



# PRACTICAL ASSIGNMENT 1 PHASE 2 - LS EIRBIANBI

17 de juny del 2020

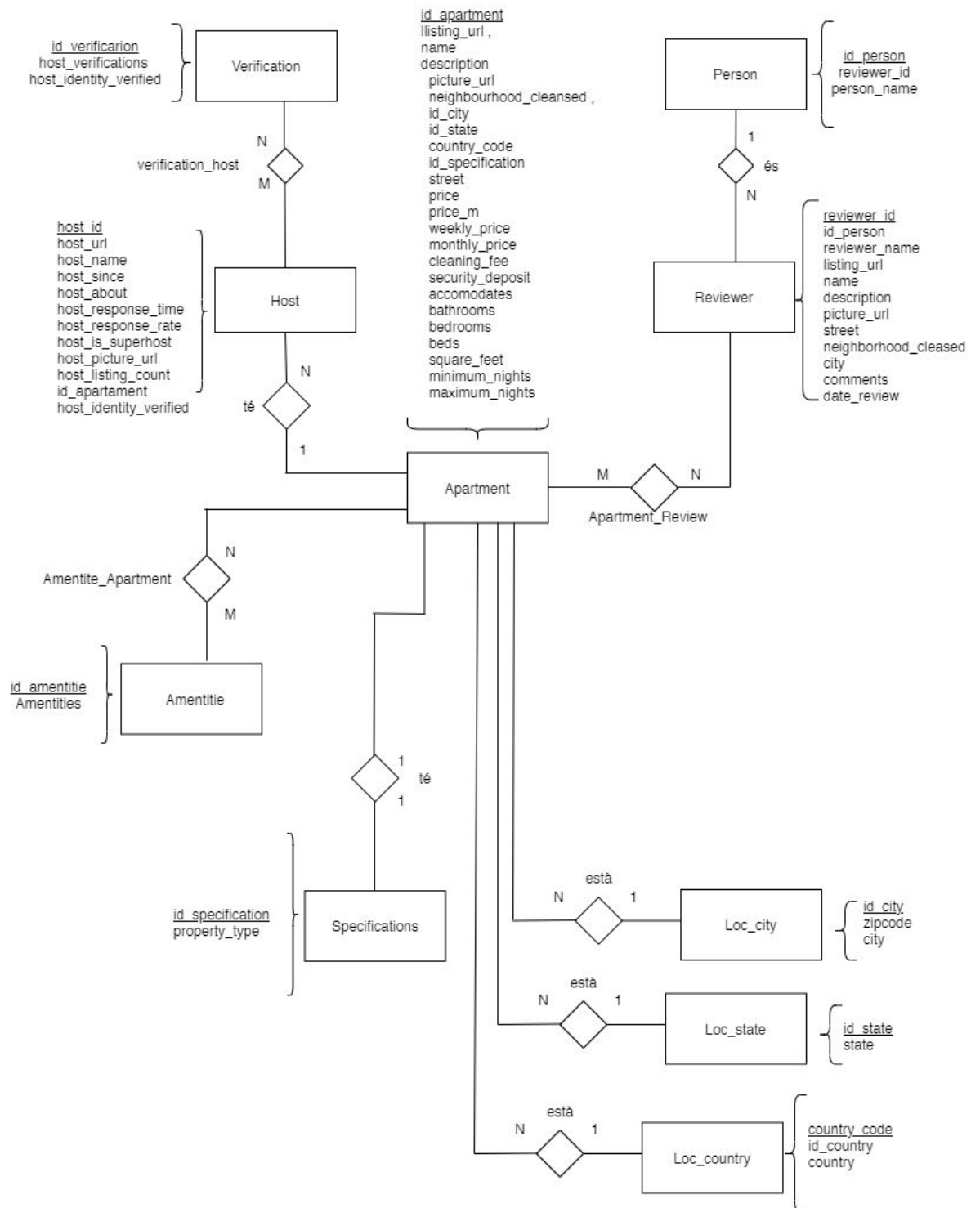
## Database Systems

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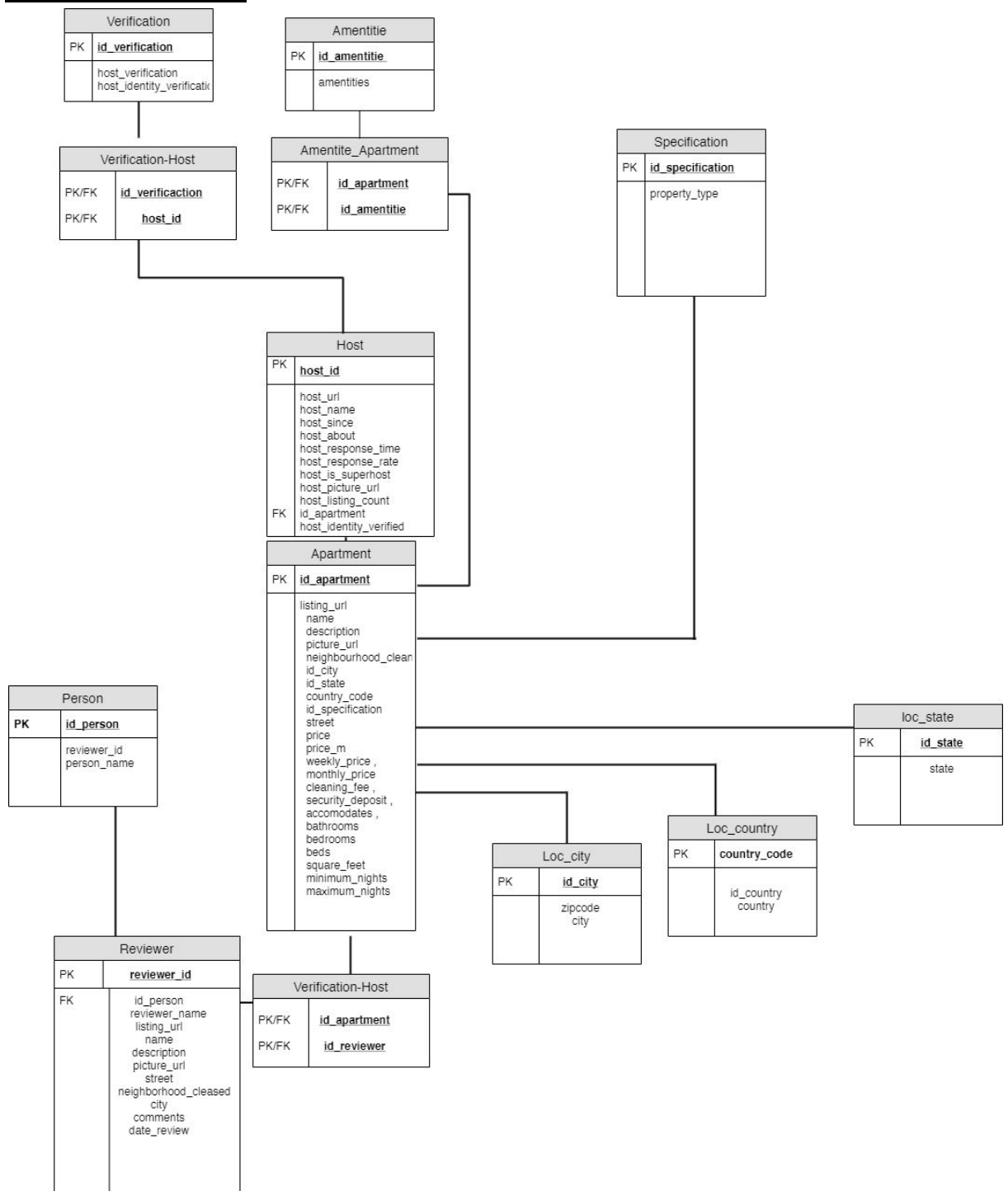
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## Conceptual Model



