## **Signs Spanning Numbers**

Some characters in Arabic script are signs that span (or enclose) numbers. Over time these have been variously called:

- prepended concatenation marks
- subtending marks
- prefixed format control characters

Since digit choice is dependent on regional use, these marks may be used with European digits (U+0030..U+0039), ARABIC-INDIC digits (U+0660..U+0669) or with EXTENDED ARABIC-INDIC digits (U+06F0..U+06F9).

From a practical standpoint there isn't a need to support an arbitrary-length sequence of digits. For SIL fonts, we have found the maximum number of digits as documented in the following table to be sufficient for most uses.

Examples of how these are formatted are shown below using varying number of digits with *hamza* used as a separator.

Characters	Glyph	max # digits
0600 ARABIC NUMBER SIGN	2 <u>11702112</u> 2	3
0601 ARABIC SIGN SANAH (year sign)	على على عسمال عالم عالم	4
0602 ARABIC FOOTNOTE MARKER	saltsals	2
0603 ARABIC SIGN SAFHA	وصل وصلا وصلاع وعلا و	4
0604 ARABIC SIGN SAMVAT	2 <u>1774</u> cm2 <u>177</u> cm2 <u>17</u> cm2_1cm2	4
0605 ARABIC NUMBER MARK ABOVE	e Tree Tre Tre Te	4
0890 ARABIC POUND MARK ABOVE	s ITTES ITTS ITS IS	4
0891 ARABIC PIASTRE MARK ABOVE	s ITTE STRE ST S I S	4
06DD ARABIC END OF AYAH	د ش د ش د ش د	3
08E2 ARABIC DISPUTED END OF AYAH	5 1975 195 195	3

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