# Modern Method Software Engineering

# Home work 2

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Question 1: What is difference between <<extend>>, <<include>> and use case generalization relationships in use case diagrams. Emphasize your answer by giving an example. (Bonus Point 01)

#### Answer:

The difference between include and extend relationships is the location of the dependency. Suppose we are going to add a few use cases for the actor Dispatcher, say, OpenIncident, AllocateResources, and ConnectionDown.

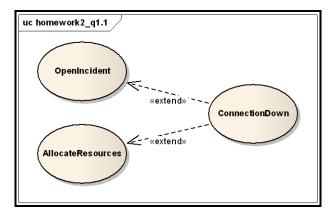


Figure 1-1 Simple diagram of extend relationship

If we model the ConnectionDown use case with include relationships, the authors of OpenIncident and AllocateResources use case has to know about and include the ConnectionDown use case. Conversely, if we use extend relationships instead, only the ConnectonDown use case needs to be changed to extend the additional use cases. In short, exceptional cases are modeled with extend relationships, whereas common behavior shared by use cases are expressed by include relationships.

The extend relationships and generalization relationships are also different. In a extend relationship, each use case shows a different flow of events to achieve a different task. In *Figure 1-1*, the OpenIncident use cases depicts the actions which take place when the Dispatcher creates a new Incident, in contrary the ConnectionDown use case describes the actions that occur during network crisis.

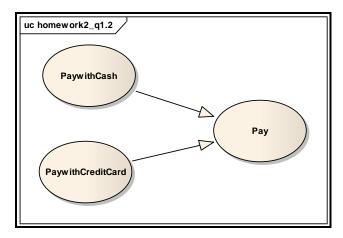


Figure 1-2 Simple diagram of generation relationship

In Figure 1-2, PaywithCash and PaywithCreditCard both explain actions that occur during Payment, however at different abstraction levels.

# Question 2: Identify functional and nonfunctional requirements from the following description

#### Answer:

We have refined follow requirements from the description.

#### **Functional Requirements:**

- The allocation of staff to production lines should be mostly automated.
  - It describe a requirement of allocation of staff, if it cannot mostly automated allocate the staff to the production line, the staff in production planning(system operator) will have to do it himself. It is an interaction between user and system. So it is a functional requirement.
- Process based on the skills and experience of operatives.
  - It is what customer asked the allocation system developer to realize. And it is the rule to carry out the allocation.
- Details of holidays and sick leave will also be taken into account.
  - It is what customer asked the allocation system developer to realize. And it is also the rule to carry out the allocation.
- Only staff in production planning will be able to amend the automatic allocation to find-tune
  the list
  - It reflects only certificate user could operate the allocation system. It is something about interaction between user and system.

Table 2-1 Functional Requirements

#### **Nonfunctional Requirements:**

- A process will be run once a week to carry out the allocation.
  - Performance
- A first draft allocation list will be printed off by 12.00 noon on Friday for the following week.
  - Performance, time associate.
- Final Allocation list is printed out by 5.00 pm.
  - Performance, time associate.
- The system must be able to handle allocation of 100 operatives at present.
  - Performance
- The system should be capable of expansion to handle double that number.
  - Performance

Table 2-2 Nonfunctional Requirements

# **Question 3:**

# **Answer**

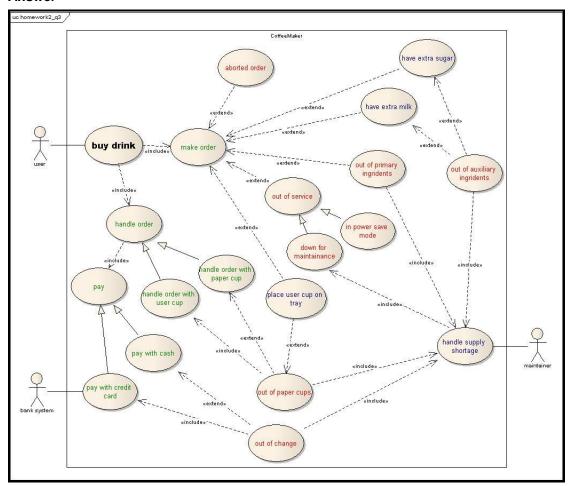


Figure 3-1 Refined use case diagram of CoffeeMaker

We arrange the use cases into four categories:

