

GRAND Stack

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Introduction

Benoit Simard



- **Graph addict**
- Data liberator
- Web developer
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Agenda

- What is this Stack ?
- Why a new stack?
- How to use it ?

La stack

<http://grandstack.io>

GRAND



GraphQL



React



GATAND



GraphQL



ANGULAR



TypeScript



GraphQL



GraphQL Prettify History

Schema Query

Search Query...

No Description

FIELDS

Genre(id: ID!): Genre
Movie(movieId: ID!): Movie
MovieSearch(
 search: String = ""
 skip: Int = 0
 limit: Int = 10
): [Movie]
MovieSearchInGenre(
 genre: ID!
 search: String = ""
 skip: Int = 0
 limit: Int = 10
): [Movie]
Actor(id: ID!): Actor
ActorSearch(search: String!): [Actor]
Director(id: ID!): Director
User(id: ID!): User

query(\$id:ID!) {
 Movie(movieId:\$id) {
 movieId
 title
 plot
 poster
 imdbRating
 genres{
 name
 }
 directors {
 name
 }
 actors {
 name
 }
 similarByUser {
 movieId
 title
 poster
 }
 similarByGenre {
 movieId
 title
 poster
 }
 }
}

QUERY VARIABLES
{"id":8}

- A new paradigm for **building APIs**
- **Schema** definition
- Query language for APIs
- Community of tools

Angular



- JavaScript library for building user interfaces
- Component based
 - Reusable
 - Composable
- Written in Typescript (type matters !)

```
import { Component, Input, OnInit } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'display-object',
  templateUrl: './display-object.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./display-object.component.scss']
})
export class DisplayObjectComponent implements OnInit{

  @Input() object:any;
  @Input() blacklist:Array<String> = [];
  @Input() inlineSeparator:any = null;
  keys:any;

  constructor() {}

  ngOnInit() {
    // find keys that are not blacklisted and where the key has a value
    this.keys = Object.keys(this.object).filter( (key) =>{
      let result = true;

      if(key == '__typename'){
        result = false;
      }

      if(this.blacklist.includes(key)) {
        result = false;
      }

      if(this.object[key] == null || this.object[key] == ''){
        result = false;
      }
    })
    return result;
  }
}
```

Apollo



"A set of tools designed to leverage GraphQL and work together to create a great workflow"

Client-side tooling

- Frontend framework integrations
- Caching
- Code generation

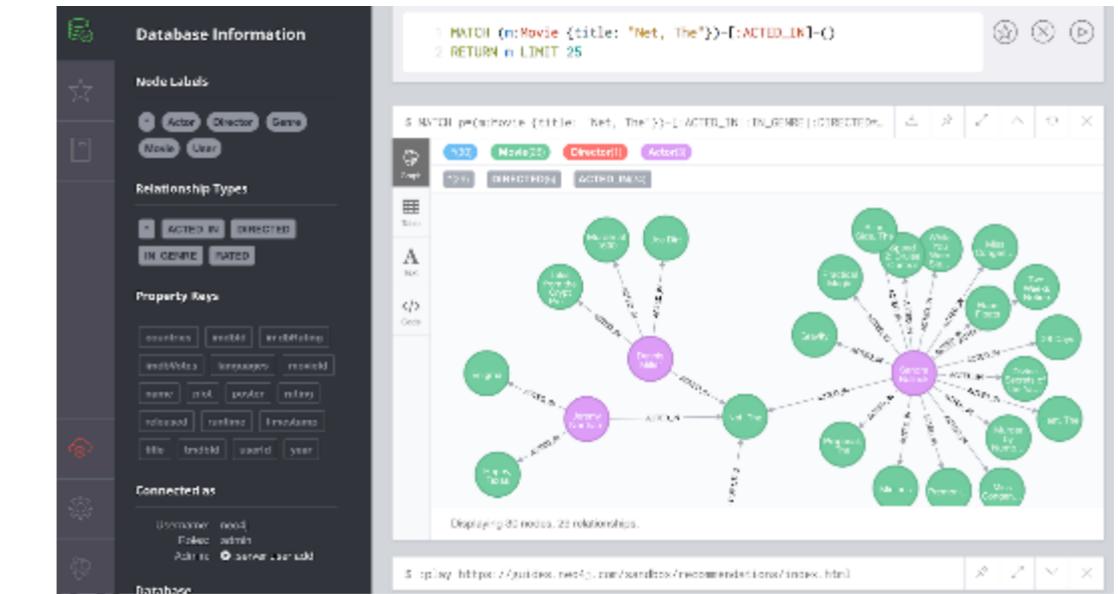
Server-side tooling

- Schema creation
- Mocking
- Schema stitching
- Performance monitoring

Neo4j



- Is a graph **database** (ACID compliant)
- Is a **graph** database (Native)
- Schema less
- Exists since 2010

