

Haskell intro

Assignment1

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1 Design/Implementation

Overall in this assignment our goal was to not use helper functions, where not specifically needed. This to make readability easier and making the code less complex since many of our helper functions from the previous assignment were unnecessary. We started by making a helper function for each arithmetic operation from "initial context". This was to get the first and second element from the list. After a while we got really annoyed doing that and found out that you can just get the first and second element by changing to [] list-brackets. We used head and tail in equality, but onlineTA says that we should not use them. We check for empty lists and a list of different length, so we check for possible errors which we found while testing from head and tail. In evalExpr we used the do notation to make it more readable when we have multiple actions in the same statement.

2 Code Assessment

According to our own tests and onlineTa, everything except array compression works. Array compression was the hardest part and is only partly working. ACFor only works for arrays with numbers. If you have a String it sees the string as only

one element and not multiple characters. ACFor does not work with nested for's. We weren't able to make nested for's working. We use putVar and know that it works. So the ACFor can see the variable, but one problem is that only the body should see the variable but now the whole ACFor sees the new variable. In ACIf we have the problem when the if clause evaluates to false it has to return a Value, but the assignment says it should return nothing. IF ACIf is inside a ACFor our solution does not work, but if there's a single ACIf then it works.

We ran our own tests to show these failures. These can be run by stack test (the last 6 out of 84 tests fail, which we also described in the assessment above).

One place where our test cases were able to help us find errors was in equality and having arrays of different lengths. We fixed it by checking for empty arrays and for different array lengths then we return a FalseVal.

A Code Listing

```
1 module SubsInterpreter
2     (
3         Value(..)
4     , runExpr
5     , equality
6     , smallerThen
7     , add
8     , mul
9     , sub
10    , modulo
11    , mkArray
12    -- You may include additional exports here, if you want to
13    -- write unit tests for them.
14    )
15    where
16
17 import SubsAst
18
19 -- You might need the following imports
20 import Control.Monad
21 import qualified Data.Map as Map
22 import Data.Map (Map)
23
24
25 -- | A value is either an integer, the special constant
26    ↪ undefined,
```

```

26  -- true, false, a string, or an array of values.
27  -- Expressions are evaluated to values.
28  data Value = IntVal Int
29              | UndefinedVal
30              | TrueVal | FalseVal
31              | StringVal String
32              | ArrayVal [Value]
33              deriving (Eq, Show)
34
35
36  type Error = String
37  type Env = Map Ident Value
38  type Primitive = [Value] -> Either Error Value
39  type PEnv = Map FunName Primitive
40  type Context = (Env, PEnv)
41
42  initialContext :: Context
43  initialContext = (Map.empty, initialPEnv)
44  where initialPEnv =
45          Map.fromList [ ("===", equality)
46                      , ("<", smallerThen)
47                      , ("+", add)
48                      , ("*", mul)
49                      , ("-", sub)
50                      , ("%", modulo)
51                      , ("Array", mkArray)
52                      ]
53
54  newtype SubsM a = SubsM {runSubsM :: Context -> Either Error (a,
55                               ↪ Env)}
56
57  instance Monad SubsM where
58    return x = SubsM $ \ (e, _) -> Right (x, e)
59    m >>= f = SubsM $ \ c@(_, p) -> runSubsM m c >>= \ (x, e') ->
60      ↪ runSubsM (f x) (e', p)
61    fail s = SubsM $ \ _ -> Left s
62
63  -- You may modify these if you want, but it shouldn't be
64  -- necessary
65  instance Functor SubsM where
66    fmap = liftM
67
68  instance Applicative SubsM where
69    pure = return
70    (<*>) = ap

