





Mobile Programming Laboratory

ANDROID Google Maps





Teachers

Ing. Tarquini Francesco, Ph.D
Ph.D in Computer Science Engineering
francesco.tarquini@univaq.it

Ing. D'Errico Leonardo
Ph.D Student in Computer Science Engineering
leonardo.derrico@graduate.univag.it





Teaching Materials

Available on MOODLE platform http://www.didattica.univaq.it

Google Drive Repository

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1ISqZfn0i9Ub3eWNXbvW00rd0hD9ya8OL?usp=sharing





Topics

- Google Maps
 - API Key
 - Maps
 - Markers





Google Maps

Allow your users to explore the world with rich maps provided by Google.

The Google Maps Android API allows you to include maps and customized mapping information in your app.

Since Google Maps Android API v2, you can embed maps into an activity as a fragment with a simple XML snippet.





Google Maps - API Key

To obtain SHA-1 of you app, you can invoke Java keytool command on the debug.keystore or release.keystore to publish the app.

MacOS and Linux: ~/.android/

Windows: C:\Users\<YOUR_NAME>\.android\

Open terminal and run

keytool -list -v -keystore debug.keystore

The default password is android





Google Maps - API Key

Google allows you to use the Google Maps by using an API Key linked to your developer account.

The first step is get an API key from Google API Console

https://console.developers.google.com/flows/enableapi?apiid=maps_android_backend&reusekey=true

Create or select a project

Click Continue to enable the Google Maps Android API

On Credentials page, get an API Key with Android restriction

In the Restriction section, select Android apps, then enter your app's SHA-1 fingerprint and package name.

SHA-1 Example: BB:0D:AC:74:D3:21:E1:43:67:71:9B:62:91:AF:A1:66:6E:44:5D:75

PACKAGE NAME Example: com.example.android.mapexample

Click save

The API Key is something like this

AlzaSyBdVI-cTICSwYKrZ95SuvNw7dbMuDt1KG0





Now you can add maps to your Activity.

Include maps dependency in build.gradle

implementation 'com.google.android.gms:play-services-maps:15.0.1'

Create the XML layout file of Activity and add the map fragment

```
<fragment xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:id="@+id/map"
tools:context=".MapsActivity"
android:name="com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment" />
```





Create the Activity class that implements OnMapReadyCallback interface.

Get the MapFragment from XML and init Google maps

```
SupportMapFragment mapFragment = (SupportMapFragment) getSupportFragmentManager() .findFragmentById(R.id.map); mapFragment.getMapAsync(this);
```

Inside on Map Ready we can configure the Map

```
@Override
public void onMapReady(GoogleMap googleMap) {
   // My Configuration
}
```





Add API Key to manifest to allow your app to utilize the Maps.

You must include API Key as a Meta-Data as child of application element.

```
<application ...>
  <meta-data
    android:name="com.google.android.maps.v2.API_KEY"
    android:value="YOUR_API_KEY"/>
    ...
</application>
```

NOTE: it is a best practice use string resource by calling your API Key





Add a Marker in a location is very easy.

```
LatLng laquila = new LatLng(42.367422, 13.349200);

googleMap.moveCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(laquila, 12f));

MarkerOptions markerOptions = new MarkerOptions();
markerOptions.position(laquila);
markerOptions.title("City of L'Aquila");
markerOptions.snippet("Snippet of L'Aquila");
markerOptions.icon(BitmapDescriptorFactory.defaultMarker(BitmapDescriptorFactory.HUE_BLUE));
Marker marker = googleMap.addMarker(markerOptions);
```

To remove the marker from map

marker.remove();



