# AshLib Reference Documentation

**Documentation for AshLib v3.5.0, by Siljam**

https://github.com/siljamdev/AshLib

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# Contents

## Structs

### Color3

Used for holding the values of a RGB color

#### Namespace

```
AshLib
```

#### Constructors

##### Color3(byte, byte, byte)

```
1. public Color3(byte r, byte g, byte b)
```

Initializes a new color taking in arguments for red, green, and blue channels.

##### Color3(string)

```
1. public Color3(string hex)
```

Initializes a new color taking in argument for the color in hex format. As an example of valid strings are:

```
“ffffff”, “#020202”, “#eFE02D”
```

#### Fields

##### R

```
1. public byte R;
```

Red channel of the color. Ranges 0-255

### G

```
1. public byte G;
```

Green channel of the color. Ranges 0-255

### B

```
1. public byte B;
```

Blue channel of the color. Ranges 0-255

### Black

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Black = new Color3(0, 0, 0);
```

A completely black color

### White

```
1. public static readonly Color3 White = new Color3(255, 255, 255);
```

A completely white color

### Gray

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Gray = new Color3(150, 150, 150);
```

A medium gray color

### Magenta

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Magenta = new Color3(255, 0, 255);
```

A magenta color

### Cyan

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Cyan = new Color3(0, 255, 255);
```

A cyan color

### Yellow

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Yellow = new Color3(255, 255, 0);
```

A yellow color

### Blue

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Blue = new Color3(0, 0, 255);
```

A pure blue color

### Green

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Green = new Color3(0, 255, 0);
```

A pure green color

### Red

```
1. public static readonly Color3 Red = new Color3(255, 0, 0);
```

A pure red color

## Methods

### Parse

```
1. public static Color3 Parse (string hex)
```

Attempts to parse the string in hex format. Same as constructor. Might throw an Exception

### TryParse

```
1. public static bool TryParse (string hex, out Color3 col)
```

Attempts to parse and returns true if it was possible. The out argument is the parsed Color if successful

### FromHSV

```
1. public static Color3 FromHSV (int h, int s, int v)
```

Transforms a HSV color to RGB. h is from 0 to 360, s from 0 to 100 and v from 0 to 100

### ToVec

```
1. public Vec3 ToVec ()
```

Transforms the color into a 3 component vector. Each channel is mapped from 0(0) to 1 (255)

### Equals

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two Color3 are equals

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the color data in the format:

```
“#RRGGBB”
```

## Operators

### Operator == (Color3, Color3)

```
1. public static bool operator == (Color3 a, Color3 b)
```

Checks if two Color3 are equals

### Operator != (Color3, Color3)

```
1. public static bool operator != (Color3 a, Color3 b)
```

Checks if two Color3 are not equals

### Implicit Operator Color (Color3)

```
1. public static implicit operator System.Drawing.Color (Color3 col)
```

Casts into a System.Drawing.Color

### Implicit Operator Color3 (Color)

```
1. public static implicit operator Color3(System.Drawing.Color col)
```

Casts into a Color3

## Vec2

Struct for holding two floats, components of a bidimensional vector

#### Namespace

```
AshLib
```

#### Constructors

### Vec2(float, float)

```
1. public Vec2 (float x, float y)
```

Initializes with x and y component

#### Fields

### X

```
1. public float X;
```

X component of the Vector

### Y

```
1. public float Y;
```

Y component of the Vector

## Methods

### Equals

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two Vec2 contain the same data

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the vector components in the format:

```
“(X, Y)”
```

## Operators

### Operator == (Vec2, Vec2)

```
1. public static bool operator == (Vec2 a, Vec2 b)
```

Checks if two Vec2 contain the same data

### Operator != (Vec2, Vec2)

```
1. public static bool operator != (Vec2 a, Vec2 b)
```

Checks if two Vec2 do not contain the same data

# Vec3

Struct for holding three floats, components of a tridimensional vector

### Namespace

```
AshLib
```

### Constructors

#### Vec3(float, float, float)

```
1. public Vec3 (float x, float y, float z)
```

Initializes with x, y and z component

### Fields

#### X

```
1. public float X;
```

X component of the Vector

#### Y

```
1. public float Y;
```

Y component of the Vector

#### Z

```
1. public float Z;
```

Z component of the Vector

### Methods

#### Equals

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two Vec3 contain the same data

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the vector components in the format:

```
“(X, Y, Z)”
```

## Operators

### Operator == (Vec3, Vec3)

```
1. public static bool operator == (Vec3 a, Vec3 b)
```

Checks if two Vec3 contain the same data

### Operator != (Vec3, Vec3)

```
1. public static bool operator != (Vec3 a, Vec3 b)
```

Checks if two Vec3 do not contain the same data

# Vec4

Struct for holding four floats, components of a four-dimensional vector

## Namespace

```
AshLib
```

## Constructors

### Vec4(float, float, float, float)

```
1. public Vec4 (float x, float y, float z, float w)
```

Initializes with x, y, z and w component

## Fields

### X

```
1. public float X;
```

X component of the Vector

### Y

```
1. public float Y;
```

Y component of the Vector

### Z

```
1. public float Z;
```

Z component of the Vector

### W

```
1. public float W;
```

W component of the Vector

## Methods

### Equals

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two Vec4 contain the same data

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the vector components in the format:

```
“(X, Y, Z, W)”
```

### Operators

#### Operator == (Vec4, Vec4)

```
1. public static bool operator == (Vec4 a, Vec4 b)
```

Checks if two Vec4 contain the same data

#### Operator != (Vec4, Vec4)

```
1. public static bool operator != (Vec4 a, Vec4 b)
```

Checks if two Vec4 do not contain the same data

## Date

Represents a time between the year 1488 and 2511, down to seconds. It's most important characteristic is CPTF(Compressed printable date format), which will transform the date into a 6 characters long string in base64

### Namespace

```
AshLib.Dates
```

### Constructors

#### Date(byte, byte, byte, byte, byte, ushort)

```
1. public Date(byte s, byte m, byte h, byte d, byte mo, ushort y)
```

Initializes the Date with seconds, minutes, hours, days, months, and years(in that order). Numbers will be cropped (seconds 0-59...)

#### Date(string)

```
1. public Date(string cptf)
```

Initializes the Date directly from CPTF format.

### Properties

#### seconds

```
1. public byte seconds {get;}
```

The seconds of the Date(0-59)

#### minutes