Categories	Describe	Member
Main use case	High-level use case.	Buy drink
	Describe the core events	make order, handle order(handle order with user
Primary use case	that coffeemaker system is	cup, handle order with paper cup), pay(pay with
	interested in.	credit card, pay with cash).
	These use cases stands for	have extra milk, have extra sugar, place user cup
	the events that	on tray, handle supply shortage
Secondary use case	coffeemaker system takes	
	care, but they are not	
	mainly focused on.	
	These use cases happens	aborted order, out of primary ingredients, out of
Eventional use see	only under exceptional	auxiliary ingredients, out of paper cup, out of
Exceptional use case	conditions.	service(down for maintains, in power save mode),
		out of change

Table 3-1 Use case categories table

# Question 4: Consider an Academic Payroll System for a University:

1. Identify few actors (at least 2) and their scenarios (at least 1 for each actor) and identify use cases for the problem (at least 02 use cases). These use cases should be presented as textual description (see p. 163)

#### Answer:

#### **Actors:**

- Employees in the Personnel Department
  - Manager of AP system
- Full-time academics
  - View payment details, leave balances, and personal information; update personal details and payment method.
- Casual academics
  - Submit timecard to AP system, receive notification from AP system(if required)
- The University
  - Deducts standard tax rates from payments made to academics.

Table 4-1-1 Actors of AP system

#### Scenario:

Scenario name	Add	dNewCasualAcademic	
Participating actor	Ton	Tom: EmployeeInPersonnelDepartment	
instances	<u>Jeri</u>	ry, Danna: CasualAcademic	
Flow of events	1.	The University just contracts with two new Casual Academics. As an	
		Employee In Personnel Department, Tom is asked to add Jerry and Danna to	
		AP system.	
	2.	Tom login to AP system via a windows-based interface on his laptop.	
	3.	Tom adds Jerry to AP system as a Casual Academic with Jerry's information.	
		Then he gets AP system's echo with "New Casual Academic Adding	
		Successful". And Tom also adds Danna with the same way.	
	4.	AP system sends e-mails to Jerry and Danna, and notifies them that they	
		have been enrolled to AP system, and ask them to confirm their information.	
	5.	Jerry confirms the information.	
	6.	Danna finds that her age is not correct and sends an e-mail back to	
		Employee In Personnel Department with right information.	
	7.	Tom receives Danna's e-mail and edits the age of Danna in AP system.	
	8.	AP system sends Danna a email with new information, and ask for her	
		confirmation.	
	9.	Danna confirms the information update.	

Table 4-1-2 AddNewCasualAcademic scenario

Scenario name	<u>Upo</u>	<u>UpdateAddressAndCheckPayment</u>	
Participating actor	<u>Joh</u>	John: FullTimeAcademic	
instances			
Flow of events	1.	One Wednesday, John moves to a new house. He realizes that it is	
		necessary to update his address in AP system. So he login to Academic	
		Kiosk via safari, and wants to update his address.	
	2.	John inputs his new address and press update button.	
	3.	He finds that system echoes "personal information update successful".	
	4.	John also checks if they pay him the recently fortnight salary.	
	5.	He finds that he got the money.	

