

The Determinant and Arc Indices of θ -Curves and Handcuff-Graphs

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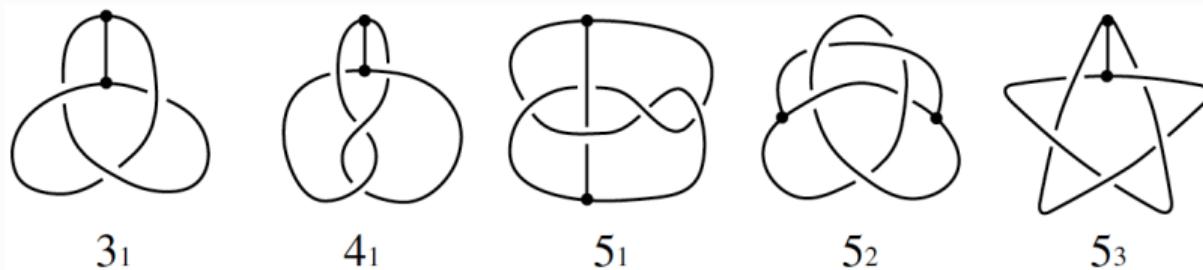
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Introduction

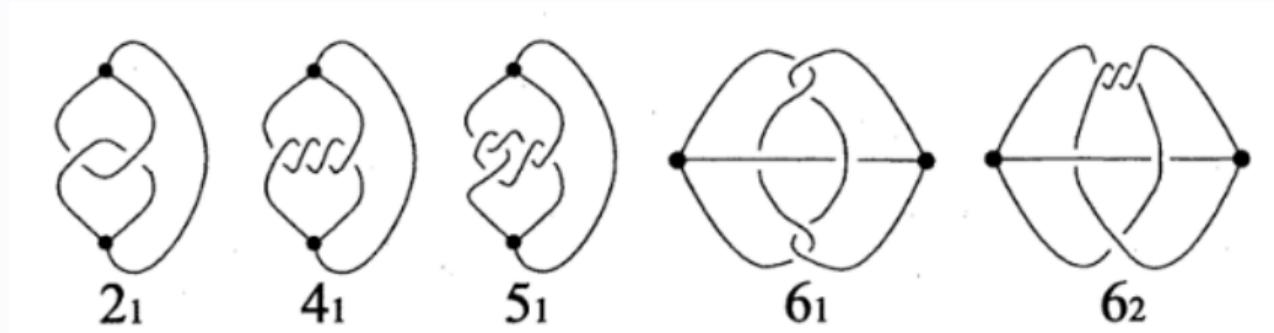
θ -Curves

- A **θ -curve** T is a graph embedded in S^3 , which consists of two vertices v_1, v_2 and three edges e_1, e_2, e_3 , such that each edge joins the vertices.
- A **constituent knot** T_{ij} , $1 \leq i < j \leq 3$, is a subgraph of T that consists of two vertices v_1, v_2 and two edges e_i, e_j .
- θ -curves are roughly classified by comparing the triples of constituent knots.
- A θ -curve is said to be **trivial** if it can be embedded in a 2-sphere in S^3 .



Handcuff Graphs

- A **handcuff graph** H is a graph embedded in S^3 consisting of two vertices (v_1, v_2) and three edges (e_1, e_2, e_3) , where e_3 has distinct endpoints v_1 and v_2 , and e_1 and e_2 are loops based at v_1 and v_2 .
- A **constituent link H_{12}** , is a subgraph of H that consists of two vertices v_1, v_2 and two edges e_1, e_2 .



Arc Presentation

- **Arc presentation** of a θ -curve or handcuff graph is an embedding of them.
- It is contained in the union of finitely many half planes (called **pages**).
- The embedding is with the common boundary line (called **axis**).
- Each vertex lies in the axis.
- Each page contains a properly embedded single arc.
- **Arc index**, is the minimal number of pages among all possible arc presentations of graph.
- This arc presentation with the minimal number of pages is **minimal arc presentation**.