```
1. public byte minutes {get;}
```

The minutes of the Date(0-59)

#### hours

```
1. public byte hours {get;}
```

The hours of the Date(0-23)

#### days

```
1. public byte days {get;}
```

The day of the Date(1-31)

#### months

```
1. public byte months {get;}
```

The month of the Date(1-12)

#### years

```
1. public ushort years {get;}
```

The year of the Date(1488-2511)

## Methods

### ToCPTF

```
1. public string ToCPTF ()
```

Transforms the Date instance into the CPTF format

### FromCPTF

```
1. public static Date FromCPTF (string cptf)
```

Transforms a date in CPTF format into an instance. Does the same as the constructor

### Equals

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two Dates are the same

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the Date in the format:

```
“Day/Month/Year Hour:Minute:Second”
```

## Operators

### Operator == (Date, Date)

```
1. public static bool operator == (Date a, Date b)
```

Checks if two Dates are equals

### Operator != (Date, Date)

```
1. public static bool operator != (Date a, Date b)
```

Checks if two Dates are not equals

#### Explicit Operator DateTime (Date)

```
1. public static explicit operator DateTime (Date d)
```

Casts to DateTime

#### Explicit Operator Date (DateTime)

```
1. public static explicit operator Date (DateTime d)
```

Casts to Date from DateTime

## Records

### AshFileFormatOptions

Represents the options of the AshFile byte format

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

#### Constructors

##### AshFileFormatOptions(bool, bool, bool)

```
1. public AshFileFormatOptions(byte format, bool compactBools, bool maskCampNames,
bool maskStrings, string password)
```

Creates a new instance with all options

##### AshFileFormatOptions(byte)

```
1. public AshFileFormatOptions(byte ver, byte compactByte)
```

Creates a new instance from a compact bool and the format number. Used in the byte format

## Fields

### format

```
1. public byte format;
```

The format version number

### compactBools

```
1. public bool compactBools;
```

If the bools and bool arrays will compact to occupy 8 bools per byte instead of 1 bool per byte

### maskCampNames

```
1. public bool maskCampNames;
```

If the camp names will be masked so it is impossible to read them when viewed as raw text

### maskStrings

```
1. public bool maskStrings;
```

If the string values will be masked so it is impossible to read them when viewed as raw text

### password

```
1. public string password;
```

The password used to encrypt the file. Can be null

### Default

```
1. public static readonly AshFileFormatConfig Default = new AshFileFormatConfig(true,
true, true);
```

The default configuration

### Methods

#### ToByte

```
1. public byte ToByte ()
```

Transforms into a compact bool. Used in the byte format

## Enums

## AshFileTypeOld

Represents the type of value in an AshFile camp. No longer used in AshFiles V3

### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

### Fields

#### ByteArray

```
1. ByteArray = 0;
```

Array of bytes type

#### String

```
1. String = 1;
```

String type

#### Byte

```
1. Byte = 2;
```

Byte type. 1 byte unsigned integer

### Ushort

```
1. Ushort = 3;
```

Unsigned short type. 2 byte unsigned integer

### Uint

```
1. Uint = 4;
```

Unsigned int type. 4 byte unsigned integer

### Ulong

```
1. Ulong = 5;
```

Unsigned long type. 8 byte unsigned integer

### Sbyte

```
1. Sbyte = 6;
```

Signed byte type. 1 byte signed integer

### Short

```
1. Short = 7;
```

Signed short type. 2 byte signed integer

### Int

```
1. Int = 8;
```

Signed int type. 4 byte signed integer

### Long

```
1. Long = 9;
```

Signed long type. 8 byte signed integer

### Color

```
1. Color = 10;
```

Color3 type. Struct defined earlier

### Float

```
1. Float = 11;
```

Float type. 4 byte floating point number

### Double

```
1. Double = 12;
```

Double type. 8 byte floating point number

### Vec2

```
1. Vec2 = 13;
```

Vec2 type. 2 component vector, struct defined earlier

### Vec3

```
1. Vec3 = 14;
```

Vec3 type. 3 component vector, struct defined earlier

### Vec4

```
1. Vec4 = 15;
```

Vec4 type. 4 component vector, struct defined earlier

### Bool

```
1. Bool = 16;
```

Boolean type

### UbyteArray

```
1. UbyteArray = 17;
```

Array of bytes type. 1 byte unsigned integer array

### UshortArray

```
1. UshortArray = 18;
```

Array of ushorts type. 2 byte unsigned integer array

### UintArray

```
1. UintArray = 19;
```

Array of uints type. 4 byte unsigned integer array

### UlongArray

```
1. UshortArray = 20;
```

Array of ulongs type. 4 byte unsigned integer array

### SbyteArray

```
1. SbyteArray = 21;
```

Array of sbytes type. 1 byte signed integer array

### ShortArray

```
1. ShortArray = 22;
```

Array of shorts type. 2 byte signed integer array

### IntArray

```
1. IntArray = 23;
```

Array of ints type. 4 byte signed integer array

### LongArray

```
1. LongArray = 24;
```

Array of longs type. 8 byte signed integer array

### FloatArray

```
1. FloatArray = 25;
```

Array of floats type. 4 byte floating point number array

### DoubleArray

```
1. DoubleArray = 26;
```

Array of doubles type. 8 byte floating point number array

### Date

```
1. Date = 27;
```

Date type. Struct defined earlier

## AshFileType

Represents the type of value in an AshFile camp. Used in AshFiles V3

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

#### Fields

### Default

```
1. Default = 0;
```

Default type, often used for invalid types and error checking.

### String

```
1. String = 1;
```

String type

### Byte

```
1. Byte = 2;
```

Byte type

### Ushort

```
1. Ushort = 3;
```

Unsigned short type

### Uint

```
1. Uint = 4;
```

Unsigned int type

### Ulong

```
1. Ulong = 5;
```

Unsigned long type

### Sbyte

```
1. Sbyte = 6;
```

Signed byte type

### Short

```
1. Short = 7;
```

Short type

### Int

```
1. Int = 8;
```

Int type

### Long

```
1. Long = 9;
```

Long type

### Color3

```
1. Color3 = 10;
```

Color3 type. Struct defined earlier

### Float

```
1. Float = 11;
```

Float type

### Double

```
1. Double = 12;
```

Double type

### Vec2

```
1. Vec2 = 13;
```

Two component vector type. Struct defined earlier

### Vec3

```
1. Vec3 = 14;
```

Three component vector type. Struct defined earlier

### Vec4