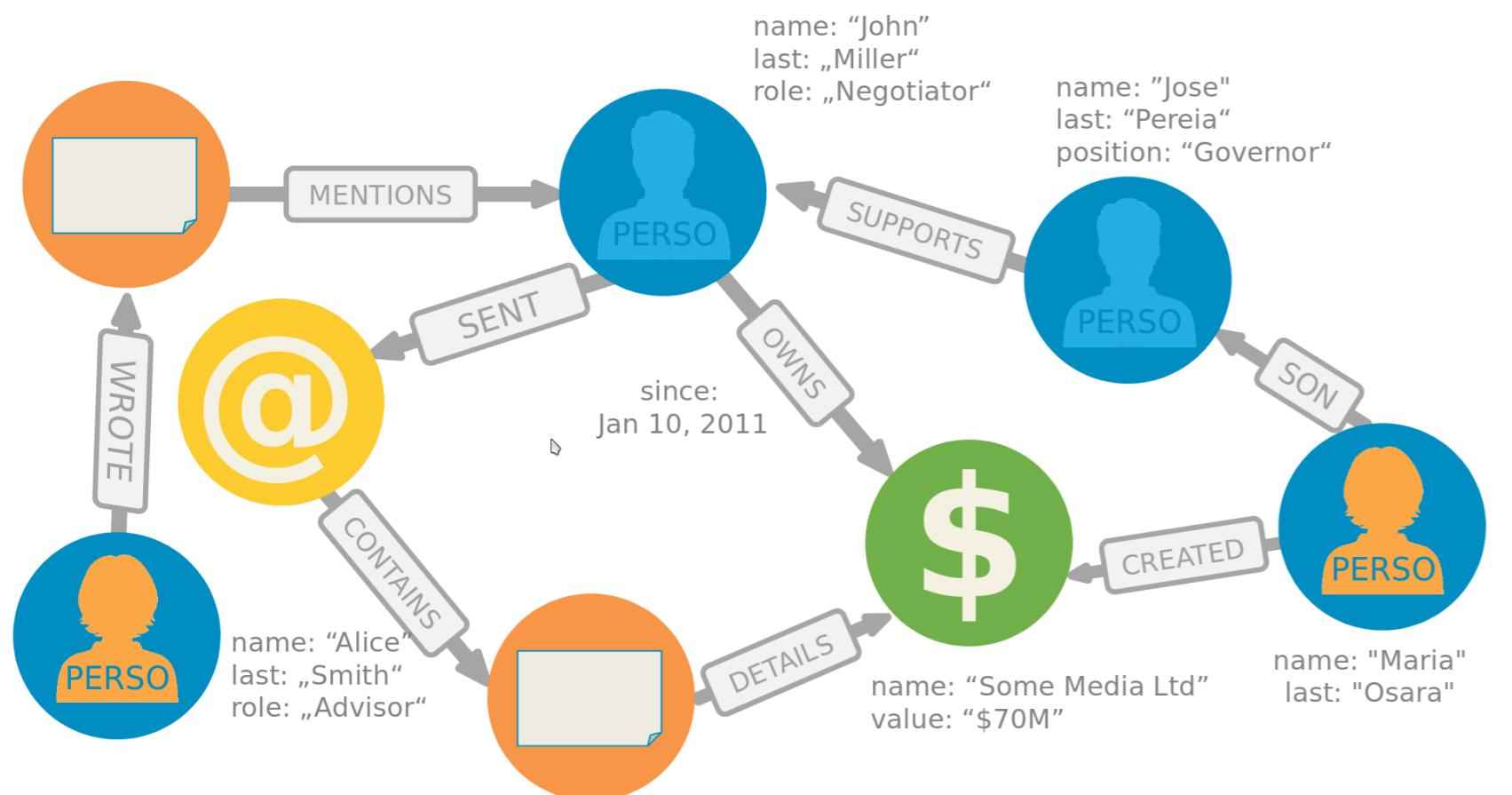


Example : a movie application

<https://github.com/sim51/grand-movies-example>

