Google Project Management Certificate

Course 2 - Project Initiation Study Notes

Prepared for Coursera Google Project Management Professional Certificate

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1 Module 1: Fundamentals of Project Initiation

1.1 Key Concepts

• Project Goals and Objectives:

- Goals define the overarching purpose of the project, while objectives are specific, measurable outcomes.
- Use SMART criteria (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound) to craft clear objectives.
- Example: For a website launch, a goal is to enhance online presence; an objective is to increase website traffic by 20% within three months.

• Deliverables and Scope:

- Deliverables are tangible outputs (e.g., a completed report, software feature).
- Scope defines what is included and excluded in the project to prevent scope creep.
- Tools like a scope statement or project charter clarify deliverables and boundaries.

• Success Criteria:

- Metrics to evaluate project success, such as meeting deadlines, staying within budget, or achieving stakeholder satisfaction.
- Align success criteria with organizational goals and stakeholder expectations.

• Project Charter:

- A formal document outlining project purpose, objectives, scope, stakeholders, and success criteria.
- Serves as a reference to align team and stakeholders throughout the project.

1.2 Study Tips

• Practice SMART Objectives:

- Write three SMART objectives for a hypothetical project (e.g., organizing a conference) to reinforce the criteria.
- Example: "Secure 10 speakers for the conference by March 1, 2026."

• Draft a Project Charter:

- Use a template from the course or Google Docs to create a sample project charter, including goals, scope, and success criteria.
- Review the charter to ensure all SMART criteria are met.

• Understand Scope:

- Create a checklist for defining project scope, noting inclusions and exclusions.

 Practice identifying potential scope creep scenarios (e.g., adding unplanned features).

• Engage with Examples:

 Review course case studies (e.g., Plant Pals) to see how goals, deliverables, and success criteria are defined in real projects.

2 Module 2: Stakeholder Management

2.1 Key Concepts

• Stakeholder Identification:

- Stakeholders include anyone impacted by or influencing the project (e.g., team members, clients, sponsors).
- Use a stakeholder register to list names, roles, and influence levels.

• Stakeholder Analysis:

- Assess stakeholders power, interest, and influence using a stakeholder analysis grid (e.g., Power/Interest Grid).
- High-power, high-interest stakeholders require close management; low-power, low-interest stakeholders need minimal monitoring.

• RACI Chart:

- Defines roles: Responsible (performs task), Accountable (owns outcome), Consulted (provides input), Informed (receives updates).
- Ensures clarity in responsibilities and reduces role ambiguity.

• Communication Strategies:

- Tailor communication to stakeholder needs (e.g., frequent updates for sponsors, technical details for team members).
- Use tools like email, meetings, or project management software (e.g., Asana) for effective communication.

2.2 Study Tips

• Create a Stakeholder Register:

- List stakeholders for a sample project (e.g., event planning) with their roles, influence, and communication preferences.
- Example: "CEO (sponsor, high influence, weekly updates)."

• Practice Stakeholder Analysis:

- Draw a Power/Interest Grid and place stakeholders from a hypothetical project into quadrants (e.g., Manage Closely, Keep Satisfied).
- Analyze how to prioritize communication for each group.

• Build a RACI Chart:

- Create a RACI chart for a small project, assigning roles for 35 tasks.
- Example: For a report, the writer is Responsible, the manager is Accountable, the team is Consulted, and the client is Informed.

• Develop Communication Plans:

- Draft a communication plan for a stakeholder group, specifying frequency, method, and content.
- Review course examples to ensure alignment with stakeholder needs.

3 Module 3: Tools and Templates

3.1 Key Concepts

• Project Charter Development:

- A detailed document that formalizes project initiation, including objectives, scope, stakeholders, risks, and success criteria.
- Acts as a contract between the project team and stakeholders.

• Project Management Tools:

- Google Docs for drafting charters and collaborative documents.
- Google Sheets for tracking tasks, budgets, or stakeholder registers.
- Asana or similar tools for task assignment, progress tracking, and collaboration.

• Setting Expectations:

- Clear documentation (e.g., charters, stakeholder agreements) ensures alignment on goals and responsibilities.
- Regular updates and feedback loops prevent misunderstandings.

• Templates:

- Use standardized templates for charters, stakeholder registers, and communication plans to streamline processes.
- Customize templates to fit specific project needs while maintaining clarity.

3.2 Study Tips

• Explore Tools:

- Set up a sample project in Asana, assigning tasks and milestones to understand its functionality.
- Use Google Sheets to create a stakeholder register or task tracker with columns for status and deadlines.

• Draft Templates:

- Download a project charter template from the course and fill it out for a hypothetical project (e.g., launching a new product).
- Ensure the charter includes SMART objectives and clear success criteria.

• Practice Documentation:

- Write a scope statement for a sample project, listing deliverables and exclusions.
- Review the statement for clarity and completeness.

• Simulate Stakeholder Alignment:

- Role-play a stakeholder meeting, presenting a draft project charter and addressing potential concerns.
- Use course discussion forums to share and refine your approach.

4 General Study Tips for Course 2

• Organize Notes:

- Create a dedicated folder in Google Docs or Notion for Course 2 notes, with sub-sections for each module.
- Maintain a glossary of key terms (e.g., SMART objectives, RACI chart, scope creep) for quick reference.

• Engage Actively:

- Complete all quizzes, discussion prompts, and peer-reviewed assignments to reinforce learning.
- Participate in Coursera forums to discuss stakeholder management and tool usage with peers.

• Practice Application:

- Apply concepts to a real-world scenario, such as initiating a personal project (e.g., home improvement).
- Create a project charter and stakeholder register for this project to practice skills.

• Time Management:

- Allocate 23 hours per module, aiming to complete Course 2 in 34 weeks.
- Set deadlines for assignments and review sessions to stay on track.

• Tool Familiarity:

- Experiment with Google Docs, Sheets, and Asana to create project artifacts.
- Practice exporting data from Asana to Google Sheets for progress tracking.

5 Additional Notes

- Course Context: Course 2 focuses on initiating projects effectively, covering goal-setting, stakeholder management, and tool usage. It includes videos, readings, quizzes, and hands-on assignments (e.g., Plant Pals case study).
- Certification Benefits: Contributes to the Google Project Management Professional Certificate, accredited by PMI, with credits toward CAPM certification (over 100 hours total for the program).
- Resources: Use Coursera-provided templates (e.g., project charter, RACI chart) and explore tools like Asana for practical experience.
- Program Cost: \$49/month after a 7-day free trial; financial aid is available.
- AI Integration: Course materials may reference AI tools for tasks like stakeholder analysis or risk assessment.