```
1. Vec4 = 15;
```

Four component vector type. Struct defined earlier.

### Bool

```
1. Bool = 16;
```

Boolean type

### Date

```
1. Date = 17;
```

Date type. Struct defined earlier

### Decimal

```
1. Decimal = 18;
```

Boolean type

## ModelInstanceOperation

Determines the operation that an instance of an AshFile model will do

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

#### Fields

### Delete

```
1. Delete
```

The name mentioned will be deleted

### Exists

```
1. Exists
```

Ensures the camp exists

### Type

```
1. Type
```

Ensures that a camp is of a determined type

### TypeCast

```
1. TypeCast
```

Ensures that a camp is of a determined type of one that can be casted

### Value

```
1. Value
```

Ensures that a camp has a specific value

### None

```
1. None
```

Does nothing. Mainly used to stop a camp being deleted by deleteNotMentioned

## Classes

### DeltaHelper

Class used for easily calculating fps and deltaTime

### Namespace

```
AshLib.Time
```

### Properties

#### deltaTime

```
1. public double deltaTime {get;}
```

Time that passes between frames, in milliseconds

#### fps

```
1. public double fps {get;}
```

Frames per second. Is calculated each frame, and so it fluctuates rapidly

#### stableFps

```
1. public double stableFps {get;}
```

Frames per second. Will update once every second(default behavior, can be changed). Thought for displaying current fps

### Methods

#### Start

```
1. public void Start ()
```

Has to be called to start the utility. Will initialize the internal clock. Call it once at the start of the application

#### Frame

```
1. public void Frame ()
```

Call it at the very end of each frame, every frame. Updates all the values

### Target

```
1. public void Target (double FPS)
```

Call it at the end of each frame, but before Frame(), to achieve the desired fps(the argument)

### TargetLazy

```
1. public void TargetLazy (double FPS)
```

Call it at the end of each frame, but before Frame(), to achieve the desired fps(the argument). The wait time will not be exact or precise, but CPU usage wont be maxed

### SetStableUpdateTime

```
1. public void SetStableUpdateTime (double milliseconds)
```

Changes how often will the stableFps update

### GetTime

```
1. public double GetTime ()
```

Returns the whole time since start, in seconds

## TimeTool

Class used for calculating the time things take, and calculating what percentage of time. Each loop(tick, frame...) is divided into categories. Useful for debugging what is holding fps down

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.Time
```

### Constructors

#### TimeTool(params string[])

```
1. public TimeTool(params string[] categNames)
```

Starts a new instance with an empty history and the names of the categories

### Fields

#### maxHistory

```
1. public int maxHistory
```

The maximum number of loops stored, used for calculating the mean. The default value is 1000

### Properties

#### categoryNames

```
1. public string[] categoryNames {get;}
```

The category names

### Methods

#### Reset

```
1. public void Reset ()
```

Resets the instance and deletes history

#### LoopStart

```
1. public void LoopStart ()
```

Meant to be executed at the start of each loop

### CategoryEnd()

```
1. public void CategoryEnd ()
```

Ends the next category, in order. When executed after LoopStart, ends recording for the category in index 0. Next call for the one in index 1, etc.

### CategoryEnd(int)

```
1. public void CategoryEnd (int i)
```

Ends a category specifying its index. The index will be saved and used for next. Useful for categories with parted times. For example:

```
LoopStart();
CategoryEnd(); //Ends 0
CategoryEnd(); //Ends 1
CategoryEnd(0); //Ends 0 again, times added
CategoryEnd(); //Ends 1 again
```

### LoopEnd

```
1. public void LoopEnd ()
```

Ends the loop

### LastLoopInfo

```
1. public double[] LastLoopInfo ()
```

Returns a double array with how much time each category took in the last loop. They are ordered according to index, and the last extra element is the total loop time

### LastLoopString

```
1. public string LastLoopString ()
```

Returns a nicely formatted string with all the useful information about last loop

### MeanInfo

```
1. public double[] MeanInfo ()
```

Returns a double array with how much time each category took on average in all recorded loops. They are ordered according to index, and the last extra element is the average loop time

### MaxInfo

```
1. public double[] MaxInfo ()
```

Returns a double array with the maximum time each category took in all recorded loops. They are ordered according to index, and the last extra element is the maximum loop time

### MeanString

```
1. public string MeanString ()
```

Generates a nicely formatted string with all the mean and max information of the recorded loops

## TreeNode<T>

A class that represents a node of a tree graph. It can also represent a tree in itself with its children

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.Trees
```

#### Constructors

### TreeNode(T)

```
1. public TreeNode (T val)
```

Initializes the node with its value

### TreeNode(T, List<TreeNode<T>>)

```
1. public TreeNode (T val, List<TreeNode<T>> childlist)
```

Initializes the node with its value and the list of children nodes

## Fields

### value

```
1. public T value;
```

The value of the node

## Properties

### children

```
1. public List<TreeNode<T>> children {get;}
```

The list of child nodes

### parent

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? parent {get;}
```

The parent node, if it exists

### isLeaf

```
1. public bool isLeaf {get;}
```

A leaf node is a node with no children

### isRoot

```
1. public bool isRoot {get;}
```

A Root node is the node that has no parent

### Methods

#### AddChild

```
1. public void AddChild (TreeNode<T> node)
```

Adds a child node. Please use this method instead of directly adding to the children list, because this sets the parent too

#### RemoveChild

```
1. public bool RemoveChild (TreeNode<T> node)
```

Attempts to remove a child node and returns true if it was successful

#### ClearChildren

```
1. public void ClearChildren ()
```

Clears all children nodes

#### CountChildren

```
1. public int CountChildren ()
```

Returns the number of direct children

#### Clone()

```
1. public TreeNode<T> Clone ()
```

Clones the tree

#### Clone(Converter<TreeNode<T>, TreeNode<T2>>)

```
1. public TreeNode<T2> Clone<T2> (Converter<TreeNode<T>, TreeNode<T2>> f)
```

Clones the tree transforming the type with a converter

### FindRoot

```
1. public TreeNode<T> FindRoot ()
```

Searches for the root of the tree

### CountDescendants

```
1. public int CountDescendants ()
```

Counts the number of children and their children, recursively, giving the number of nodes of the tree downwards

### CountLeafs

```
1. public int CountLeafs ()
```

Counts the number of leaf nodes in the descendants

### DetermineTreeDepth

```
1. public int DetermineTreeDepth ()
```

Returns the max levels that the tree has until its deepest node. A single root node has a depth of 1

