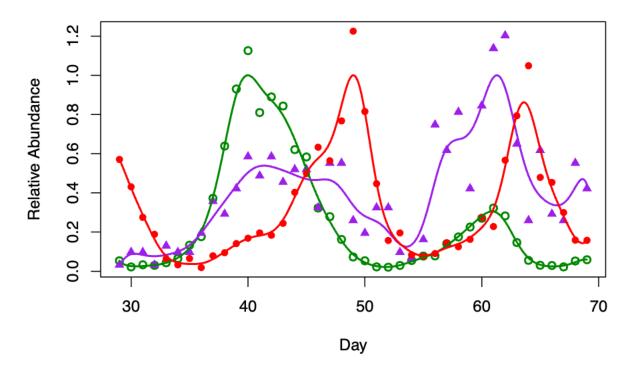
Brown (Panel 2)



The **brown** panel shows data from run 2, covering days 24 to 90.

```
# Pink
X=cbind(X123$day,X123$Algae.pink2,X123$Flag.pink2,X123$Rot.pink2);
X=data.frame(X); colnames(X)<-c("day", "algae", "flagellates", "rotifers");</pre>
X=X[X$day>=29,]; X=X[X$day<=69,]; rownames(X)<-NULL;
    adjust=1; npeaks=3;
    #smoothed algae
    acv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$algae),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
    fita=locpol(sqrt(algae)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=acv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
   pxa=fita$xeval; pya=fitted(fita)^2; maxa=max(pya);
    #smoothed flagellates
   fcv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$flagellates),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
    fitf=locpol(sqrt(flagellates)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=fcv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
   pxf=fitf$xeval; pyf=fitted(fitf)^2; maxf=max(pyf);
    #smoothed rotifers
   rcv=adjust*pluginBw(X$day,sqrt(X$rotifers),deg=3,kernel=gaussK);
   fitr=locpol(sqrt(rotifers)~day,data=X,deg=3,bw=rcv,kernel=gaussK,xevalLen=1500);
   pxr=fitr$xeval; pyr=fitted(fitr)^2; maxr=max(pyr);
  Xs=X; Xs[,2:4]=scale(Xs[,2:4],center=FALSE,scale=c(maxa,maxf,maxr));
  matplot(Xs$day, Xs[,2:4], type="p", lty=1, col=c("green4", "purple", "red"),
          pch=c(1,17,16),lwd=2,ylab="Relative Abundance",xlab="Day",main="Pink (Panel 3)");
  matpoints(pxa,cbind(pya/maxa,pyf/maxf,pyr/maxr),type="l",lty=1,lwd=2,col=c("green4","purple","red"));
```

Pink (Panel 3)



The **pink** panel represents run 3, with observations taken between days 29 and 69.

POMP Model Fitting

We now use the **orange panel data between days 41 and 107** to build and analyze a Partially Observed Markov Process (POMP) model.

```
X123=read.csv("NoEvoData=SE=Feb14 2012.csv");
orange_data <- data.frame(
  day = X123$day,
  algae = X123$Algae.orange1,
  flagellates = X123$Flag.orange1,
  rotifers = X123$Rot.orange1
)

orange_data <- orange_data[orange_data$day >= 41 & orange_data$day <= 107, ]
rownames(orange_data) <- NULL
summary(orange_data)</pre>
```

```
##
                                                            rotifers
         day
                        algae
                                        flagellates
           : 41.0
                                1111
                                              : 51.0
                                                        Min.
                                                                :0.0000
                    Min.
    1st Qu.: 57.5
                                                         1st Qu.:0.5294
                    1st Qu.:
                              19167
                                       1st Qu.: 214.1
   Median: 74.0
                    Median : 79444
                                       Median: 497.2
                                                        Median :1.3514
           : 74.0
                            : 211156
                                       Mean
                                              : 786.1
                                                                :2.4763
##
    Mean
                    Mean
                                                        Mean
```

