

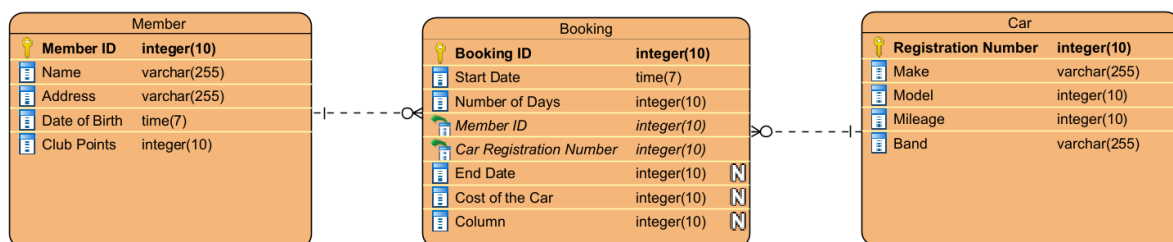
## IN1010 Data Modeling Exercise 2 – Classic Car Club

In this exercise you have to decide what the entities (tables) are, which attributes should belong in which tables, and what the relationships should be.

A **classic car club** where members pay a fee to belong and can book out various classic cars for up to 5 days is developing a database to replace its existing paper-based records system. The customer's membership fee is translated into club points. The database needs to record members by their **unique membership number**, **name**, **address**, **date of birth** and **club points**. The system needs to record **bookings** of cars with a **unique booking id**, a **start date** and a **number of days**. The cars available to members need to be put in the database. Each **car** has a **registration number**, **make**, **model**, **mileage** and **band**. When a booking is complete the system should store the invoice information which should show the **end date** of the booking and the **cost of the car** in club points.

Develop data model in Visual Paradigm to represent the above scenario.

Hint: The relationship between two of the tables is one we haven't used before, but it is on the Visual Paradigm relationship menu.



### Member (Entity)

- Unique membership number (primary key)
- Name
- Address
- Date of Birth
- Club points

### Booking (Entity)

- Unique booking ID (primary key)
- Start Date
- Number of days
- Member ID (foreign key to member)
- Car registration (foreign key to car)
- End Date
- Cost in Club Points

### Car (Entity)

- Registration Number (primary key)
- Make
- Model
- Mileage
- Band
- Booking ID (foreign key to booking)