

Basic programs I'll for sure need, more will be added as needed

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
import numpy as np

%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [2]: import pandas_datareader.data as web
import datetime
```

## Section 1: Measuring reactions to FOMC announcements

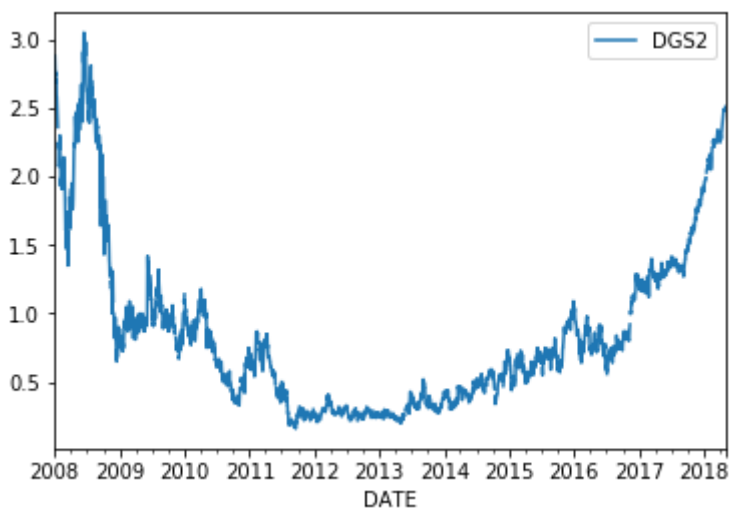
There's no real way to tell how expected or unexpected an FOMC announcement is, but one common practice is to measure changes in U.S. Treasury yields in the days following announcements. There is some disagreement over how many days post-announcement to track, but this analysis will use changes in yields on FOMC days.

I first imported daily 2-year U.S. Treasury yields since January 1, 2008 via the FRED API.

```
In [3]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
codes = ['DGS2'] #DGS2 = 2-Year Treasury Constant Maturity Rate, daily frequency
fred = web.DataReader(codes, 'fred', start, end)

fred.plot()
```

Out[3]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x113665e10>



```
In [4]: fred.head()
```

Out[4]:

	DGS2
DATE	
2008-01-01	NaN
2008-01-02	2.88
2008-01-03	2.83
2008-01-04	2.74
2008-01-07	2.76

I want the daily change in yields, so I add that column

```
In [5]: fred = fred.assign(delta = 100*fred.pct_change())
fred.head()
```

Out[5]:

	DGS2	delta
DATE		
2008-01-01	NaN	NaN
2008-01-02	2.88	NaN
2008-01-03	2.83	-1.736111
2008-01-04	2.74	-3.180212
2008-01-07	2.76	0.729927

```
In [8]: fred = fred.rename(columns = {'DGS2' : '2yr_yield', 'delta' : 'daily_pct_change'})
fred.head()
```

Out[8]:

	2yr_yield	daily_pct_change
DATE		
2008-01-01	NaN	NaN
2008-01-02	2.88	NaN
2008-01-03	2.83	-1.736111
2008-01-04	2.74	-3.180212
2008-01-07	2.76	0.729927

I only want to know this data on FOMC announcement days. Unfortunately, there isn't an API for these dates, so I had to manually enter the dates from the [FOMC's website](https://www.federalreserve.gov/monetarypolicy/fomccalendars.htm) (<https://www.federalreserve.gov/monetarypolicy/fomccalendars.htm>), calendar into an Excel sheet (available in my GitHub repository).

```
In [9]: from pandas import ExcelWriter
        from pandas import ExcelFile
        from pandas import read_csv
```

```
In [10]: path = '/Users/simon.ilisevich/Documents/Data_Bootcamp/fomc_dates.csv'
        fomc_dates = read_csv(path, index_col='Date', usecols=['Date', 'Announcem
        ents'])
```

```
In [12]: fomc_dates.index.names = ['DATE']
        fomc_dates.head()
```

Out[12]:

	Announcements
DATE	
2008-10-08	FFR target decrease *intermeeting
2008-10-29	FFR target decrease
2008-11-25	MBS and agency debt purchase *intermeeting
2008-12-16	FFR target decrease
2009-01-28	NaN

Using the FOMC dates, I create a new dataframe that only includes yields and daily changes in yield on FOMC days

```
In [13]: fomc_dates = fomc_dates.join(fred)
```

```
In [14]: fomc_dates.head()
```

Out[14]:

	Announcements	2yr_yield	daily_pct_change
DATE			
2008-10-08	FFR target decrease *intermeeting	1.65	12.244898
2008-10-29	FFR target decrease	1.58	-4.242424
2008-11-25	MBS and agency debt purchase *intermeeting	1.15	-12.213740
2008-12-16	FFR target decrease	0.65	-13.333333
2009-01-28	NaN	0.89	2.298851

