Examples of Negative slicing in python

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Examples for Negative Slicing

- myList = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
 print(myList[-1])
- Output: E
- Calling s[0:-1] is exactly the same as calling s[:-1]
- mystr = "Hello" print(mystr[-2:])
- Output: lo
- mystr = "Hello" print(mystr[:-3])
- Output: He

Using $\underline{index()} + \underline{len()}$

```
# Python3 code to demonstrate working of
# Negative index of Element
# Using index() + len()
# initializing list
test_list = [5, 7, 8, 2, 3, 5, 1]
# printing original list
print("The original list is : " + str(test_list))
# initializing Element
K = 3
# getting length using len() and subtracting index from it
res = len(test_list) - test_list.index(K)
# printing result
print("The required Negative index : -" + str(res))
```

Lower Case

```
sentence = 'There are more trees on Earth than
stars in the Milky Way galaxy'
word = 'milky'
if word in sentence.lower():
    print('Word found.')
```

Strings

```
# example string str1 = "It should be uppercase!"
print(str1.upper())
# string with numbers
# all alphabets would be lowercase
str2 = "L8w9rCas99!"
print(str2.upper())
```

Output:

IT SHOULD BE UPPERCASE! L8W9RCAS99!

String Checking

```
firstString = "PYTHON!"
secondString = "PyThOn!"
if(firstString == secondString):
    print("The strings are same.")
else:
    print("The strings are not same.")
```

String Checking

```
firstString = "PYTHON!"
secondString = "PyThOn!"
if (firstString.upper() == secondString.upper()):
        print("The strings are the same.")
else: print("The strings are not same.")
```

Fist Character alone upper case

```
str = "python!"
print(str[0].upper() + str[1:])
```

Python string contains the character

```
s = "Hello" c = "H"
if c in s:
    print("Found!")
else:
    print("Not found!")
```

Using a if ... in statement

```
if 'apples' in 'This string has apples':
    print('Apples in string')
else:
    print('Apples not in string')
```