### GetAllNodes

```
1. public List<TreeNode<T>> GetAllNodes ()
```

Returns all nodes of the tree in a flat list

### GetAllLeafNodes

```
1. public List<TreeNode<T>> GetLeafNodes ()
```

Returns all leaf nodes in a flat list

### TraversePreOrder

```
1. public void TraversePreOrder (Action<TreeNode<T>> action)
```

Traverses the tree, calling the action on each node, first calling the node and then its children, recursively

### TraversePostOrder

```
1. public void TraversePostOrder (Action<TreeNode<T>> action)
```

Traverses the tree, calling the action on each node, first calling its children, and then the node itself, recursively

### TraverseLevelOrder

```
1. public void TraverseLevelOrder (Action<TreeNode<T>> action)
```

Traverses the tree, calling the action on each node, calling first all nodes of the higher levels and then going down level by level

### TraverseLeafsOnly

```
1. public void TraverseLeafsOnly (Action<TreeNode<T>> a)
```

Traverses the tree, calling the action on each leaf node

### GetDepth

```
1. public int GetDepth ()
```

Gets the depth of a node respecting its general root. Root itself has depth 0

### GetPathToRoot

```
1. public List<TreeNode<T>> GetPathToRoot ()
```

Gets the Node Path that is followed from the general root to the current node

### FindNode(T)

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? FindNode (T target)
```

Searches for a node in all the descendants with a value that matches the target

### FindNode(Predicate<TreeNode<T>>)

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? FindNode (Predicate<TreeNode<T>> condition)
```

Searches for a node in all the descendants based on a function that returns a boolean in function of each node searched

### FindNode(Func<T, bool>)

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? FindNode(Predicate<T> condition)
```

Searches for a node in all the descendants based on a function that returns a boolean in function of the value of the node searched

### FindChildNode(T)

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? FindChildNode (T target)
```

Searches for a node in the direct children with a value that matches the target

### FindChildNode(Predicate <TreeNode<T>>)

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? FindChildNode (Predicate <TreeNode<T>> condition)
```

Searches for a node in the direct children based on a function that returns a boolean in function of each node searched

### FindChildNode(Predicate <T>)

```
1. public TreeNode<T>? FindChildNode(Predicate <T> condition)
```

Searches for a node in the direct children based on a function that returns a boolean in function of the value of the node searched

### ToStringFormat

```
1. public string ToStringFormat ()
```

Transforms the tree into a string format that looks like this:

```
>R:1,2:3,4;5;
```

The tree always starts with > and the root element. Then, ":" is used for opening the list of child nodes, "," is used for specifying the next parallel child node, and ";" is used for closing the list of child nodes

### ParseStringFormat(string)

```
1. public static TreeNode<string> ParseStringFormat (string s)
```

Parses the string format to a string tree, because it is just text. Might throw an Exception

### ParseStringFormat(string, Func<string, T>)

```
1. public static TreeNode<T> ParseStringFormat (string s, Func<string, T> parseFunc)
```

Parses a tree into any type, providing a parsing function for that type

### TryParseStringFormat(string, out TreeNode<string>)

```
1. public static bool TryParseStringFormat (string s, out TreeNode<string> tree)
```

Tries parsing from the string, and if it was possible, returns true and the parsed tree in the out argument

### TryParseStringFormat(string, Func<string, T>, out TreeNode<string>)

```
1. public static bool TryParseStringFormat (string s, Func<string, T> parseFunc, out
TreeNode<string> tree)
```

Tries parsing from the string, and if it was possible, returns true and the parsed tree in the out argument

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Generates a nicely formatted way to visualize the tree idented. Do not mistake this with the string format

### ToFormattedString

```
1. public FormatString ToFormattedString (CharFormat? lines, CharFormat? val)
```

Generates a nicely formatted string representation of the tree. The lines CharFormat will be used for the line chars, and the val for the vaue of the nodes.

## Dependencies

Used for handling files in a central folder of the application. Reminiscent of ".minecraft" folder

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.Folders
```

#### Constructors

### Dependencies(string, bool, string[], string[])

```
1. public Dependencies (string path, bool config, string[] directories, string[]
files)
```

Initializes the utility. The first argument is the main path, the second is if you want the config AshFile to be created, the directories array specifies folders inside the main path that will be created, and the files array specifies files that will be created inside the main path or subfolders, will be created empty.

### Fields

#### path

```
1. public string path;
```

The master path. For example:

```
“C://Users/user22/AppData/Roaming/HelloWorld”
```

#### config

```
1. public AshFile config;
```

The main configuration, in an AshFile. The path to it is “mainpath/config.ash”

### Methods

#### ReadFileText

```
1. public string ReadFileText (string p)
```

Will read the contents of a file as text of the file in masterpath + argument

#### ReadAshFile

```
1. public AshFile ReadAshFile (string p)
```

Will read the contents of a file as an AshFile of the file in masterpath + argument

#### SaveFileText

```
1. public void SaveFileText (string p, string t)
```

Will save the text(argument t) in a file in masterpath + argument p

#### SaveAshFile

```
1. public void SaveAshFile (string p, AshFile a)
```

Will save the text(argument t) in a file in masterpath + argument p

### CreateDir

```
1. public void CreateDir (string p)
```

Will create a new directory in masterpath + argument

## TreeLog

Utility that helps you create a collapsible and indented, easy to read log with a tree structure. If you use notepad++ there is a custom language available for it

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.Logging
```

#### Methods

### GetLog

```
1. public string GetLog ()
```

Returns the whole string of the log

### Clear

```
1. public void Clear ()
```

Resets the content and level of the log

### Deep

```
1. public void Deep (string s)
```

Increases the level of the log. You can include a message

### Shallow

```
1. public void Shallow ()
```

Decreases the level of the log

### Write(string)

```
1. public void Write (string s)
```

Writes content to the log

### Write(object)

```
1. public void Write (object s)
```

Writes content to the log

## AshFileException

Used internally for all exceptions that happen surrounding AshFiles

```
1. [Serializable]
2. internal class AshFileException : Exception
```

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

#### Properties

### errorCode

```
1. public int errorCode {get;}
```

Different errors give different codes

#### Methods

### GetObjectData

```
1. public override void GetObjectData(SerializationInfo info, StreamingContext
context)
```

Does something about Serialization. Honestly no idea

# CharFormat

Used to determine the format of a character

### Namespace

```
AshLib.Formatting
```

### Constructors

#### CharFormat(byte?, bool?, byte?, bool?, Color3?, bool, Color3?, bool)

```
1. public CharFormat(byte? dens, bool? ital, byte? uline, bool? sthrough, Color3?
fgcolor, bool fgreset, Color3? bgcolor, bool bgreset)
```

Initializes with density, italic, underlined, strikethrough, foreground color, foreground reset, background color, background reset

#### CharFormat(Color3?, bool, Color3?, bool)

```
1. public CharFormat(Color3? fgcolor, bool fgreset, Color3? bgcolor, bool bgreset)
```

Initializes with foreground color, foreground reset, background color, background reset. The rest of the formatting properties are initialized to same as last

#### CharFormat(Color3?, Color3?)

