



POLITECNICO DI MILANO

Reliability, Safety & Risk Analysis



Natural Technological (NaTech) Accidents,
Risk Assessment & Management

NaTech Accidents

Simone Pagliuca, Samuele Mezzaro, Cyrille de Lurion



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- What are NaTech Accidents?
 - When should NaTech Scenarios be considered?
 - Current QRA
 - Example of Risk Assessment
 - Gaps & Issues

What are NaTech Accidents?

Def.: NaTech accidents are Tech-related accidents influenced by Natural Events which can cause damages to infrastructures, people and the surrounding environment



Tsunami



Landslide

Great East Japan Earthquake and Tsunami (2011)



Injuries due to the H explosion,
Two workers suffered radiation burns
Some workers later died of leukemia

Substantial economic losses

Contamination of the
surrounding environment

Severe social and political consequences
on the local community and the rest of
the world



Fukushima NPP Accident

Landslide of Mount Toc (1967)



1917 people died

Massive damages to close inhabited areas and infrastructure.

Closest villages were completely swept away

~~Severe social and political consequences...~~



Vajont Disaster



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When should NaTech Scenarios be considered?

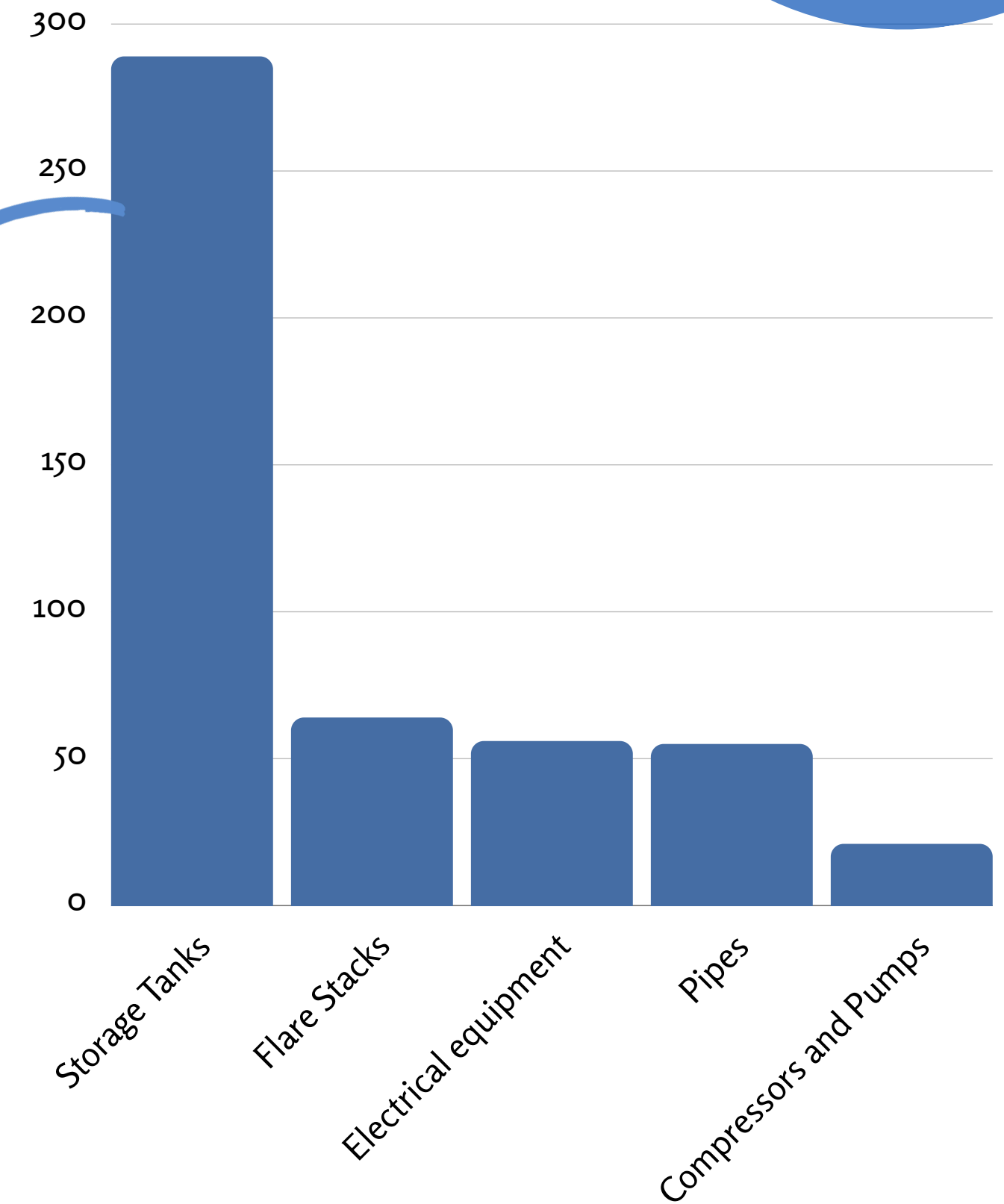
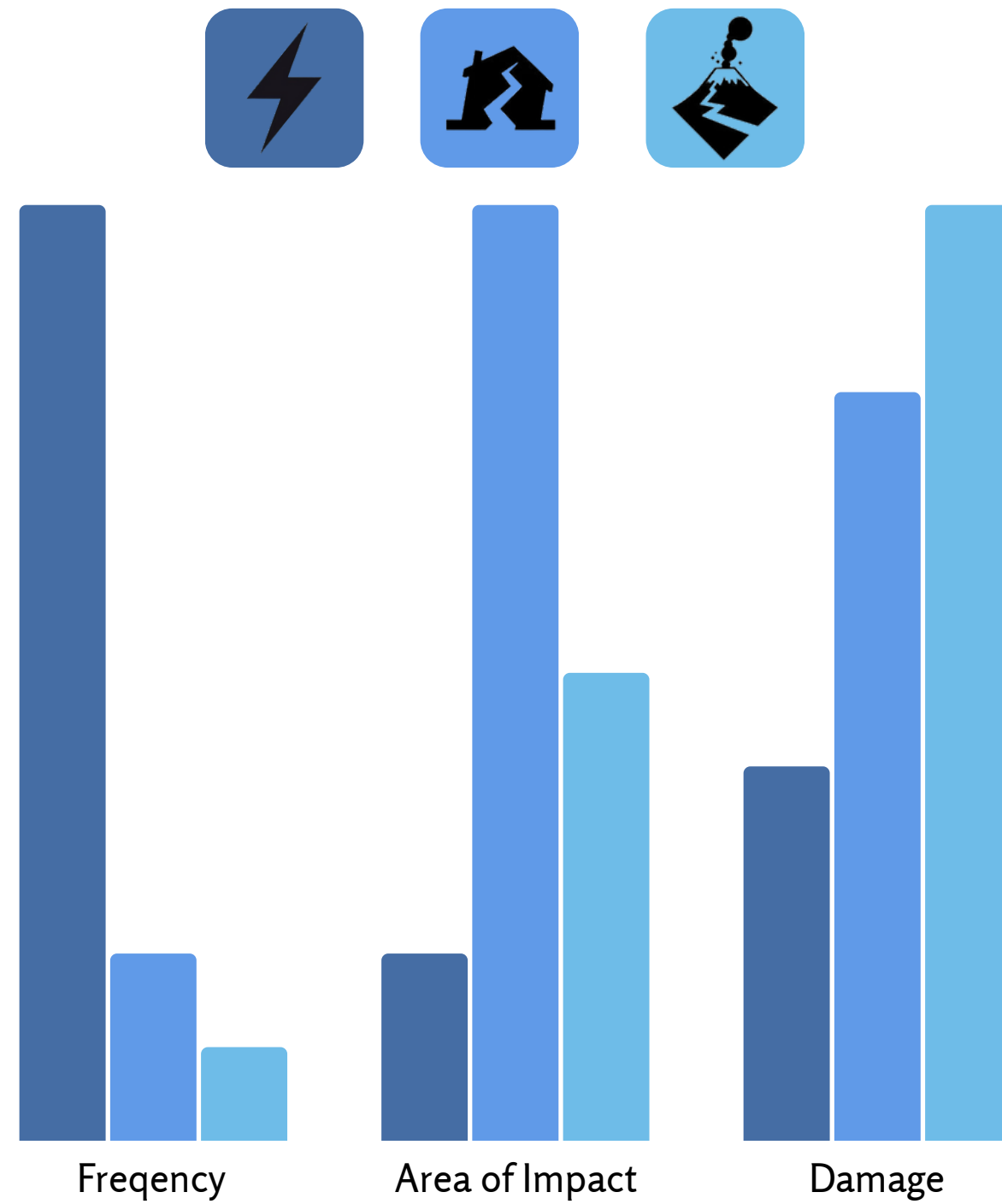
Any industrial plant that handles **Hazardous Materials**