Focus on Neo4j

A graph of properties



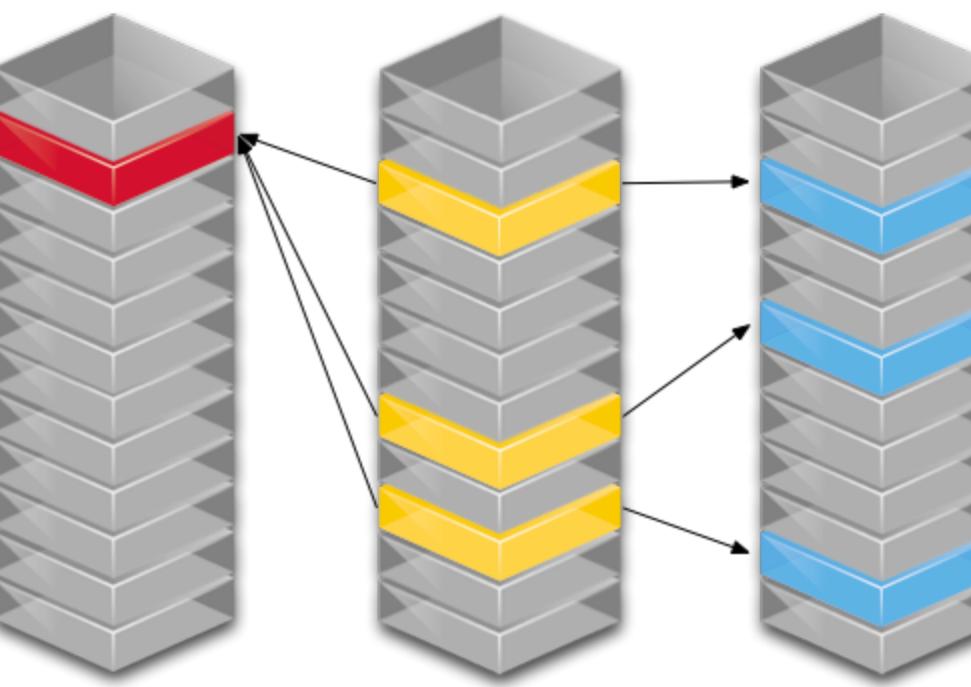
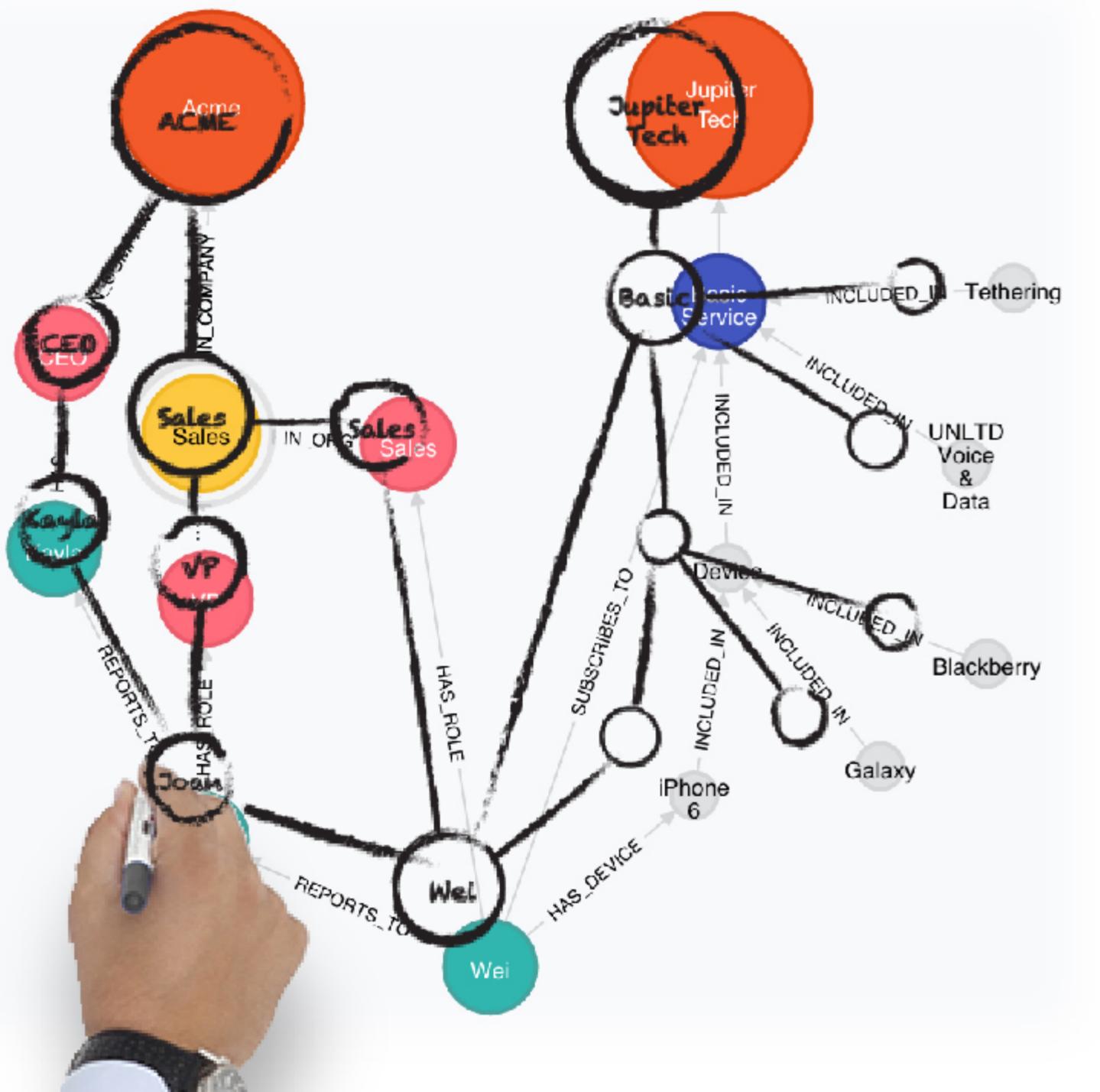
Nodes

