tolerance curves plotting

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```
knitr::opts_knit$set(
 root.dir = '~/Documents/Projects/tolerance-curve2/'
sim\_params3 \#\# Data prep
source("load_data.R")
## Loading tidyverse: ggplot2
## Loading tidyverse: tibble
## Loading tidyverse: tidyr
## Loading tidyverse: readr
## Loading tidyverse: purrr
## Loading tidyverse: dplyr
## Conflicts with tidy packages ------
## col_factor(): readr, scales
## discard(): purrr, scales
## filter():
                dplyr, stats
## lag():
                dplyr, stats
##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       set_names
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
       extract
## gdata: read.xls support for 'XLS' (Excel 97-2004) files ENABLED.
##
## gdata: read.xls support for 'XLSX' (Excel 2007+) files ENABLED.
## Attaching package: 'gdata'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      combine, first, last
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       keep
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       nobs
## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
##
##
       object.size
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       startsWith
## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       expand
## Loading required package: foreach
##
## Attaching package: 'foreach'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       accumulate, when
## Loaded glmnet 2.0-13
## Loading required package: rgl
## Loading required package: maps
## Attaching package: 'maps'
## The following object is masked _by_ '.GlobalEnv':
##
##
       map
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       map
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'phytools'
## The following object is masked from 'package:Matrix':
##
##
       expm
##
## Attaching package: 'nlme'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       collapse
## Loading required package: StanHeaders
## rstan (Version 2.15.1, packaged: 2017-04-19 05:03:57 UTC, GitRev: 2e1f913d3ca3)
## For execution on a local, multicore CPU with excess RAM we recommend calling
## rstan_options(auto_write = TRUE)
## options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores())
##
## Attaching package: 'rstan'
## The following object is masked from 'package:magrittr':
##
##
       extract
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       extract
## Setting initial dates...
## Fitting in progress... get a first set of estimates
           Penalised log-lik = -1.881602
## Optimising rates... dates... -1.881602
##
## Done.
draws <- read_csv("bayes/stan_par1_df.csv") #draws for penalized zero model
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     Species = col_character(),
     d = col_double(),
##
##
    draw = col_integer(),
    e = col_double(),
##
    a = col_double(),
    b = col_double(),
##
```

```
c = col_double(),
##
##
    beta_0 = col_double(),
##
     beta_1 = col_double(),
     nu = col_double(),
##
##
     maxima = col_double(),
     breadth = col_double(),
##
     area = col_double(),
     special = col_double()
##
## )
draw_fits <- read_csv("bayes/fitted_points_mod1.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
##
     Species = col_character(),
##
     x = col_double(),
## y = col_double(),
   draw = col_integer()
## )
```

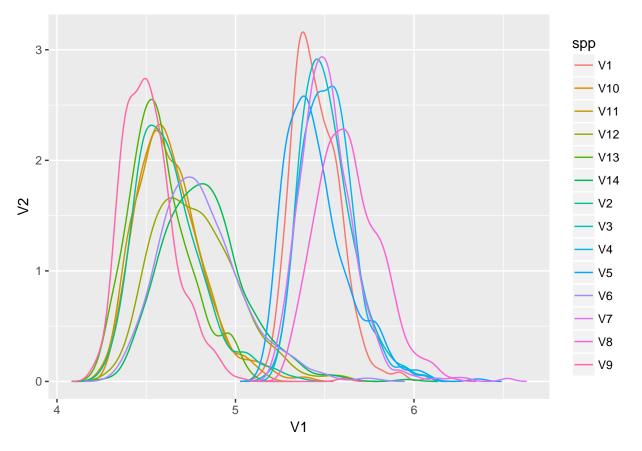
Trace plots and stan summary

