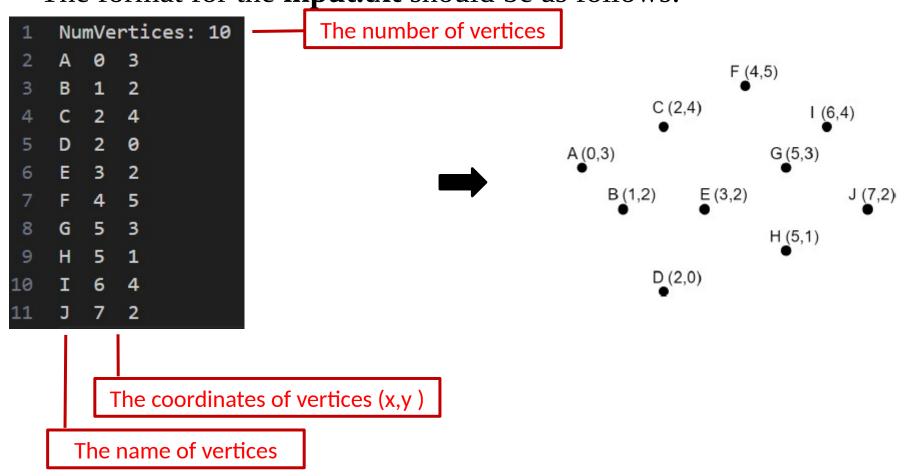


Program:

- Input file: input.txt
 - Write a parser to read input.txt and construct a connected graph.
 - ◆ The input.txt contains all of the vertices' information, such as the number of vertices, their names, and their coordinates.
- Output file: output.txt
 - Once the connected graph is constructed, the challenge lies in finding the minimum spanning tree.
 - ◆ The edge cost is determined by the Manhattan distance between two vertices. Transform each edge of the minimum spanning tree into an L-shape and add Steiner vertices.
 - Output.txt should include the names and coordinates of the vertices (Steiner points should be named S1, S2, ...) and the connections between points.

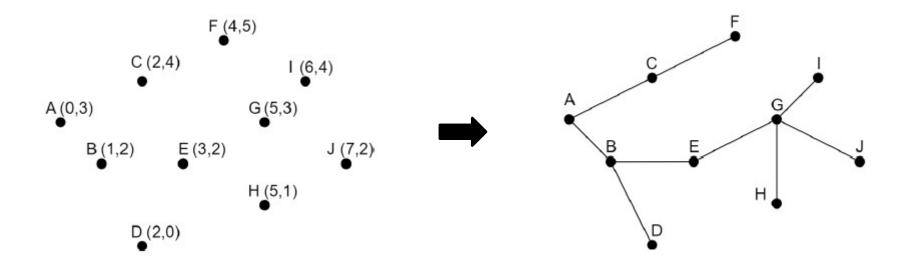


The format for the **input.txt** should be as follows:





Please create a connected graph based on the coordinates of the vertices and find the minimum spanning tree. Set the edge cost to be the Manhattan distance between two vertices.



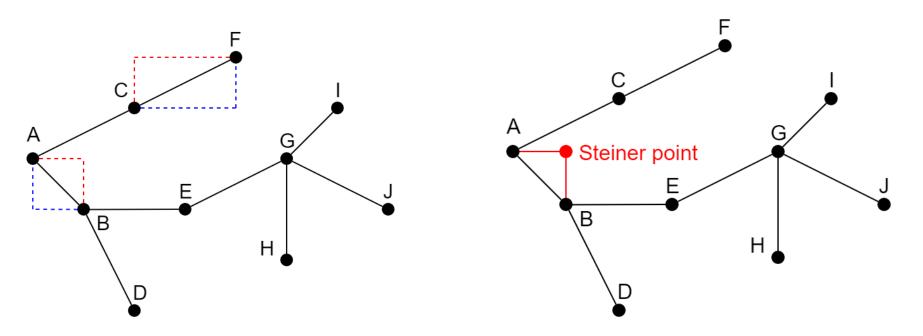


Please use Prim's Algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree.

```
MST-PRIM(G, w, r)
    for each u \in G.V
         u.key = \infty
        u.\pi = NIL
 4 \quad r. key = 0
 5 Q = G.V
    while Q \neq \emptyset
         u = \text{EXTRACT-MIN}(Q)
         for each v \in G.Adj[u]
              if v \in Q and w(u, v) < v. key
10
                   v.\pi = u
                  v.key = w(u, v)
11
```

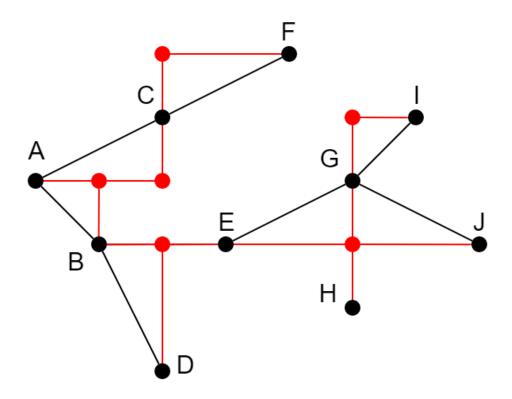


- ◆ Please convert the edges of the minimum spanning tree into L-shapes, either horizontal or vertical, as shown by the red or blue dashed lines in the diagram.
- ◆ You need to add Steiner points during the conversion process, as shown in the diagram.



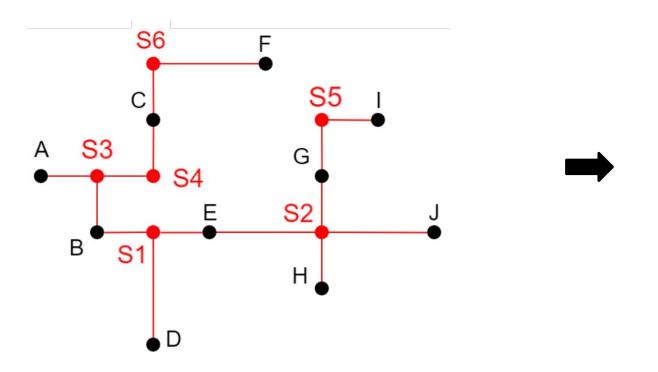


◆ After converting all edges of the minimum spanning tree, you will obtain the result shown in the diagram. The output file should only record the horizontal and vertical connections.





- The format for the output.txt should be as follows:
 - In output.txt, please keep the input vertices in the same order as in input.txt and place them above the Steiner points.
 - The order of the Steiner points doesn't matter. The only thing you have to do is keep the edge relations correct.



```
S1
NumEdges: 15
          S2
     S1
     S1
     S2
     S2
     S2
E9
     S3
E10
            S4
E11
E12
E13
E14
E15
       S6
```

NumVertices: 10



- **Deadline: 2024/06/17 11:55 pm**
- ♦ Please use C++ language to implement your program.
- **TA email:** m16121093@gs.ncku.edu.tw
- If you have any questions, please get in touch with the TA email.
- The mail's title should be:
 - DS_HW3_your name_your student ID_your question in brief.



- Please upload your source code to Moodle.
 - e.g., HW3_E12345678.cpp
- Notes:
 - The specified algorithm must be used to construct the minimum spanning tree.
 - Steiner points should be represented as S1, S2, etc.
 - Edges of the Steiner tree should be represented as E1, E2, etc.
- The WireLength represents the total wirelength of the steiner tree.
- Scoring:
 - There are 3 test cases, 1 of them is public case and 2 of them are hidden cases.
 - Higher scores are given for shorter total wirelength.