- The entity of your model
- Can have labels
- Can have properties

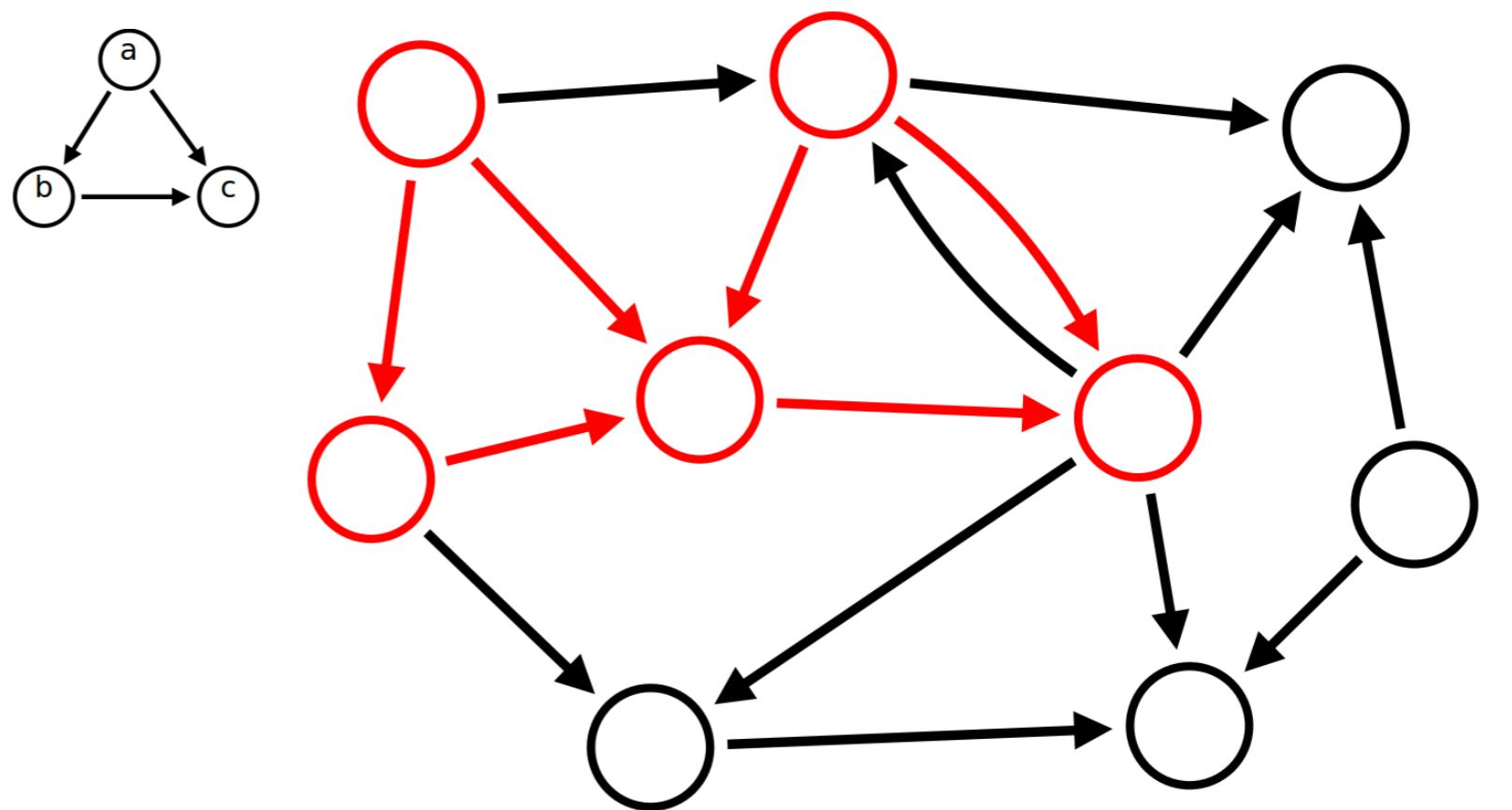
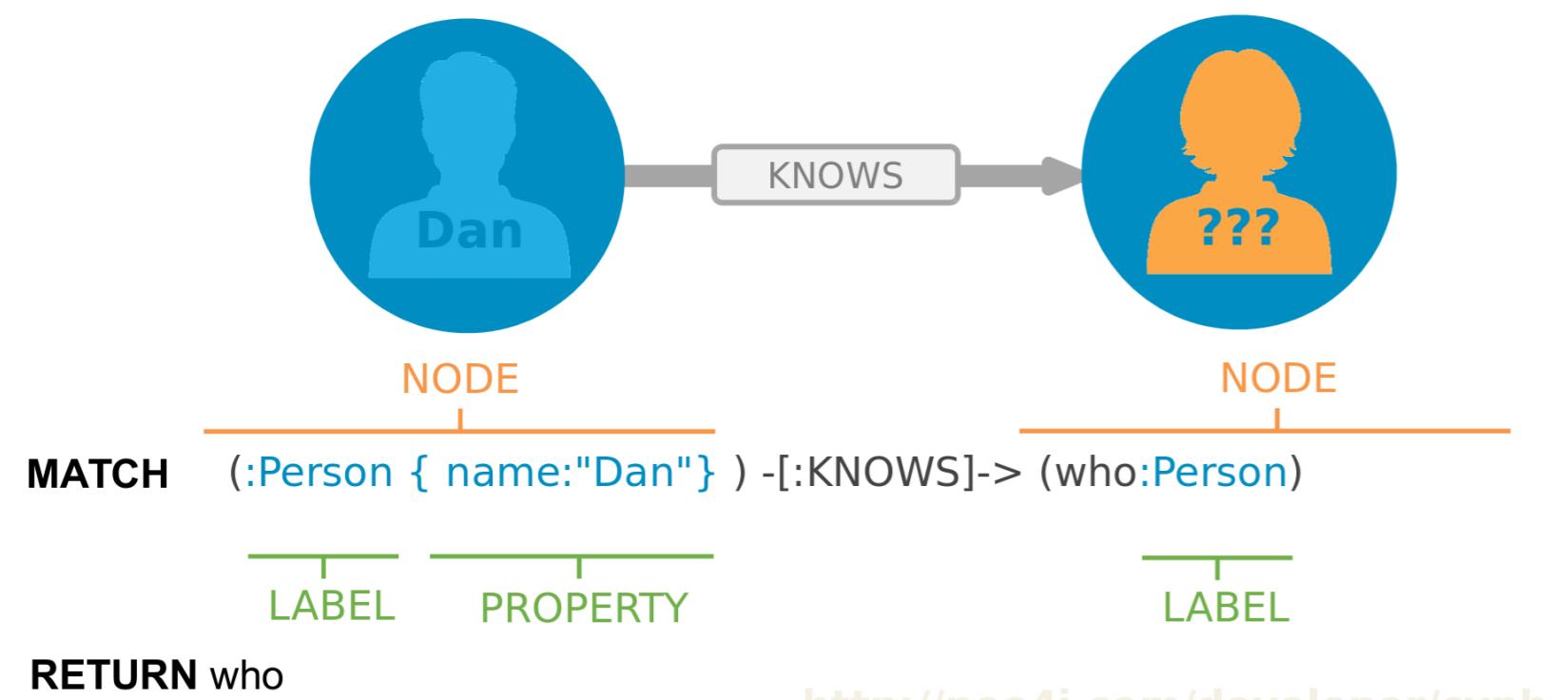
Relationships