```
In [15]: fomc_dates.index
```

```
Out[15]: DatetimeIndex(['2008-10-08', '2008-10-29', '2008-11-25', '2008-12-16',  
                        '2009-01-28', '2009-03-18', '2009-04-29', '2009-06-24',  
                        '2009-08-12', '2009-09-23', '2009-11-04', '2009-12-16',  
                        '2010-01-27', '2010-03-16', '2010-04-28', '2010-06-23',  
                        '2010-08-10', '2010-09-21', '2010-11-03', '2010-12-14',  
                        '2011-01-26', '2011-03-15', '2011-04-27', '2011-06-22',  
                        '2011-08-09', '2011-09-21', '2011-11-02', '2011-12-13',  
                        '2012-01-25', '2012-03-13', '2012-04-25', '2012-06-20',  
                        '2012-08-01', '2012-09-13', '2012-10-24', '2012-12-12',  
                        '2013-01-30', '2013-03-20', '2013-05-01', '2013-06-19',  
                        '2013-09-18', '2013-10-30', '2013-12-18', '2014-01-29',  
                        '2014-03-19', '2014-04-30', '2014-06-18', '2014-07-30',  
                        '2014-09-17', '2014-10-29', '2014-12-17', '2015-01-28',  
                        '2015-03-18', '2015-04-29', '2015-06-17', '2015-07-29',  
                        '2015-09-17', '2015-10-28', '2015-12-16', '2016-01-27',  
                        '2016-03-16', '2016-04-27', '2016-06-15', '2016-07-27',  
                        '2016-09-21', '2016-11-02', '2016-12-14', '2017-02-01',  
                        '2017-03-15', '2017-05-03', '2017-06-14', '2017-07-26',  
                        '2020-09-20', '2017-11-01', '2017-12-13', '2018-01-31',  
                        '2018-03-21', '2018-05-02'],  
                        dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='DATE', freq=None)
```

```
In [18]: fred_mean = fred['daily_pct_change'].mean()  
fred_std = fred['daily_pct_change'].std()  
  
print(fred_mean)  
print(fred_std)  
  
0.13556977235635276  
5.324606758338174
```

```
In [132]: z = 2*fred_std + fred_mean  
z
```

```
Out[132]: 10.784783289032701
```

```

In [231]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,5))

ax.set_facecolor('0.9')

import matplotlib.ticker as ticker

clr1 = 'r'
clr2 = 'g'
clrs = [clr1 if var >= z else clr2 for var in fomc_dates['daily_pct_change']]

fomc_dates.daily_pct_change.plot(kind='bar',
                                  ax=ax,
                                  color = clrs)

ax.spines["right"].set_visible(False)
ax.spines["top"].set_visible(False)

ax.set_title("Change in 2-Year Treasury Yields on FOMC days", fontsize=16, fontweight = "bold", y=1.08)
ax.set_ylabel("% Change", fontweight="bold")
ax.set_xlabel("Date", fontweight='bold')

labels = ['Oct 2008', 'Sep 2010', 'Aug 2012', 'Jul 2014', 'Jun 2016', 'May 2018']
plt.gca().set_xticklabels(labels, rotation=0)

ax.xaxis.set_major_locator(ticker.MultipleLocator(19))

ax.annotate("QE 1", xy=(5.5, -15.0), xycoords="data", xytext=(8.0, -20.0),
            horizontalalignment="left",
            arrowprops={"arrowstyle": "-|>", "color": "black"}, fontsize=12,)