Why?

- Emergency Planning
- Economic Consequences
- Social & Political Implications



Causes and “Victims”...





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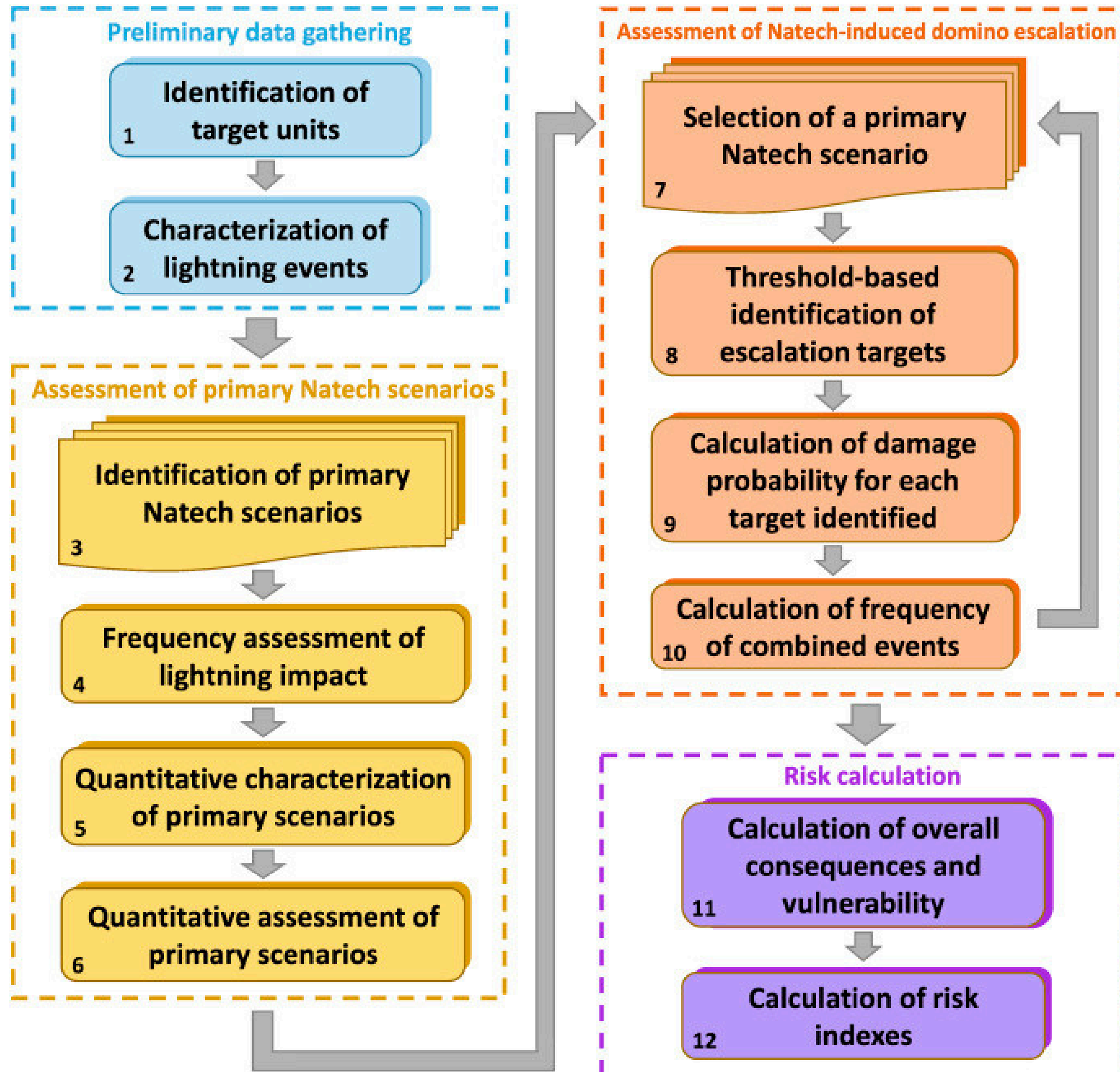
→ Current QRA

- Example of Risk Assessment
- Gaps & Issues

Current QRA

Basic Structure

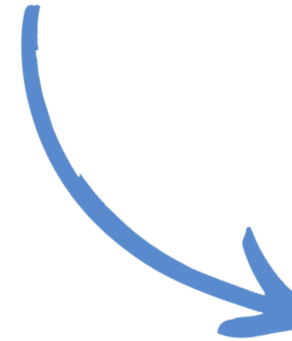
1. Preliminary Data Gathering
2. Assessment of NaTech Scenario
3. *Assessment of Domino Escalation
4. Risk Evaluation



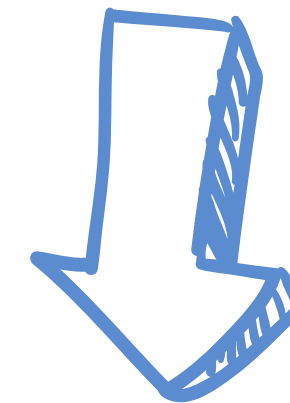
Current QRA

1: Preliminary Data Gathering

Choose the natural event
and its magnitude.