 $Table\ 4\text{-}1\text{-}3\quad Update Address And Check Payment\ scenario$ 

# **Use Case:**

Name	ViewPaymentDetails		
Participating Actors	Initiated by FullTimeAcademics(FA for short)		
Flow of events	FA click view payment details button on Academic Kiosk(AK for short)		
	AK redirect to view payment details window.		
	AK asks FA if he wants to see all history or just wants to check the latest		
	details.		
	4. FA chooses to see all history payment details.		
	5. AK shows all payment details history. Including payment date, payment		
	summary and payment method.		
	6. FA reads all his payment details and requests to see the latest payment details.		
	7. System shows the FA's latest payment details. Including payment date and		
	time, payment summary, and payment details.		
Entry	FA login to AK system via bowser.		
Condition			
Exit	FA has checkout his payment state details		
Conditions			
Quality	FA can connect the EPD if he found his payment state is not the same as he wishes.		
Requirements	Payment state has to be changed as soon as the University transfers money to FA's bank		
	account.		

Table 4-1-4 ViewPaymentDetails use case

Name	<b>UpdateFullTimeAcademicsInformation</b>		
Participating	Initiated by EmployeesInThePersonnelDepartment(EPD for short)		
Actors	Update FullTimeAcademics(FA for short) information		
Flow of events	EPD operators AP system and chooses to update FAs information.		
	System redirect to update FAs' Information window.		
	EPD enters the key word to search a FA.		
	4. System search FA with the key word. If it matches some of the FA		
	in database, system shows the FA which match the key word		
	(maybe more than one). Ask EPD to choose one of FA to display information.		
	<ol><li>Otherwise, if no matched FA, system go back to start of search step and asks EPD to enter a new key word.</li></ol>		
	6. EPD chooses one of FA to show his/her information.		
	7. System shows the FA's information.		
	8. EPD edits the FA's information and upload to system.		
	<ol><li>System saves the latest data and notifies FA that his/her</li></ol>		
	information has already updated.		
	10. System shows information update successful and asks EPD if he		
	want to search a new FA or exit		
	UpdateFullTimeAcademicsInformation mode.		
	11. EPD chooses to search a new FA.		
	12. Otherwise EPD finds that all FA's information is up-to-date and exit		
	UpdateFullTimeAcademicsInformation mode.		
	13. System goes back to start of search step.		
	Otherwise system exits UpdateFullTimeAcademicsInformation		
	mode.		
Entry	EPD login to AP system		
Condition			
Exit	ALL FAs' information are up-to-date.		
Conditions	FA can receive the information update notification and communicate with EPD if		
Quality	17. Con 1 Cook of the mile maner appears from care of mile and communicate man 2. 2 m		
Requirements	the FA found any information that have just been updated are wrong.		

Table 4-1-5 UpdateFullTimeAcademicsInformation use case

#### 2. Extend of the identified use cases with exceptions handling

#### Answer:

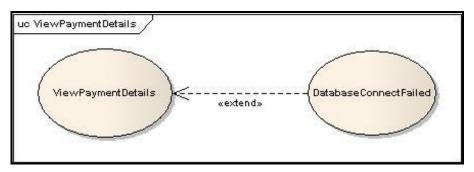


Figure 4-2-1 Exception handling of ViewPaymentDetails use case

**DatabaseConnectFailed:** AK warns that Database is not available at the moment, and asks AF to try later.

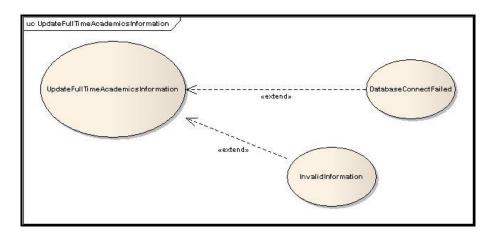


Figure 4-2-2 Exception handling of UpdateFullTimeAcademicsInformation use case

**InvalidInformation:** AP system warns that the information which EPD just inputs is invalid, and

asks EPD to re-input information

DatabaseConnectFailed: AP system warns that Database is not available at the moment, and asks

EPD to try later.