```
#note parameters as discussed in paper are:
 \#a = alpha
 #b = beta
 \#c = zeta
  #d = delta
  #e1 = epsilon
#traceplot for parameter for each species
stan_sum <- summary(stanDat, par = c("a", "b", "c", "d", "e",
                                     "beta_0", "beta_1", "nu"))$summary
options(xtable.sanitize.colnames.function=identity,
          xtable.sanitize.rownames.function=identity)
print.xtable(
 xtable(round(stan_sum, 2)), comment = F, file = "stan_table.tex",
  tabular.environment='longtable', include.colnames = TRUE,
 floating=FALSE, add.to.row = list(pos = list(0), command = "\hline \endhead "))
pdf("figures/trace_a.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("a"))
dev.off()
```

pdf ## 2

```
pdf("figures/trace_b.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("b"))
dev.off()
## pdf
##
   2
pdf("figures/trace_c.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("c"))
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
pdf("figures/trace_d.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("d"))
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
pdf("figures/trace_e.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("e"))
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
pdf("figures/trace_beta_0.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("beta_0"))
dev.off()
## pdf
pdf("figures/trace_beta_1.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("beta_1"))
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
pdf("figures/trace_nu.pdf")
rstan::traceplot(stanDat, par=c("nu"))
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
```

```
posts$e %>%
  as_tibble %>%
  gather("spp", "param") %>%
  group_by(spp) %>%
  do({
    den1 <- density(.$param)
    return(as_tibble(cbind(den1$x, den1$y)))
}) %>% ggplot(aes(x = V1, y = V2, colour = spp)) +
  geom_line()
```



Raw parameter prob differences

```
comp_matrices <- function(var, cut = 0.95){
#high <- 1 - (1 - cut)/2</pre>
```

```
#low <- (1 - cut)/2
  high <- cut
  low <- 1 - cut
  #var <- post_params[1]</pre>
  var df <- draws %>%
    select(Species, draw, one_of(var)) %>%
    rename (var = var) %>%
    spread(key = Species, value = var) %>%
    select(-draw)
  map_comp_p <- map_df(var_df, ~{</pre>
    map_dbl(var_df, function(x){
      comp_p \leftarrow mean(.x > x)
      ifelse(comp_p > high | comp_p < low, round(mean(.x - x),2), NA)
    })
  }) %>% as.matrix
  map_comp_p[upper.tri(map_comp_p, diag = T)] <- NA</pre>
  map_comp_p <- cbind(colnames(map_comp_p), map_comp_p)</pre>
  colnames(map_comp_p)[1] <- tab_strings[which(post_params == var)]</pre>
  write.csv(map_comp_p,
            file = paste0("analyses_and_viz/parameter_comp_matrices/", var,"_matrix.csv"))
  options(xtable.sanitize.colnames.function=identity,
          xtable.sanitize.rownames.function=identity)
  print.xtable(xtable(map_comp_p), size="\\fontsize{5pt}{5pt}\\selectfont",
               file = pair_file, append = TRUE, include.rownames=FALSE)
}
post_params <- c("c", "d", "e", "maxima", "breadth", "area" ,"special")</pre>
tab_strings <- c("$\\zeta$", "$\\delta$", "$\\epsilon$", "maxima", "$\\epsilon - \\delta$", "area", "$\
names(post_params) <- tab_strings</pre>
pair_file <- "analyses_and_viz/parameter_comp_matrices/post_all_comparisons.tex"</pre>
file.create(pair_file)
## [1] TRUE
post_params %>% map( ~ comp_matrices(var = .x)) %>% invisible
```

Plotting phylogenetic signal of curves

```
sig <- read_csv("derived_files/curve_K.csv")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(</pre>
```