Earthquakes: Peak ground acceleration
Floods: Water depth and velocity
Lightnings: Flash density



Data can be extracted from:

- Historical data,
- Natural hazard maps (if they exist)
- Empirical correlations

1967	Genova, IT	Fire from a tank spread to others, 300 tons of oil lost
1971	Poland	Oil storage ignited and collapsed, Involved 3 other tanks, It caused 33 fatalities
1989	China	Crude oil tank with 40'000 tons ignited Involved 5 similar tanks 16 fatalities and 70 injuries

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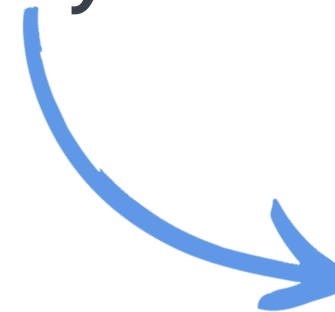
Lightning Impact



1. Pool Fire
2. Explosion
3. Jet Fire
4. Toxic Dispersion
5. No Consequence

Estimation of the failure probability:

- Fragility curves
- Vulnerability models
- Statistical models



**Main difference
between models**

Current QRA

2: Primary NaTech Scenario

- Individuate possible system states
- Define the failure or damage probabilities
- Include only plausible combinations of events

Current QRA

3: Domino Escalation

Escalation Vectors:

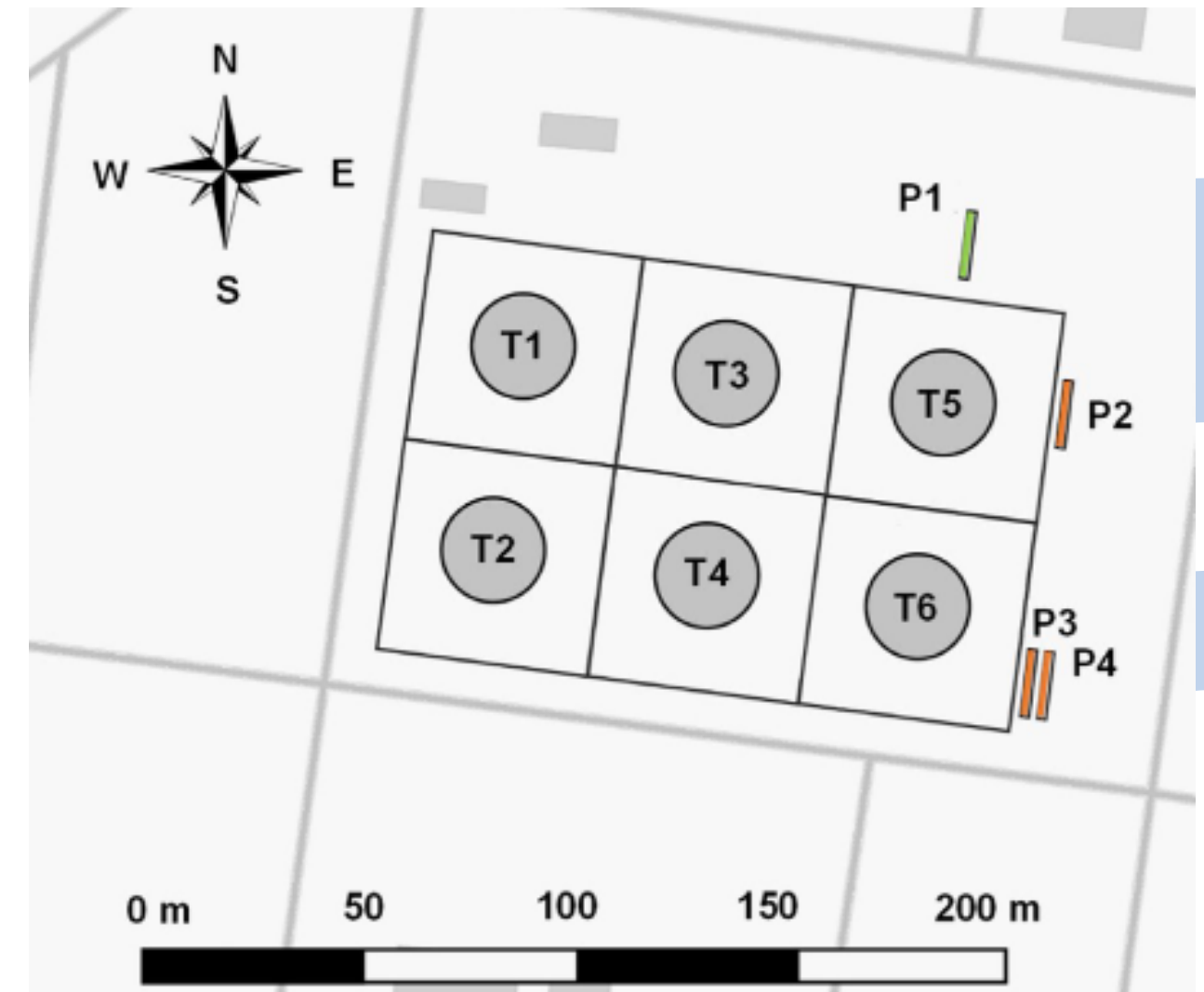
- Radiation heat from fire
- Fragment collisions from explosions
- Release of toxic substances are neglected

