

Question 1

$$\textcircled{a} \quad 28 = 7 \cdot 4 = 7 \cdot 2^2$$

$$\varphi(28) = 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 = 12$$

$$31^{120} \equiv 1 [28]$$

$$31^{123} \equiv 31^3 [28]$$

$$31 \equiv 3 [28]$$

$$31^3 \equiv 27 [28]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } 31^{123} &\equiv 27 [28] \\ &\equiv -1 [28] \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 7 - 9 + 4 - 3 + 2 = 3 - 9 + 7 \\ = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &\equiv 1[11] \\ 10 &\equiv -1[-11] \quad \text{etc.} \\ 100 &\equiv 1[11] \end{aligned}$$

$$23497 = 7 + 10 \cdot 9 + 100 \cdot 4 + \dots$$

Question 2

			\tilde{v}	\tilde{u}
$\gcd(a,b)$	$a = bq + r$	q	u	v
$\gcd(70, 51)$	$70 = 51 \cdot 1 + 19$	1		
$\gcd(51, 19)$	$51 = \boxed{19 \cdot 2} + 13$	2		
$\gcd(19, 13)$	$19 = 13 \cdot 1 + 6$	1		
$\gcd(13, 6)$	$13 = 6 \cdot 2 + 1$	2		
$\gcd(6, 1)$	$6 = 1 \cdot 6 + 0$	6	0	1
$\gcd(1, 0)$	$1 = 0 \cdot 0 + 1$	0	1	0

on cherche $1 = 1 \cdot u + 0 \cdot v$

$$1 = 51 \cdot 3 + 19 \cdot (-8)$$

$$= 153 + - \overset{7}{8} 2$$

$$= 153 - 152$$

$$= 1$$

Question 3

01

$$\boxed{10011} = k$$

$$k' = (1, 1, 1, 0, 1)$$

to cipher :
$$\begin{array}{r} 01001 \\ 10100 \end{array}$$
 \rightarrow $\boxed{\text{one time pad}}$

\rightarrow on peut avoir toutes les clefs possibles

Question 4

We want to find the inverse of

$$[10]_{S_6}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} S_6 \\ \cancel{112} \\ 168 \\ 224 \\ 280 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} S_60 - S_6 = 504 \\ - S_6 = 448 \\ \hline 150 = 392 \end{array}$$

$$S_0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \cdot 45 = 450 \\ - 38 \\ \hline = 412 \end{array}$$

$$- S_6 = 434$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \cdot 41 = 410 \\ - 38 \\ \hline 372 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 180 \\ - 38 \\ \hline 142 \end{array}$$

Question 5

$$24x = [4]_{45}$$

$$24 \cdot 0 \equiv 0 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 1 \equiv 24 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 2 \equiv 3 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 3 \equiv 27 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 4 \equiv 6 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 5 \equiv 30 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 6 \equiv 9 [45]$$

$$24 \cdot 7 \equiv 33 [45]$$

12

36

15

39

18

42

↳ va se repeter car $[45]_{45}$
 $= [0]_{45}$

1
72

1

96

2
120

45

30

135

180

$$(24 \cdot q) = - (+4)$$

↓

on veut
que le fn
sat. 4 ou 9

⇒ q finit per 6, 1

1 ≡

11

16

21

26

31

36

41

$$[24]_{45} x = [4]_{45}$$

$$\Rightarrow [6]_{45} [4]_{45} x = [4]_{45}$$

$$\Rightarrow [3]_{45} [2]_{45} [4]_{45} x = [4]_{45}$$

$$\Rightarrow [3]_{45} [2]_{45} x = [1]_{45}$$

$$\Rightarrow [6]_{45} x = [1]_{45}$$

\Rightarrow mais x n'est pas inversible modulo 45, donc il n'y a pas de solution x