## Relational Model



## **Physical Model**

### **Taules Importació:**

imp\_apartament(id PK, listing\_url, name, description, picture\_url, street, neighbourhood\_cleansed, city, state, zipcode, country\_code, country, property\_type, accomodates, bathrooms, bedrooms, beds, amentities, square\_feet, price, weekly\_price, monthly\_price, security\_deposit, cleaning\_fee, minimum\_nights, maximum\_nights)

imp\_host(listing\_url PK, name, description, picture\_url, host\_id, host\_url, host\_name, host\_since, host\_about, host\_response\_time, host\_response\_rate, host\_is\_superhost, host\_picture\_url, host\_listing\_cout, host\_verifications, host\_identity\_verified)

imp\_review(id, listing\_url, name, description, picture\_url, street, neighborhood\_cleansed, city, date\_review, reviewer\_id, reviewer\_name, comments)

### **Taules:**

Loc\_country( id\_country, country\_code PK, country)

Loc\_state( id\_state PK, state)

Loc\_city (id\_city PK, zipcode, city)

Specification(id\_specification PK, property\_type)

Apartment ( id\_apartment PK, listing\_url, name, description, picture\_url, neighbourhood\_cleansed, id\_city FK, id\_state FK, country\_code FK, id\_specification, street, price, price\_m, weekly\_price, monthly\_price, cleaning\_fee, security\_deposit, accomodates, bathrooms, bedrooms, beds, amentities, square\_feet, minimum\_nights, maximum\_nights)

Host( host\_id PK, host\_url, host\_name, host\_since, host\_about, host\_response\_time, host\_response\_rate, host\_is\_superhost, host\_picture\_url, host\_listing\_cout, host\_identity\_verified, id\_apartment FK)

Verification( id\_verification PK, host\_verifications, host\_identity\_verified)

Verification\_Host( id\_verification PK/FK, host\_id PK/FK)

Amentite( id\_amentitie PK, Amentities)

Amentite\_Apartment( id\_amentitie PK/FK, id\_apartment PK/FK)

Person(id\_person PK, reviewer\_id, person\_name)

Reviewer(reviewer\_id PK, id\_person FK, reviewer\_name, listing\_url, name, description, picture\_url, comments, date\_review)

Apartment\_Reviewer(id\_apartment PK/FK, id\_reviewer PK/FK)

## Importation verification

### Inserts de totes les taules:

--Fem l'insert de la localització de country.

```
INSERT INTO Loc_country (country_code, country)
SELECT DISTINCT country_code, country
FROM imp_apartament;
```

--Comprovem que s'ompli.

```
SELECT * FROM Loc_country;
```

	id_country integer	country_code [PK] character (2)	country character varying (255)
1	1	AU	Australia

--Fem l'insert de la localització de state.

```
INSERT INTO Loc_state (state)
SELECT DISTINCT state
FROM imp_apartament;
```

--Comprovem que s'ompli.

```
SELECT * FROM Loc_state
```

	id_state [PK] integer	state character varying (255)
1	1	维多利亚州
2	2	VI
3	3	維多利亞 VIC
4	4	victoria
5	5	Melbourne
6	6	维多利亚
7	7	[null]
8	8	VICTORIA
9	9	Victory
10	10	Wheelers Hill VIC 3150
11	11	Doncaster VIC 3108
12	12	Vir

--Fem l'insert de la localització de city.

```
INSERT INTO Loc_city (city, zipcode)
SELECT DISTINCT city, zipcode
FROM imp_apartament;
```

--Comprovem que s'ompli.

```
SELECT * FROM Loc_city;
```

	id_city [PK] integer	zipcode character varying (255)	city character varying (255)
1	1	3753	Beveridge
2	2	3978	Clyde North
3	3	3206	St Kilda West
4	4	3070	Northcote
5	5	3175	Dandenong

--Fem l'insert de specification on hi ha els tipus d'apartament que pot haver-hi.

```
INSERT INTO Specification (property_type)
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT property_type
```

```
FROM imp_apartament;
```

--Comprovem que s'ompli.

```
SELECT * FROM Specification;
```

	id_specification [PK] integer	property_type character varying (255)
1	1	Apartment
2	2	Aparthotel
3	3	Boutique hotel
4	4	Train
5	5	Barn

/\*Fem l'insert d'apartment, com tenim una relació 1:N

amb les taules Loc\_city, Loc\_state i Loc\_country passem les pk's com fk's

i en el cas de specification també posem con a fk la seva pk perquè tenim una relació 1:1