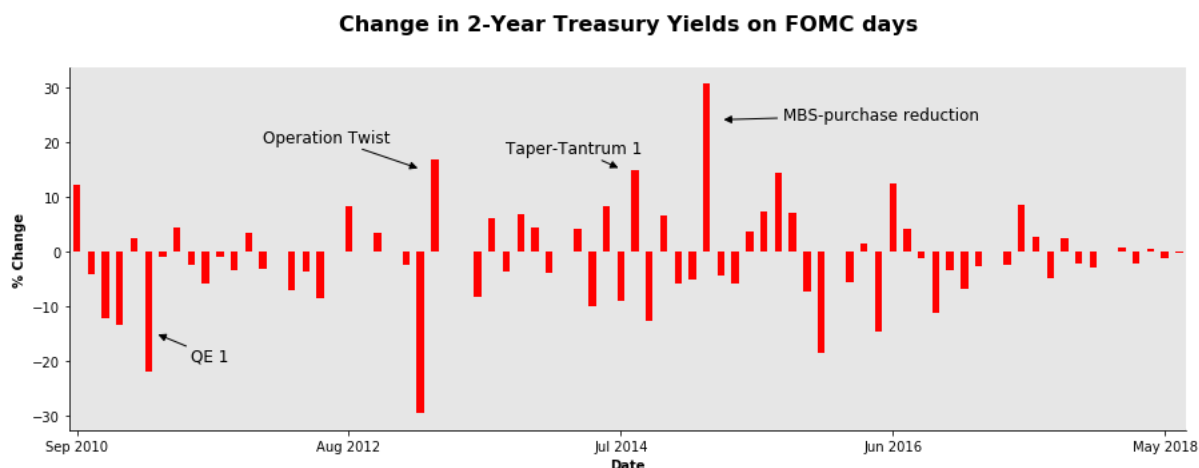
ax.annotate("Operation Twist", xy=(24, 15.0), xycoords="data", xytext=(13.0, 20.0),
            horizontalalignment="left",
            arrowprops={"arrowstyle": "-|>", "color": "black"}, fontsize=12,)

ax.annotate("Taper-Tantrum 1", xy=(38, 15.0), xycoords="data", xytext=(30.0, 18.0),
            horizontalalignment="left",
            arrowprops={"arrowstyle": "-|>", "color": "black"}, fontsize=12,)

ax.annotate("MBS-purchase reduction", xy=(45, 24.0), xycoords="data", xytext=(63.0, 24.0),
            horizontalalignment="right",
            arrowprops={"arrowstyle": "-|>", "color": "black"}, fontsize=12,)

```

Out[231]: Text(63,24,'MBS-purchase reduction')



## Section 2: Importing Chinese, Indian, and Russian market reactions

The next step is to measure changes in equity prices, exchange rates, and bond yields among three of the four largest emerging market economies. Data for this entire section came from the Stooq Index Data API. While not the easiest API to work with, it was the only API I could find that provided data for all three categories across the entire test period.

The same importing, cleaning, and merging process is repeated for all three categories. It's explained in the equities section.

### Equities

These are the largest equity indices for each country from the Stooq Index Data API

China - Shanghai Composite Index

```
In [229]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
ch_equities = web.DataReader('^SHC', 'stooq', start, end)
ch_equities.head()
```

Out[229]:

**Exceeded the daily hits limit**

India - BSE SENSEX

```
In [21]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
in_equities = web.DataReader('^SNX', 'stoq', start, end)
in_equities.head()
```

Out[21]:

**Exceeded the daily hits limit**

## Russia - RTS Index

```
In [22]: start = ['2008-01-01']
end = ['2018-05-04']
ru_equities = web.DataReader('^RTS', 'stoq', start, end)
ru_equities.head()
```

Out[22]:

**Exceeded the daily hits limit**

## Getting rid of unnecessary columns

```
In [23]: ch_equities = ch_equities.drop(ch_equities.columns[[0, 1, 2, 4]], axis=1)
in_equities = in_equities.drop(in_equities.columns[[0, 1, 2, 4]], axis=1)
ru_equities = ru_equities.drop(ru_equities.columns[[0, 1, 2, 4]], axis=1)
```

```
-----
-----
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-23-0009dd8e348b> in <module>()
----> 1 ch_equities = ch_equities.drop(ch_equities.columns[[0, 1, 2, 4]], axis=1)
      2 in_equities = in_equities.drop(in_equities.columns[[0, 1, 2, 4]], axis=1)
      3 ru_equities = ru_equities.drop(ru_equities.columns[[0, 1, 2, 4]], axis=1)

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py in _getitem_(self, key)
   1698
   1699         key = _values_from_object(key)
-> 1700         result = getitem(key)
   1701         if not is_scalar(result):
   1702             return promote(result)
```

IndexError: index 0 is out of bounds for axis 1 with size 0

Adding in daily percentage change



```
In [27]: ch_equities = ch_equities.assign(ch_equity_change = 100*ch_equities.pct_change())
in_equities = in_equities.assign(in_equity_change = 100*in_equities.pct_change())
ru_equities = ru_equities.assign(ru_equity_change = 100*ru_equities.pct_change())
```

```

-----
-----
KeyError                                Traceback (most recent call l
ast)
/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py in g
et_loc(self, key, method, tolerance)
    2441             try:
-> 2442                 return self._engine.get_loc(key)
    2443             except KeyError:

```

