

# APA - An Arbitrary Precision Arithmetic toolbox for Octave and Matlab

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# GNU Multiple Precision (MP) Libraries

- **GMP - GNU MP Arithmetic Library**<sup>1</sup> (C/C++, version 6.2.1; since 1991)
  - ▶ supports: signed integers, rational numbers, and floating-point numbers
  - ▶ arithmetic and logic functions for supported data types
  - ▶ focus: **speed, cryptography**
- **MPFR - GNU MP Floating-Point Reliable Library**<sup>2</sup> (C, version 4.1.0; since 2000)
  - ▶ supports: floating-point numbers (arithmetic and logic functions)
  - ▶ focus: **correct rounding**, precise semantics (IEEE 754)
- **MPC - GNU MP Complex Library**<sup>3</sup> (C, version 1.2.1; since 2003)
  - ▶ addition: **complex** floating-point numbers
- Many interfaces (C++, Python, ...) are available.

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<sup>1</sup> <https://gmplib.org/>

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.mpfr.org/>

<sup>3</sup> <http://www.multiprecision.org/>

# Existing Octave/Matlab toolboxes

- **Matlab VPA (Variable-Precision Arithmetic, Symbolic toolbox)**<sup>4</sup>
  - ▶ Slow for dimensions  $> 200$ .
- **Advanpix**<sup>5</sup> (version 4.8.5.14569; since 2010) **Very fast and complete!**
  - ▶ **closed source** (P-code), proprietary license
  - ▶ Matlab only
- **GEM - Gmp Eigen Matrix Library**<sup>6</sup> (version 2.0.2; since 2016)
  - ▶ free, open source (MPL-2.0, others)
  - ▶ Matlab and Octave
- **mptoolbox**<sup>7</sup> (version 1.5; since 2004)
  - ▶ free, open source (BSD-3-Clause)
  - ▶ Matlab and "Octave" (needs some adaptations)

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<sup>4</sup> <https://www.mathworks.com/help/symbolic/vpa.html>

<sup>5</sup> <https://www.advanpix.com/>

<sup>6</sup> <https://gem-library.github.io/>

<sup>7</sup> <https://sourceforge.net/projects/mptoolbox/> and <https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/6446-multiple-precision-toolbox-for-matlab> 🔍

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# What makes APA different?

– Work with C Code<sup>8</sup> interactively in Octave/Matlab.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <gmp.h>
#include <mpfr.h>

int main (void)
{
    unsigned int i;
    mpfr_t s, t, u;

    mpfr_init2 (t, 200);
    mpfr_set_d (t, 1.0, MPFR_RNDD);
    mpfr_init2 (s, 200);
    mpfr_set_d (s, 1.0, MPFR_RNDD);
    mpfr_init2 (u, 200);
    for (i = 1; i <= 100; i++)
    {
        mpfr_mul_ui (t, t, i, MPFR_RNDU);
        mpfr_set_d (u, 1.0, MPFR_RNDD);
        mpfr_div (u, u, t, MPFR_RNDD);
        mpfr_add (s, s, u, MPFR_RNDD);
    }
    printf ("Sum is ");
    mpfr_out_str (stdout, 10, 0, s, MPFR_RNDD);
    putchar ('\n');
    mpfr_clear (s);
    mpfr_clear (t);
    mpfr_clear (u);
    mpfr_free_cache ();
    return 0;
}
```

```
t = mpfr_t (1.0, 200, MPFR_RNDD);
s = mpfr_t (1.0, 200, MPFR_RNDD);
u = mpfr_t (nan, 200);
```

```
for i = 1:100
    mpfr_mul_ui (t, t, i, MPFR_RNDU);
    mpfr_set_d (u, 1.0, MPFR_RNDD);
    mpfr_div (u, u, t, MPFR_RNDD);
    mpfr_add (s, s, u, MPFR_RNDD);
end
```

```
fprintf ('Sum is ');
disp (s, MPFR_RNDD);
```

APA **Low-Level** interface:

- Easy testing and debugging.
- Less interpreter overhead.

