

Digitalization through tax incentives for companies that invest in innovative technologies and the digital training of their employees

Measure dimension

Efficiency increase/Work culture change

Rating

Implementation enhances **efficiency** and is effective across sectors, **government-backed strategy** boosts feasibility.

Impact With sufficient implementation of the measure by

companies, employees' skills and tools will continuously improve, leading to increased efficiency and time-saving through this digital transformation.

transformation

Range The measure is effective in various sectors, especially

in industries with a greater use of digital tools.

Cost The costs can vary greatly depending on the scope

of tax deductions and other financial investments.

Feasibility As the federal government has already initiated a

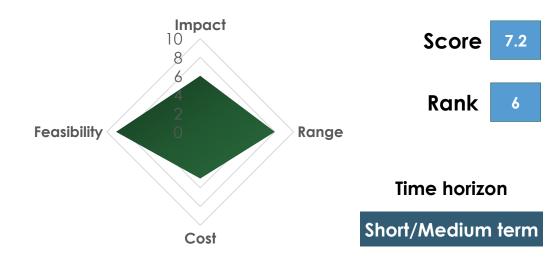
broadly supported digitization strategy, this measure will find an already paved path as an additional

option for digitization.

Implementation to date in Germany

German government has defined a digital strategy until 2025/30:

- Networked society (infrastructure, education, mobility, etc.)
- Digital state (digital administration, digital police, digital justice, cyber security, etc.)
- Innovative economy (location development, technologies)
 - But also measures to stop the shortage of skilled workers (further information can be found in the appendix)





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Cross-referencing for validation

Germany is around the EU average in digitalization

- Index for the digital economy and society: Place 13 (Total in the EU 27)
- Scandinavian countries in particular lead these statistics
- Germany has the greatest deficits in the area of digital public administration
- Germany is above average in the area of connectivity

Biggest challenges for Germany

- At 15.4% fiber optic coverage is below the EU average (50%)
- Less than half of Germans have basic digital skills
- Advanced digital applications are emerging, but face the problem of broad acceptance, which has an impact on the goals of the digital strategy
- Germany needs more digital education, ICT professionals, and economic competitiveness through digital transformation, while also attracting foreign talent with a more digital government

Specific recommendations for action

The current digital strategy addresses a number of issues, but companies need to be more involved in the measures, our advice:

- Implementation of specific tax incentives for companies that invest in innovative technologies and the digital education of their employees in order to further accelerate the digital transformation
- Specifically, companies should be able to partially deduct the costs of digitalization-related training from taxes and apply reduced tax rates for investments in innovative technologies