```
##
    signal = col_double(),
##
    param = col_character(),
##
    tree = col_integer()
## )
sig %>% group_by(param) %>%
  summarise(quant = quantile(signal, probs = 0.975)) %>%
 arrange(quant)
## # A tibble: 8 x 2
##
      param
                 quant
##
      <chr>
                 <dbl>
## 1 curve 0.1495462
## 2 maxima 0.1865242
## 3
          d 0.2880789
## 4 special 0.3614579
## 5 area 0.3750004
         e 0.3878204
## 7
          c 0.5672559
## 8 breadth 0.5697712
#sig_den <- sig %>% group_by(param) %>%
# do(den = density(sig$signal))
library(stringr)
cairo_pdf("~/Desktop/signal_draft.pdf")
sig %>%
 mutate(param = str_replace_all(sig$param,
                c("^c$" = " ",
                  "^d$" = "".
                  "^e$" = " ")
                )) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = signal)) +
  geom_density(fill="blue", colour = "white", alpha = 0.2) +
  facet_wrap(~param, nrow = 2) +
 theme_bw() +
  theme(text = element_text(size=16))
dev.off()
## pdf
##
```

Parameter density plot with phylogeny version 2

```
plot_concept <- function(){
    #conceptual plot over top of densities
    off <- 0.2
    a <- 4
    b <- 2.7
    c <- 5.5</pre>
```

```
d <- 0
  e <- 1
  xseq_0 \leftarrow seq(0,1, length.out = 500)
  xseq_a \leftarrow xseq_0 * (e - d) + d
  fa = stretch_kumara(x = xseq_0, a, b, c)
  opt_loc \leftarrow (((a - 1)/(a*b - 1))^(1/a) * (e - d) + d)
  low_loc <- d</pre>
 high_loc <- e
  bredth <- e - d
 arr_len <- 0.05
 par_cex <- 1.4
 plot(xseq_a, fa, type = "l", lwd = 4, axes = F, xlab = "", ylab = "",
       ylim = c(0, max(fa)*1.25))
  axis(1, labels = F); axis(2, labels = F)
  mtext(text = "Fitness", side = 2, line = 1.2)
  mtext(text = "Environment", side = 1, line = 1.2)
  #polygon for area
  polygon(x = c(rev(xseq_a), xseq_a), y = c(rep(0, length(fa)), fa),
          density = 100, col = alpha("black", 0.05), border = T, lwd = 2)
  text(0.7, mean(fa), "Area")
  text(x = opt_loc, y = max(fa)*(1-off), "maxima")
  points(x = opt_loc, y = max(fa), pch = 21, bg = "white", cex = 1.2)
  text(x = low_loc, y = max(fa)*off, expression(delta), cex = par_cex)
  points(x = low_loc, y = 0, pch = 21, bg = "white", cex = 1.2)
 text(x = high_loc, y = max(fa)*off, expression(epsilon), cex = par_cex)
  points(x = high_loc, y = 0, pch = 21, bg = "white", cex = 1.2)
  #segment for zeta
  #calc kums with zeta = 1
  z1 <- max(stretch_kumara(x = xseq_0, a, b, 1))</pre>
  za \leftarrow max(fa)
  zeta_loc <- low_loc + 0.25</pre>
  arrows(x0 = zeta_loc, y0 = za, x1 = zeta_loc, y1 = z1,
         code = 3, angle = 90, length = arr_len, lwd = 2, col = "grey50")
  text(x = zeta_loc + 0.02, y = (z1+za)/2, expression(zeta), cex = par_cex)
 yy <- 4
  arrows(x0 = 0, y0 = max(fa)+1, x1 = high_loc, y1 = max(fa)+1,
         code = 3, angle = 90, length = arr_len, lwd = 2, col = "grey50")
 text(x = median(xseq_a), y = max(fa) + 2.5, expression(epsilon - delta), cex = par_cex)
}
```