```
setround = @(rnd) ...
mpfr_set_default_rounding_mode (rnd);
mpfr_set_default_prec (200);
```

```
setround (MPFR_RNDD)
t = mpfr_t (1.0);
s = mpfr_t (1.0);
```

```
for i = 1:100
    setround (MPFR_RNDU);
    t = t * i;
    setround (MPFR_RNDD);
    s = s + (1 / t);
end
```

```
fprintf ('Sum is ');
disp (s);
```

APA **High-Level** interface:

- Mathematical language.
- More interpreter overhead.

<sup>8</sup>Example from <https://www.mpfr.org/sample.html> (2021-11-19).

# What makes APA different?

– Work with C Code interactively in Octave/Matlab.

mpfr\_add.m\*

```
function ret = mpfr_add (rop, op1, op2, rnd)
    ret = mex_apa_interface (1031, rop.idx, op1.idx, op2.idx, rnd);
end
```

mex\_apa\_interface.mex\*

mpfr\_data = 

...	mpfr_t	mpfr_t	mpfr_t	mpfr_t	...
-----	--------	--------	--------	--------	-----

```
void mexFunction ( /* ... */ ) {
    switch (cmd_code) {
        case 1031:
            #pragma omp parallel for
            for (size_t i = 0; i < length (&rop); i++)
                ret[i] = mpfr_add (rop + i, op1 + i, op2 + i, rnd);
    }
}
```

\*Code simplified for presentation.

Low-level **function calls** are fast:

- Almost no m-code (less interpreter overhead).
- Vectorized: no loops in m-code necessary.
- Almost no data transfer (two array indices for each matrix of **any size**).
- OpenMP **parallelization** where possible.
- Access to MPFR return value.

# What makes APA different?

Fast and easy installation with 5 Octave/Matlab commands.

```
urlwrite ('https://github.com/gnu-octave/apa/releases/download/v1.0.0/apa-1.0.0.zip', 'apa-1.0.0.zip');  
unzip ('apa-1.0.0.zip');  
cd (fullfile ('apa-1.0.0', 'inst'))  
install_apa  
test_apa
```

- Internally used GMP and MPFR libraries provided as pre-compiled static libraries.
- Tested and works with Octave and Matlab on **MS Windows, macOS, and Linux.**



# APA - Familiar syntax/semantic to other Octave/Matlab toolboxes

## MPFR Matrix datatype and operations

```
>> A = mpfr_t (eye (3)) + 2  
A =  
    3    2    2  
    2    3    2  
    2    2    3
```

## Output customization

```
>> apa ('format.base', 16)  
>> a = 1 - mpfr_t (eps)  
a = 0. ffffffff ffffffff  
  
>> apa ('format.base', 2)  
>> apa ('format.fmt', 'scientific')  
>> e = mpfr_t (eps)  
e = 1 * 2(-52)
```

## Precision as binary digits (MPFR compatibility)

```
>> prec10 = 50; % decimal digits  
>> prec2 = ceil(prec10*log2(10)); % binary digits  
>> PI = mpfr_t ('pi', prec2)  
PI =  
3.1415 92653 58979 32384 62643 38327 95028 84197 16939 93751 01
```

- Estimated necessary binary precision slightly larger, 50 decimal digits guaranteed correct.

# What else makes APA different?

## – Analysis of accuracy loss in Algorithms<sup>9</sup>.