```

```

67
68 equality :: Primitive
69 equality [IntVal a, IntVal b] = if (a == b) then Right TrueVal
    ↳ else Right FalseVal
70 equality [UndefinedVal, UndefinedVal] = Right TrueVal
71 equality [StringVal a, StringVal b] = if a == b then Right
    ↳ TrueVal else Right FalseVal
72 equality [TrueVal, TrueVal] = Right TrueVal
73 equality [FalseVal, FalseVal] = Right TrueVal
74 equality [ArrayVal [], ArrayVal []] = Right TrueVal
75 equality [ArrayVal [], ArrayVal _] = Right FalseVal
76 equality [ArrayVal _, ArrayVal []] = Right FalseVal
77 equality [ArrayVal a, ArrayVal b] = if head a == head b
78     then equality [ArrayVal (tail a), ArrayVal (tail b)]
79     else Right FalseVal
80 equality [_ , _] = Right FalseVal
81 equality _ = Left "Wrong number of arguments"
82
83 smallerThen :: Primitive
84 smallerThen [IntVal a, IntVal b] = if a < b then Right TrueVal
    ↳ else Right FalseVal
85 smallerThen [StringVal a, StringVal b] = if a < b then Right
    ↳ TrueVal else Right FalseVal
86 smallerThen [_ , _] = Right FalseVal
87 smallerThen _ = Left "Wrong number of arguments"
88
89 add :: Primitive
90 add [IntVal a, IntVal b] = Right (IntVal(a + b))
91 add [StringVal a, StringVal b] = Right (StringVal(a ++ b))
92 add [IntVal a, StringVal b] = Right (StringVal(show a ++ b))
93 add [StringVal a, IntVal b] = Right (StringVal(a ++ show b))
94 add [_ , _] = Left "No Int or String"
95 add _ = Left "Wrong number of arguments"
96
97 mul :: Primitive
98 mul [IntVal a, IntVal b] = Right (IntVal(a*b))
99 mul [_ , _] = Left "No Integer"
100 mul _ = Left "Wrong number of arguments"
101
102 sub :: Primitive
103 sub [IntVal a, IntVal b] = Right (IntVal(a-b))
104 sub [_ , _] = Left "No Integer"
105 sub _ = Left "Wrong number of arguments"
106

```

```

107 modulo :: Primitive
108 modulo [IntVal a, IntVal b] = if b == 0 then Left "Division by
    ↳ Zero" else Right (IntVal (mod a b))
109 modulo [_, _] = Left "No Integer"
110 modulo _ = Left "Wrong number of arguments"
111
112 mkArray :: Primitive
113 mkArray [IntVal n] | n >= 0 = return $ ArrayVal (replicate n
    ↳ UndefinedVal)
114 mkArray _ = Left "Array() called with wrong number or type of
    ↳ arguments"
115
116 modifyEnv :: (Env -> Env) -> SubsM ()
117 modifyEnv f = SubsM $ \ (e, _) -> Right ((), f e)
118
119 putVar :: Ident -> Value -> SubsM ()
120 putVar name val = modifyEnv $ \ e -> Map.insert name val e
121
122 getVar :: Ident -> SubsM Value
123 getVar name = SubsM $ \ (e, _) -> case Map.lookup name e of
124     Just v -> Right (v, e)
125     Nothing -> Left "No value
    ↳ found in map"
126
127 getFunction :: FunName -> SubsM Primitive
128 getFunction name = SubsM $ \ (e, p) -> case Map.lookup name p of
129     Just v -> Right (v, e)
130     Nothing -> Left "No value
    ↳ found in map"
131
132 evalExpr :: Expr -> SubsM Value
133 evalExpr Undefined = return UndefinedVal
134 evalExpr TrueConst = return TrueVal
135 evalExpr FalseConst = return FalseVal
136 evalExpr (Number a) = return $ IntVal a
137 evalExpr (String a) = return $ StringVal a
138 evalExpr (Var a) = getVar a
139 evalExpr (Array []) = return (ArrayVal [])
140 evalExpr (Array (a:ax)) = do
141     a <- evalExpr a
142     ArrayVal ax <- evalExpr (Array ax)
143     return (ArrayVal (a:ax))
144 evalExpr (Compr (ACBody e)) = evalExpr e
145 evalExpr (Compr (ACFor i e c)) = do

```

```

146   a <- evalExpr e
147   case a of
148     ArrayVal xa -> do
149       val <- mapM (\x -> do
150         putVar i x
151         evalExpr (Compr c)) xa
152       return (ArrayVal val)
153     StringVal xs -> do
154       (StringVal s) <- (\_ -> evalExpr (Compr c)) xs
155       return (StringVal s)
156     _ -> fail "FOR needs an array or string"
157
158 evalExpr (Compr (ACIf e c)) = do
159   a <- evalExpr e
160   case a of
161     TrueVal -> evalExpr (Compr c)
162     FalseVal -> return (ArrayVal [])
163     _ -> fail "IF needs a boolean"
164
165 evalExpr (Call a b) = do
166   f <- getFunction a
167   ArrayVal bv <- evalExpr (Array b)
168   case f bv of
169     Right r -> return r
170     Left l -> fail l
171
172 evalExpr (Assign a b) = do
173   v <- evalExpr b
174   putVar a v
175   return v
176
177 evalExpr (Comma a b) = do
178   _ <- evalExpr a
179   evalExpr b
180
181 runExpr :: Expr -> Either Error Value
182 runExpr expr = case runSubsM (evalExpr expr) initialContext of
183   Right r -> Right (fst r)
184   Left l -> Left l

```