- Links two nodes, with a **direction** and a **type**
- Can have properties

A local approach



Cypher



The movie dataset

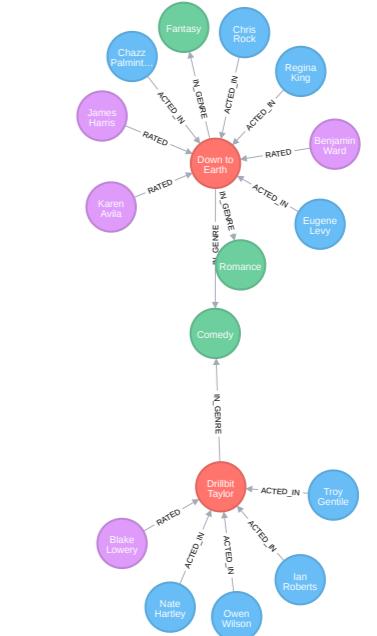
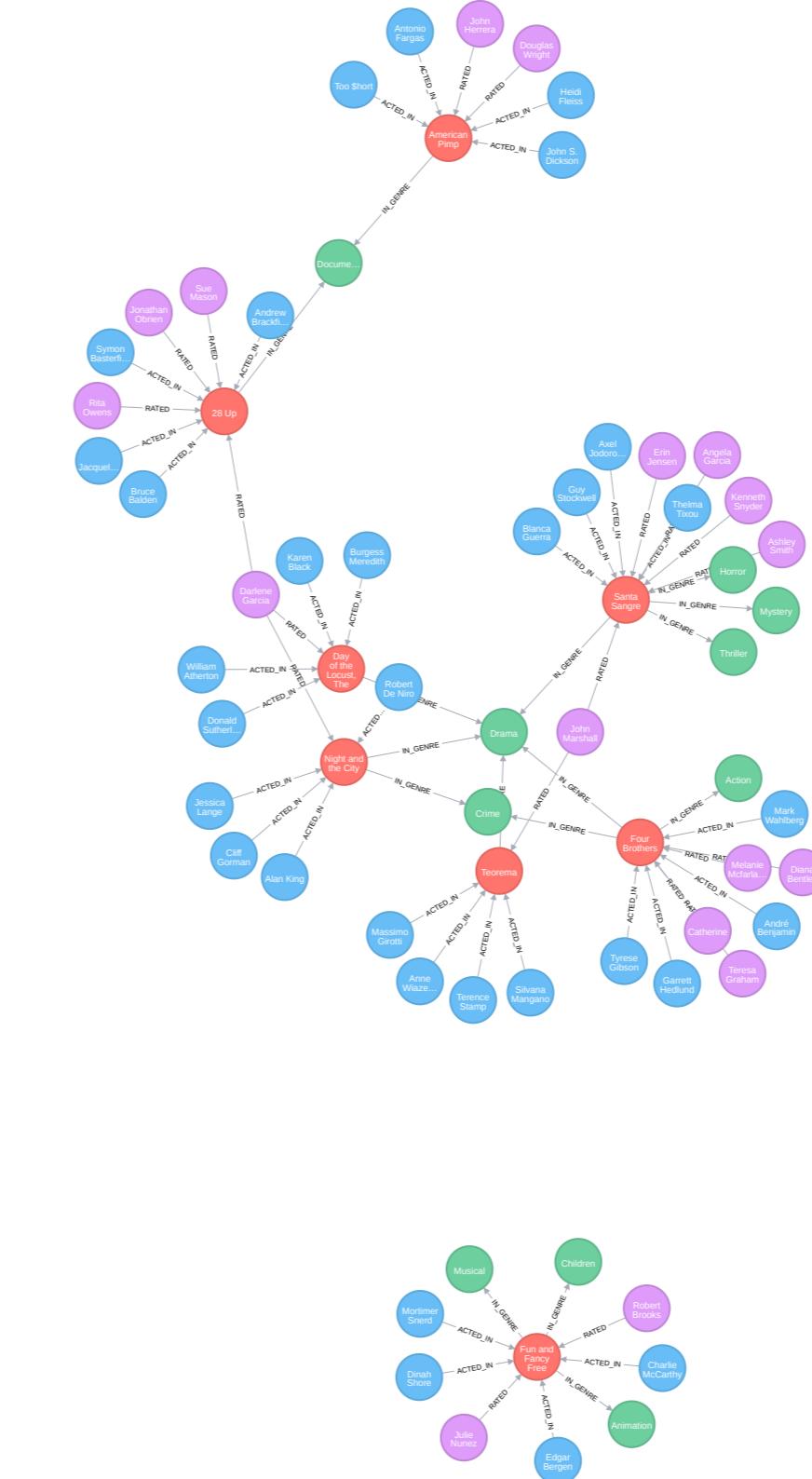