\*/

```
INSERT INTO Apartment(listing_url, name, description, picture_url,
neighbourhood_cleansed, id_city, id_state, country_code, id_specification, street, price,
price_m, weekly_price, monthly_price, cleaning_fee, security_deposit, accomodates,
bathrooms, bedrooms, beds, amentities, square_feet, minimum_nights, maximum_nights)
SELECT ia.listing_url, ia.name, ia.description, ia.picture_url, ia.neighbourhood_cleansed,
lci.id_city, ls.id_state, lc.country_code, s.id_specification, ia.street, ia.price, ia.price::money,
ia.weekly_price, ia.monthly_price, ia.cleaning_fee, ia.security_deposit, ia.accomodates,
ia.bathrooms, ia.bedrooms, ia.beds, ia.amentities, ia.square_feet, ia.minimum_nights,
ia.maximum_nights
```

```
FROM imp_apartament AS ia, Loc_city AS lci, Loc_state AS ls, Loc_country AS lc,
Specification AS s
```

```
WHERE (lci.city = ia.city AND lci.zipcode = ia.zipcode) AND (ls.state = ia.state) AND
(lc.country_code = ia.country_code) AND (s.property_type LIKE ia.property_type);
```

--Comprovem que s'ompli.

```
SELECT * FROM Apartment;
```

	id_apartment [PK] integer	listing_url character varying (255)	name character varying (255)	description text	picture_url character varying (255)	neighbourhood_cleansed character varying (255)
1	1	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	Heart		https://a0.muscache.com/i...	Darebin
2	2	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	Donvale Townhouse for Ren...	A brand ne...	https://a0.muscache.com/i...	Whitehorse
3	3	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	Private spacious loft bedro...		https://a0.muscache.com/i...	Port Phillip
4	4	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	big room in clayton near mo...	minimum 1 y...	https://a0.muscache.com/i...	Monash
5	5	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	Marina Cottage	Beach at your...	https://a0.muscache.com/i...	Port Phillip

/\*Fem l'insert de host, com tenim una relació 1:N  
amb la taula Apartment posem la pk com fk i utilitzem  
productes cartesianes per vincularlos.

\*/

```
INSERT INTO Host( host_url, host_name, host_since,
host_about, host_response_time, host_response_rate, host_is_superhost,
host_picture_url, host_listing_cout, host_identity_verified, id_apartment)
SELECT DISTINCT ih.host_url, ih.host_name, ih.host_since,
ih.host_about, ih.host_response_time, ih.host_response_rate, ih.host_is_superhost,
ih.host_picture_url, ih.host_listing_cout, ih.host_identity_verified, a.id_apartment
FROM imp_host AS ih, Apartment AS a, imp_apartament AS ia
WHERE a.listing_url = ia.listing_url AND ia.listing_url = ih.listing_url;
```

--Comprovem que s'ompli.

```
SELECT * FROM Host;
```

	host_id [PK] integer	host_url character varying (255)	host_name character varying (255)	host_since date	host_about text	host_response_time character varying (255)
1	5826	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	Geraldine, Richard And Fam...	2017-12-19		-1
2	12626	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	Eddie	2015-04-20		-1
3	12628	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	Carla	2015-04-20		-1
4	12629	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	Carla	2015-04-20		-1
5	12630	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	Ken	2015-04-20		within an hour

/\*Insertem el host\_verification dues vegades  
per poder tenir l'array net i el buit relacionats,  
ademes afegim el boolea.

\*/

```
INSERT INTO Verification_table ( host_verifications, host_verifications_x,
host_identity_verified)
SELECT DISTINCT regexp_split_to_table(host_verifications, ','), host_verifications,
host_identity_verified
FROM imp_host;
```

/\*Del array que volem netejar anem treien  
tots els signes innecessaris com son els [] i les cometes.

\*/

```
UPDATE Verification_table
SET host_verifications = TRIM('[]' FROM host_verifications);
```

```
UPDATE Verification_table
SET host_verifications = REPLACE(host_verifications, '"', '');
```



--Comprovem que es guarda l'array net i el brut.

```
SELECT * FROM Verification_table;
```

	id_veri_brut integer	host_verifications text	host_verifications_x text	host_identity_verified boolean
1	1469	phone	['email', 'phone', 'google']	false
2	1617	phone	['email', 'phone', 'reviews']	false
3	2431	email	['email', 'phone', 'facebo...]	true
4	2662	email	['email', 'phone', 'reviews']	false
5	576	government_id	['phone', 'jumio', 'govern...	false

--Insertem només l'array net.

```
INSERT INTO Verification_table_1 ( host_verifications)
SELECT DISTINCT vt.host_verifications
FROM Verification_table AS vt ;
```

--Comprovem que es guarda l'array net.

```
SELECT * FROM Verification_table_1;
```

	id_veri_net integer	host_verifications text
1	1	email
2	2	jumio
3	3	sent_id
4	4	government_id
5	5	identity_manual

/\*Fem l'insert de la verificacio utilitzant les dos tables anteriors  
per passar l'array net i utilitzem els productes cartesianes per vincular  
host, imp\_host, la verificacio\_table (amb l'array net i el brut)  
i la taula verificacio\_table\_1 amb l'array net.

\*/

```
INSERT INTO Verification ( host_url,host_verifications ,host_identity_verified)
SELECT DISTINCT ih.host_url,v1.host_verifications, ih.host_identity_verified
FROM imp_host AS ih, Verification_table AS vt, Host AS h, Verification_table_1 AS v1
WHERE (ih.host_url = h.host_url) AND (vt.host_verifications_x = ih.host_verifications)
AND (vt.host_verifications = v1.host_verifications)AND (h.host_identity_verified =
vt.host_identity_verified );
```

--Comprovem que s'omple la taula verificacio.

```
SELECT DISTINCT * FROM Verification;
```

	id_verification [PK] integer	host_url character varying (255)	host_verifications text	host_identity_verified boolean
1	1	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	government_id	true
2	2	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	jumio	true
3	3	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	phone	true
4	4	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	reviews	true
5	5	https://www.airbnb.com/us...	work_email	true

```
--Insertem el id de la taula verification i el id de la taula host fent productes cartesians.
INSERT INTO Verification_Host (id_verification,host_id)
SELECT DISTINCT v.id_verification,h.host_id
FROM Verification AS v, imp_host AS ih, Host AS h
WHERE v.host_url = ih.host_url AND ih.host_picture_url= h.host_picture_url;
```

```
--Comprovem que s'omple la taula verification_host.
SELECT * FROM Verification_Host;
```

	<b>id_verification</b> [PK] integer	<b>host_id</b> [PK] integer
1	1225	341
2	37927	12413
3	68685	21188
4	48995	15479
5	59729	18669

```
/*Insertem amenities dues vegades
per poder tenir l'array net
*/
INSERT INTO amentiti_table(amentities, amenti_array)
SELECT DISTINCT regexp_split_to_table(amentities, ','), a.amentities
FROM imp_apartament AS a;
```

```
/*Del array que volem netejar anem treien
tots els signes innecessaris com son els {} i les cometes.
*/
```

```
UPDATE amentiti_table
SET amentities = TRIM('{}' FROM amentities);
```

```
UPDATE amentiti_table
SET amentities = TRIM('"' FROM amentities);
```

```
--Comprovem que es guarda l'array net i el brut.
SELECT * FROM amentiti_table;
```