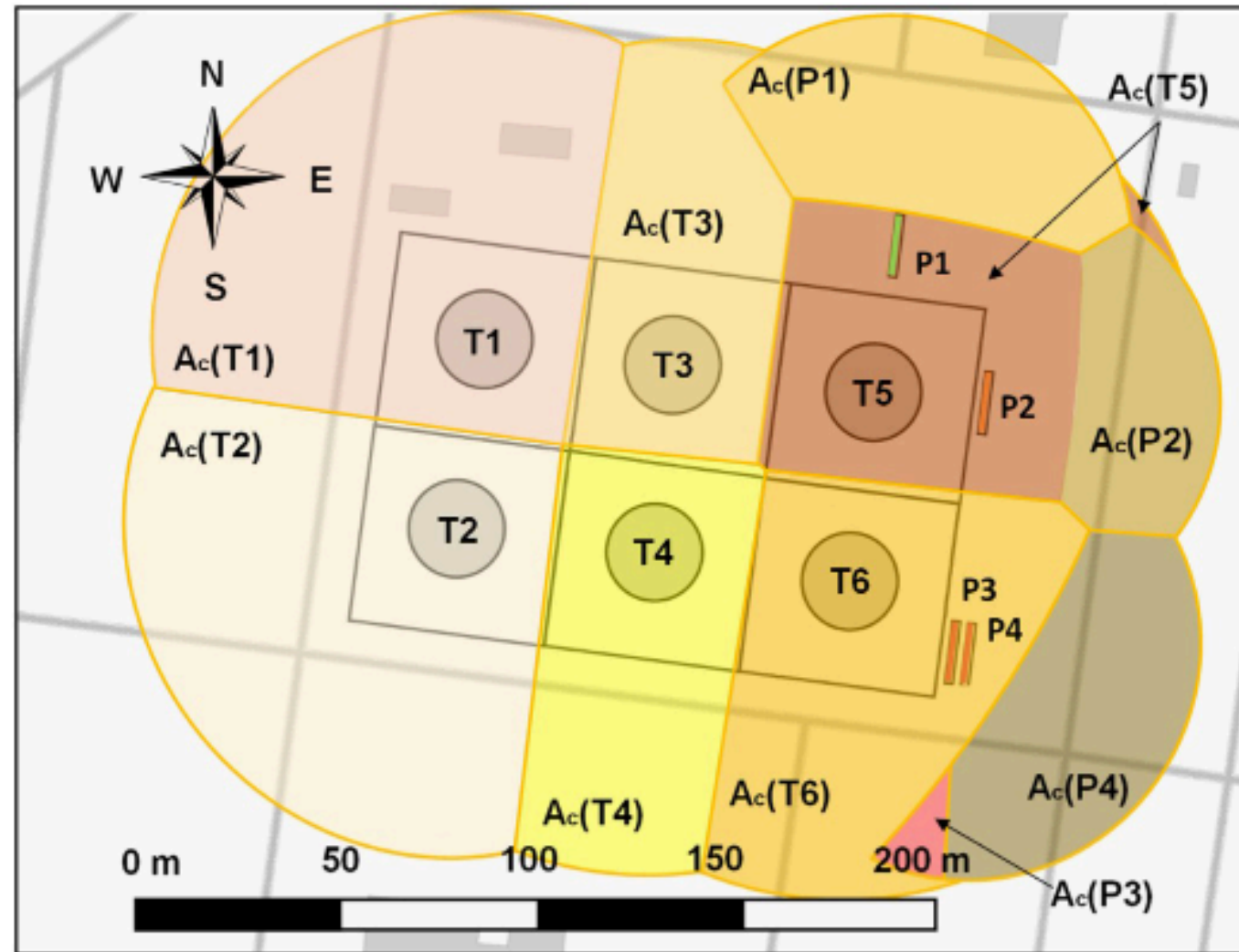
Not all methodologies include this step
Useful for storage facilities closely packed together

Conditional escalation probabilities established,
for each:

- Component
- Escalation Vector
- Primary Event
- Geometry

Several levels of escalations can be considered.

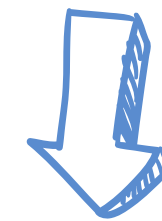




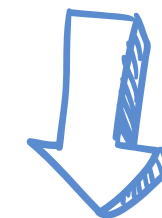
Current QRA

4: Risk Evaluation

Multiple sources of physical effects,
such as heat radiation and toxic concentration



Conventional models for consequence analysis **cannot be applied**



Map of death probability for the **overall escalation scenario**



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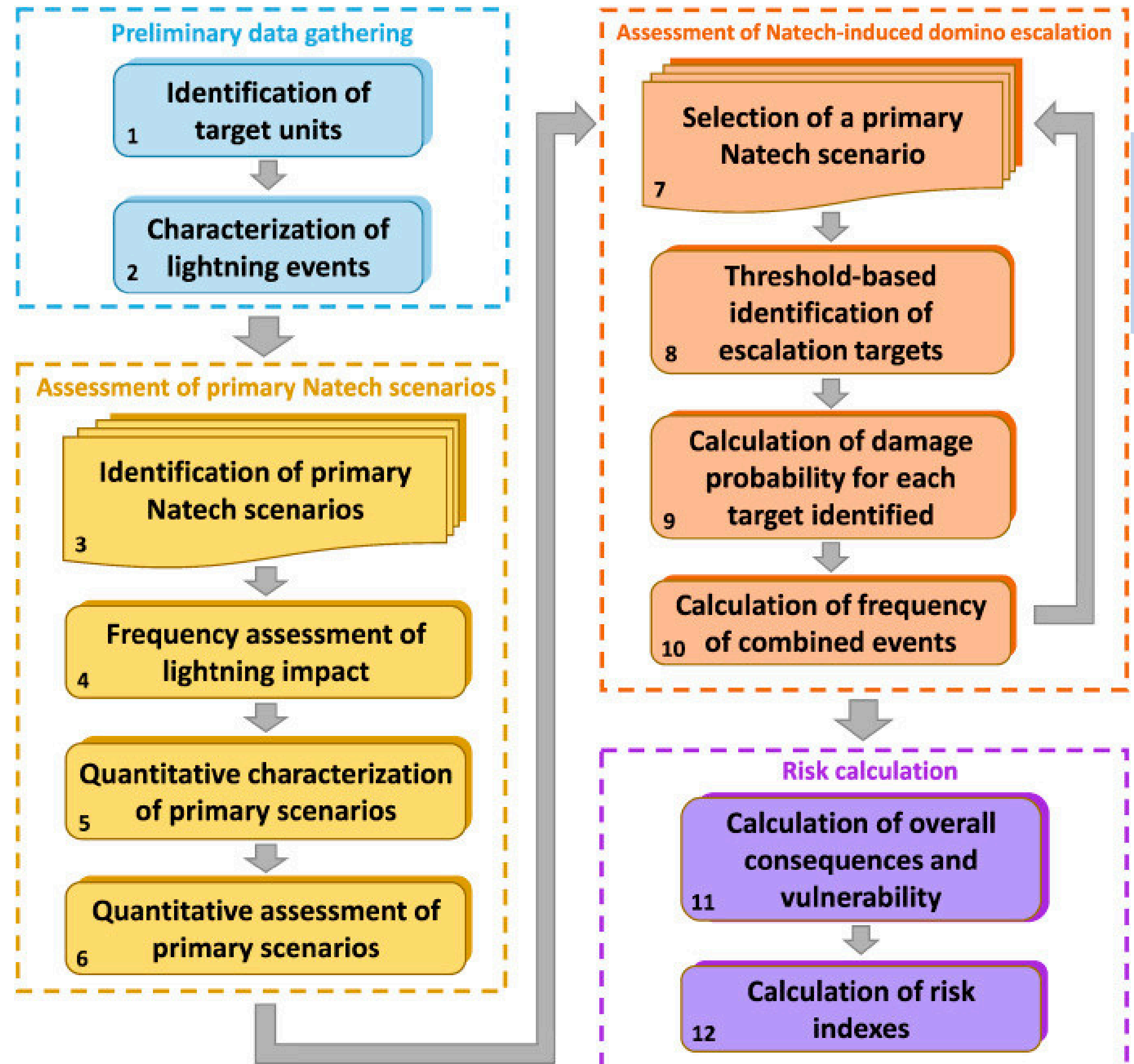
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Example: Misuri et Al.

Methodology

Primary Scenarios: Single lightning. This event has low probability to cause damage to more than one unit.

