# On the use of relative brain size - supplemental materials

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## Methods

#### 10 Sample size

- 11 The main text contained results for data sets with 100 species. To see how the models perform with a smaller
- or larger dataset, I simulated data for 20 and 1000 species, with 20 simulations per case and sample size.

#### 13 Priors

- The main text contained results for Bayesian models with slightly regularising priors. In emperical data
- sets, one can often choose more informative priors. To test the effect of this I analysed the dataset with 100
- 16 species with priors that only allow for positive slopes, with the mean set to the simulated value (1). I also
- restricted the priors for the intecept parameters to normal (0, 0.25).
- 18 To further test the robustness of the models I analysed the data with vague priors, settings intercept and
- 19 slope to normal(0, 10) and standard variation parameters to exponential(0.1) (note that the mean for the
- exponential distribution is the inverse of the rate, such that the mean standard deviation here is 10).

# 21 Results

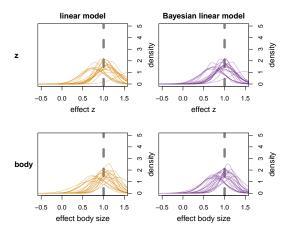


Figure S1: Model with sample size 20. Parameter estimates from the linear model and Bayesian linear model with brain size as response variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

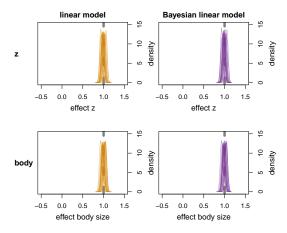


Figure S2: Model with sample size 1000. Parameter estimates from the linear model and Bayesian linear model with brain size as response variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple and green density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

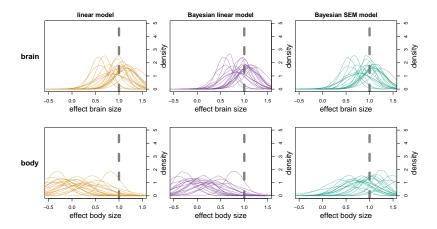


Figure S3: Model with sample size 20. Parameter estimates from the linear model, Bayesian linear model and Bayesian structural equation model with relative brain size as predictor variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

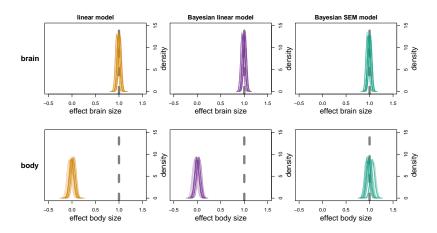


Figure S4: Model with sample size 1000. Parameter estimates from the linear model, Bayesian linear model and Bayesian structural equation model with relative brain size as predictor variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple and green density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

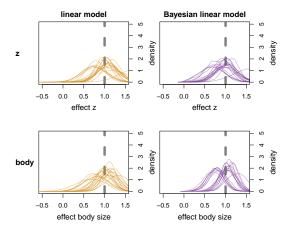


Figure S5: Model with informative priors. Parameter estimates from the linear model and Bayesian linear model with brain size as response variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

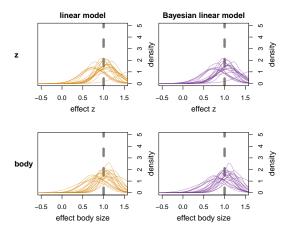


Figure S6: Model with vague priors. Parameter estimates from the linear model and Bayesian linear model with brain size as response variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple and green density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

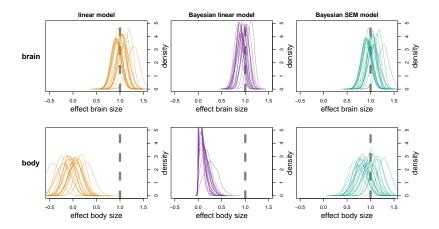


Figure S7: Model with informative priors. Parameter estimates from the linear model, Bayesian linear model and Bayesian structural equation model with relative brain size as predictor variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.

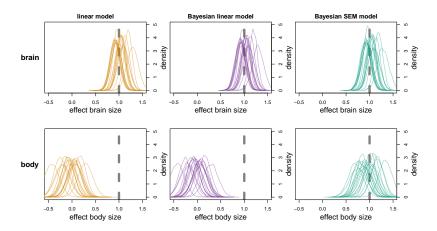


Figure S8: Model with vague priors. Parameter estimates from the linear model, Bayesian linear model and Bayesian structural equation model with relative brain size as predictor variable. Dashed grey line is the true value. Orange density plots are normal distributions based on the mean and SE from the linear model. Purple and green density plots are the posterior distributions from the Bayesian models.