	<b>amentities</b> text	<b>amenti_array</b> text
1	Free street p...	{TV,Wifi,Pool,Kit...
2	Self check-in	{"Family/kid frie...
3	Smoke detec...	{"Air conditionin...
4	Smoke detec...	{TV,"Air conditio...
5	Hangers	{TV,Wifi,Kitchen,...

```
--Insertem només l'array net.
INSERT INTO amentitie_table_1 (amentitie)
SELECT DISTINCT amentities
FROM amentiti_table;
```

```
--Comprovem que es guarda l'array net.
SELECT* FROM amentitie_table_1;
```

	amentitie text
1	24-hour che...
2	Bathtub wit...
3	Dog(s)
4	Hangers
5	Full kitchen

```
/*Fem l'insert de la amentites utilitzant les dos tables anteriors
per passar l'array net i utilitzem els productes cartesianes per vincular.
*/
```

```
INSERT INTO Amentite( amentities)
SELECT DISTINCT amentitie
FROM amentitie_table_1 AS am1;
```

```
--Comprovem que s'omple la taula amentite.
SELECT * FROM Amentite;
```

	id_amentitie [PK] integer	amentities text
1	1	24-hour chec...
2	2	Dog(s)
3	3	Bathtub with ...
4	4	Hangers
5	5	Breakfast ta...

```
/*Fem l'insert dels dos id de les taules amentite i apartment
fent productes cartesianes per vincular cada fragment de les amentities amb el seu
apartment.
*/
```

```
INSERT INTO Amentite_Apartment (id_amentitie,id_apartment)
SELECT DISTINCT am.id_amentitie,ap.id_apartment
FROM Amentite AS am, imp_apartment AS ia, Apartment AS ap
WHERE ('%'|| ap.amentities ||'%') LIKE ('%'|| am.Amentities ||'%') AND ia.listing_url=
ap.listing_url;
```

```
--Comprovem que s'omple la taula amentite_apartment.
SELECT * FROM Amentite_Apartment;
```

	<b>id_amentitie</b> [PK] integer	<b>id_apartment</b> [PK] integer
1	80	10178
2	62	20661
3	120	21812
4	57	17710
5	156	15725

```

/*Fem l'insert de la tabla person per agrupar els reviews per persona*/
INSERT INTO Person (person_name, reviewer_id)
SELECT DISTINCT reviewer_name, reviewer_id
FROM imp_review;

```

```

--Comprovem que s'omple la taula person.
SELECT * FROM Person;

```

	<b>id_person</b> [PK] integer	<b>reviewer_id</b> integer	<b>person_name</b> character varying (255)
1	1	44243405	
2	2	31313319	'Ann
3	3	8250847	'後63
4	4	163478465	'Hainy'
5	5	32094964	'Sam

```

/*Fem l'insert de la tabla reviewer*/
INSERT INTO Reviewer (id_person, reviewer_name, listing_url, name, description,
picture_url,comments,date_review)
SELECT p.id_person, ir.reviewer_name, ir.listing_url, ir.name, ir.description,
ir.picture_url,ir.comments,ir.date_review
FROM imp_review AS ir, person AS p
WHERE ir.reviewer_id = p.reviewer_id;

```

```

--Comprovem que s'omple la taula reviewer.
SELECT * FROM Reviewer
ORDER BY id_person;

```

	<b>reviewer_id</b> [PK] integer	<b>id_person</b> integer	<b>reviewer_name</b> character varying (255)	<b>listing_url</b> character varying (255)	<b>name</b> character varying (255)	<b>description</b> text
1	369267	1		<a href="https://www.airbnb.com/ro...">https://www.airbnb.com/ro...</a>	Rustic Stable House	Unique, rustic...
2	380670	2	'Ann	<a href="https://www.airbnb.com/ro...">https://www.airbnb.com/ro...</a>	Heart of CBD Top Floor Vie...	Premium Loc...
3	414771	3	'後63	<a href="https://www.airbnb.com/ro...">https://www.airbnb.com/ro...</a>	Modern Apartment on Fam...	Clean & mode...
4	184473	4	'Hainy'	<a href="https://www.airbnb.com/ro...">https://www.airbnb.com/ro...</a>	Second gem in the burbs	Second room ...

```

/*Fem l'insert de la tabla apartment_reviewer per vincula
els reviews a quin apartament correspon*/
INSERT INTO Apartment_Reviewer(id_apartment,id_reviewer)

```

```
SELECT DISTINCT a.id_apartment ,r.reviewer_id
FROM Apartment AS a, Reviewer AS r, imp_review AS ir
WHERE r.picture_url = ir.picture_url AND a.listing_url = r.listing_url;
```

--Comprovem que s'omple la taula apartment\_reviewer.

```
SELECT * FROM Apartment_Reviewer;
```

id_apartment [PK] integer	id_reviewer [PK] integer
8	5090
8	74981
8	110513
8	110514

--Eliminem les taules que ja no ens calen.

```
DROP TABLE amentiti_table;
```

```
DROP TABLE amentitie_table_1;
```

```
DROP TABLE Verification_table;
```

```
DROP TABLE Verification_table_1;
```

--Eliminem les columnes que no son necesaries.

```
ALTER TABLE Verification DROP COLUMN host_url;
```

```
ALTER TABLE Apartment DROP COLUMN amentities;
```

## Queries and their verification

### Query 1

En aquesta query hem agrupat totes aquelles ciutats i mirem el que ens estalviem al pagar set dies individuals en comptes de pagar la tarifa setmanal. Per fer-ho restem els valors. També ens assegurem de que el host està verificat. Per comprovar-ho mirem la taula de host.

```
--###
/* QUERY 1:
correcte
*/
SELECT lc.city AS name, AVG((100*(7*a.price::float - a.weekly_price::float))/(7*a.price::float)) AS savings_percentage
FROM Apartment AS a, Loc_city AS lc, Host AS h
WHERE a.id_city = lc.id_city AND
h.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND h.host_identity_verified = 't' AND
a.weekly_price IS NOT NULL AND
a.price IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY lc.city
ORDER BY savings_percentage DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Salida de Salida

	name character varying(255)	savings_percentage double precision
1	Cranbourne South	79.2207792207792
2	Wattle Glen	64.2857142857143
3	Pakenham	56.043956043956

### Verificació

Per realitzar la verificació hem fet la mateixa query, però aquest cop buscant directament a la taula imp\_apartment.