<https://neo4j.com/sandbox-v2/>



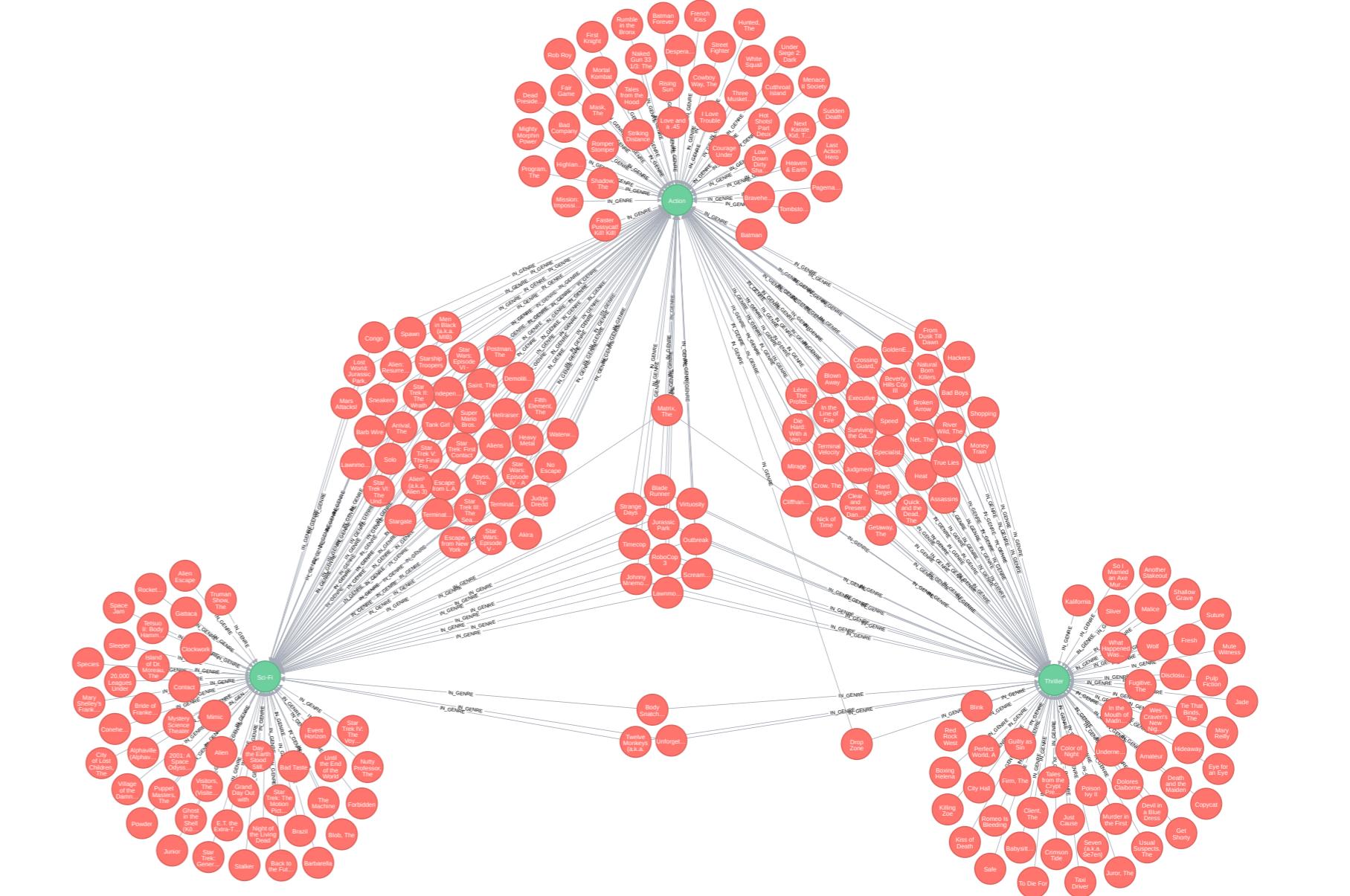
Recommendations

Generate personalized real-time recommendations using a dataset of movie reviews.



Recommendation

```
1 MATCH
2   (m:Movie {title:'Matrix, The'}),
3   (m)-[:IN_GENRE]->(:Genre)<-[:IN_GENRE]-(movie:Movie)
4 WITH m, movie, COUNT(*) AS genreOverlap
5
6 MATCH (m)<-[:RATED]-(User)-[:RATED]->(movie)
7 WITH movie, genreOverlap, COUNT(*) AS userRatedScore
8 RETURN movie
9 ORDER BY
10   (0.9 * genreOverlap) + (0.1 * userRatedScore)
11   DESC
12 LIMIT 3
```



Focus on GraphQL

A large adoption



GitHub



shopify

coursera



mattermark

The New York Times



GraphQL

“A query language for your API, and a server-side runtime for executing queries by using a type system you define for your data”

“GraphQL isn’t tied to any specific database or storage engine”

“A GraphQL service is created by defining types and fields on those types, then providing resolver functions for each field on each type”

Thinking in Graphs

It's Graphs All the Way Down *

With GraphQL, you model your business domain as a graph

Your application model is a Graph !

```
1 query($id:ID = 2571) {  
2   Movie(movieId:$id) {  
3     movieId  
4     title  
5     plot  
6     poster  
7     imdbRating  
8     genres{  
9       name  
10    }  
11    directors {  
12      name  
13    }  
14    actors {  
15      name  
16      actedIn {  
17        title  
18      }  
19    }  
20  }  
21 }
```



Your application model is a Graph !

```
1 query($id:ID = 2571) {  
2   Movie(movieId:$id) {  
3     movieId  
4     title  
5     plot  
6     poster  
7     imdbRating  
8     genres{  
9       name  
10    }  
11    directors {  
12      name  
13    }  
14    actors {  
15      name  
16      actedIn {  
17        title  
18      }  
19    }  
20  }  
21 }
```

```
1 {  
2   "Movie": {  
3     "movieId": "2571",  
4     "title": "Matrix, The",  
5     "plot": "A computer hacker learns from mysterious rebels about the true nature of his reality and his role in the war against its controllers.",  
6     "poster": "http://ia.media-imdb.com/images/M/MV5BMTkxNDYxOTA4M15BMl5BanBnXkFtZTgwNTk0NzQzMTE@._V1_SX300.jpg",  
7     "imdbRating": 8.7,  
8     "genres": [ { "name": "Thriller" }, { "name": "Sci-Fi" }, { "name": "Action" } ],  
9     "directors": [ { "name": "Lana Wachowski" }, { "name": "Andy Wachowski" } ],  
10    "actors": [  
11      {  
12        "name": "Keanu Reeves",  
13        "actedIn": [ { "title": "John Wick" }, { "title": "47 Ronin" }, ...]  
14      },  
15      ...  
16    ]  
17  }  
18 }
```



Schema Definition Language

GraphQL Cheat Sheet

- **Type** : The graph model definition
- **Resolvers** : How to fetch data from datasource
- **Query** : What queries you can do
- **Mutations** : What changes you can do

