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General modeling techniques

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Integer variables are used

- to describe discrete structures
subset of $S \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\} \Rightarrow$ vector $(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0, 1\}^n$
- to linearize non linear expressions

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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^k y_i = 1 \\ x = \sum_{i=1}^k p_i y_i \\ y_i \in \{0, 1\} \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2 \dots k \end{array} \right.$$

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$$x \leq y$$

OR: x or y must be TRUE

x and y being two boolean variables $\{0, 1\}$

$$x + y \geq 1$$

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x : a decision variable

Objective with fixed cost (affine function): $\min f \mathbf{1}_{\{x>0\}} + cx$

- The cost is composed of a unitary cost c and a fixed cost f paid only if $x > 0$

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 $y \equiv 1$ if $x > 0$, and 0 otherwise

$$\begin{cases} \min fy + cx \\ x \leq My \\ y \in \{0, 1\} \end{cases}$$

where M is a constant $\geq x$

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Disjunctive constraints:

- Two tasks of duration d_i and d_j must be processed on the same machine
$$\begin{cases} t_i + d_i \leq t_j & \text{if } i \text{ is scheduled before } j \\ t_j + d_j \leq t_i & \text{if } j \text{ is scheduled before } i \end{cases}$$

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$$\begin{cases} t_i + d_i \leq t_j + M(1 - y_{ij}) \\ t_j + d_j \leq t_i + My_{ij} \\ y_{ij} \in \{0, 1\} \end{cases}$$

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We must express $y = 1$ iff $(x = 1 \text{ and } x' = 1)$

$$\begin{cases} y \leq x \\ y \leq x' \\ x + x' - 1 \leq y \\ y \in \{0, 1\} \end{cases}$$