```
>> A = mpfr_t ([2 1 1; 1 2 1; 1 1 2])  
A =
```

```
2 1 1  
1 2 1  
1 1 2
```

```
>> [L,U,~,ret] = lu (A)
```

```
L =
```

```
1 0 0  
0.5 1 0  
0.5 0.33333333333333331 1
```

```
U =
```

```
2 1 1  
0 1.5 0.5  
0 0 1.3333333333333333
```

```
ret =
```

```
0 0 0  
0 0 0  
0 -1 1
```

Most MPFR functions provide a ternary return value:

- 0: returned value is exact.
- $\pm 1$ : returned value is greater/lower than the exact result.
- Many MPFR-based libraries ignore this value.
- Possibility to detect loss of accuracy in algorithms (faster than interval arithmetic).
- Support design decisions about least necessary precision for given input.

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<sup>9</sup>Experimental feature and not contained in APA 1.0.0.

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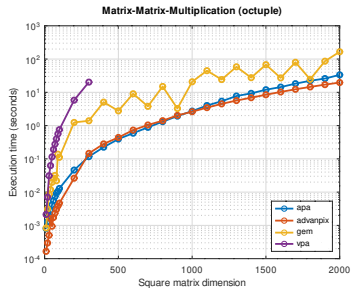
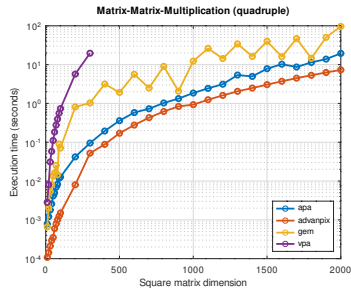
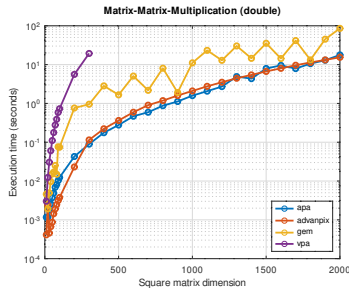
# Benchmark (1/4)

- Test system:
  - ▶ Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8276 CPU @ 2.20GHz, 28 cores (56 threads), 1 TB RAM
  - ▶ Matlab R2021a (Update 5) on CentOS 7
  - ▶ APA (1.0.0), Advanpix (4.8.5.14569), GEM (2.0.2), VPA (R2021a)
- Tests with  $A = \text{rand}(N,N)$  and  $b = A * \text{ones}(N,1)$  mean value of 10 repetitions:
  - ▶ Matrix-Matrix-Multiplication  $A * A$
  - ▶ LU-factorization  $[L,U] = \text{lu}(A)$
  - ▶ Solve  $Ax = b$   $x = A \setminus b$
  - ▶ Precisions [1, Chapter 3.1]:

Name	Binary	Decimal <sup>10</sup>
"double"	53	15
"quadruple"	113	34
"octuple"	237	71

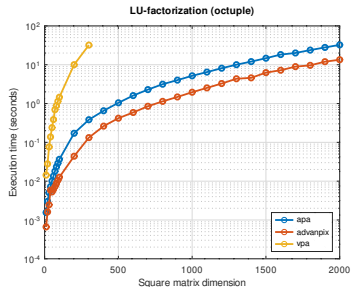
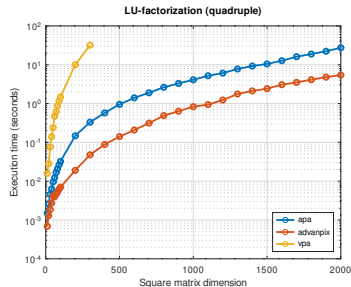
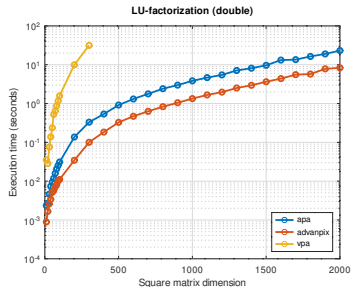
<sup>10</sup>decimal precision :=  $\lfloor \text{binary precision} \times \log_{10}(2) \rfloor$ , see "bits2digits" in <http://www.holoborodko.com/pavel/mpfr/>

# Benchmark (2/4) Matrix-Matrix-Multiplication



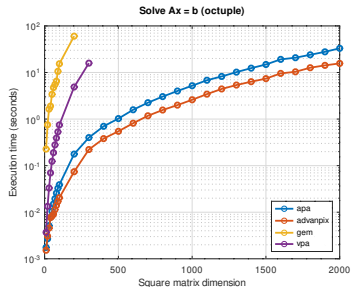
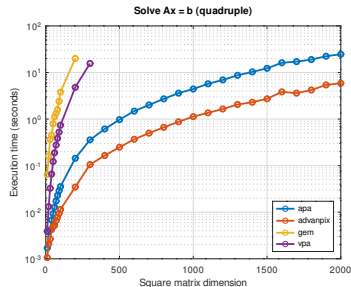
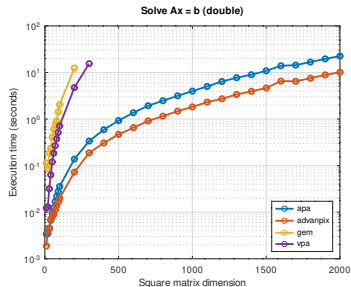
- VPA is slow for dimensions  $> 300$ .
- APA is comparable to Advanpix in double precision, partially by factor  $\sim 2$  slower in higher precisions, but **slightly faster than Advanpix** in dimensions 500 – 900.
- GEM shows a zig-zagging performance with a factor  $\sim 4 - 5$  slower than APA.
