

Exercise #4

11. September 2023

Exercises marked with a (J) should be handed together with a Jupyter notebook.

Problems marked with 4N or 4D must be submitted only by the respective course, while unmarked problems must be submitted by both courses.

Optional exercises will not be corrected.

Problem 1. (Bisection Method - J)

Consider the function

$$f(x) = (1 - 3^x)x^2 + 4(x - 1)3^x + 4(1 - x).$$

We want to find roots of $f(x)$ in the interval $[-2, 3]$.

- a) Plot the function on the interval $[-2, 3]$.
- b) Do 4 iterations of the bisection method by hand. After 4 iterations you have a narrowed down interval $[a_n, b_n]$ in which the solution lies. Taking $\tilde{x} = f(c_n) = f((a_n + b_n)/2)$ as your solution, which solution did you find? What is the error bound, i.e. the maximum distance between \tilde{x} and the exact solution?
- c) How many iterations are at most required to guarantee an error smaller than 10^{-3} ? Compute it analytically.
- d) (J) Implement the bisection algorithm in python to find roots of $f(x)$ with an error smaller than 10^{-3} (again in the interval $[-2, 3]$).

Problem 2. (Fixed point method)

We consider the solution of the equation

$$\cos(e^{-x}) = 2\sqrt{x}.$$

a) Show that the following fixed point method

$$x = g(x) \quad \text{with} \quad g(x) = \frac{\cos^2(e^{-x})}{4}$$

has a unique solution $\hat{x} \geq 0$.

b) If you run the code below, you will obtain a value x that is a numerical approximation of \hat{x} . Provide an upper bound for the error $e := |\hat{x} - x|$.

```
import numpy as np

def g(x):
    return np.cos(np.exp(-x))**2/4

x = 0
x_old = 1

while np.abs(x_old-x) > 1e-6:
    x_old = x
    x = g(x)
    print(x)
```

Problem 3. (Newton's method - J)

Consider the function

$$f(x) = \cos(x) - \sqrt{x}.$$

We want to find the root of $f(x)$.

a) Compute two steps with Newton's method by hand, starting at $x_0 = 0$.

b) (J) Implement Newton's method for the problem at hand and use it to find the root of $f(x)$ with error less than 10^{-3} . Use $x_0 = 1$ as starting point.

Problem 4.

Consider the following implementation of an iterative method:

```
from numpy import cos, sin, log

x = 0.5
err = abs(cos(x)+log(x))

while err > 1e-6:
    dx = -(cos(x)+log(x))/(-sin(x)+1/x)
    x += - dx
    err = abs(dx)

print(x)
```

- a) What method is supposed to be implemented above?
- b) Write down the specific equation being (iteratively) solved by the algorithm.
- c) An error is present in the code, spot it.