Secondary Scenarios: nearby units are damaged as a consequence of the primary scenario.



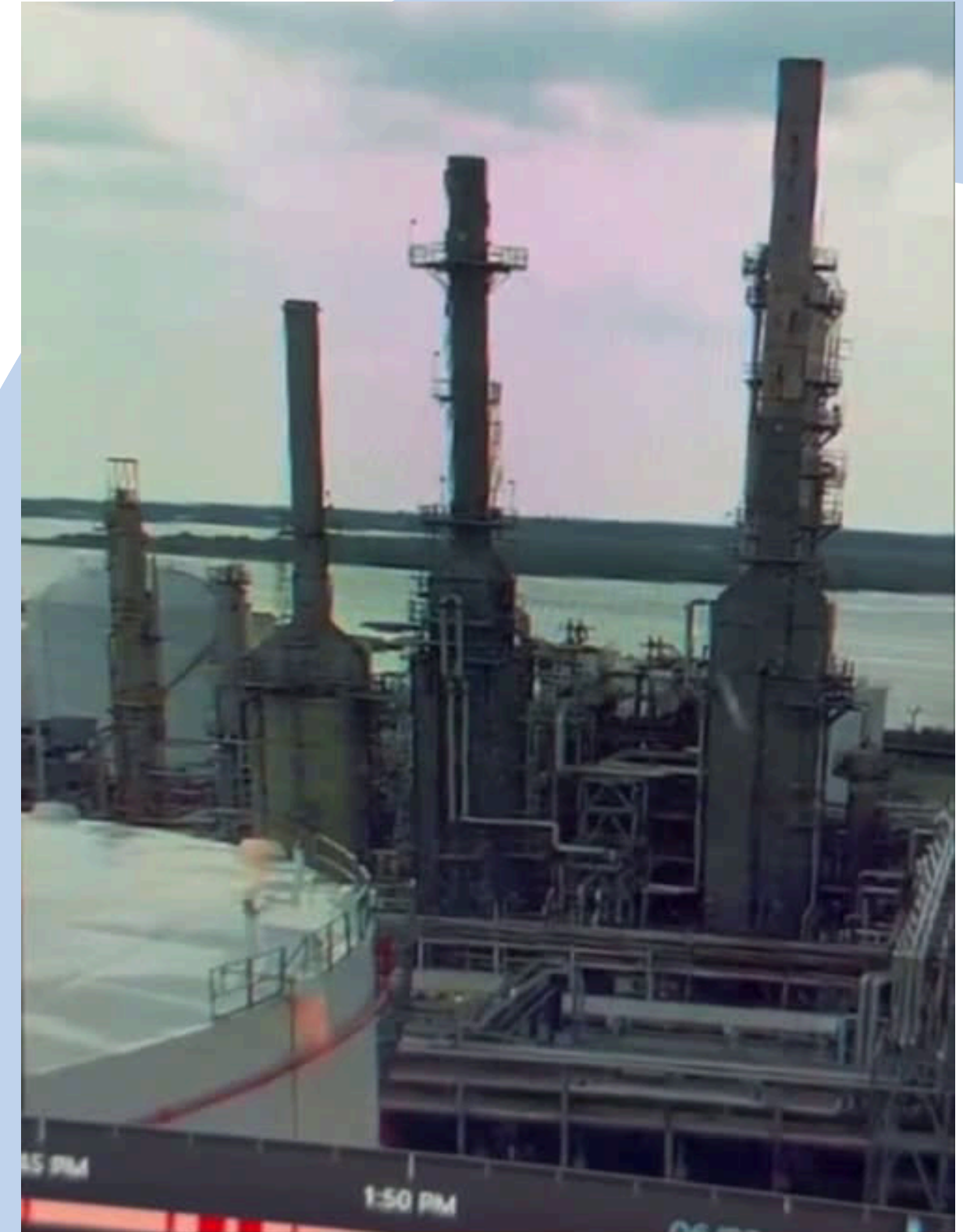
Example: Misuri et Al.

Introduction

Focus on Domino effect of NaTech accidents triggered by lightning

Aim to extend previous QRA of NaTech scenarios induced by lightning to escalation scenarios caused by domino effects.

Lightnings are responsible for 95% of NaTech accidents in the Oil&Gas and Petrochemical sectors.



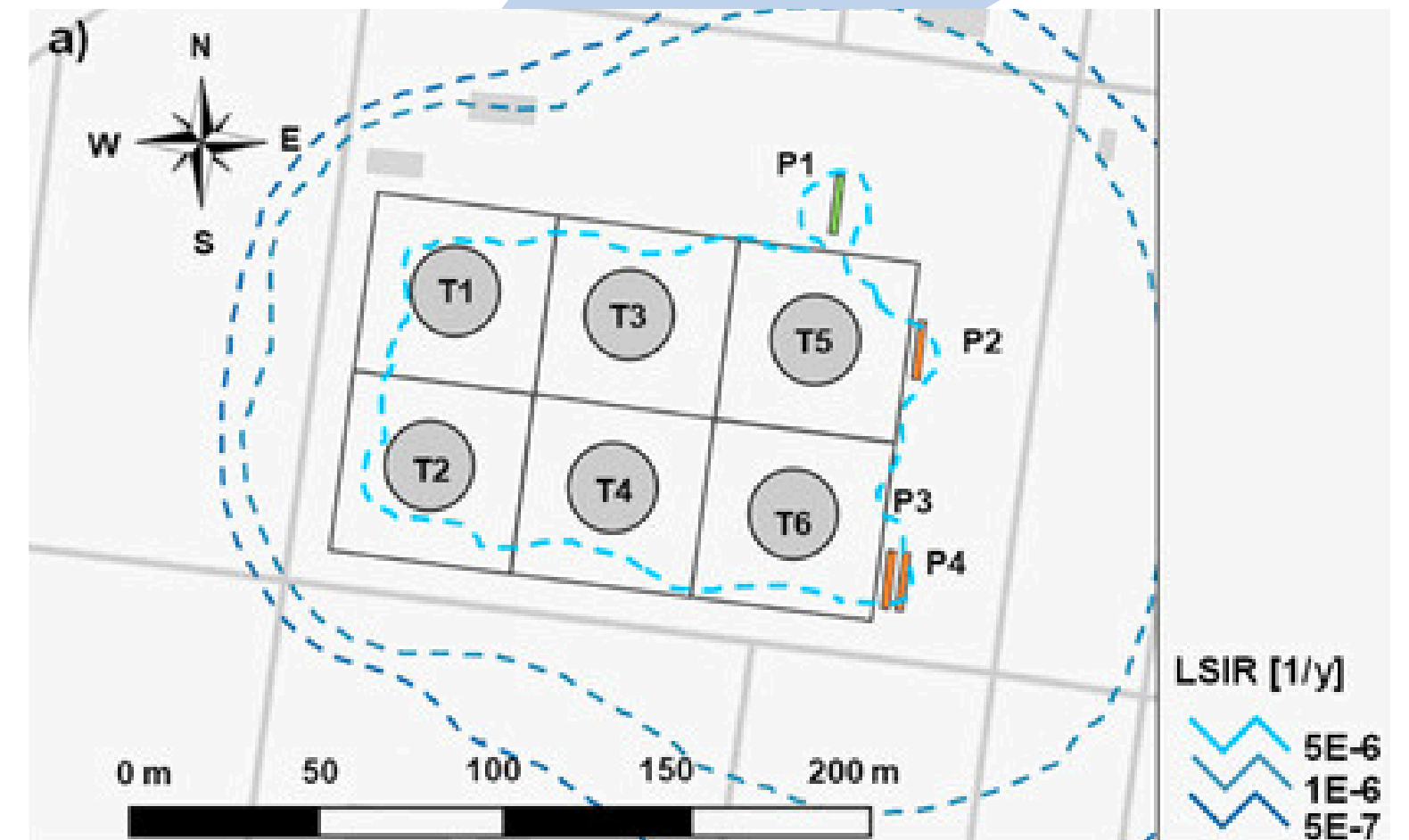
Example: Misuri et Al.