# 3. Describe of non-functional requirements

# Answer:

Category	Nonfunctional Requirements
Usability	In case a new AP has been added to AP system, She/he can access AK via a
	browser.
Reliability	If exception occurs during EPD's connect with AP system, it can restart.
	If exception occurs during FA's connect with AK, it can restart.
	Automatically do backup of AP system fortnightly.
Performance	AK must support many parallel connects from CAs. (e.g. 100)
	AP system must support many parallel connects from EPD(e.g. 10)
Supportability	EPD must be able to add new items to FA or CA's personal information on AP
	system.
	EPD must be able to change the standard of salary of FA or CA from AP system.
Implementation	All FA should be able to access AK from a web browser supporting cookies,
	JavaScript.
	FA or CA cannot access from web browser.
	EPD should be able to access AP system via a windows-based desktop
	interface.
	AP system should run on any Unix operating system (e.g. MacOS X, Linux,
	Solaris).
Operation	AK should be very easy to use so that FAs do not need any training in order to
	use it.
Legal	All EPDs require secure authentication to use AP system.
	Any EPD cannot publish FA or CA's payment details.
	An FA or CA's payment details cannot be seen by any others except EPD.
	FA or CA can claim for a correct payment as required by local laws, if he cannot
	get agree with University on the salary they paid.

Table 4-3-1 nonfunctional requirements of AP system

# Abbreviation about the nonfunctional requirements table above:

AP system	=	Academic Payroll system
EPD	=	Employees in the Personnel Department
FA	=	Full-Time Academics
CA	=	Casual academics
AK	=	Academic Kiosk

# Question 5: Consider an information system of an advertising consultancy company:

#### 1. Glossary for the problem

#### Answer:

#### Campaign:

A campaign is a competition among a number of companies. In AdConslt software system, the term refers to advertisement campaigns, where each campaign can have a multiple advertisements, which could be of several types.

#### Timesheet:

A timesheet keeps the track of the schedules and appointments assigned to a Staff, and it indicates the amount of in-office and out-of-office hours of consultancy a Staff has performed.

#### Template:

A template is a form used in negotiation between Director and Client, the template consists of client information, type of campaign needed, resources, and campaign budget information, start and end time.

#### 2. Identified actors of the problem (at least 3 actors)

#### Answer:

#### Client:

Company that is assisted by Advert Consultancy Inc to compete in an advertising campaign,

#### Staff:

Staff provides consultancy to the Client, and present workload by the Timesheet.

#### Director (Department director):

Direct performs negotiation with the Client, and assigns staff to the client, each department in Advert Consultancy Inc has its own director.

#### **Board of governor:**

Board of governor sees a summary of all active campaigns, utilization of staff, and current negotiations.

# 3. Identified scenarios of the problem (at least one for each actor)

#### Answer:

Scenario name	<u>Sta</u>	<u>StartCreativeCampaign</u>		
Participating actor	Daν	vid: Director		
instances	Alic	e: Client		
	<u>Jan</u>	nes: Staff		
Flow of events	1.	Alice wants to take part into the advertisement campaign, and Alice goes to		
		Advert Consultancy Inc to ask for consultancy for creating advertisements.		
	2.	David from creation department meets Alice, David negotiates the campaign		
		with Alice based on a negotiation template.		
	3.	During the negotiation, David checks the current active campaigns with his		
		department, and finds James is available, so David assigns James to Alice to		
		consult with advertisement creation.		
	4.	David and Alice agree with the negotiation and sign the contract, the		
		campaign becomes active.		

Table 5-3-1 StartCreativeCampaign scenario

Scenario name	<u>Wo</u>	<u>WorkloadInChange</u>	
Participating actor	<u>Jan</u>	James: Staff	
instances			
Flow of events	1.	James finishes his work by the end of Friday.	
	2.	James calculates the amount of hours of consultancy he has performed in	
		this week.	
	3.	James figures out 30 hours in-office work and 10 hours out-of-office work.	
	4.	James updates his timesheet by writing down the amount of hours.	