```
1. public CharFormat(Color3? fgcolor, Color3? bgcolor)
```

Initializes with foreground color, and background color. The rest of the formatting properties are initialized to same as last, and false for the resets

#### CharFormat(Color3?, bool)

```
1. public CharFormat(Color3? fgcolor, bool fgreset)
```

Initializes with foreground color and foreground reset. The rest of the formatting properties are initialized to same as last

### CharFormat(Color3?)

```
1. public CharFormat(Color3? fgcolor)
```

Initializes with foreground color. The rest of the formatting properties are initialized to same as last

### CharFormat()

```
1. public CharFormat()
```

Initializes all formatting properties to same as last

## Fields

### ResetAll

```
1. public static CharFormat ResetAll = new CharFormat(0, false, 0, false, null, true,
null, true);
```

A format that resets all formatting options.

## Properties

### density

```
1. public byte? density {get;}
```

Font density. 0 is normal, 1 is bold, 2 is thin. Null is same as last character format

### italic

```
1. public bool? Italic {get;}
```

If the font is in italic or not. Null is same as last character format

### underline

```
1. public byte? underline {get;}
```

0 is not underlined, 1 is single underline, 2 is double underline. Null is same as last character format

### strikeThrough

```
1. public bool? strikeThrough {get;}
```

If the has a strike through or not. Null is same as last character format

### foreground

```
1. public Color3? foreground {get;}
```

Foreground (character) color. Null is same as last character format

### foregroundReset

```
1. public bool foregroundReset {get;}
```

If the foreground color is reset to the terminal default

### background

```
1. public Color3? background {get;}
```

Background color. Null is same as last character format

### backgroundReset

```
1. public bool backgroundReset {get;}
```

If the background color is reset to the terminal default

## Methods

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Represents all the class properties in a nice format

### Equals

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two formats are the same

#### Operators

### Operator ==(CharFormat, CharFormat)

```
1. public static bool operator == (CharFormat a, CharFormat b)
```

Checks if two formats are the same

### Operator !=(CharFormat, CharFormat)

```
1. public static bool operator != (CharFormat a, CharFormat b)
```

Checks if two formats are not the same

## FormatString

```
1. public class FormatString : ICollection<(char, CharFormat?)>, ICloneable,
IEquatable<FormatString>
```

A formatted string with support for colors and many more. (Note that windows 10 terminal only correctly supports colors and lacks support for other options). It uses ANSI escape sequences

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.Formatting
```

#### Constructors

### FormatString()

```
1. public FormatString ()
```

Initializes an empty string

### FormatString(FormatString)

```
1. public FormatString (FormatString fs)
```

Clones another FormatString

### FormatString(FormatString)

```
1. public FormatString (ICollection<(char, CharFormat?)> fs)
```

Clones a collection of chars and charFormats

### FormatString(string)

```
1. public FormatString (string s)
```

Initializes an string with content. Here, you can use the string formatting, explained later

### FormatString (string, CharFormat?)

```
1. public FormatString (string s, CharFormat? f)
```

Initializes a new FormatString from a string applying the same format to all chars

### FormatString (params (string, CharFormat?)[])

```
1. public FormatString (params (string, CharFormat?)[] b)
```

Initializes a new FormatString from several strings applying each one its specified format

## Fields

### addFinalReset

```
1. public bool addFinalReset;
```

If the built string will reset back to the terminal default at the end. Default is true

### usesColors

```
1. public static bool usesColors;
```

If the outputted string has coloring. It is automatically set to false if the environment variable NO_COLOR exists

## Properties

### content

```
1. public string content {get;}
```

Gets the text content

### format

```
1. public List<CharFormat?> format {get;}
```

Gets the format in the form of CharFormat, class defined earlier

### built

```
1. public string built {get;}
```

The built string with the format applied

### Length

```
1. public int Length {get;}
```

The length of the string

### Count

```
1. public int Count {get;}
```

The length of the string

### IsReadOnly

```
1. public bool IsReadOnly {get;}
```

Always return false

## Methods

### Clear

```
1. public void Clear ()
```

Clears the content of the string

### Clone()

```
1. public object Clone ()
```

Clones the current instance

### Clone(FormatString)

```
1. public static FormatString Clone (FormatString fs)
```

Clones the passed instance

### GetEnumerator

```
1. public IEnumerator<(char, CharFormat?)> GetEnumerator ()
```

Gets the enumerator

### Append(string, IEnumerable<CharFormat?>

```
1. public void Append (string s, IEnumerable<CharFormat?> f)
```

Appends text with a specific format. Each character has its own format

### Append(string, CharFormat?)

```
1. public void Append (string s, CharFormat? f)
```

Appends text with a specific format. Each character has the same format

### Append(object, CharFormat?)

```
1. public void Append (object s, CharFormat? f)
```

The object is transformed to string and the text is text is appended. Each character has the same format