```

pandas/_libs/index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

```

```

pandas/_libs/index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

```

```

pandas/_libs/hashtable_class_helper.pxi in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObj
ectHashTable.get_item()

```

```

pandas/_libs/hashtable_class_helper.pxi in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObj
ectHashTable.get_item()

```

```

KeyError: 'ch_equity_change'

```

During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred:

```

KeyError                                Traceback (most recent call l
ast)
/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/internals.py in set
(self, item, value, check)
    3714             try:
-> 3715                 loc = self.items.get_loc(item)
    3716             except KeyError:

```

```

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py in g
et_loc(self, key, method, tolerance)
    2443             except KeyError:
-> 2444                 return self._engine.get_loc(self._maybe_cast_in
dexer(key))
    2445

```

```

pandas/_libs/index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

```

```

pandas/_libs/index.pyx in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

```

```

pandas/_libs/hashtable_class_helper.pxi in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObj
ectHashTable.get_item()

```

```

pandas/_libs/hashtable_class_helper.pxi in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObj
ectHashTable.get_item()

```

```

KeyError: 'ch_equity_change'

```

During handling of the above exception, another exception occurred:

```

ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call l
ast)
<ipython-input-27-1b20f483c711> in <module>()
----> 1 ch_equities = ch_equities.assign(ch_equity_change = 100*ch_equi

```

```

ties.pct_change())
    2 in_equities = in_equities.assign(in_equity_change = 100*in_equi
ties.pct_change())
    3 ru_equities = ru_equities.assign(ru_equity_change = 100*ru_equi
ties.pct_change())

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py in assign(s
elf, **kwargs)
    2499         # ... and then assign
    2500         for k, v in sorted(results.items()):
-> 2501             data[k] = v
    2502
    2503         return data

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py in __setite
m__(self, key, value)
    2329         else:
    2330             # set column
-> 2331             self._set_item(key, value)
    2332
    2333     def _setitem_slice(self, key, value):

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py in _set_ite
m(self, key, value)
    2396         self._ensure_valid_index(value)
    2397         value = self._sanitize_column(key, value)
-> 2398         NDFrame._set_item(self, key, value)
    2399
    2400         # check if we are modifying a copy

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/generic.py in _set_i
tem(self, key, value)
    1757
    1758     def _set_item(self, key, value):
-> 1759         self._data.set(key, value)
    1760         self._clear_item_cache()
    1761

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/internals.py in set
(self, item, value, check)
    3716         except KeyError:
    3717             # This item wasn't present, just insert at end
-> 3718             self.insert(len(self.items), item, value)
    3719             return
    3720

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/internals.py in inse
rt(self, loc, item, value, allow_duplicates)
    3817
    3818         block = make_block(values=value, ndim=self.ndim,
-> 3819                             placement=slice(loc, loc + 1))
    3820
    3821         for blkno, count in _fast_count_smallints(self._blkno[
loc:]):

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/internals.py in make
_block(values, placement, klass, ndim, dtype, fastpath)

```

```

2717         placement=placement, dtype=dtype)
2718
-> 2719     return klass(values, ndim=ndim, fastpath=fastpath, placemen
t=placement)
2720
2721 # TODO: flexible with index=None and/or items=None

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/core/internals.py in __in
it__(self, values, placement, ndim, fastpath)
    113         raise ValueError('Wrong number of items passed %d,
placement %d
    114                                'implies %d' % (len(self.values),
--> 115                                len(self.mgr_locs
s)))
    116
    117     @property

ValueError: Wrong number of items passed 0, placement implies 1

```

Each DataFrame has a slightly different index, so I need to create a common index among all three in order to make merging them easier

```
In [ ]: idx = pd.date_range('2008-01-01', '2018-05-04')
```

```
In [ ]: ch_equities.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(ch_equities.index)
ch_equities = ch_equities.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')

in_equities.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(in_equities.index)
in_equities = in_equities.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')

ru_equities.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(ru_equities.index)
ru_equities = ru_equities.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')
```

Dropping now unnecessary Close prices

```
In [ ]: ch_equities = ch_equities.drop('Close', 1)
in_equities = in_equities.drop('Close', 1)
ru_equities = ru_equities.drop('Close', 1)
```

New table with emerging market equity reactions included

```
In [24]: market_response = fomc_dates.join(ch_equities, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix='_right').join(in_equities, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix='_right').join(ru_equities, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix='_right')
market_response.head()
```

Out[24]:

	Announcements	2yr_yield	daily_pct_change
DATE			
2008-10-08	FFR target decrease *intermeeting	1.65	12.244898
2008-10-29	FFR target decrease	1.58	-4.242424
2008-11-25	MBS and agency debt purchase *intermeeting	1.15	-12.213740
2008-12-16	FFR target decrease	0.65	-13.333333
2009-01-28	NaN	0.89	2.298851

## Exchange Rates

### CNY/USD