```
--Comprovacion 1)
SELECT a.city AS name, AVG((100*(7*a.price::float - a.weekly_price::float))/(7*a.price::float)) AS savings_percentage
FROM imp_apartment AS a
WHERE a.city LIKE 'Cranbourne South' AND
a.weekly_price IS NOT NULL AND
a.price IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY a.city;

--Comprovacion 2)
SELECT lc.city AS name, AVG((100*(7*a.price::float - a.weekly_price::float))/(7*a.price::float)) AS savings_percentage
```

Salida de Salida

	name character varying(255)	savings_percentage double precision
1	Cranbourne South	79.2207792207792

## Query 2

En aquesta query mirem quin és l'apartment més car en proporció als seus metres quadrats. Per fer-ho dividim el seu preu per els seus metres quadrats. Ordenem els pisos en funció d'aquest preu. També mostrem el nombre de reviews d'aquell apartment.

```
40  /* QUERY 2:
41  Tal com es pot veure a la comprovacio coincideix el nom del apartment i el preu,
42  tan amb les nostres taules com amb les taules d'importacio.
43  */
44  SELECT a.name, (a.price_m/a.square_feet) AS price_m2, COUNT( ar.id_apartment) AS reviews
45  FROM  Apartment AS a, Apartment_Reviewer AS ar,Reviewer AS r, Specification AS s
46  WHERE (a.id_apartment = ar.id_apartment) AND (ar.id_reviewer = r.reviewer_id)
47  AND (s.id_specification = a.id_specification) AND (s.property_type = 'Guesthouse') AND(a.square_f
48  GROUP BY a.name, price_m2 HAVING COUNT( ar.id_apartment) > 200
49  ORDER BY price_m2
50  LIMIT 1;
51
52  --Comprovacion 1)
53  SELECT a.name, a.price,a.square_feet, (a.price_m/a.square_feet) AS price_m2, COUNT(ar.id_apartm
```

name	price_m2	reviews
character varying (255)	money	bigint
1 The Stables, Island of Rich...	\$0.37	538

## Verificació

Per realitzar la verificació demanem que faci els mateixos càlculs i que ens mostri totes apartats que utilitzem a la query, demanant-li específicament que ho faci del apartament que ens ha sortit a la query. Com podem veure tots els apartats coincideixen amb el de la query.

```
51
52 --Comprovacion 1)
53 SELECT a.name, a.price,a.square_feet, (a.price_m/a.square_feet) AS price_m2, COUNT(ar.id_apartm
54 FROM Apartment AS a,Apartment_Reviewer AS ar
55 WHERE a.name LIKE 'The Stables, Island of Richmond' AND a.id_apartment = ar.id_apartment
56 GROUP BY a.id_apartment;
57
58
59
60
```

0.0.0

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	name	price	square_feet	price_m2	contador	
	character varying (255)	integer	integer	money	bigint	
1	The Stables, Island of Rich...	100	269	\$0.37	538	

## Query 3

Dins de la taula Apartment comprovem i mostrem aquells apartaments que compleixin les característiques demanades a l'enunciat. Per comprovar si te balcó, busquem aquell pis en la taula amentitie apartment i ens assegurem.

```
/* QUERY 3:*/
SELECT a.name, a.listing_url, ((price::money *6*5)+a.cleaning_fee::money +(0.1*a.security_deposit::money )) AS price
FROM Apartment AS a, Host AS h, Amentitie_Apartment AS aa
WHERE a.neighbourhood_cleansed LIKE 'Port Phillip' AND
price IS NOT NULL AND
a.bathrooms > 1.5 AND
a.accommodates = 6 AND
a.minimum_nights <=5 AND
h.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND
h.host_response_rate > 90 AND
aa.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND
aa.id_amentitie = 164
GROUP BY a.id_apartment
ORDER BY price ASC LIMIT 1;
```

de Salida

lida de datos Comentar Mensajes Historial

	name	listing_url	price
	character varying(255)	character varying(255)	money
1	Spacious Designer Apartment near Albert Park	https://www.airbnb.com/rooms/12528535	10.050,00 €



## Verificació

Per realitzar la verificació hem d'utilitzar les taules `imp_apartament` i `imp_host` i mostrem tots els caps per assegurar-nos que aquest apartament es el correcte.

```
/*
SELECT a.name, a.listing_url, a.bathrooms, a.accomodates, a.minimum_nights, ((price::money *6*5)+a.cleaning_fee::money +(0.1*a.security_deposit::money )) AS price
FROM imp_apartament AS a, imp_host AS h
WHERE a.neighbourhood_cleansed LIKE 'Port Phillip' AND
price IS NOT NULL AND
a.bathrooms >= 1.5 AND
a.accomodates = 6 AND
a.minimum_nights <=5 AND
h.listing_url = a.listing_url AND
(h.host_response_rate > 90) AND
a.name LIKE '%Spacious Designer Apartment near Albert Park%'
ORDER BY price ASC LIMIT 1;
```

Salida de datos

	name character varying(255)	listing_url character varying(255)	bathrooms double precision	acomodates integer	minimum_nights integer	price money
1	Spacious Designer Apartment near Albert Park	https://www.airbnb.com/rooms/12528535	2	6	2	10.050,00 €

## Query 4

Superhost: Comprovem aquells usuaris que es van registrar fa més de 5 anys, considerant la nostre data actual com 01/01/2020. Utilitzem el update per associar un true quan la data del `host_since` coincideix amb el que desitgem. Llavors comptem quants `host` hi ha que compleix la condició.