### Append(FormatString)

```
1. public void Append (FormatString f)
```

Appends a whole FormatString wit its format

### Append((char, CharFormat?))

```
1. public void Append ((char, CharFormat?) f)
```

Appends a single char with its format

### Append(string)

```
1. public void Append (string s)
```

Text is appended, and text formatting can be used. Text formatting determined the format of the next characters. It is started with / and enclosed in []. You can prevent this from happening escaping with \: \/[ wont be parsed as a format. Inside, the different values and options are separated by commas. This are all the options as examples:

```
“/[B]Hello World!” //Bold text
“/[T]Hello World!” //Thin text
“/[D]Hello World!” //Normal density text
“/[RT]Hello World!” //Normal density text
“/[RD]Hello World!” //Normal density text

“/[I]Hello World!” //Italic text
“/[RI]Hello World!” //Not italic text
```

```
“/[U]Hello World!” //Underlined text
“/[DU]Hello World!” //Double underlined text
“/[RU]Hello World!” //Not underlined text

“/[S]Hello World!” //Strike-through text
“/[RS]Hello World!” //No strike-through text

“/[C,255,0,0]Hello World!” //Red colored text(RGB)
“/[F,255,0,0]Hello World!” //Red colored text(RGB)
“/[C#,ff0000]Hello World!” //Red colored text(hex)
“/[F#,ff0000]Hello World!” //Red colored text(hex)
“/[RC]Hello World!” //Reset color to the terminal default text
“/[RF]Hello World!” //Reset color to the terminal default text

“/[BG,255,0,0]Hello World!” //Red background text(RGB)
“/[BG#,ff0000]Hello World!” //Red background text(hex)
“/[RB]Hello World!” //Reset background color to the terminal default text

“/[0]Hello World!” //All properties reset to the terminal default text

“/[C#,10ff30,B#,ffffff]Hello World!” //Green text over white background text.
                                     //Multiple properties can be set at once
```

## Add

```
1. public void Add ((char, CharFormat?) f)
```

Appends a single char

## Contains

```
1. public bool Contains ((char, CharFormat?) f)
```

Returns true if the string contains a char with a format

## Substring

```
1. public FormatString Substring (int si, int n)
```

Returns a substring using si as the start index and n as number of chars

## SplitIntoLines

```
1. public FormatString[] SplitIntoLines ()
```

Splits the current instance into multiple lines using all the possible newline combinations as separators

### RemoveFromStart

```
1. public bool RemoveFromStart (int n)
```

Removes n chars from the start of the content and returns true if it was possible

### RemoveFromEnd

```
1. public bool RemoveFromEnd (int n)
```

Removes n chars from the end of the content and returns true if it was possible

### Remove

```
1. public bool Remove ((char, CharFormat?) f)
```

Removes a char from the string and returns true if it was possible

### RemoveRange

```
1. public bool RemoveRange (int si, int n)
```

Removes n chars using as starting index si (0 indexing) and returns true if it was possible

### CopyTo

```
1. public void CopyTo ((char, CharFormat?)[] array, int index)
```

Copies to an array

### Equals(object)

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if two FormatStrings are equal

### Equals(FormatString?)

```
1. public bool Equals (FormatString? fs)
```

Checks if two FormatStrings are equal

### ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the text with the ANSI format applied. Same as built property

## Operators

### Operator +(FormatString, FormatString)

```
1. public static FormatString operator + (FormatString a, FormatString b)
```

Appends together two FormatStrings

### Operator +(string, FormatString)

```
1. public static FormatString operator + (string a, FormatString b)
```

Appends together a string and a FormatString

### Operator +(FormatString, string)

```
1. public static FormatString operator + (FormatString a, string b)
```

Appends together a FormatString and a string

### Operator +(char, FormatString)

```
1. public static FormatString operator + (char a, FormatString b)
```

Appends together a char and a FormatString

### Operator +(FormatString, char)

```
1. public static FormatString operator + (FormatString a, char b)
```

Appends together a FormatString and a char

### Operator *(FormatString, CharFormat?)

```
1. public static FormatString operator * (FormatString a, CharFormat? b)
```

Applies a format to all characters in a FormatString

### Operator ==(FormatString, FormatString)

```
1. public static bool operator == (FormatString a, FormatString b)
```

Checks if two FormatStrings are equal

### Operator !=(FormatString, FormatString)

```
1. public static bool operator != (FormatString a, FormatString b)
```

Checks if two FormatStrings are not equal

### Implicit Operator FormatString(string)

```
1. public static implicit operator FormatString (string s)
```

Casts a string to a FormatString

## AshFile

```
1. public class AshFile : IDictionary<string, object>, ICloneable,
IEquatable<AshFile>
```

A Data structure made up from camps, that each have a key and a value(represented by an object because it can be of many types).
This structure makes it easy to be saved into a file in a new file format (.ash).
It also allow to be easily shared as text with its human-readable string format.

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

## Constructors

### AshFile()

```
1. public AshFile()
```

Initializes a new empty AshFile

### AshFile(AshFile)

```
1. public AshFile(AshFile a)
```

Clones an existing AshFile

### AshFile(IDictionary<string, object>)

```
1. public AshFile(IDictionary<string, object> d)
```

Initializes a new AshFile using an existing IDictionary, the structure used internally

### AshFile(string, string)

```
1. public AshFile(string path, string passw = null)
```

Loads an AshFile from the specified path. You can provide a password to open it with

## Fields

### path

```
1. public string? path;
```

The path of the file, if it has any

### format

```
1. public byte format;
```

Specifies the format in which the file will be saved. Latest format is 3

### compactBools

```
1. public bool compactBools;
```

Config value for the file format. If set to true, bools will be compacted together using less space. Default is true

### maskCampNames

```
1. public bool maskCampNames;
```

Config value for the file format. If set to true, camp names will be masked so they are not readable when the file is viewed as raw text. Default is true

### maskStrings

```
1. public bool maskStrings;
```

Config value for the file format. If set to true, string values will be masked so they are not readable when the file is viewed as raw tex. Default is true

### password

```
1. public string password;
```

Password to use when writing

### defaultSeparator

```
1. public const string defaultSeparator = ".";
```

The default separator for tree structures

### latestFormat

```
1. public const int latestFormat= 4;
```

The latest AshFile format version

### writeUseLatestFormat

```
1. public static bool writeUseLatestFormat = false;
```

If only the latest format should be used for all write operations regardless of the format specified in the AshFile options

## Properties

### FormatOptions

```
1. public AshFileFormatOptions FormatOptions {get;}
```

Gets the file format options as a AshFileFormatOptions record, defined earlier

### Count

```
1. public int Count {get;}
```

Returns the number of camps

### Keys

```
1. public ICollection<string> Keys
```

The collection of all keys

### Values

```
1. public ICollection<object> Values
```

The collection of all values

### IsReadOnly

```
1. public int IsReadOnly {get;}
```

Always returns false

### IsFixedSize

```
1. public int IsFixedSize {get;}
```

Always returns false

## Methods

### Clear

```
1. public void Clear ()
```

Deletes all camps

### Clone()

```
1. public object Clone ()
```

Clones all the camps from this AshFile to a new one, keeping the references different

### Clone(AshFile)

```
1. public static AshFile Clone (AshFile a)
```

Clones all the camps from one AshFile to a new one, keeping the references different

