GAME DEVELOPMENT WITH RUST

WHY RUST?

RUST MAKES CERTAIN (BAD) PATTERNS MORE PAINFUL THAN OTHERS, WHICH IS A GOOD THING!

- The easiest for Rust are very often the easiest in general
- I had to learn good patterns the hard way, without Rust's help
- For games, one of these is ECS design, but there are OTHERS
 - Duct rowards data oriented design with clear

PERSONAL REASONS TO CHOSE RUST FOR GAME DEVELOPMENT

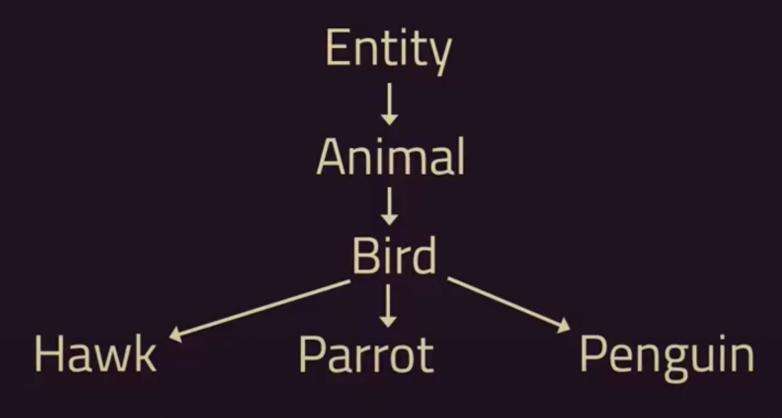
- Code first
- No Heavy Editor
- Easy setup and build and learn incrementally
- My favorite language
- Great community on discord
- Flexible Target Platforms (Browser, Windows, Linux,

WHAT IS ECS?

How many accessors could you possibly need?

```
class Player :
  public virtual ToolUserEntity,
  public virtual LoungingEntity,
 public virtual ChattyEntity,
 public virtual DamageBarEntity,
  public virtual PortraitEntity,
 public virtual NametagEntity,
 public virtual PhysicsEntity,
 public virtual EmoteEntity {
public:
 Player(PlayerConfigPtr config, Uuid uuid = Uuid());
 Player(PlayerConfigPtr config, Json const& diskStore);
 Player(PlayerConfigPtr config, ByteArray const& netStore);
  ClientContextPtr clientContext() const;
  void setClientContext(ClientContextPtr clientContext);
  StatisticsPtr statistics() const;
  void setStatistics(StatisticsPtr statistics);
  QuestManagerPtr questManager() const;
  Json diskStore();
  ByteArray netStore();
  EntityType entityType() const override;
  void init(World* world, EntityId entityId, EntityMode mode) override;
 void uninit() override;
  Vec2F position() const override;
  Vec2F velocity() const override;
  Vec2F mouthPosition() const override;
  Vec2F mouthOffset() const;
  Vec2F feetOffset() const;
```

OBJECT HIERARCHY



Can Fly

Cannot Fly

THE ECS WAY 1/2

- Entity things in the world
- Component Data of Entities
- System update enitity data

THE ECS WAY 2/2

```
let entity = world.spawn()
   .insert(Animal)
   .insert(CanFly)
   .insert(CanWalk)
   .insert(AnimalSpecies::Hawk)
   .insert(AnimalType::Bird)
   .id();
```

GOAL: AVOID OOP PRACTISES

- Avoid Inheritance
- Avoid Composition
- Avoid Polymorphism
- Avoid Complexity

CORE STRENGTHS

- Flexibility
- Reasonability
- Composability
- Performance (Rendering)

ENITITY

Just an id

```
let mut world = World::new(); // This is a engine Resource
let entity: Entity = world.spawn().id();

let mut map: WorldMap = WorldMap::new(); // This is a game Res
map.add(entity);
```

BEVY WORLD

```
pub struct World {
    id: WorldId,
    pub(crate) entities: Entities,
    pub(crate) components: Components,
    pub(crate) archetypes: Archetypes,
    pub(crate) storages: Storages,
    pub(crate) bundles: Bundles,
    pub(crate) removed_components: SparseSet<ComponentId, Vec<</pre>
    pub (crate) archetype_component_access: ArchetypeComponentA
    main_thread_validator: MainThreadValidator,
    pub(crate) change_tick: AtomicU32,
    pub(crate) last_change_tick: u32,
```

COMPONENT EXAMPLES

- Position / Coordinates
- Sprite
- Charakter Health in an RPG

COMPONENT EXAMPLES

```
#[cfg_attr(feature = "debug", derive(bevy_inspector_egui::Insp
#[derive(Debug, Default, Copy, Clone, Eq, PartialEq, Hash, Com
pub struct Coordinates {
    pub x: u16,
    pub y: u16,
}
```

```
#[derive(Component)]
pub struct Coordinates {
    pub x: u16,
    pub y: u16,
}
```