Type

Movie

```
1 type Movie {  
2   movieId: ID!  
3   title: String  
4   released: Date  
5   plot: String  
6   poster: String  
7   imdbRating: Float  
8   actors: [Actor]  
9   recommendations(skip: Int = 0, limit: Int =  
  5): [Movie]  
10 }
```

Actor

```
1 interface Person {  
2   name: ID!  
3 }  
4  
5 type Actor implements Person {  
6   name: ID!  
7   actedIn(skip: Int = 0, limit: Int = 5):  
     [Movie]  
8 }
```

Queries / Mutation

Movie

```
1 type Query {  
2   Movie(movieId: ID!): Movie  
3   MovieSearch(search: String = "", skip: Int =  
0, limit: Int = 10): [Movie]  
4 }  
5  
6 type Mutation {  
7   MovieMutation(movieId: ID, title: String!,  
actors:[String], ...): Movie  
8 }
```

Actor

```
1 type Query {  
2   Actor(id: ID!): Actor  
3   ActorSearch(search:String!): [Actor]  
4 }  
5  
6 type Mutation {  
7   ActorMutation(name:String!): Actor  
8 }
```

Resolvers

```
1 Movie {  
2  
3   recommendations: async ( current, _, context ) => {  
4     let result = await Neo4j.run( context.driver.session(), queries.RECO, current, Neo4j.mappingNodeN );  
5     return result;  
6   }  
7  
8 },  
9  
10 Query: {  
11  
12   Movie( root, params, context, resolveInfo ) {  
13     let result = await Neo4j.run( context.driver.session(), queries.GET, params, Neo4j.mappingNodeN );  
14     return result;  
15   },  
16  
17   MovieSearch: async ( root, params, context, resolveInfo ) => {  
18     let result = await Neo4j.run( context.driver.session(), queries.SEARCH, params, Neo4j.mappingNodeN );  
19     return result;  
20   },  
21  
22 }
```



Use The Schema, Luke

neo4j-graphql-js

Translate your schema directly in Cypher, thanks to annotation.

The diagram illustrates the translation process from a GraphQL schema to a Cypher query. On the left, a GraphQL schema is shown in a code editor, featuring a `Movie` type with fields like `title`, `year`, `imdbRating`, and a `actors` relationship. A large blue arrow points from this schema to a Cypher query on the right. The Cypher query retrieves a movie by title and its actors. Below the Cypher query is a `openCypher` button. At the bottom, a larger code editor window displays the full GraphQL schema definition for the `Movie` type, including various methods and relationships.

```
{  
  Movie(title: "River Runs Through It, A") {  
    title  
    year  
    imdbRating  
    actors {  
      name  
    }  
  }  
}  
  
type Movie {  
  moviedId: ID!  
  title: String  
  year: Int  
  plot: String  
  poster: String  
  imdbRating: Float  
  genres: [String]  
  similar(first: Int = 3, offset: Int = 0): [Movie] @cypher(statement: "WITH {this} AS this MATCH (this)--(:Genre)--(o:Movie) RETURN o")  
  mostSimilar: Movie @cypher(statement: "WITH {this} AS this RETURN this")  
  degree: Int @cypher(statement: "WITH {this} AS this RETURN SIZE((this)--())")  
  actors(first: Int = 3, offset: Int = 0): [Actor] @relation(name: "ACTED_IN", direction: "IN")  
  avgStars: Float  
  filmedIn: State @relation(name: "FILMED_IN", direction: "OUT")  
}
```

```
MATCH (movie:Movie {title:"River Runs Through It, A"})  
RETURN movie { .title , .year , .imdbRating,  
  actors: [(movie)<-[ACTED_IN]-(movie_actors:Actor) | movie_actors { .name }] }  
AS movie  
SKIP 0
```