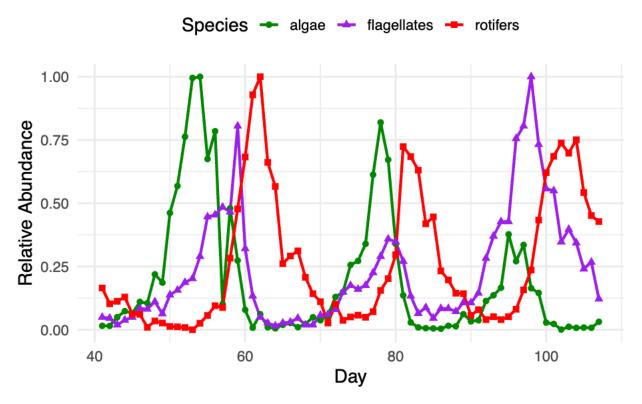
```
## Max. :107.0 Max.
                           :1080000 Max. :3340.5
                                                        Max. :9.3529
xrange <- range(orange_data$day)</pre>
yrange <- range(</pre>
  orange_data$algae,
  orange_data$flagellates,
  orange_data$rotifers,
  na.rm = TRUE
max_algae <- max(orange_data$algae, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
max_flag <- max(orange_data$flagellates, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
max_roti <- max(orange_data$rotifers, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
orange_rel <- orange_data
orange_rel[, 2:4] <- scale(orange_data[, 2:4], center = FALSE,
                           scale = c(max_algae, max_flag, max_roti))
orange_rel_long <- orange_rel %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = c(algae, flagellates, rotifers),
               names_to = "species",
               values_to = "rel_abundance")
ggplot(orange_rel_long, aes(x = day, y = rel_abundance, color = species)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1) +
  geom_point(size = 2, aes(shape = species)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c(
    algae = "green4",
   flagellates = "purple",
   rotifers = "red"
  )) +
  scale_shape_manual(values = c(
    algae = 16, flagellates = 17, rotifers = 15
  )) +
  labs(
   title = "Standardized Population Dynamics of Orange Panel",
    x = "Day", y = "Relative Abundance",
    color = "Species", shape = "Species"
  theme_minimal(base_size = 14) +
  theme (
    legend.position = "top",
    plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, face = "bold")
  )
```

3rd Qu.: 293333 3rd Qu.:1160.2

3rd Qu.:4.1135

3rd Qu.: 90.5

Standardized Population Dynamics of Orange Panel



```
statenames <- c("S", # limiting substrate
                 "A", # algae
                 "R", # rotifers
                 "F") # flagellates
maxA <- max(orange_data$algae, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
maxF <- max(orange_data$flagellates, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
maxR <- max(orange_data$rotifers, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
# all parameters are positive
paramnames <- c(
  "delta", # dilution rate
  "kA", # half-saturation constant
  "kR", # half-saturation constant
  "r",
  "g",
  "h",
  "alphaA", # handing-time parameter
  "alphaF", # handing-time parameter
  "eta", # maximum per capitarate parameter for flagellates grazing on algae
  "IF",
  "S_0",
  "A_0",
  "R_0",
  "F_0",
```

```
"maxA",
  "maxF",
  "maxR"
rproc <- euler(</pre>
  step.fun = Csnippet("
    double dS = delta * (1 - S) - S * r * A / (kA + S);
    double dA = A * (
     r * S / (kA + S)
      -g * R / (kR + A + alphaF * F)
      -h * F / (1 + alphaA * A)
      - delta
    );
    double dR = R * (
     g * A / (kR + A + alphaF * F)
     + eta * F / (kR + A + alphaF * F)
      - delta
    );
    double dF = F * (
    h * A / (1 + alphaA * A)
     - eta * R / (kR + A + alphaF * F)
      - delta
    ) + IF;
    S += dS * dt;
    A += dA * dt;
    R += dR * dt;
    F += dF * dt;
    if (A < 0) A = 1e-6;
   if (F < 0) F = 1e-6;
   if (R < 0) R = 1e-6;
    if (S < 0) S = 1e-6;
   if (A > 1e3) A = 1e3;
   if (F > 1e3) F = 1e3;
    if (R > 1e3) R = 1e3;
  "),
  delta.t = 0.3
rmeasure <- Csnippet("</pre>
 algae = rnorm(A / maxA, 0.1);
 flagellates = rnorm(F / maxF, 0.1);
 rotifers = rnorm(R / maxR, 0.1);
dmeasure <- Csnippet("</pre>
 lik = dnorm(algae, A / maxA, 0.1, 1) +
        dnorm(flagellates, F / maxF, 0.1, 1) +
```