### Merge

```
1. public static AshFile Merge (AshFile a1, AshFile a2)
```

Merges two AshFiles into 1. The second AshFile has priority if two camps are named the same

### GetEnumerator

```
1. public IEnumerator<KeyValuePair<string, object>> GetEnumerator ()
```

Gets the enumerator

### Visualize

```
1. public string Visualize ()
```

Produces a list of all the elements. Arrays show all elements. The format is:

```
“Name1: Value1
 Name2: Value2”
```

### VisualizeFormatted

```
1. public FormatString VisualizeFormatted (CharFormat? name, CharFormat? val)
```

Same as Visualize, but gives the string formatting. name will be applied to the camp names and val to values

### ImportFormatOptions

```
1. public void ImportFormatOptions (AshFileFormatOptions conf)
```

Loads the format options from a record

### Load(string, string)

```
1. public void Load (string path, string passw = null)
```

Loads the file from the path and save the path internally. You may also provide a password

### Load(string)

```
1. public void Load (string passw = null)
```

Loads the file from the path saved internally. You may also provide a password

### Save(string)

```
1. public void Save (string path)
```

Saves the file from the path and saves the path internally

### Save()

```
1. public void Save ()
```

Saves the file from the internal path

### ReadFromFile

```
1. public static Dictionary<string, object> ReadFromFile(string path, out
AshFileFormatOptions conf, string passw = null)
```

Reads the file from the path argument and returns it. Outputs the format options in conf. You may also provide a password

### ReadFromBytes(byte[], out AshFileFormatOptions, string)

```
1. public static Dictionary<string, object> ReadFromBytes(byte[] fileBytes, out
AshFileFormatOptions conf, string passw = null)
```

Reads the file from the byte array and returns it. Outputs the format options in the conf argument. You may also provide a password

### ReadFromBytes(byte[], string)

```
1. public static AshFile ReadFromBytes (byte[] fileBytes, string passw = null)
```

Loads an AshFile from a byte array. Auto handles format and format options. You may also provide a password

### WriteToFile

```
1. public static void WriteToFile (string path, Dictionary<string, object>
dictionary, AshFileFormatOptions conf)
```

Writes the data into a file in the path argument. Format options can be specified

### WriteToBytes(Dictionary<string, CampValue>, AshFileFormatOptions)

```
1. public static byte[] WriteToBytes (Dictionary<string, object> dictionary,
AshFileFormatOptions conf)
```

Transforms the data into the byte representation. Format and config can be specified

### WriteToBytes()

```
1. public byte[] WriteToBytes ()
```

Transforms the current instance into the byte representation.

### ApplyModel(AshFileModel)

```
1. public void ApplyModel (AshFileModel m)
```

Applies a model to the AshFile

### ApplyModel(AshFile, AshFileModel)

```
1. public static AshFile ApplyModel (AshFile a, AshFileModel m)
```

Applies a model to an AshFile and returns a new one. Original one is not modified

### GetCampTree

```
1. public TreeNode<string> GetKeyTree (string separator)
```

Gets a string tree with the camp structure, using a string as separator. If not specified, defaultSeparator will be used as separator

### GetValueTree

```
1. public TreeNode<string> GetValueTree (string separator)
```

Gets a string tree with all the camps visualized nicely in a tree structure using a separator. Arrays show all elements too. If not specified, defaultSeparator will be used as separator

### VisualizeAsTree

```
1. public string VisualizeAsTree (string separator)
```

Returns the tree gotten with GetValueTree as a string, a nicely formatted tree structure. If not specified, defaultSeparator will be used as separator

### GetFormattedValueTree

```
1. public TreeNode<FormatString> GetFormattedValueTree (CharFormat? name, CharFormat? val, string separator)
```

Gets a formatted string tree with all the camps visualized nicely in a tree structure using a separator. Arrays show all elements too. name will be used for camp names and val for camp value. If not specified, defaultSeparator will be used as separator

### VisualizeAsFormattedTree

```
1. public FormatString VisualizeAsFormattedTree (CharFormat? line, CharFormat? name, CharFormat? val, string separator)
```

Returns the tree gotten with GetValueTree as a formatted string, a nicely formatted tree structure. line will be used for tree lines, name will be used for camp names and val for camp value. If not specified, defaultSeparator will be used as separator

### ContainsKey

```
1. public bool ContainsKey (string key)
```

Checks if a specific camp exists, returns true if it does.

### Contains

```
1. public bool Contains (KeyValuePair<string, object> kvp)
```

Checks if a specific camp exists, returns true if it does.

### Set

```
1. public void Set (string key, object val)
```

Sets the camp with the argument key to the object. It can be of any type

### Add(string, object)

```
1. public void Add (string key, object val)
```

Sets the camp with the argument key to the object. It can be of any type

### Add(KeyValuePair<string, object>)

```
1. public void Add (KeyValuePair<string, object> kvp)
```

Sets the camp with the argument key to the object. It can be of any type

### Initialize

```
1. public void Initialize (string key, object val)
```

If the camp with that key exists, nothing will happen. If the camp with that key doesn't exists, it will set it to that object

### GetValue

```
1. public object GetValue (string key)
```

Returns the value of a camp. If the camp doesn't exists, a null object will be returned

### TryGetValue

```
1. public bool TryGetValue (string key, out object val)
```

If the camp doesn't exists, returns false. If it is possible to get the value, it will return true and output the value in the out argument

### GetValue<T>

```
1. public T GetValue<T> (string key)
```

If the camp doesn't exist or isn't of the type T, it will return the default value of the T type. Else it will return the camp value directly cast

### TryGetValue<T>

```
1. public bool TryGetValue<T> (string key, out T val)
```

If the camp doesn't exist or isn't of the type T, it will return false. Else it will return true and the camp value directly cast in the out argument

### GetOrDefault<T>

```
1. public T GetOrDefault<T> (string key, T def)
```

If the camp doesn't exist or isn't of the type T, it will return the default value given in the arguments. Else it will return the camp value directly cast

### GetValueype

```
1. public Type GetValueType (string key)
```

Returns the Type of value of a camp. If the camp doesn't exist, null will be returned

### TryGetValueType

```
1. public bool TryGetValueType (string name, out Type t)
```

If the camp doesn't exists, returns false. If it is possible to get the type of value, it will return true and output the type in the out argument

### Remove(string)

```
1. public bool Remove (string key)
```

Removes the camp with that key if it exists and outputs true, else will output false