SYSTEM EXAMPLE

```
fn hello_world() {
   println!("hello world!");
}
pub fn hide_popup(mut commands: Commands, popup: Res<PopupRef>
        commands.entity(popup.0).despawn_recursive();
        commands.remove_resource::<PopupRef>()
}
```

BEVY GITHUB

LIVE EXAMPLES

Clone the Bevy repo:

```
git clone https://github.com/bevyengine/bevy
cd bevy
git checkout latest
git checkout v0.7.0
```

Try the examples in the examples folder

```
cargo run --example breakout
```

BEVY ENGINE CORE

DEV TOOLS AND EDITORS FOR BEVY

- bevy_inspector_egui editor-like inspector window
- bevy_editor_pls is an editor-like interface for fly camera, performance diagnostics, inspector panels.
- bevy_mod_debugdump is a tool to help visualize your App Schedule (systems and stages)

iccuac

bevy_lint checks your Bevy code for some common

6.2

COORDINATE SYSTEM

- Bevy uses a right-handed Y-up coordinate system.
- Bevy uses the same coordinate system for 3D, 2D, and UI, for consistency.

TRANSFORMS

- a Transform is what allows you to place an object in the game world. It is a combination of the object's "translation" (position/coordinates), "rotation", and "scale" (size adjustment).
- You move objects around by modifying the translation, rotate them by modifying the rotation,

 and make them larger or smaller by modifying the

HIERARCHICAL (PARENT/CHILD) ENTITIES

- Technically, the Entities/Components cannot form a hierarchy (the ECS is a flat data structure).
- Logical hierarchies are a common pattern in games.
- Bevy supports creating logical link between entities, by simply adding Parent and Children components on the respective entities.
- · Commands has mothods for adding children to

BEVY ENGINE USAGE

APP / MAIN.RS

```
use bevy::prelude::*;

fn main() {
    App::new().run();
}
```

PLUGINS 1/2

- used to organize bevy features
- used to organize a game
- used to create libraries for bevy

```
fn main() {
   App::new()
        // This already creates a window
        // because it contains Core, Input and Window Plugin
        .add_plugins(DefaultPlugins)
        .run();
```

PLUGINS 2/2

```
struct MyPlugin;
impl Plugin for MyPlugin {
    fn build(&self, app: &mut App) {
        app
            .init_resource::<MyOtherResource>()
            .add_event::<MyEvent>()
            .add_startup_system(plugin_init)
            .add_system(my_system);
fn main() {
   App::new()
         add nluging (Dofault Dluging)
```

RESOURCES

Entities and Components are great for representing complex, query-able groups of data. But most Apps will also require "globally unique" data of some kind.

In Bevy ECS, we represent globally unique data using Resources.

- Elapsed Time
- Asset Collections (sounds, textures, meshes)
- Renderers

RESOURCES

```
impl Plugin for HelloPlugin {
    fn build(&self, app: &mut App) {
        // the reason we call from_seconds with the true
        // flag is to make the timer repeat itself
        app.insert_resource(
            GreetTimer(Timer::from_seconds(2.0, true))
        )
     }
}
```

Resources can be added globally or in systems

SYSTEMS

```
fn greet_people(
  time: Res<Time>, query: Query<&Name, With<Person>>
) {
    for name in query.iter() {
        println!("hello {}!", name.0);
    }
}
```

- Systems are called by the Engine each frame
- Parameters of System come from the ECS automatically

SYSTEMS: LOCAL RESOURCES

```
#[derive(Default)]
struct MyState;

fn my_system1(mut local: Local<MyState>) {
    // you can do anything you want with the local here
}
```

- Local is managed by ECS automatically
- ECS creates an instance by calling Default::default()

EXPLICIT SYSTEM ORDERING

```
App::new()
  .add_system(particle_effects)
  .add_system(npc_behaviors)
  .add_system(enemy_movement)
  .add_system(input_handling)
  .add_system(
    player_movement
    .before (enemy_movement)
    .after(input_handling)
  .run();
```

Systems can be ordered with .before and .after

SYSTEM SETS

```
App::new()
.add_plugins (DefaultPlugins)
.add_system_set(
    SystemSet::new()
        .label("input")
        .with_system(keyboard_input)
        .with_system(gamepad_input)
.add_system_set(
    SystemSet::new()
        .label("net")
        .before("input")
```

SYSTEM CHAINING

 handle_io_errors is called with the result of net_receive

LIFECYCLE/STAGES 1/2

All systems to be run by Bevy are contained in stages. Every frame update, Bevy executes each stage, in order. Within each stage, Bevy's scheduling algorithm can run many systems in parallel, using multiple CPU cores for good performance.