Arc Presentation



Trefoil



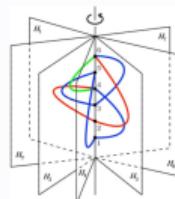
θ_{5,2}



Φ_{2,1}



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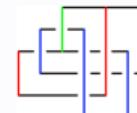
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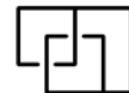
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Grid Diagram



Grid Diagram



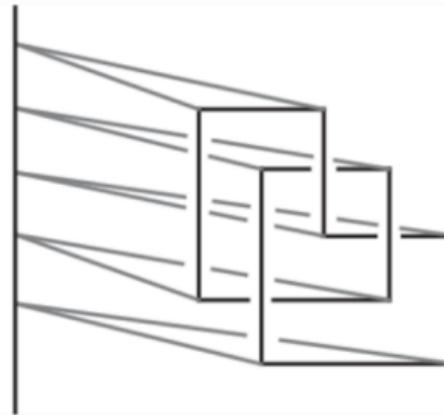
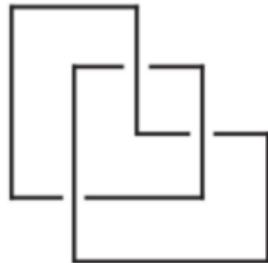
Grid Diagram

Grid Diagram

- The **grid diagram** of θ -curve or handcuff graph is a diagram with only vertical and horizontal strands.
- $(\text{number of vertical strands}) + 1 = (\text{number of horizontal strands})$
- At every crossing, the vertical strand crosses over the horizontal strand.
- No two horizontal strands are in the same row.
- No two vertical strands are in same column.

Grid Diagram

- A grid diagram gives rise to an arc presentation and vice versa.

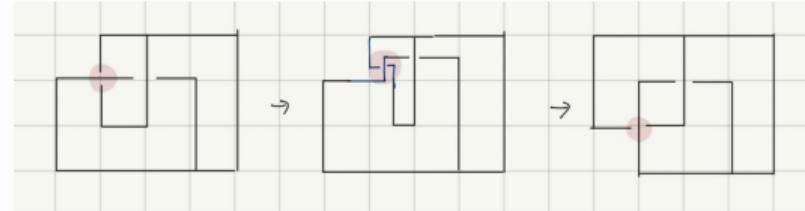


Arc Presentation of the θ -Curve and Handcuff Graph

Theorem

Every θ -curve and handcuff graph admit a grid diagram.

PROOF



Corollary

Every θ -curve and handcuff graph admit a arc presentation.

Proof of Theorem

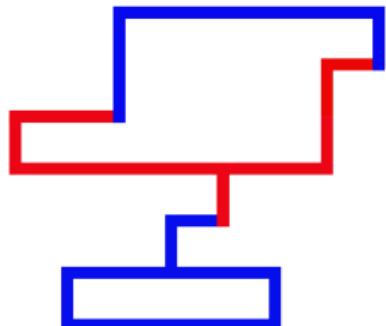
CASE 2. When M represents handcuff graph

T-loop

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

row/column
operations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



H -deletion
only T-loop

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

seperating

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Knot} & * \\ 0 & \text{Line - shape} \end{bmatrix}$$

So $\det(M) = 0$ or ± 2

Proof of Theorem

CASE 2. When M represents handcuff graph

i) T-loop & Line-shape

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{cromwell matrix} & \xrightarrow{\text{H-deletion}} & \text{H-deletion matrix} \\ \left[\begin{array}{cc} \text{T-loop} & * \\ 0 & \text{Line - shape} \end{array} \right] & \xrightarrow{\text{seperating operations}} & \left[\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Knot} & & * & * \\ 0 & \text{Line - shape} & 0 & \text{Line - shape} \\ 0 & & * & * \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

ii) Knot & Line-shape

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{cromwell matrix} & \xrightarrow{\text{H-deletion}} & \text{H-deletion matrix} \\ \left[\begin{array}{cc} \text{Knot} & * \\ 0 & \text{Line - shape} \end{array} \right] & \xrightarrow{\text{seperating operations}} & \left[\begin{array}{cc} \text{Knot} & * \\ 0 & \text{Line - shape} \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

So $\det(M) = 0$ or ± 2

Lower and Upper Bounds of Arc Index

Upper Bounds of Arc Index

Theorem

Let T be any θ -curve. Then,

$$\alpha(T) \leq c(T) + 3.$$

Theorem

Let H be any handcuff graph. Then,

$$\alpha(H) \leq c(H) + 5.$$

Especially, if the constituent link of H is non-split,

$$\alpha(H) \leq c(H) + 3.$$

Upper Bounds of Arc Index

Theorem

Let T be any non-trivial prime θ -curve or handcuff graph. Then,

$$\alpha(T) \leq c(T) + 3.$$