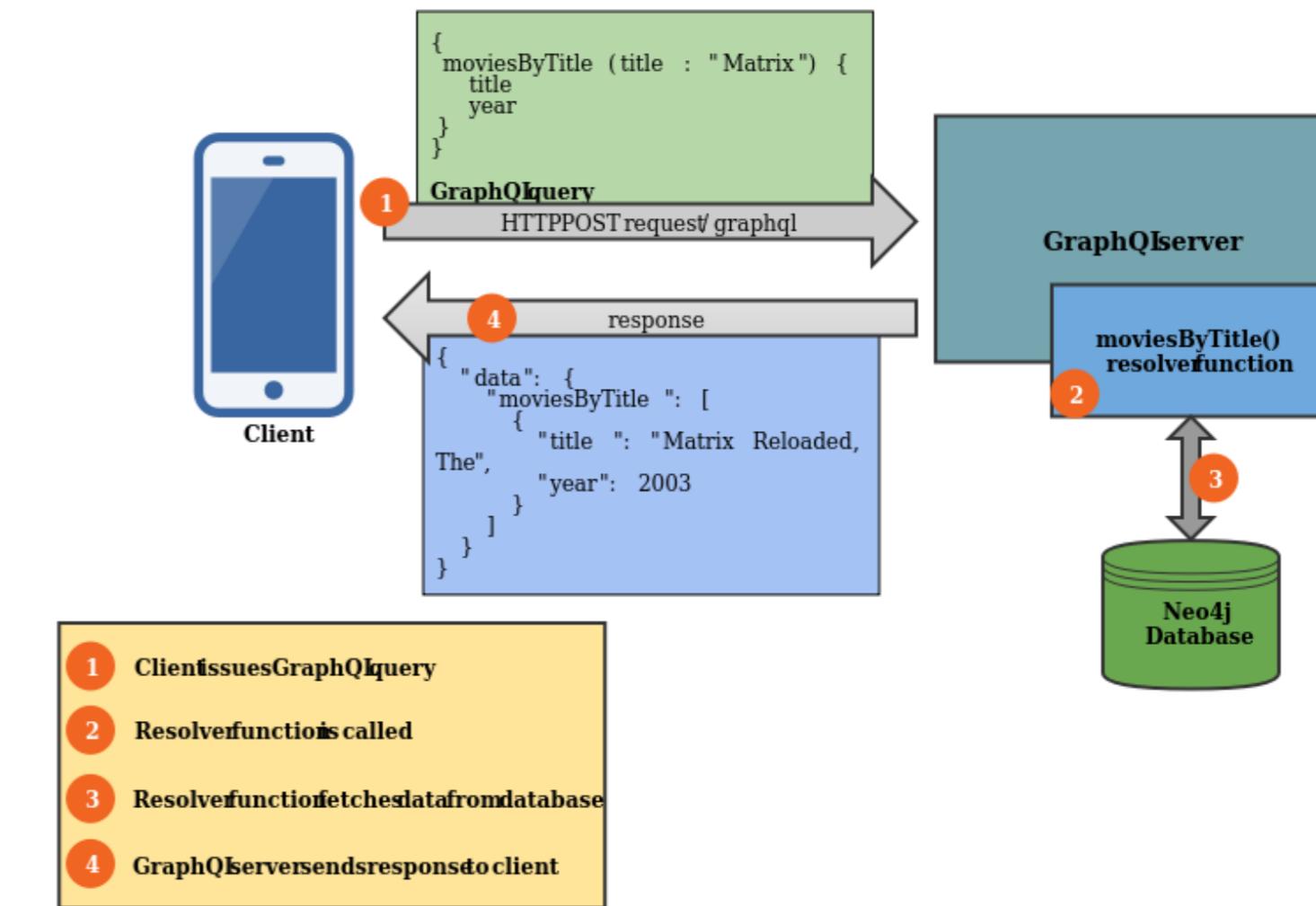
openCypher



Focus on Apollo

GraphQL tool box

- **Server** : Apollo server helps you to create GraphQL server
- **Client**: Apollo client helps you to communicate with a GraphQL server



Server

Just an express.js server with some custom endpoints.

```
1 import express from 'express';
2 import { graphqlExpress, graphiqlExpress } from 'apollo-server-express';
3 import bodyParser from 'body-parser';
4
5 const PORT = 3000;
6 const server = express();
7
8 /**
9  * GraphQL endpoint
10 */
11 server.use( '/graphql', bodyParser.json(), graphqlExpress( async ( request ) => {
12   // your graphql schema
13   schema: schema,
14   // some context for the endpoint (here the Neo4j driver)
15   context: Neo4j.context( request.headers, process.env )
16 }));
17
18 /**
19  * Create the graphiql endpoint.
20 */
21 server.use( '/graphiql', graphiqlExpress( { endpointURL: '/graphql', query: '' } ));
22
23 /**
24  * Run the server.
25 */
26 server.listen( PORT, () => { console.log(`GraphQL Server is now running on http://localhost:${PORT}/graphql` ) } );
```

Server - II

```
1 /**
2  * This part is usefull for angular.
3  * It enable CORS + OPTIONS request for the graphql endpoint.
4 */
5 server.use(
6   '/graphql',
7   ( req, res, next ) => {
8     res.header( 'Access-Control-Allow-Credentials', true );
9     res.header( 'Access-Control-Allow-Headers', 'content-type, authorization, content-length, x-requested-with, accept,
origin' );
10    res.header( 'Access-Control-Allow-Methods', 'POST, GET, OPTIONS' );
11    res.header( 'Allow', 'POST, GET, OPTIONS' );
12    res.header( 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin', '*' );
13
14    if ( req.method === 'OPTIONS' ) {
15      res.sendStatus( 200 );
16    } else {
17      next();
18    }
19  }
20 );
```

Client - Angular - I

In your application module :

```
1 // Apollo & GraphQL
2 import { HttpModule } from '@angular/http';
3 import { HttpClientModule, HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
4 import { ApolloModule, Apollo } from 'apollo-angular';
5 import { HttpLinkModule, HttpLink } from 'apollo-angular-link-http';
6 import { InMemoryCache } from 'apollo-cache-inmemory';
7
8
9 @NgModule({
10   declarations: [ AppComponent ],
11   imports: [ ..., HttpClientModule, ApolloModule, HttpLinkModule, ... ],
12   providers: [],
13   bootstrap: [AppComponent]
14 })
15
16 export class AppModule {
17
18   constructor( apollo: Apollo, httpLink: HttpLink ) {
19     apollo.create({
20       // By default, this client will send queries to the
21       // `/graphql` endpoint on the same host
22       cache: new InMemoryCache()
23     });
24   }
25
26 }
```

Client - Angular - II

In your components :

```
1 import { Apollo } from 'apollo-angular';
2
3 export class MovieSearchComponent implements OnInit {
4
5   // GraphQL query
6   query :any;
7
8   // Graphql result
9   movies :[Movie];
10
11  // search fields
12  search :string = '';
13  limit :number = 20;
14  offset :number = 0;
15
16 /**
17 * Default constructor.
18 * @param {Apollo} apollo - Apollo service
19 */
20 constructor(private apollo :Apollo) {
21   // Nothing
22 }
23
24 ngOnInit() {
25   this.query = this.apollo.watchQuery(
26     {
```

TypeScript generation

<https://github.com/apollographql/apollo-codegen>

```
1 cd ~/worspaces/grandstack/grand-movies-examples/
2 apollo-codegen introspect-schema http://localhost:3000/graphql --output schema.json
3 cd front-angular/src/app/movie/search/
4 apollo-codegen generate ./search.graphql.ts --schema ~/worspaces/grandstack/grand-movies-examples/schema.json --target
typescript --output search.graphql.type..ts
```

Demo

Any questions ?





Thanks

Resource

Thanks to Will Lyon from Neo4j for the help