```
source("derived_files/state_reg.R")
#set habitat colors
colz \leftarrow topo.colors(n = 12, alpha = 0.7)[c(7,11,4)]
colz2 \leftarrow topo.colors(n = 12, alpha = 1)[c(7,11,4)]
names(colz) <- c("aqua_terr", "terrestrial", "vernal")</pre>
colz_par <- colz[match(state_reg, names(colz))]</pre>
names(colz_par) <- names(state_reg)</pre>
spp_list <- rev(lasth$tip.label[lasth$edge[,2][lasth$edge[,2] <= length(lasth$tip.label)]])</pre>
pdf("figures/fig4_curves.pdf")
cnc <- 1
ml \leftarrow rbind(c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
            c(0, 1, 1, 1, 0),
            c(0, 1, 1, 1, 0),
            c(0, 1, 1, 1, 0),
            cbind(rep(2,length(spp_list)),
            matrix(seq_along(spp_list)+1+cnc),
            matrix(seq_along(spp_list)+length(spp_list)+1+cnc),
            matrix(seq_along(spp_list)+2*length(spp_list)+1+cnc),
            matrix(seq_along(spp_list)+3*length(spp_list)+1+cnc)),
            rep(0, 5), rep(0, 5))
layout(ml)
par(mar = c(2,2,0,0))
plot_concept()
par(mar = c(0,0,0,0))
plot.phylo(lasth, edge.width = 2, show.tip.label = F)
post_params <- c("d", "maxima", "e", "breadth")</pre>
greek_params <- c(expression(delta), "maxima", expression(epsilon), "breadth")</pre>
seq_along(post_params) %>% map(function(x){
 var <- post_params[x]</pre>
den_var <- draws %>%
 group_by(Species) %>%
 do(den = density(.[[var]]))
den_range <- den_var$den %>% map_df(~{
 xl = quantile(.x$x, 0)
 xh = quantile(.x$x, 1)
 y1 = 0
 yh = quantile(.x$y, 1)
 cbind(xl, xh, yl, yh) %>% as_data_frame
}) %>% summarise_each(funs(min, max))
```

```
names(den_var$den) <- den_var$Species</pre>
seq_along(spp_list) %>% map(~{
spp_den <- den_var$den[[spp_list[.x]]]</pre>
plot(spp_den$x, spp_den$y,
      xlim = c(den_range$xl_min, den_range$xh_max),
      ylim = c(0, den_range$yh_max),
      axes = F, type = "n")
polygon(spp_den$x, spp_den$y, col = colz_par[spp_list[.x]], border = T)
if(var == "d") legend("left", spp_list[.x], bty = "n", cex = 0.8)
})
axis(1)
mtext(greek_params[x], side = 1, line = 2)
}) %>% invisible
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
```

curve plots

```
holo <- c("ferrisiae", "glabrata", "coulteri", "chrysantha")
emery_zeros <- read.xls("data/Inundation_compiled_FINAL.xlsx") %>%
 mutate(Inflor biomass = ifelse(
   is.na(Inflor_biomass) &
      ifEmerge.Y.N. == 1, yes = 0,
   no = Inflor_biomass)) %>%
 mutate(
   treat = ifelse(
     Treatment == "F", yes = 5,
     no = ifelse(
       Treatment == "MF", yes = 4,
       no = ifelse(
          Treatment == "B", yes = 3,
          no = ifelse(
           Treatment == "MD", yes = 2,
           no = 1
          )
       )
     )
   )
  ) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Inflor_biomass)) %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  mutate(sppint = as.integer(Species)) %>%
  group_by(Species, treat) %>%
  filter(sum(Inflor_biomass > 0) == 0) %>%
```

```
ungroup() %>%
  mutate(
    Species_h = ifelse(
      as.character(Species) %in% holo,
      "hologymne", as.character(Species)
    ),
    sppint_h = as.integer(as.factor(Species_h))
  )
mean_draws <- draws %>% group_by(Species) %>%
  summarise(a = mean(a),
            b = mean(b),
             c = mean(c),
             d = mean(d),
             e = mean(e),
             draw = 1)
colz \leftarrow topo.colors(n = 12, alpha = 1)[c(7,11,4)]
#load reg_fit -- simmaps
source("derived files/simmap.R")
source("derived_files/state_reg.R")
sppMaxVal <- by(data = emery$Inflor_biomass,</pre>
                 INDICES = emery$sppint, FUN = max)
names(sppMaxVal) <- unique(emery$Species)</pre>
#from liam revell's blog
simmap_prop <-function(x){</pre>
  y<-sapply(x$maps,function(x) names(x)[1])
  names(y)<-x$edge[,1]</pre>
  y<-y[as.character(length(x$tip)+1:x$Nnode)]</pre>
  return(y)
#get colors mapped to habitats for OUwie
states <- colnames(reg_fit[[1]]$mapped.edge)</pre>
names(states) <- colz</pre>
colz <- names(states)</pre>
names(colz) <- states</pre>
habz <- colnames(reg_fit[[1]]$mapped.edge)</pre>
sim_states <- sapply(reg_fit, simmap_prop)</pre>
pies_sim <-t(apply(sim_states,1,</pre>
                function(x,levels,Nsim){
                  summary(factor(x,levels))/Nsim},
                levels=habz, Nsim=ncol(sim_states)))
```