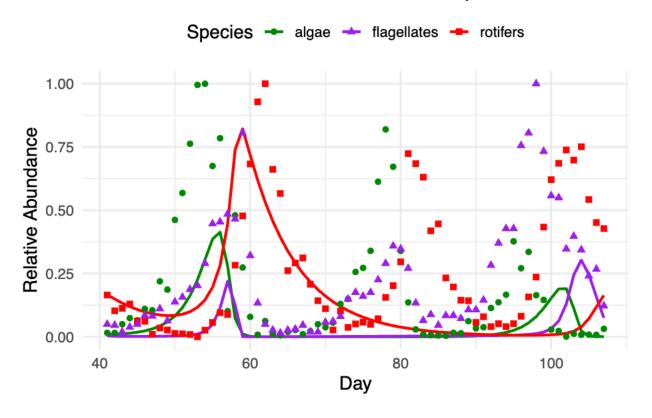
dnorm(rotifers, R / maxR, 0.1, 1);

```
if (!give_log) lik = exp(lik);
rinit <- Csnippet("</pre>
 S = S 0;
 A = A_0;
 R = R_0;
  F = F_0;
pt <- parameter_trans(</pre>
  log = c(
  "delta", # dilution rate
  "kA", # half-saturation constant
  "kR", # half-saturation constant
  "r",
  "g",
  "h",
  "alphaA", # handing-time parameter
  "alphaF", # handing-time parameter
  "eta", # maximum per capitarate parameter for flagellates grazing on algae
  "S_0",
  "A_0",
  "R_0",
  "F_0",
  "maxA",
  "maxF",
  "maxR")
pomp_model <- pomp(</pre>
 data = orange_rel,
  times = "day",
  t0 = 40,
  rprocess = rproc,
  rmeasure = rmeasure,
  dmeasure = dmeasure,
  rinit = rinit,
  statenames = statenames,
  paramnames = paramnames,
  obsnames = c("algae", "flagellates", "rotifers"),
  partrans = pt
init_row <- X123[X123$day == 40, ]
params <- c(
 delta = 0.15,
  kA = 0.15,
  kR = 0.25,
  r = 0.7,
```

g = 0.7,

```
h = 7.
  alphaA = 2,
  alphaF = 1,
  eta = 1.5.
  IF = 0.001.
  S_0 = 1000,
  A_0 = init_row$Algae.orange1 / max(orange_data$algae, na.rm = TRUE),
  R_0 = init_row$Rot.orange1 / max(orange_data$rotifers, na.rm = TRUE),
  F_0 = init_row$Flag.orange1 / max(orange_data$flagellates, na.rm = TRUE),
 maxA = max(orange_data$algae, na.rm = TRUE),
 maxR = max(orange_data$rotifers, na.rm = TRUE),
 maxF = max(orange_data$flagellates, na.rm = TRUE)
sim <- simulate(pomp_model, params = params, nsim = 1)</pre>
sim_df <- as.data.frame(sim, include.data = FALSE)</pre>
orange_obs_long <- orange_rel %>%
 pivot_longer(cols = c(algae, flagellates, rotifers),
               names_to = "species",
               values_to = "obs")
sim_long <- sim_df %>%
 mutate(time = day) %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = c(A, R, F),
               names_to = "species",
               values_to = "sim") %>%
 mutate(species = recode(species,
                          A = "algae",
                          R = "rotifers",
                          F = "flagellates"))
plot_data <- left_join(sim_long, orange_obs_long, by = c("time" = "day", "species"))</pre>
ggplot(plot_data, aes(x = time)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = sim, color = species), linewidth = 1) +
  geom_point(aes(y = obs, color = species, shape = species), size = 2) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c(
   algae = "green4",
   flagellates = "purple",
   rotifers = "red"
  )) +
  scale_shape_manual(values = c(
    algae = 16, flagellates = 17, rotifers = 15
  )) +
  labs(
   title = "POMP Simulation vs. Observed Data (Relative Abundance)",
   y = "Relative Abundance",
   x = "Day", color = "Species", shape = "Species"
  theme_minimal(base_size = 14) +
  theme(legend.position = "top")
```

