## MAT201A Homework 7 Fall 2019

Professor Qinglan Xia Due Date: Wednesday, November 13th at 9:00am

1. For any  $f \in C([0,1])$ , define

$$||f||_1 := \left(\int_0^1 |f(x)|^2\right)^{1/2}$$

and

$$||f||_2 := \left(\int_0^1 (1+x)|f(x)|^2\right)^{1/2}.$$

Show that  $||\cdot||_1$  and  $||\cdot||_2$  are equivalent norms in C([0,1]).

2. Let X be the space of all sequences of real numbers with only finitely many nonzero terms. Consider the following two norms on X:

$$||(x_n)||_1 := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |x_n|$$
 and  $||(x_n)||_2 := \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |x_n|^2}$ .

Are the norms  $||\cdot||_1||$  and  $||\cdot||_2$  equivalent? Justify your answer.

3. Let  $X = C_b([0,\infty))$  be the space of all bounded and continuous functions on  $[0,\infty)$ . For any a > 0, define

$$||f||_a := \left(\int_0^\infty e^{-ax}|f(x)|^2\right), \quad \forall f \in X.$$

- (a) Show that  $||\cdot||_a$  is a norm on X.
- (b) For any a > b > 0, show that  $||\cdot||_a$  and  $||\cdot||_b$  are not equivalent norms on X.
- 4. Let  $e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n$  be any given vectors in a real linear space X, and let  $||\cdot||$  be a norm on X. Show that for any  $x \in X$ , there exists  $(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n$  such that

$$||x - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_i e_i|| = \min_{(a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n} ||x - \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i e_i||.$$

5. Let  $X = (C([0,1]), ||\cdot||_{\infty})$ . Define  $T: X \to X$  by

$$(Tf)(x) = x \int_0^x f(t)dt, \quad \forall f \in X.$$

Show that  $T \in \mathcal{B}(X)$  and compute ||T||. Also prove that the inverse  $T^{-1}: ran(T) \to X$  exists but is not bounded.