```
#plot data
spp_list <- rev(lasth$tip.label[lasth$edge[,2][lasth$edge[,2] <= length(lasth$tip.label)]])</pre>
cut <- 0.99
1o <- (1 - cut)/2
hi <-1 - (1 - cut)/2
xrng <- draw_fits$x %>% quantile(c(lo, hi))
yrng <- max(emery$Inflor biomass)</pre>
#pdf(paste0(getwd(), "/figures/tree_tolerance.pdf"))
#png(filename = "figures/fig3_tree_tolerance.png") #alt
pdf("figures/fig3_tree_tolerance.pdf") #alt
#svq("figures/fig3_tree_tolerance.svg") #alt
c1 <- rep(1, length(spp_list))</pre>
c_2_4 <- rep(0, length(spp_list))</pre>
c3 <- 2:(length(spp_list)+1)</pre>
m_{\text{lay}} \leftarrow cbind(c1, c1, c1, c3, c3, c_2_4)
m_lay <- rbind(rep(0, ncol(m_lay)), m_lay, rep(0, ncol(m_lay)))</pre>
layout (m lay,
       widths = c(0.25, 0.25, 0.25, 0.2, 0.2, 0.05),
       heights = c(0.01, rep(1/(nrow(m_lay)-2), (nrow(m_lay)-2)), 0.05))
par(mar=c(0,0,0,0))
plot.phylo(lasth, show.tip.label = F, edge.width = 4,
           no.margin = T)
#nodelabels(pie=pies_sim, piecol=colz, cex = 1.2)
tiplabels(pch = 22, cex = 3,
          bg = colz[state_reg[lasth$tip.label]])
#format node support for labeling
node_fmt <- ifelse(lasth$node.label < 1,</pre>
                    substring(sprintf("%4.2f", lasth$node.label), 2),
                    lasth$node.label)
nodelabels(node fmt, frame = "n",
           cex = 1, font = 2, pos=4, offset = 1)
legend("bottomleft", c("Vernal pool / terrestrial", "Terrestrial", "Vernal pool"), pch = 22, pt.cex = 1
       pt.bg = colz, cex = 1.2, bg = "white")
for(spp in spp_list){
  #spp <- spp_list[14]
  #plt_draws <- 500 #!!!!
  n_draws <- posts$lp__ %>% nrow
  spp_draws <- draw_fits %>% filter(draw <= n_draws, Species == spp)</pre>
  par(mar=c(0,2,0,0))
```

```
plot(
    NA, NA,
    ylim = c(0, yrng), xlim = xrng,
   axes=F, xlab="", ylab=""
  )
  box()
  1:n_draws %>% map(~ {
    c_draw <- spp_draws %>% filter(draw == .x)
    lines(c_draw$x, c_draw$y,
          col=alpha(colour = "black", alpha = 0.05))
  })
  spp_mean <- mean_draws %>% filter(Species == spp)
  mean_line <- plot_kumara(xs = seq(0, 1, length.out = 100),</pre>
               a = spp_mean$a, spp_mean$b, spp_mean$c, spp_mean$d, e=spp_mean$e)
  lines(mean_line[[1]], mean_line[[2]],
        lwd = 2, col = colz[state_reg[spp]])
  subEm <- emery %>% filter(Species == spp)
  subEm_0 <- emery_zeros %>% filter(Species == spp)
  points( jitter(subEm$treat, factor = 0.2), subEm$Inflor_biomass,
           pch=19, col=alpha("grey70", 0.75))
  points( jitter(subEm_0$treat, factor = 0.2), subEm_0$Inflor_biomass,
           pch=19, col=alpha("blue", 0.25))
  legend("topleft", spp, bty="n", text.font = 3)
}
axis(side = 2, cex.axis = 0.85, at = round(yrng), las = 1)
axis(side = 1, cex.axis = 0.85)
dev.off()
## pdf
##
    2
#dev.off()
```

Plotting observed versus predicted