POMP Simulation vs. Observed Data (Relative Abundar



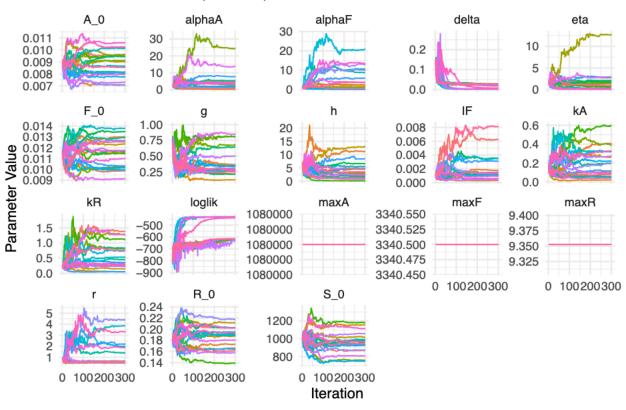
```
pf_result <- pfilter(pomp_model, params = params, Np = 1000)
logLik(pf_result)</pre>
```

[1] -853.7633

```
library(doFuture)
library(doRNG)
library(foreach)
plan(multisession)
registerDoFuture()
rw_sd_values <- rw_sd(
  delta
           = 0.02,
  kA
           = 0.02,
  kR
           = 0.02,
           = 0.02,
  r
           = 0.02,
           = 0.02,
           = 0.02,
  alphaA
  alphaF
           = 0.02,
  eta
           = 0.02,
  IF
           = 0.02,
  S_0
           = ivp(0.02),
  A_0
           = ivp(0.02),
  R_0
           = ivp(0.02),
```

```
F_0
           = ivp(0.02)
)
mifs_local <- foreach(i = 1:20, .combine = c) %dorng% {</pre>
  bake(file = tempfile(), {
    mif2(
      pomp_model,
      params = params,
      Np = 500,
      Nmif = 300,
      cooling.fraction.50 = 0.5,
     rw.sd = rw_sd_values
  })
mifs_local |>
  traces() |>
  melt() |>
  filter(name != "loglik" | (value > -1e3)) |>
  ggplot(aes(x = iteration, y = value, group = .L1, color = factor(.L1))) +
  geom_line() +
  facet_wrap(~ name, scales = "free_y") +
  theme_minimal() +
  guides(color = "none") +
  labs(
   title = "Parameter Traces (Filtered)",
   x = "Iteration", y = "Parameter Value"
```

Parameter Traces (Filtered)



```
# Compute log-likelihood via pfilter
local_search <- foreach(mf = mifs_local, .combine = rbind) %dorng% {
    ll_evals <- replicate(50, logLik(pfilter(mf, Np = 5000)))
    ll <- logmeanexp(ll_evals, se = TRUE)
    coef(mf) %>% bind_rows() %>%
     bind_cols(loglik = ll[1], loglik.se = ll[2])
}

# Filter and summarize
best_searches <- local_search %>%
    filter(is.finite(loglik)) %>%
    filter(loglik.se < 0.5) %>%
    arrange(desc(loglik))
head(best_searches)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 19
##
                                                                               S_0
       delta
                 kA
                        kR
                                            h alphaA alphaF
                                                                eta
                                                                          ΙF
                               r
              <dbl>
                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
                                                                             <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
## 1 0.00109 0.327 0.446
                            1.40 0.350
                                               1.34
                                                       8.81 0.120 0.000572
                                         1.89
                                                                              947.
                   0.270
                                               0.936
## 2 0.00190 0.195
                            4.41 0.252
                                         1.08
                                                       9.98 0.148
                                                                   0.00129
                                                                              874.
## 3 0.00224 0.117 0.0510
                            2.22 0.293
                                               7.58
                                                       5.87 0.0799 0.00312
                                                                              938.
                                         8.42
## 4 0.00208 0.0555 0.530
                            3.88 0.265
                                         5.52
                                               5.41
                                                      10.6 0.167
                                                                    0.00147
                                                                              991.
## 5 0.00211 0.0399 0.319
                                               4.07
                            1.88 0.301
                                         4.80
                                                      13.6 0.210
                                                                   0.000545 1114.
## 6 0.00233 0.320 0.757
                            1.97 0.345
                                        2.32 2.01
                                                      20.8 0.330 0.00345
## # i 8 more variables: A_0 <dbl>, R_0 <dbl>, F_0 <dbl>, maxA <dbl>, maxR <dbl>,
```

```
## # maxF <dbl>, loglik <dbl>, loglik.se <dbl>
```

summary(best_searches\$loglik)

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -628.7 -621.4 -616.3 -553.9 -430.3 -428.4
```