```
90 --#&&
91 /* QUERY 4:
92 Com no sabem quina data es va considera com actual per realitzar
93 la query hem decidit fer un cas generic, es a dir considera l'any qu estem com a actual
94 i el dia el 1 de gener porque es l'inici del any. Per tan fa 5 anys seria el 1 de gener del 2015.
95 */
96 UPDATE Host
97 SET host_is_superhost = 't'
98 WHERE (host_since) < '01/01/2015';
99
100 SELECT COUNT( distinct host_id) AS superhosts
101 FROM Host
102 WHERE host_is_superhost = 't'; --MOSTREM EL SUPERHOST
103
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	superhosts bigint
1	7513

Normal\_host: Comprovem aquells usuaris que es van registrar fa menys de 5 anys, considerant la nostra data actual com 01/01/2020. Utilitzem el update per associar un false quan la data del host\_since coincideix amb el que desitgem. Llavors comptem quants host hi ha que compleix la condició.

```

103
104 UPDATE Host
105 SET host_is_superuser = 'f'
106 WHERE (host_since) >= '01/01/2015';
107
108 SELECT COUNT( distinct host_id) AS normal_hosts
109 FROM Host
110 WHERE host_is_superuser = 'f'; --MOSTREM EL NORMALHOST
111

```

normal_hosts	
bigint	
1	15213

### Verificació superhost

Per realitzar la verificació comptem quantes línies té la taula host fa més de 5 anys.

```

113
114 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Host WHERE (host_since) < '01/01/2015';
115

```

count	
bigint	
1	7513

### Verificació normal\_host

Per realitzar la verificació comptem quantes línies té la taula host fa menys de 5 anys.

```

117 SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Host WHERE (host_since) >= '01/01/2015';
118

```

count	
bigint	
1	15213

## Query 5

Mostrem els carrers que tenen un major nombre d'apartaments i que ademés el seu preu mig no supera 100,i també mostrem el numero de apartaments del carrer i el preu.

```
110 --#&&
111 /* QUERY 5:
112 */
113 SELECT DISTINCT a.street, COUNT(a.street) AS num, AVG(a.price)::money AS price
114 FROM Apartment AS a
115 GROUP BY a.street HAVING AVG(a.price)<=100
116 ORDER BY num DESC
117 LIMIT 3;
118
119
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	street text	num bigint	price money
1	Brunsw...	437	\$94.80
2	Footscr...	159	\$90.69
3	Presto...	140	\$94.29

## Verificació

Mostrem lo mateix que anteriorment per aquest cop buscant el carrer que ens ha sortir amb major nombre d'apartament i que no superava de mitja el preu de 100. Però tot desde la tabla imp\_apartament on no fa falta fer productes cartesianes perquè hi ha tota la informació necesaria.

```
118
119 --Verification
120 SELECT street, COUNT(street) AS num, AVG(price)::money AS price
121 FROM imp_apartament
122 WHERE street LIKE '%Brunswick, VIC, Australia%'
123 GROUP BY street;
124
125 --#&&
126 /* QUERY 6:
127 En comparació a la query del anunci, era curt diferent perquè la taula té el mateix
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	street text	num bigint	price money
1	Brunsw...	437	\$94.80

## Query 6

Per buscar les persones que estan creant missatges falsos, busquem el id de la persona que ha fet més reviews. Per tan comptem el número de reviews i fem un order by per ordenar-ho de més reviews a menys. Ens surt diferent a la query de l'enunciat perquè la Laurie ha realitzar el mateix nombre de reviews que el Michel, és a dir, 23. I com només mostrem les tres persones que han realitzat més review el programa ens mostra la Laurie entre elles.

```
134 --#&&
135 /* QUERY 6:
136 En comparacio a la query del enunciat ens surt diferent porque la Laurie te el matixex
137 numero de reviews que el Michel, i tal com es pot veure en la comprovacio a les taules import
138 també aparteix la Laurie abans que el Michel. Si en lloc de un limit 3 fem un limit 4
139 podem veure que el següent amb el mateix numero de reviews es el Michel.
140 */
141 SELECT distinct p.person_name, a.listing_url, COUNT(r.reviewer_id) AS num_reviews
142 FROM Apartment_Reviewer AS ar, Reviewer AS r, Apartment as a, Person AS p
143 WHERE r.reviewer_id = ar.id_reviewer AND a.id_apartment = ar.id_apartment
144 AND p.id_person = r.id_person
145 GROUP BY ( p.id_person, p.person_name, a.id_apartment)
146 ORDER BY num_reviews DESC
147 LIMIT 3;
148
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	person_name character varying (255)	listing_url character varying (255)	num_reviews bigint	
1	Cameron	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	81	
2	Therese	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	24	
3	Laurie	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	23	

## Verificació

Per realitzar la comprovació busquem els mateixos apartaments però aquest cop de les taules imp\_apartmen i imp\_review ho comptabilitzem de la mateixa manera i ens surten els mateixos resultats.

```
149
150 --Comprovacion 1)
151 SELECT distinct r.reviewer_name, a.listing_url, COUNT(r.reviewer_id) AS num_reviews
152 FROM imp_apartament AS a, imp_review AS r
153 WHERE a.listing_url = r.listing_url
154 GROUP BY (r.reviewer_id, r.reviewer_name, a.id)
155 ORDER BY num_reviews DESC
156 LIMIT 3;
157
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	reviewer_name character varying (255)	listing_url character varying (255)	num_reviews bigint	
1	Cameron	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	81	
2	Therese	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	24	
3	Laurie	https://www.airbnb.com/ro...	23	

## Query 7

En aquesta query busquem tots aquells apartaments que compleixin amb les característiques del enunciat.

Per comprovar que el número de llits siguin els correctes mirem la taula Apartment. Per mirar que estigui en la ciutat demanda, realitzem un producte cartesià entre la taula lc\_city i apartment. I ens assegurem que totes les altres condicions es compleixin.

```

162
163 SELECT DISTINCT a.id_apartment, a.name, ((a.price*a.accomodates)+a.cleaning_fee+(0.1*a
164 FROM Apartment AS a, Loc_city AS lc, Amentite_Apartment AS aa, Amentite AS am, Host AS h
165 WHERE a.accomodates >=2 AND a.id_city = lc.id_city AND
166 lc.city LIKE 'Saint Kilda' AND aa.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND aa.id_amentitie = an
167 am.amentities LIKE '%Kitchen%' AND a.beds >= 2 AND a.maximum_nights >= 2 AND a.minimum_
168 h.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND vh.host_id = h.host_id AND
169 vh.id_verification = v.id_verification AND v.host_verifications LIKE '%phone%'
170 GROUP BY a.id_apartment HAVING ((a.price*a.accomodates)+a.cleaning_fee+(0.1*security_c
171 ORDER BY price DESC;
172
173

```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	id_apartment integer	name character varying (255)	price money
1	12773	★ Beach at your Doorstep: ...	\$4,166.00
2	4364	Huge, stylish, central, 3 br a...	\$3,436.00
3	15905	Premium property in great L...	\$2,900.00
4	4519	Spacious Designer Apartme...	\$2,250.00
5	5828	Huge St Kilda Beach PentH...	\$2,240.00

