# Compulsory exercise 2: Group 24

TMA4268 Statistical Learning V2019

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#### Help for equation set-up:

```
E[(y_0 - \hat{f}(x_0))^2] = \text{ definition of y0} E[(f(x_0) + \epsilon + \hat{f}(x_0))^2] = \text{ by linearity of the expectation} E[f(x_0)^2] + E[\hat{f}(x_0)^2] - 2E[f(x_0)\hat{f}(x_0)] + 0 = \text{ using the definition of variance} f(x_0)^2 + Var(\epsilon) + Var(\hat{f}(x_0)) + E[\hat{f}(x_0)]^2 - 2f(x_0)E[\hat{f}(x_0)] = \underbrace{Var(\epsilon)}_{\text{Variance of prediction}} + \underbrace{\left(f(x_0) - E[\hat{f}(x_0)]\right)^2}_{\text{Squared bias}}
```

### Problem 1

- a)
- b)
- **c**)
- d)

```
library(ISLR)
set.seed(1)
train.ind = sample(1:nrow(College), 0.5 * nrow(College))
college.train = College[train.ind, ]
college.test = College[-train.ind, ]
str(College)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 777 obs. of 18 variables:
## $ Private : Factor w/ 2 levels "No","Yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Apps : num 1660 2186 1428 417 193 ...
## $ Accept : num 1232 1924 1097 349 146 ...
## $ Enroll : num 721 512 336 137 55 158 103 489 227 172 ...
## $ Top10perc : num 23 16 22 60 16 38 17 37 30 21 ...
## $ Top25perc : num 52 29 50 89 44 62 45 68 63 44 ...
```

```
## $ F.Undergrad: num
                      2885 2683 1036 510 249 ...
## $ P.Undergrad: num
                       537 1227 99 63 869 ...
## $ Outstate
               : num
                       7440 12280 11250 12960 7560 ...
                       3300 6450 3750 5450 4120 ...
## $ Room.Board : num
##
   $ Books
                : num
                      450 750 400 450 800 500 500 450 300 660 ...
##
  $ Personal
              : num 2200 1500 1165 875 1500 ...
  $ PhD
                : num 70 29 53 92 76 67 90 89 79 40 ...
                : num
                       78 30 66 97 72 73 93 100 84 41 ...
## $ Terminal
##
   $ S.F.Ratio : num
                      18.1 12.2 12.9 7.7 11.9 9.4 11.5 13.7 11.3 11.5 ...
                      12 16 30 37 2 11 26 37 23 15 ...
## $ perc.alumni: num
## $ Expend
               : num
                      7041 10527 8735 19016 10922 ...
## $ Grad.Rate : num 60 56 54 59 15 55 63 73 80 52 ...
```

**e**)

## Problem 2

a)

FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE

b)

The basis functions for a cubic spline with knots at each quartile, of variable X is,

```
\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \text{begin\{allign\}} \ b\_0(X) = 1 \ \& \ b\_4(X) = (X-q\_1)\{+\} \hat{\ }3 \ | \ b\_1(X) = x \ \& \ b\_5(x) = (X-q\_2)\{+\} \hat{\ }3 \ | \ b\_2(X) = x \hat{\ }2 \ \& \ b\_6(X) = (X-q\_3)\_\{+\} \hat{\ }3 \ | \ b\_3(X) = x \hat{\ }3 \ | \ b\_3(
```

c)
d)
Problem 3
a)
b)
c)
Problem 4
a)
b)
c)
d)
Problem 5
a)
b)
c)
d)
e)
f)
References
James, G., D. Witten, T. Hastie, and R. Tibshirani. 2013. An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R. New York: Springer.