Table 5-3-2 WorkloadInChange scenario

Scenario name	<u>Sta</u>	<u>StaffTransferBetweenDeparment</u>		
Participating actor	Dav	David: Director		
instances	Sco	Scott: Director		
	<u>Mic</u>	key: Staff		
Flow of events	1.	David has an active campaign of creating advertisements.		
	2.	During the campaign, David discovers a network failure in his creation		
		department.		
	3.	David gives a note to Scott about David's need for Scott's department staff.		
	4.	Scott receives the note, and check schedules in his department.		
	5.	Scott notices Mickey has free time.		
	6.	Scott assigns Mickey to David, and sends an acknowledgment back to		
		David.		

 $Table\ 5\hbox{-} 3\hbox{-} 3\ Staff Transfer Between Department\ scenario$ 

4. Identified use cases for the problem (at least 03 use cases). These use cases should be presented both as UML use case diagram and as textual description (see p. 163)

Answer:

#### UML use case:

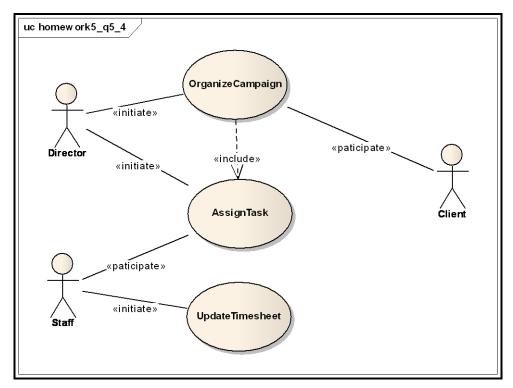


Figure 5-4-1 Draft use case

# **Textual Description:**

Name	AssignTask			
Participating	Initiated by <b>Director</b>			
Actors	Communicates with Staff			
Flow of events	The Director requests a new assignment of Staff.			
	The system presents the Director with an allocation form.			
	<ol> <li>The Director specifies the campaign and the Staff to be involved in the campaign.</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>The system checks if the Staff is the department staff of current Director, if not, the system send a request note to the actual Director that the Staff belongs to, and wait for acknowledgement. Otherwise, the system updates the schedule of the Staff directly, and sends a popup message to inform the Staff.</li> <li>In waiting the acknowledgement, if the system gets no reply, it sends a popup message to warn the current issuing Direct, if replied, the system update the schedule of the Staff, and sends a popup message to inform the Staff.</li> </ol>			
Entry	The Director is logged into system.			
Condition				
Exit	The schedule of Staff is updated.			
Conditions	The Staff is informed by the change in schedule.			
Quality	The system waits for the acknowledgement from another Director no more than			
Requirements	5 minutes, if no reply, the system assumes the quest of Staff is refused.			

Table 5-4-1 AssignTask use case

Name	UpdateTimesheet
Participating	Initiated by Staff
Actors	
Flow of events	The Staff requests the list of his/her own schedule.
	<ol><li>The system presents the Staff with updates for schedules and new appointments.</li></ol>
	3. The Staff specifies the amount of hours of consultancy performed, further
	classified as in-office and out-of-office.
	4. The system updates the timesheet by add the hours given by the
	Staff, and the system automatically calculates the skill level of Staff
	based on the total workload time.
Entry	The Staff is logged into system.
Condition	
Exit	The timesheet is updated.
Conditions	
Quality	The system should list out all Staff that involved in certain campaign.
Requirements	

Table 5-4-2 UpdateTimesheet use case

Name	OrganizeCampaign
Participating	Initiated by <b>Director</b>
Actors	Communicates with Client
Flow of events	The Director requests the creation of a campaign.
	<ol><li>The system presents the Director with a negotiation form.</li></ol>
	<ol> <li>The Client specifies the Client information, type of campaign needed,</li> </ol>
	resources, and campaign budget information, start time and end time.
	4. The system checks the previous campaign records of the Client, if
	no record found, the system creates a new entry for the Client.
	<ol><li>Otherwise, the system appends the current campaign after previous</li></ol>
	records.
	6. The Director locates Staff to campaign (include use case AssignTask).
	<ol><li>The system compares the current global time to start time of</li></ol>
	campaign, if matched, the campaign becomes active immediately.
Entry	The Director is logged into system.
Condition	
Exit	The ownership of the campaign is settled.
Conditions	Client receives a copy of negotiation template.
Quality	The negotiation template is presented from a secure channel.
Requirements	The Director should be able to cancel settled campaign, as required by the
	Client.