## Verificació

Comprovem que tots els caps compleixen les especificacions de l'enunciat desde les tables importació, per exemple el Huge, stylish, central 3 br apartment with pool te 12 accomodates, city Saint Kilda, amntitie = kitchen, 8 beds, maximum\_nights 1125, minimum\_nights 2, host verification = phone i el price inferior a 5000.

```

174 /*Verificació: Comprovem que tots els caps compleixen les especificacions de l'enunciat d
175 per exemple el Huge, stylish, central 3 br apartment with pool te 12 accomodate, city Sai
176 amntitie = kitchen, 8 beds, maximum_nights 1125, minimum_nights 2, host verification = ph
177 */
178 SELECT DISTINCT a.id, a.name, a.accomodates, (0.1*a.security_deposit) AS security_depo:
179 a.beds, a.maximum_nights, a.minimum_nights, (h.host_verifications LIKE '%phone%') AS hos
180 FROM imp_apartament AS a, imp_host AS h
181 WHERE a.accomodates >=2 AND
182 a.city LIKE 'Saint Kilda' AND
183 a.amentities LIKE '%Kitchen%' AND a.beds >= 2 AND a.maximum_nights >= 2 AND a.minimum_r
184 h.listing_url = a.listing_url
185 AND h.host_verifications LIKE '%phone%'
186 GROUP BY a.id, h.host_verifications HAVING ((a.price*a.accomodates)+a.cleaning_fee+(0.
187 ORDER BY price DESC;
188

```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	id bigint	name character varying (255)	accomodates integer	security_deposit numeric	city character varying (255)
1	30479523	★ Beach at your Doorstep: Enjoy Summer in St Kilda	4	30.0	Saint Kilda
2	11802035	Huge, stylish, central, 3 br apartment with pool.	12	0.0	Saint Kilda
3	15737004	Premium property in great location	6	20.0	Saint Kilda
4	12528535	Spacious Designer Apartment near Albert Park	6	120.0	Saint Kilda
5	16416097	Huge St Kilda Beach PentHouse Beauty	6	40.0	Saint Kilda



## Query 8

Per realitzar el càlcul de de la fórmula hem tingut que crear una table en la qual insertem el número de verifications i el número apartament per després poder fer el sumatori utilitzats aquest valors, además com volem el resultat en decimals hem canviat el price a float.

```
212 INSERT INTO Score_Table (host_id, id_apartment, apart_price, is_super_host, num_verifi, num_apar
213 SELECT DISTINCT h.host_id, a.id_apartment, a.price, h.host_is_superhost, COUNT(h.host_id), h.hc
214 FROM Host AS h, Apartment AS a, Verification_Host AS vh, Verification AS v
215 WHERE h.host_id = vh.host_id AND h.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND vh.id_verification = v.id_v
216 GROUP BY h.host_id, a.id_apartment;
217
218 SELECT * FROM Score_Table ;
219
220 SELECT DISTINCT h.host_name, SUM((1/st.apart_price::float)*(1+(CASE WHEN st.is_super_host = 't'
221 FROM Host AS h, Score_Table AS st
222 WHERE h.host_id = st.host_id AND (st.apart_price <> '0'))
223 GROUP BY h.host_name
224 ORDER BY score DESC
225 LIMIT 3;
226
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	host_name character varying (255)	score double precision
1	Valeria	1146.37501926569
2	Jared SSP	1026.97467532596
3	Sabrina	504.460779791291

## Verificació

Per realitzar la verificació hem tingut que calcula el número de verifications de la Valeria, després calcula el número de apartament que en els que s'ha hospedat la valeria i finalment fer el càlcul de tot junt per veure si el score ens donava correcte.

Query Editor Notifications

```
218 --Comprovacio 1) Valeria
219
220 --Numero d'apartaments
221 Select COUNT(h.host_id)
222 FROM imp_host AS h, imp_apartment AS a
223 WHERE h.listing_url= a.listing_url AND host_response_time <> '-1'
224 AND h.host_name LIKE 'Valeria';
225
226 -- NUm de verifications de la Valeria
227 Select distinct h.host_name, v.host_verifications
228 FROM Host AS h, Apartment AS a, Verification AS v, Verification_host AS vh
229 WHERE h.host_id = vh.host_id AND vh.id_verification = v.id_verification AND
230 h.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND h.host_name LIKE 'Valeria';
231
232 --Comprobacio del calcul:
233 SELECT SUM((1/a.price::float)*(1+(CASE WHEN h.host_is_superhost = 't' then 1 else 0
234
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History


	count bigint
1	89

Hem intentat fer tots els càlculs desde les taules importació menys la del número de verificacions, ja que a la taula import les verificacions estan en un array i no les podem comptar.

```

226 -- Num de verificacions de la Valeria
227 Select distinct h.host_name, v.host_verifications
228 FROM Host AS h, Apartment AS a, Verification AS v, Verification_host AS vh
229 WHERE h.host_id = vh.host_id AND vh.id_verification = v.id_verification AND
230 h.id_apartment = a.id_apartment AND h.host_name LIKE 'Valeria';
231
232 --Comprobacio del calcul:
233 SELECT SUM((1/a.price::float)*(1+(CASE WHEN h.host_is_superhost = 't' then 1 else 0


```

Explain	Data Output	Messages	Query History				
	<table><tr><th>host_name</th><th>host_verifications</th></tr><tr><td>character varying (255)</td><td>text</td></tr></table>	host_name	host_verifications	character varying (255)	text		
host_name	host_verifications						
character varying (255)	text						
1	Valeria	facebook					
2	Valeria	government_id					
3	Valeria	jumio					
4	Valeria	offline_government_id					
5	Valeria	phone					

```

238
239
240 --#&&
241 /* QUERY 9:
242

```

Explain		Data Output	Messages	Query History
		score double precision		
1		1146.05922979201		

## Query 9

Ens demanen mostrar els deu millors comentaris associant uns punts a cada comentari, per tan si un comentari té més de 100 caràcters rep 15 punts i si en té menys rep 10 punts. Així hem de trobar a la persona que té una puntuació més alta.

Hem tingut que creat dues taules només, una per associar el spunts al comentaris fent uns updates que depenent de la dimensió del comentari associant una puntuació de 10 o 15.