```
predDF_nZero <- predDF[predDF$Inflor_biomass != 0, ]</pre>
predDF_Zero <- predDF[predDF$Inflor_biomass == 0, ]</pre>
#plot(emery$Inflor_biomass, meanDraws)
#abline(0,1, lty=2, col="red")
pdf("figures/supp4_fitted_v_resid.pdf")
plot(predDF_nZero$meanDraws, (predDF_nZero$Inflor_biomass - predDF_nZero$meanDraws),
     pch=as.integer(emery$Species), xlab = "fitted values", ylab = "residuals")
points(predDF_Zero$meanDraws, predDF_Zero$Inflor_biomass - predDF_Zero$meanDraws,
     pch="z", cex=1.5)
smth <- smooth.spline(predDF_nZero$meanDraws,</pre>
                      predDF_nZero$Inflor_biomass - predDF_nZero$meanDraws)
abline(h=0, lty = 2)
lines(smth$x, smth$y, lty=3, lwd = 2)
legend("topleft", c(as.character(unique(emery$Species))),
       pch = unique(as.integer(emery$Species)),
       ncol = 2, cex = 0.4)
dev.off()
## pdf
##
   2
```

 $\#plot(predDF_nZero\$meanDraws, sqrt((length(predDF_nZero\$meanDraws))/sd(predDF_nZero\$meanDraws))*(predDF\#points(predDF Zero\$meanDraws, sqrt((length(predDF Zero\$meanDraws))/sd(predDF Zero\$meanDraws))*(predDF Zero\$meanDraws)*(predDF Zero\$meanDra$

Mean predictions versus smooth spline and mean estimate

```
#meanz <- by(emery$Inflor_biomass,</pre>
              list(emery$treat , emery$Species), mean)
#
#calculate smooth spline prediction for each treatment and species
smoothed <- group_by(emery, Species) %>%
  do( mod = smooth.spline(.$treat, .$Inflor_biomass))
#name models
names(smoothed$mod) <- smoothed$Species</pre>
#get parameters in list
paramz <- as.list(c("a", "b", "c", "d", "e1"))</pre>
mean_paramz <- lapply(paramz, function(x){</pre>
  apply(posts[[x]], 2, mean)
  }
)
sppint_list <- as.list(1:max(emery$sppint))</pre>
xseq <- seq(0,1, length.out=ndraws)</pre>
paramz <- as.list(c("a", "b", "c", "d", "e1"))</pre>
mean_paramz <- lapply(paramz, function(x){</pre>
  apply(posts[[x]], 2, mean)
  }
```

