Homework 1

The genetic algorithm will use three classes to perform it. The Chromosome class is the class containing constructors and functions to manipulate the contents of each Chromosome. The Population class is the class containing the constructors and functions to manipulate the population of 20 chromosomes called chromosomes which are chromosome objects of size 10. The GA class will perform the actual algorithm by using the function GAEvaluate which takes in the initial population as input. The function does a roulette selection using the roulette Selection function and proceeds to do replication, crossover and then mutation. This is done until the solution with a fitness value of ten is found in the population.

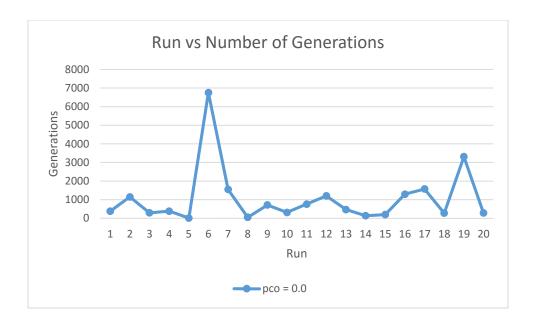
GAEvalute

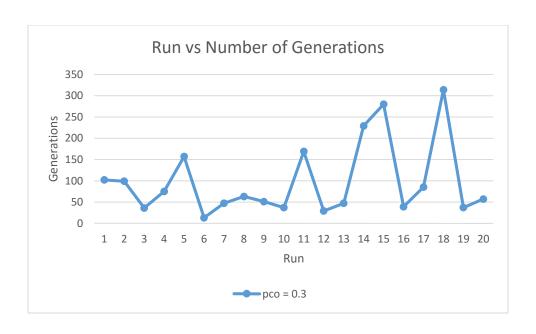
Input: Population initialPopulation Output: Number of generations

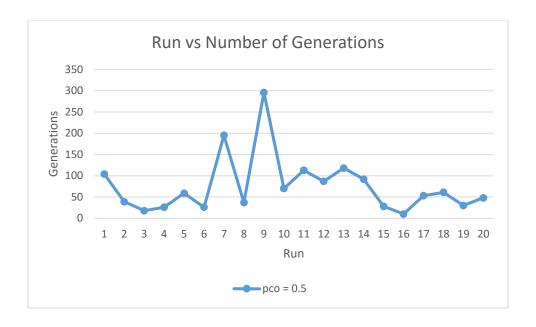
> Set Population object pop to values of the initialPopulation Set numbOfGenerations to one if solution is in pop then set variable found true else false while found is not true

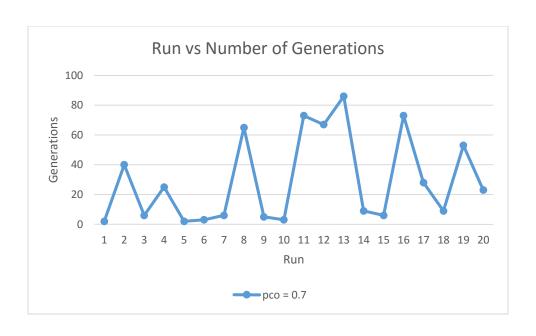
> > set Population object newGen with the values in pop do rouleteSelection on pop do replication on pop if Pco value is not zero then do crossOver do mutate on pop put all the new values of newGen in pop calculate the fitness values of all the chromosomes in pop if solution is in pop then set variable found true else false increase numbOfGenerations by one

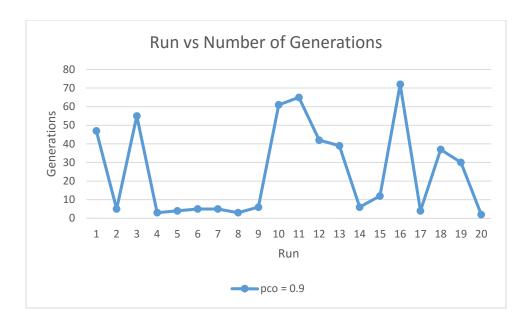
end while return numbOfGenerations











Pco Value	0	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
Average	1056.5	98.3	75.5	29.2	25.15
Number of					
Generations					

Pco 0 Output:

Initial Population:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

 $1000010110\ 1010110000\ 1010010001\ 01111110101\ 0001010110\ 1111011001\ 0100100110$ $0001100101\ 0000110000\ 0111010111\ 1010010111\ 1100111101\ 0111010010\ 0011010110$ $1010010101\ 1000101111\ 0101011001\ 1101101010\ 1111101111\ 0011100010$

Population After CrossOver:

 $1000010110\ 1010110000\ 1010010001\ 01111110101\ 0001010110\ 1111011001\ 0100100110$ $0001100101\ 0000110000\ 0111010111\ 1010010111\ 1100111101\ 0111101011\ 0011100010$ $1010010101\ 1000101111\ 0101011001\ 1101101010\ 1111101111\ 0011100010$

Population After Mutation:

Pco 0.7 Output:

Initial Population:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

Population After CrossOver:

Population After Mutation:

Part 3:

(i) The pco value of 0.9 produced the best results with a average value of 25.15 average number of generations.

(ii) Mutation is better with crossover as with crossover. The reason being that crossover pulls the whole population towards the solution rather than just one individual chromosome like mutation does. This allows the population to converge faster towards the solution than just using mutation.