Results

6 atmospheric tanks storing gasoline,
3 pressurized horizontal vessels storing GPL
1 horizontal vessel storing ammonia

LSIR = Local-Specific Individual Risk

$$LSIR = 10^{-6} \sim 10^{-7}$$

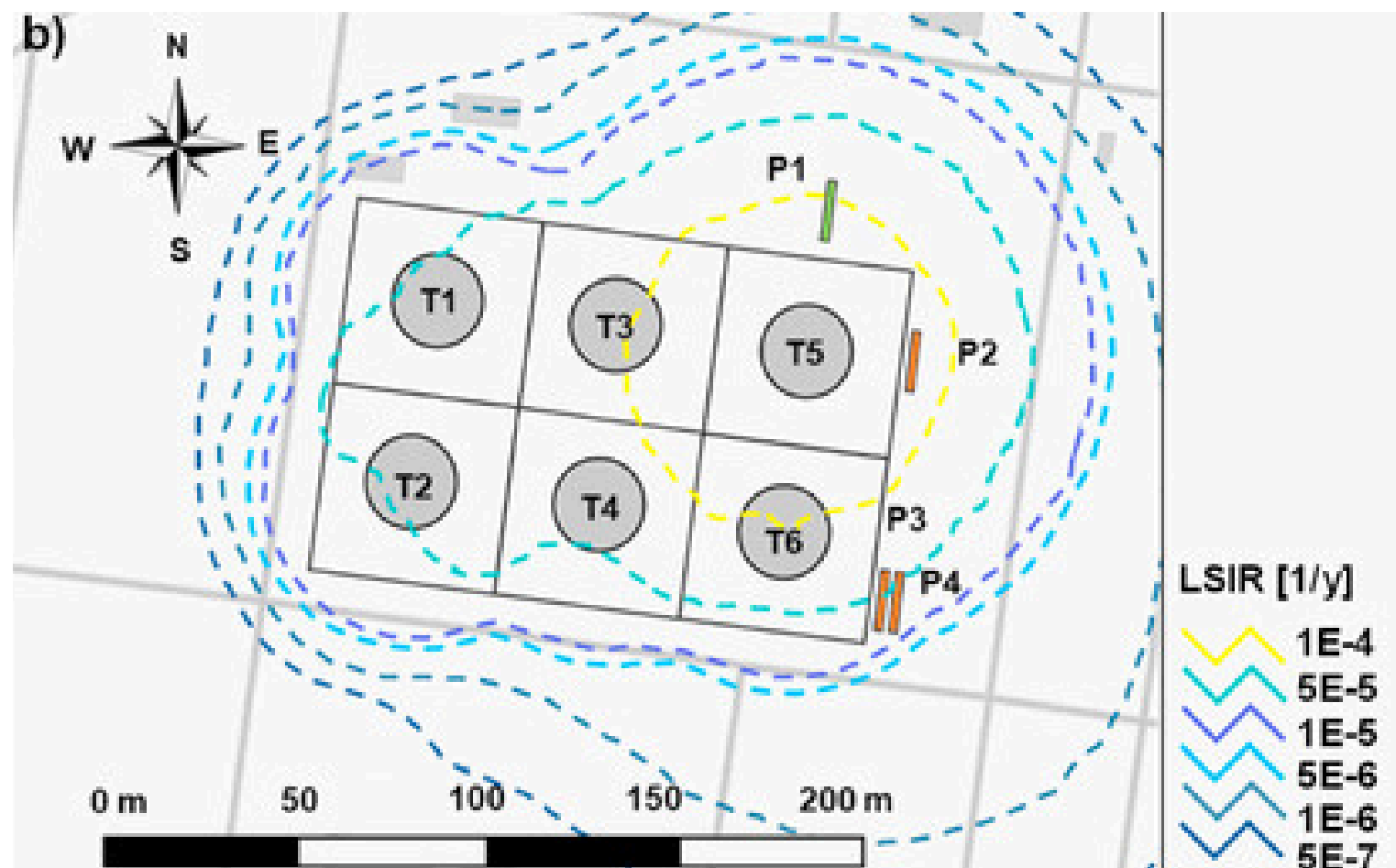


Conventional Evaluation

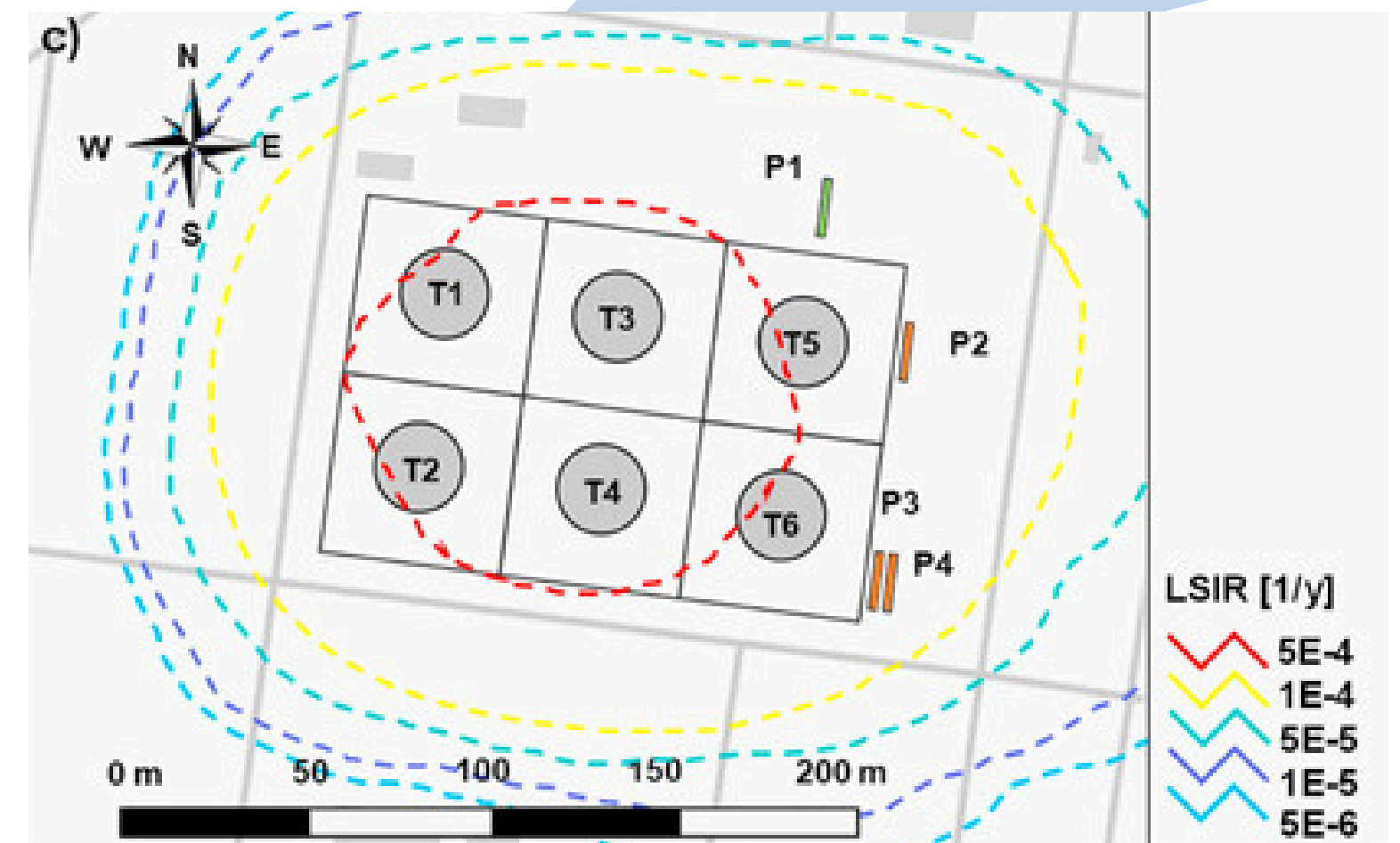
Example: Misuri et Al.

Results

Conventional + NaTech



Conventional + NaTech + Domino



$$\text{LSIR} = \sim 10^{-4}$$



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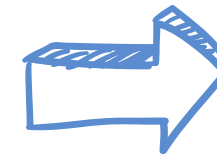
→ Gaps & Issues

Gaps & Issues

Common issues

Rare occurrence rate

Not all disasters are well documented



Scarcity of Available Data

Accidents not always recognized as “NaTech”

Famous disasters with numerous casualties
but very low probability of occurrence like Tsunamis and earthquakes

are “more interesting” then

Frequently occurring but lower magnitude natural events:
lightning, rain, landslides, extreme temperatures

Human Bias

Gaps & Issues

Research gaps



Effects of the **warning time** before a disaster



Consequences of the event in respect to the **emergency response**

Effect on workers and emergency responders