```
names(mean_paramz) <- paramz</pre>
mean_plot_draws <- lapply(sppint_list, function(sp)</pre>
                plot.kumara(xs = xseq,
                             a = mean_paramz$a[sp],
                             b = mean_paramz$b[sp],
                             c = mean_paramz$c[sp],
                             #c = mean_paramz$c[sp]/sppMaxVal[sp], #alt
                             d = mean_paramz$d[sp],
                             e1 = mean_paramz$e1[sp]
                    )
names(mean_plot_draws) <- unique(emery$Species)</pre>
spp_treat_max <- by(emery$treat, emery$Species, max)</pre>
kumara_pred <- names(mean_plot_draws) %>% lapply(function(y){
  1:spp_treat_max[y] %>% sapply(function(x){
    mean_plot_draws[[y]][[2]][which.min(abs( mean_plot_draws[[y]][[1]] - x))]
    })
 })
names(kumara_pred) <- names(mean_plot_draws)</pre>
smooth_pred <- lapply(smoothed$mod, function(x) x$y)</pre>
#sort btoh sets of predicted data
kum_pred_sort <- unlist(kumara_pred)[match(sort(names(unlist(kumara_pred))), names(unlist(kumara_pred))</pre>
smooth_pred_sort <- unlist(smooth_pred)[match(sort(names(unlist(smooth_pred))), names(unlist(smooth_pred))</pre>
namez <- unname(names(kum_pred_sort) %>% sapply(function(x) unlist(strsplit(x, split = "[[:digit:]]"))
pdf("figures/supp5_model_v_spline.pdf")
plot(kum_pred_sort, smooth_pred_sort,
     pch = as.integer(factor(namez)),
     xlab = "kumaraswamy",
     ylab = "smooth spline",
     main = "predictions from models")
legend("topleft", unique(namez),
       pch = unique(as.integer(factor(namez))), ncol = 3, cex =0.5)
dev.off()
cor(kum_pred_sort, smooth_pred_sort)
```

Plotting parameter densities with priors

```
nn <- 10000
priorDens$a <- density(rtruncnorm(n = nn, mean = 4, sd = 1, a = 1))</pre>
priorDens$b <- density(rtruncnorm(n = nn, mean = 3, sd = 1, a = 1))</pre>
priorDens$d <- density(rtruncnorm(nn, mean = min(emery$treat),</pre>
                                    sd = 2, b = min(emery$treat)))
priorDens$e1 <- density(rtruncnorm(nn, mean = max(emery$treat),</pre>
                                    sd = 2, a = max(emery$treat)))
priorDens$nu <- density(rgamma(nn, shape = 20, scale = 0.2))</pre>
priorDens$beta 0 <- density(rnorm(nn, 0, 2))</pre>
priorDens$beta_1 <- density(rnorm(nn, 0, 2))</pre>
priorDens$c <- density(rtruncnorm( n = nn, mean = 0, sd = 10, a = 0))</pre>
hyperDens_c <- density(posts$mean_c)</pre>
#!!!!!!
#priorDens$nu <- density(rgamma(nn, shape = 20, scale = 0.2))</pre>
#plot(priorDens$nu$x, priorDens$nu$y)
#!!!!!!
pdf("figures/prior_den.pdf")
par(mfrow=c(3,3))
par(mar=c(3,3,2,1))
namez <- c("a", "b", "c", "d", "e", "nu",
           "beta_0", "beta_1", "lp__")
namez greek <- c(expression(alpha), expression(beta), expression(zeta),</pre>
                  expression(delta), expression(epsilon), expression(nu),
                  expression(beta[0]), expression(beta[1]), "model log posterior")
for(i in 1:length(namez)){
  #i <- 3
  cPost <- posts[[namez[i]]]</pre>
  offst <- 0.05
  #if(cPost)
  if(namez[i] == "c"){
    tden <- apply(posts$c, 2, density)</pre>
    ylimit <- max(sapply(tden, function(x) max(x$y)*(1 + offst) ))</pre>
    xlimit <- range(sapply(tden, function(x) range(x$x)))</pre>
    plot(NA, NA, ylim=c(0,ylimit), xlim=xlimit, xlab="", ylab="", main="")
      seq_along(tden) %>%
        lapply(function(x){
         lines(tden[[x]]x, tden[[x]]y + (x - 1)*offst)
          \#segments(x0 = min(tden[[x]]\$x), x1 = max(tden[[x]]\$x),
                     y0 = (x - 1)*offst, y1 = (x - 1)*offst)
          #
        })
      polygon(hyperDens_c, col=alpha("blue", 0.5))
      polygon(priorDens$c, col=alpha("red", 0.5))
      mtext(text = expression(zeta), side = 3)
    } else{
      if(length(dim(cPost)) < 2){</pre>
      plot(density(cPost), xlab="", ylab="", main="")
```