### Remove(KeyValuePair<string, object>)

```
1. public bool Remove (KeyValuePair<string, object> kvp)
```

Removes the camp with that key and value if it exists and outputs true, else will output false

### RemoveAll

```
1. public int RemoveAll (Predicate< KeyValuePair<string, object>> condition)
```

Removes all camps that return true in the passed condition and returns the count of removed camps

### Rename

```
1. public bool Rename (string oldKey, string newKey)
```

Renames the camp with the new key if it exists and output true, else will output false

### CopyTo

```
1. public void CopyTo (KeyValuePair<string, object>[] array, int arrayIndex)
```

Copies content to an array

### Equals(object)

```
1. public override bool Equals (object obj)
```

Checks if the contents of two AshFiles are the same

### Equals(AshFile?)

```
1. public bool Equals (AshFile? af)
```

Checks if the contents of two AshFiles are the same

### Parse

```
1. public static AshFile Parse (string s)
```

Parses an AshFile from a string in the AshFile string format. This is its structure of a camp:

```
<name> : type : value ; nextCamp…

<name> : type : [value1; value2; value3]; //For arrays
```

Note that the spaces can be any whitespace of any length. Here is the list of all types(same as supported by the file format):

```
@: string, values must be enclosed with “”
ub: byte
us: ushort
ui: uint
ul: ulong
sb: sbyte
s: short
n: int
i: int
l: long
#: Color3, struct defined earlier, values must be in hex
f: float
d: double
v2: Vec2, struct defined earlier, 2 float values are expected serparated by commas
v3: Vec3, struct defined earlier, 3 float values are expected serparated by commas
v4: Vec4, struct defined earlier, 4 float values are expected serparated by commas
b: boolean
dt: Date, struct defined earlier, 6 numbers are expected separated by /, day, month,
year, hour, minute, second
```

Here is an example of an AshFile in this string format:

```
<names> :@: [“Julian”; “George”; “Donald”; “Viktor”; “Theodore”];
<todayDate>:dt:    13/4/2006/12/31/9; <message>:@:”Hello! Good morning!”;
    <emailID> :ul: 1298908;
```

## TryParse

```
1. public static bool TryParse (string s, out AshFile a)
```

Tries parsing and returns true if its possible along with the parsed object in the out argument

## ToString

```
1. public override string ToString ()
```

Returns the string representation of the AshFile

## ToStringCompact

```
1. public string ToStringCompact ()
```

Returns the most compact form of the string representation of the AshFile

### ToJson

```
1. public string ToJson ()
```

Returns the json representation of the AshFile

## Operators

### Operator [string]

```
1. public object this[string key] {get; set;}
```

Equivalent to GetValue(key) and Set(key, value) methods

### Operator == (AshFile, AshFile)

```
1. public static bool operator == (AshFile a1, AshFile a2)
```

Checks if the contents of two AshFiles are the same

### Operator != (AshFile, AshFile)

```
1. public static bool operator != (AshFile a1, AshFile a2)
```

Checks if the contents of two AshFiles are not the same

### Operator + (AshFile, AshFile)

```
1. public static AshFile operator + (AshFile a1, AshFile a2)
```

Will merge the two data structures. If both contain a camp with the same name, the second operand (a2) will have priority and put its camps over

### Operator * (AshFile, AshFileModel)

```
1. public static AshFile operator * (AshFile b, AshFileModel m)
```

Will apply a model to an AshFile

### Explicit Operator AshFile (Dictionary<string, CampValue>)

```
1. public static implicit operator AshFile (Dictionary<string, object> d)
```

Casts a dictionary into an AshFile. Create a new AshFile with the Dictionary as data

## ModelInstance

An instance for the AshFileModel

### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

### Constructors

### ModelInstance(ModelInstanceOperation, string, object)

```
1. public ModelInstance (ModelInstanceOperation o, string nam, object val)
```

Initlaizes a new ModelInstance with its type of operation, the target camp(name), and the value of the camp

### Fields

### operation

```
1. public ModelInstanceOperation operation;
```

The mode of operation of the instance

### name

```
1. public string name;
```

The target camp name

### value

```
1. public object value;
```

The value of the camp, its use depends on the operation mode

## AshFileModel

Helps putting an AshFile into a correct format for easy use. It has instances, that will do a different number of things to camps, and actions, that are functions that will execute for all camps

#### Namespace

```
AshLib.AshFiles
```

#### Constructors

### AshFileModel(params ModelInstance[])

```
1. public AshFileModel (params ModelInstance[] insArray)
```

Initializes a new model with the instances passed as arguments

#### Fields

### allowUnsupportedTypes

```
1. public bool allowUnsupportedTypes;
```

If object types not supported by the file format of string format(they are the same) will be deleted. Default is true

### deleteNotMentioned

```
1. public bool deleteNotMentioned;
```

If the camps not mentioned in the instance will be deleted. Default is false

### DeleteUnsupportedTypes

```
1. public static readonly AshFileModel DeleteUnsupportedTypes;
```

A model that will delete all camps with types not supported

## Properties

### instances

```
1. public List<ModelInstance> instances {get;}
```

The instances of the model

### actions

```
1. public List<Action<AshFile, string, object>> actions {get;}
```

The list of actions of the model that will be executed for all camps after the instances

## Methods

### Merge

```
1. public void Merge (AshFileModel m)
```

Merges into the current instance another model. Only instances and actions will be merged

## Operators

### Operator + (AshFileModel, AshFileModel)

```
1. public static AshFileModel operator + (AshFileModel m1, AshFileModel m2)
```

Merges two models. The first model is the modified one and is also the one returned.

# ReactiveList<T>

```
1. public class ReactiveList<T> : IList<T>, System.Collections.IList,
IReadOnlyList<T>
```

A list class that has an action on change, apart from other additions. This class is **EXACTLY** the same as List<T> unless specified. Only additions will be reviewed, please refer to official documentation for other members, equal to those of List<T>

## Namespace

```
AshLib.Lists
```

## Properties

### Length

```
1. public int Length {get;}
```

Same as Count, returns length of the list

### OnChanged

```
1. public Action? OnChanged {set;}
```

Action that will be called whenever the elements of the list are changed. Adding, setting, removing, inserting and moving elements will trigger it, as well as clearing, reversing or sorting the list.

## Methods

### Move

```
1. public void Move (int index, int newIndex)
```

Moves an item in an index to a new index