Effect on Emergency infrastructure/resources



Post disaster planning:

BCP: Business Continuation Planning

R₃: Recovery, Reconstruction, Renovation

Gaps & Issues

Research gaps

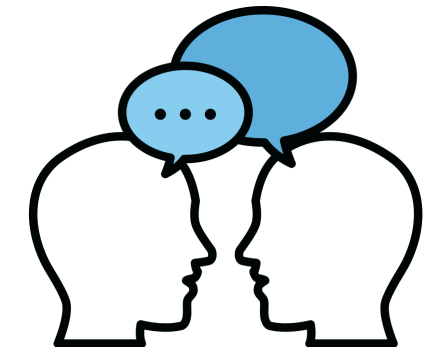
Lack of models covering “Side Effects” beyond immediate damage:

Risk Communication

Risk Perception

Health impact

For all, the workers, the surrounding population and the general public



Outdated model approach

Most models use either quantitative or qualitative approaches instead of a, more promising, semi-quantitative approach

Gaps & Issues

Methodologies

Type of analysis	Geological hazards												Hydro-meteorological hazards												Multi-hazard		
	Earthquake			Volcanic eruptions			Landslides			Tsunami			Lightning			Weather related			Floods			Extreme Temp.					
	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN	QL	SQ	QN		QL	SQ
Accident analysis and return of experiences																											
Risk Assessment																											
Risk reduction																											
Risk communication and risk perception																											
Health impacts																											