LIFECYCLE/STAGES 2/2

```
pub enum StartupStage {
  PreStartup,
  Startup,
  PostStartup,
pub enum CoreStage {
  First,
  PreUpdate,
  Update,
  PostUpdate,
  Last,
```

CUSTOM STAGE

```
fn main() {
  static DEBUG: &str = "debug";
 App::new()
      .add_plugins(DefaultPlugins)
      .add_stage_after(CoreStage::Update, DEBUG, SystemStage::
      .add_system(player_gather_xp)
      .add_system(player_take_damage)
```

STATES - ONLY FOR PRO'S:D

```
enum AppState {
    MainMenu,
    InGame,
    Paused,
fn main() {
    App::new()
        .add_plugins (DefaultPlugins)
        .add_state(AppState::MainMenu)
```

QUERIES AND CHANGE DETECTION

```
fn debug_stats_change(
    query: Query<
         (&Health, &PlayerXp),
         (Without < Enemy >, Or < (Changed < Health >, Changed < Player Xp
    >,
    for (health, xp) in query.iter() {
        eprintln! (
             "hp: {}+{}, xp: {}",
             health.hp, health.extra, xp.0
        );
```

 Change detection is done with a simple query in the systems for

INPUT

```
fn mouse button input(
    buttons: Res<Input<MouseButton>>,
    if buttons.just_pressed(MouseButton::Left) {
    if buttons.just_released(MouseButton::Left) {
    if buttons.pressed(MouseButton::Right) {
    if buttons.any_just_pressed([MouseButton::Left, MouseButto
```

COMMANDS 1/2

- Use Commands to spawn/despawn entities, add/remove components on existing entities, manage resources.
- These actions do not take effect immediately; they are queued to be performed later when it is safe to do so.
- That means your other systems will see them on the

COMMANDS 2/2

```
fn spawn player(
   mut commands: Commands,
  commands.insert_resource(GoalsReached { main_goal: false, bo
  commands.remove_resource::<MyResource>();
  let entity_id = commands.spawn()
      .insert(ComponentA)
      // add a bundle
      .insert_bundle(MyBundle::default())
      .id();
```

EVENTS

```
struct LevelUpEvent(Entity);
fn player_level_up(
   mut ev_levelup: EventWriter<LevelUpEvent>,
    query: Query<(Entity, &PlayerXp)>,
    for (entity, xp) in query.iter() {
        if xp.0 > 1000 {
            ev_levelup.send(LevelUpEvent(entity));
fn debug_levelups(
    mit or lovalum. Frant Dandar/I oralimErrant >
```

ENTITIES AND RENDERING

```
pub(crate) fn spawn tetromino(
  mut commands: Commands,
  board: Res<Board>,
  mut spawn event rdr: EventReader < SpawnEvent >,
  mut game over event wtr: EventWriter<GameOverEvent>,
  let translation = Vec3::new(.....);
  for event in spawn_event_rdr.iter() {
    commands.entity(board.entity).with_children(|mut parent| {
      for block in blocks.into_iter() {
        let entity = parent
        .spawn()
         incort hundla /harry carita. hundla . . Carita Dundla s
```

TIME

- The Time resource is your main global source of timing information
- Can be accessed from any system
- You should derive all timings from it
- Bevy updates these values at the beginning of every frame

TIMERS 1/3

```
fn asteroids_fly(
    time: Res<Time>,
    mut q: Query<&mut Transform, With<Asteroid>>,

) {
    for mut transform in q.iter_mut() {
        // move our asteroids along the X axis
        // at a speed of 10.0 units per second
        transform.translation.x += 10.0 * time.delta_seconds()
    }
}
```

TIMERS 2/3

```
use std::time::Instant;
struct SpawnedTime(Instant);
fn spawn_my_stuff(
    mut commands: Commands,
    time: Res<Time>,
    commands.spawn()
        .insert(SpawnedTime(time.startup() + time.time_since_s
```

TIMERS 3/3

```
struct FuseTime {
    timer: Timer,
mut commands: Commands,
mut q: Query<(Entity, &mut FuseTime)>,
time: Res<Time>,
    for (entity, mut fuse_timer) in q.iter_mut() {
        fuse_timer.tick(time.delta());
```

TESTS

EGUI

- Popular Multiplatfrom / Target UI Crate
- Used in many crates and plugins in the bevy ecosystem
- Can easily be used to create a game ui

CONCLUSION

- Don't confuse OOP with "Data Oriented Design"
- Getting into Game Development with Rust is easy
- Unity and Unreal Engine removed from personal TODO list
- ECS + Rust feals like a natural fit
- Game Development + Rust feals like a natural fit
- Marata cama (2D in Space)

RESOURCES

- ECS:
 - https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCZzs3Umh6sRiYS_IQIQD
- Using RUST FOR GAME DEVELOPMENT: https://youtu.be/oHYs-UqS458
- https://github.com/bevyengine
- https://bevyengine.org/learn/book/introduction/
- https://boxy.choatbook.github.jo/

CODING SCORE IMPLEMENTATION