- APA multiplies two matrices of dimension  $N = 2000$  in 34 seconds in octuple precision.

# Benchmark (3/4) LU-factorization



- VPA is slow for dimensions  $> 300$ .
- APA is by factor  $\sim 3$  (quadruple  $\sim 4$ ) slower than Advanpix.
- APA factorizes a matrix of dimension  $N = 2000$  in 27 seconds in octuple precision.

# Benchmark (4/4) Solve $Ax = b$



- GEM and VPA are slow for dimensions  $> 200$ .
- APA is by factor  $\sim 2$  (quadruple  $\sim 4$ ) slower than Advanpix.
- APA solves a system of dimension  $N = 2000$  in 33 seconds in octuple precision.

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# Summary and outlook

APA is an arbitrary precision arithmetic toolbox for Octave/Matlab:

- **Free, extensible, and fast** compared to other toolboxes.
- **Very easy installation** from inside Octave/Matlab command window.
- Microsoft Windows, macOS, and Linux support.

What comes next?

- Extend implementation:
  - ▶ Cholesky factorization, SVD-, Eigenvalue-decomposition
  - ▶ MPC interface (complex data)
  - ▶ Sparse and N-dimensional data type and algorithms
  - ▶ Research and test published MPFR-algorithms (dot-product [2], matrix multiplication [3], ...)
  - ▶ Usage of other MPFR-based libraries (MPLAPACK [4], ...)?
- Use MPFR ternary return value to detect accuracy loss in algorithms.

# Thank you for your attention!

## Questions?

Slides and sources available at: [https://github.com/siko1056/slides\\_nvr2021](https://github.com/siko1056/slides_nvr2021)

APA-Toolbox: <https://github.com/gnu-octave/pkg-apa>

# References I

- [1] Jean-Michel Muller et al. *Handbook of Floating-Point Arithmetic*. Springer, 2018. DOI: 10.1007/978-3-319-76526-6.
- [2] Konstantin Isupov, Vladimir Knyazkov, and Alexander Kuvaev. “Design and Implementation of Multiple-Precision BLAS Level 1 Functions for Graphics Processing Units”. In: *Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing* 140 (2020), pp. 25–36. ISSN: 0743-7315. DOI: 10.1016/j.jpdc.2020.02.006.
- [3] Tomonori Kouya. “Performance Evaluation of Multiple Precision Matrix Multiplications Using Parallelized Strassen and Winograd Algorithms”. In: *JSIAM Letters* 8 (2016), pp. 21–24. DOI: 10.14495/jsiaml.8.21.
- [4] Maho Nakata. “MPLAPACK Version 1.0.0 User Manual”. In: *arXiv:2109.13406 [cs]* (2021). arXiv: 2109.13406 [cs].