Number of publications



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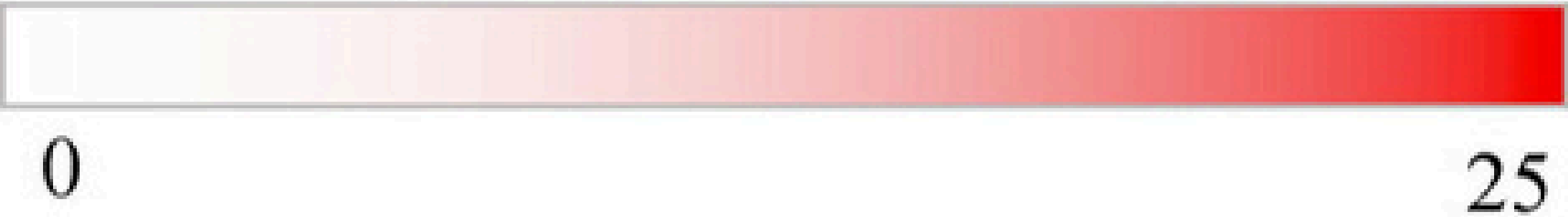
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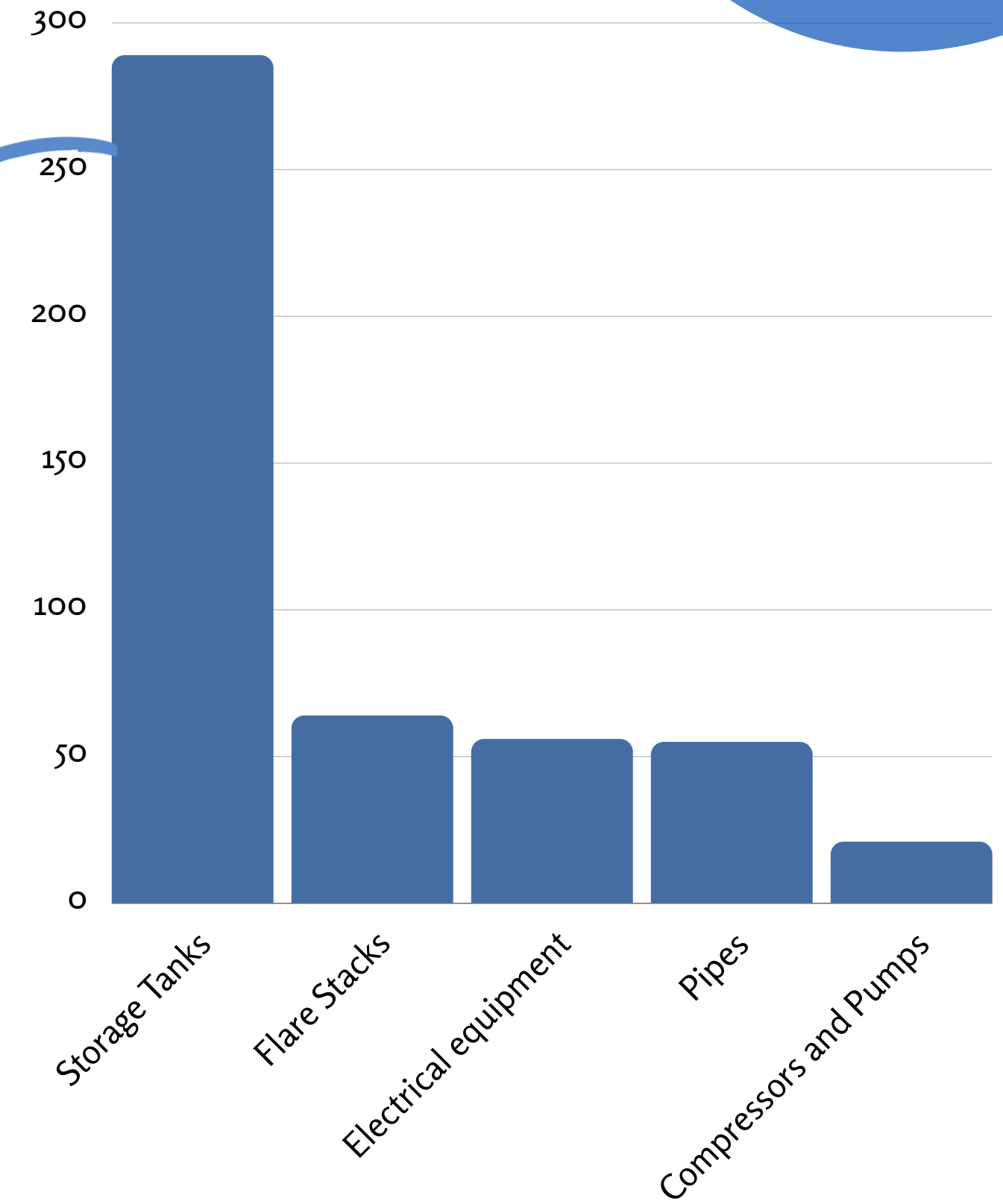
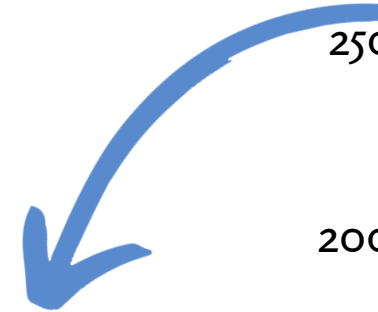
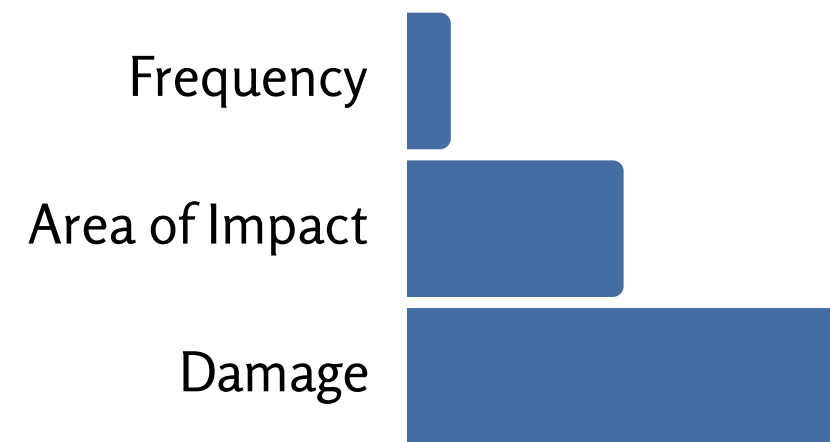
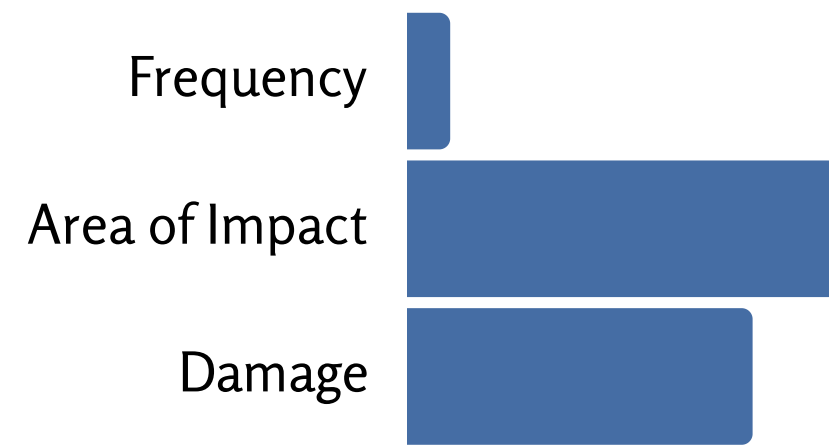
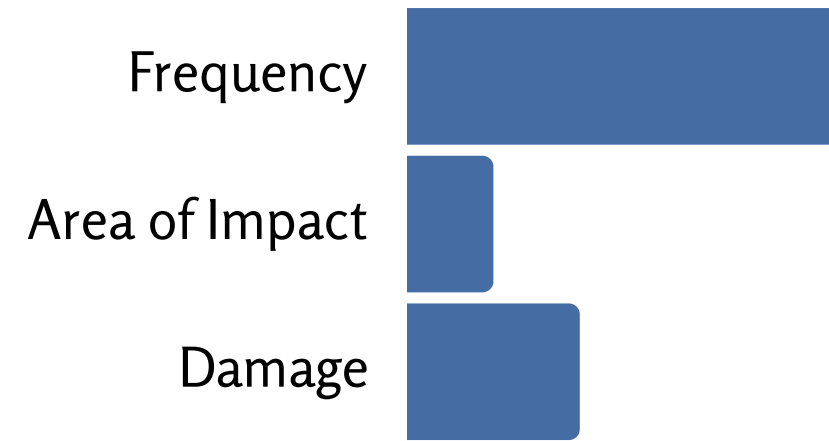
Thank you !

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Approach	Geological hazards				Hydro-meteorological hazards				Multi-hazard
	Earthquake	Tsunami	Volcanic eruptions	Landslides	Weather related	Lightning	Floods	Extreme temp.	
Qualitative									
Semi-quantitative									
Quantitative									

Number of publications







Sourrounding enviroment, Social and Psicological Effects, Politics...