Table 5-4-3 OrganizeCampaign use case

# 5. Refinement of the use case diagrams

#### Answer:

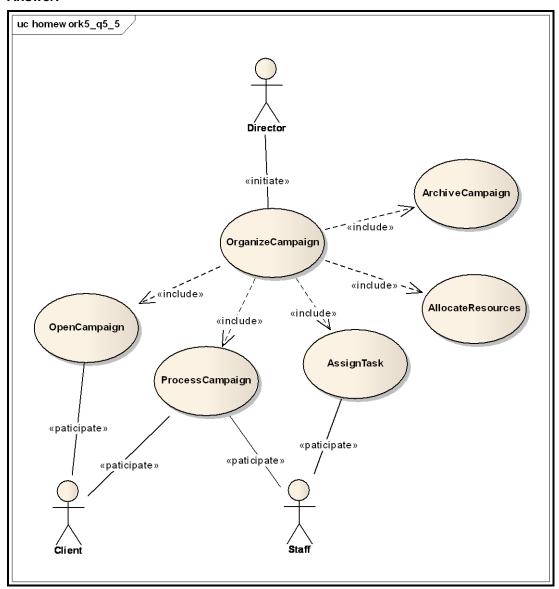


Figure 5-5-1 Refined use case

We do not show the complete refinement, we start by identifying one detailed use case for each step of the flow

#### 6. One overview use case diagram with all the base use cases and all actors

#### Answer:

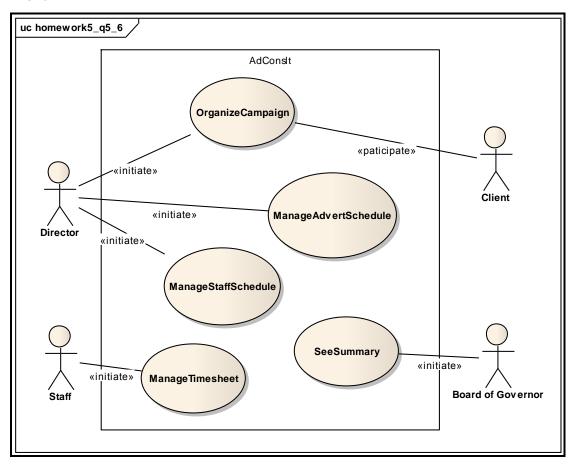


Figure 5-6-1 Overview use case

Figure 5-6-1 gives high-level use cases identified for AdConslt (Advert Consultancy Software System), it focuses on primarily tasks accomplished by the actor.

#### OrganizeCampaign

Direct uses negotiation template to discuss with Client to create a campaign, and Direct allocates Staff and other resources to the campaign, and current record of campaign is kept in the system for further references.

#### ManangeAdvertSchedule

Direct changes the advert scheduling information according to the needs from Client, as well as Direct views current active advert scheduling information to plan resources for future activities.

#### ManageStaffSchedule

Direct allocates Staff to a campaign, if the Staff is not within the current Direct's department, this Direct has to contact another department director about the need for staff.

# ManageTimesheet

Staff sees the updates for schedules and new appointments, and Staff has to full out the amount of work as in-office or out-of-office latest by the end of the week.

# **SeeSummary**

Board of Governor sees a summary of all active campaigns, utilization of staff, and current negotiations in process.

- 7. Extensions of the use case diagrams with exceptions handling
- 8. Description of non-functional requirements