La segona table ens a servir per agrupa les puntuacions per persona i finalment hem ordenat les persones segons la seva puntuació.

```
287     id_person INT,  
288     puntos_c INT,  
289     PRIMARY KEY (reviewer_name, id_person),  
290     FOREIGN KEY (id_person) REFERENCES Person (id_person)  
291 );  
292 INSERT INTO tabla_sum (reviewer_name, id_person, puntos_c)  
293 SELECT tf.reviewer_name, p.id_person, SUM(tf.puntos)  
294 FROM tabla_final AS tf, Reviewer AS r, Person AS p  
295 WHERE tf.reviewer_id = r.reviewer_id AND r.id_person = p.id_person  
296 GROUP BY tf.reviewer_name, p.id_person;  
297  
298 SELECT DISTINCT * FROM tabla_sum  
299 ORDER BY puntos_c DESC  
300 LIMIT 10;  
301
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	reviewer_name [PK] character varying (255)	id_person [PK] integer	puntos_c integer	
1	Laurie	209773	1520	
2	Cameron	52436	1395	
3	Jessica	162525	780	
4	Michael	250204	715	



## Verificació

Per realitzar la verificació de la Laurie hem tingut que fer dos passos:

Primer hem comptat les reviews que havia fet la Laurie que tenen més de 100 caràcters, que per tan valien 15 punts. => 94 reviews \* 15 punts = 1410 punts

Després hem comprovat quantes reviews de la Laurie tenien menys de 100 caràcters i així hem obtingut => 11 reviews \* 10 punts = 110 punts

Per tan si sumem la puntuació de la Laurie obtenim  $1410 + 110 = 1520$  punts que són els punts que ens donava la query que hem fet.

```
297
298 SELECT DISTINCT * FROM tabla_sum
299 ORDER BY puntos_c DESC
300 LIMIT 10;
301
302 --Verificacio: Laurie
303
304 SELECT DISTINCT Count(r.reviewer_id)
305 FROM Person AS p, Reviewer AS r
306 WHERE p.id_person = 209773 AND
307 p.id_person = r.id_person AND CHAR_LENGTH(r.comments) >= 100;
308
309 -- 94 reviews a 15 punts la review obtenim 1410 punts.
310
311 SELECT DISTINCT Count(r.reviewer_id)
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	count	bigint
1	94	

```
310
311 SELECT DISTINCT Count(r.reviewer_id)
312 FROM Person AS p, Reviewer AS r
313 WHERE p.id_person = 209773 AND
314 p.id_person = r.id_person AND CHAR_LENGTH(r.comments) < 100;
315
316 -- 11 reviews a 10 punts la review obtenim 110 punts
317 --Es a dir, que en total tenim 1520 punts
318
```

Explain Data Output Messages Query History

	count	bigint
1	11	

## Query 10

Aquesta query voliem trobar informació sobre un apartament que estigui en una ciutat que comenci per F, que sigui una casa, además voliem que estiguessin ordenats de més a menys reviews.

```

319 --#&&
320 /* QUERY 10: */
321
322 SELECT a.name, a.price_m AS price, s.property_type, COUNT(r.reviewer_id) AS review, lc.
323 FROM Apartment AS a, Apartment_Reviewer AS ar, Reviewer AS r, Specification AS s, Loc_c
324 WHERE a.id_apartment = ar.id_apartment
325 AND (ar.id_reviewer = r.reviewer_id)
326 AND (s.id_specification = a.id_specification)
327 AND (lc.id_city = a.id_city)
328 AND (lc.city LIKE 'F%')
329 AND (s.property_type = 'House')
330 AND (a.square_feet > 0)
331 GROUP BY a.name, a.price_m, a.square_feet, s.property_type, lc.city HAVING COUNT(r.r
332 ORDER BY review DESC;
333
334

```

	name character varying (255)	price money	property_type character varying (255)	review bigint	city character varying (255)	
1	sunlit studio down a quiet l...	\$140.00	House	91	Fitzroy	
2	Stay Belgravia 9 bedroom H...	\$795.00	House	59	Footscray	
3	Explore Fitzroy from Delight...	\$251.00	House	46	Fitzroy	

### Verificació

Per fer la verificació hem bucat la mateixa informació però aquest com de les taules imp\_apartament i imp\_review, per assegurar-nos que la nostre query funciona igual en les nostre taules que en les d'importació.

```

334 --Comprobacio 1)
335
336 SELECT a.name, CONCAT('$', + a.price* 1.00) , a.property_type, COUNT(r.reviewer_id) AS
337 FROM imp_apartament AS a, imp_review AS r
338 WHERE a.listing_url = r.listing_url
339 AND (a.city LIKE 'F%')
340 AND (a.property_type = 'House')
341 AND (a.square_feet > 0)
342 GROUP BY a.name, a.price, a.square_feet, a.property_type, a.city HAVING COUNT(r.rev
343 ORDER BY review DESC;
344

```

	name character varying (255)	concat text	property_type character varying (255)	review bigint	city character varying (255)	
1	sunlit studio down a quiet l...	\$140.00	House	91	Fitzroy	
2	Stay Belgravia 9 bedroom H...	\$795.00	House	59	Footscray	
3	Explore Fitzroy from Delight...	\$251.00	House	46	Fitzroy	

## Conclusions

Aquesta pràctica ens ha servit molt per entendre l'importància de la normalització, l'importància de tenir uns models ben organitzats i estructurats, i com aquests afecten a l'execució de queries. Ademés, gràcies a les verificacions hem entens la diferència entre executar una query sobre un model normalitzat i sobre un model desnormalitzat.

Degut a consideracions personals que hem fet a l'hora de preparar i estructurar el model, el resultat de les queries no són idèntiques al resultat adjunt al enunciat de la pràctica. Tot i així, després de fer diverses verificacions amb les nostres taules d'importació, hem comprovat que els resultats són correctes, ja que compleixen tots els requisits demanats en el enunciat.

També hem après ha tractar el format de sortida d'un camp. Per exemple, en moltes queries hem hagut de mostrar el resultat final en un tipus diferent al tipus guardat en la taula, per alterar el tipus de sortida cal afegir un "::tipus" al final del camp.

A més a més ens hem trobat en múltiples reptes en el moment de fer les queris, ja que en algunes ocasions hem hagut de crear taules per poder donar un valor a un nou cap i després fer el sumatori de tot el cap. Sobretot ens hem descobert que a vegades es necessita molta imaginació per ingeniar-te-las per organitzar la informació de manera correcta.

La part més difícil per a nosaltres va ser escollir un bona organització de les taules per tal de mantenir un sistema normalitzat que al mateix temps fós àgil i eficient quan executem les queries.