```
In [ ]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
ch_fx = web.DataReader('CNYUSD', 'stoq', start, end)
```

### INR/USD

```
In [ ]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
in_fx = web.DataReader('INRUSD', 'stoq', start, end)
```

### RUB/USD

```
In [ ]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
ru_fx = web.DataReader('RUBUSD', 'stoq', start, end)
```

```
In [ ]: ch_fx.head()
```

```
In [ ]: ch_fx = ch_fx.drop(ch_fx.columns[[0, 1, 2]], axis=1)
in_fx = in_fx.drop(in_fx.columns[[0, 1, 2]], axis=1)
ru_fx = ru_fx.drop(ru_fx.columns[[0, 1, 2]], axis=1)
```

```
In [ ]: ch_fx = ch_fx.assign(ch_fx_change = 100*ch_fx.pct_change())
        in_fx = in_fx.assign(in_fx_change = 100*in_fx.pct_change())
        ru_fx = ru_fx.assign(ru_fx_change = 100*ru_fx.pct_change())
```

```
In [ ]: ch_fx.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(ch_fx.index)
        ch_fx = ch_fx.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')

        in_fx.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(in_fx.index)
        in_fx = in_fx.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')

        ru_fx.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(ru_fx.index)
        ru_fx = ru_fx.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')
```

```
In [ ]: ch_fx = ch_fx.drop('Close', 1)
        in_fx = in_fx.drop('Close', 1)
        ru_fx = ru_fx.drop('Close', 1)
```

```
In [ ]: market_response = market_response.join(ch_fx, how='left', lsuffix='_left',
        rsuffix='_right').join(in_fx, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix=
        '_right').join(ru_fx, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix='_right')
        market_response.head()
```

## Bond Prices

### Chinese 10-Year

```
In [ ]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
        end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
        ch_bond = web.DataReader('10CNY.B', 'stoq', start, end)
```

### Indian 10-Year

```
In [ ]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
        end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
        in_bond = web.DataReader('10INRY.B', 'stoq', start, end)
```

### Russian 10-Year

```
In [ ]: start = datetime.datetime(2008, 1, 1)
        end = datetime.datetime(2018, 5, 4)
        ru_bond = web.DataReader('10RUY.B', 'stoq', start, end)
```

```
In [ ]: ru_bond.head()
```

```
In [ ]: ch_bond = ch_bond.drop(ch_bond.columns[[0, 1, 2]], axis=1)
        in_bond = in_bond.drop(in_bond.columns[[0, 1, 2]], axis=1)
        ru_bond = ru_bond.drop(ru_bond.columns[[0, 1, 2]], axis=1)
```

```
In [ ]: ch_bond = ch_bond.assign(ch_bond_change = 100*ch_bond.pct_change())
        in_bond = in_bond.assign(in_bond_change = 100*in_bond.pct_change())
        ru_bond = ru_bond.assign(ru_bond_change = 100*ru_bond.pct_change())
```

```
In [ ]: ch_bond.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(ch_bond.index)
        ch_bond = ch_bond.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')

        in_bond.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(in_bond.index)
        in_bond = in_bond.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')

        ru_bond.index = pd.DatetimeIndex(ru_bond.index)
        ru_bond = ru_bond.reindex(idx, fill_value='NaN')
```

```
In [ ]: ch_bond = ch_bond.drop('Close', 1)
        in_bond = in_bond.drop('Close', 1)
        ru_bond = ru_bond.drop('Close', 1)
```

```
In [ ]: market_response = market_response.join(ch_bond, how='left', lsuffix='_left',
        rsuffix='_right').join(in_bond, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix=
        '_right').join(ru_bond, how='left', lsuffix='_left', rsuffix='_right')
        market_response.head()
```

```
In [ ]: equity_response = market_response[['ch_equity_change', 'in_equity_chang
        e', 'ru_equity_change']].copy()
        equity_response.head()
```

```
In [ ]: fx_response = market_response[['ch_fx_change', 'in_fx_change', 'ru_fx_ch
        ange']].copy()
        fx_response.head()
```

```
In [ ]: bond_response = market_response[['ch_bond_change', 'in_bond_change', 'ru
        _bond_change']].copy()
        bond_response.head()
```

```
In [232]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows = 3, ncols = 3, sharex = True, figsize = (15,5))  
  
ax = ax.ravel()
```

