

$E \times 1$

① $\{0,1\}$

②
$$\text{rate} = \frac{\log_4(S)}{S}$$
$$= \frac{\log_{10}(M)}{n}$$

③ minimum dist = 4

$$d_{\min} - 1 \leq n - k$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \leq 5 - \log_4(S)$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \leq 3.83 \dots$$

⚠ per bit, should be \log_2

④

$$p_1 < d_{\min}$$

$$\Rightarrow p_1 = 3$$

0***0

⑤

$$q_1 = 4$$

*3***

0****

*...2

⑥

$$p_2 < d_{\min}$$

$$\Rightarrow p_2 < 4$$

$$\Rightarrow p_2 = 3$$

⑦

$$\frac{S}{2}$$

$$p_3 < \frac{d_{\min}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow p_3 < 2$$

$$\Rightarrow p_3 = 1$$

⑧

a

00010

b

00022

c

3 1 1 2 1
 {

HD₁ 5

HD₂ 4

HD₃ 5

HD₄ 4

HD₅ 3

$$\textcircled{9} \quad r = \frac{\log_4(11)}{n} = \frac{\log_4(4)}{5} = 0.2$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 4$$

$$p_{\max} < \frac{d_{\min}}{2}$$

00000
 11111
 22222
 33333

000000
 011111

$S/2$
 2

Problem 10.2

①

000	0
001	1
010	1
011	0
100	1
101	0
110	0
111	1

②
$$r = \frac{\log_2(8)}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

③ $d_{\min} = 2$

④ detect all errors $p_1 = 1$
correct all errors $p_2 = 0$

⑤ compute the control bit, and if it is different than the received one, ask for the message again (we can not correct the code anyway)

⑥ $0110 \rightarrow 1100$

⑦
$$r = \frac{3m}{4(m+1)} = \frac{p^m}{(p+1)(m+1)}$$

$p = 3$

He number of really necessary bits (pointing to $3m$)

He number of really sent bits (pointing to $4(m+1)$)

⑧

$$d_{\min} = 4 ?$$

$$m = 2$$

$$3m = 6$$

0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
0	0	1	1

1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0

si on change le
somme bit, on va
faire varier de 3
la totalité du
message

1	1	0	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \text{detect errors: } p_1 < d_{\min} \\ \Rightarrow p_1 = 3$$

$$\text{correct errors: } p_2 < \frac{d_{\min}}{2} = 1$$

Problem 10.3

$$\textcircled{1} \quad P(\text{"kcos"}) = p^k (1-p)^{n-k} \binom{n}{k}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad P(0) &= \left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)^{100} \binom{100}{0} = 1 \\ &= \left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)^{100} \\ &= \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^{100} \end{aligned}$$

③ a

$D_1 D_2 D_3 D_4 P_1 P_2 P_3$

if 1 change \Rightarrow 3 changes

if D_1 et D_4 changes $\Rightarrow P_3$ change

d_{\min} is 3

$$w < \frac{d_{\min}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow w = 1$$

⑥

1 000000
 0 100000
 0 010000
 0 001000
 0 000100
 0 000010
 0 000001
 0 000000



Sait l le code word. Il y a 7 positions pour faire le changement.

Si on part d'un code word E , pourquoi on peut retrouver le mot original en 1 changement?

0 100 000



D_2

↙ en 1 changement
on peut pas aller

à 0 100 101

(qui validerait le bit 1 de D_2)

mais seulement à 0 000 000

\Rightarrow Imaginons qu'on reçoive un code x . Supposons qu'on ait

$$w_1, w_2 \text{ tels que } d(w_1, x) = d(w_2, x) = 1$$

Alors $d(w_1, w_2)$

$$\leq d(w_1, x) + d(w_2, x)$$

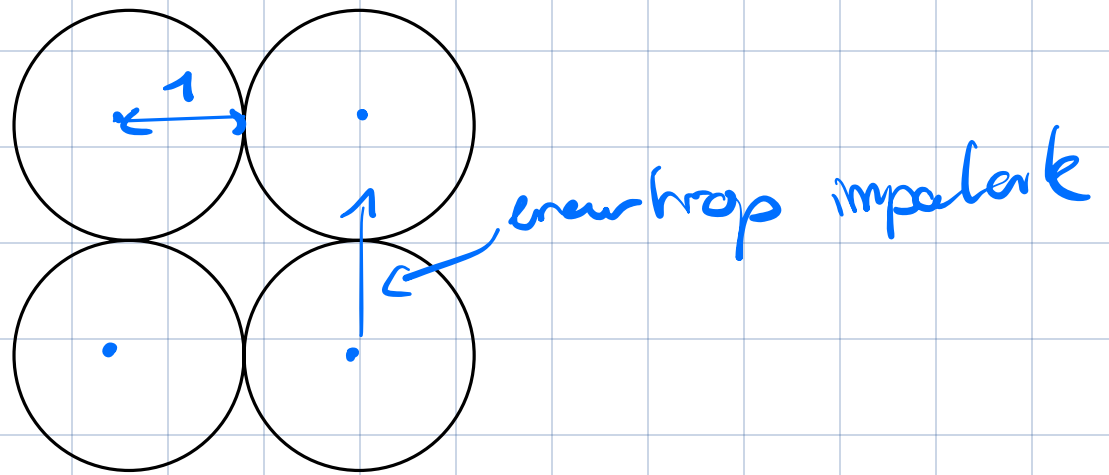
$$= 2 \rightarrow \text{impossible!}$$

$$d_{\min} = 3!$$

w_1
 w_2
 x

(c) chaque code word appartient à une balle de rayon 1 \Rightarrow s'il y a deux erreurs le code word aura changé de balle... il

sera dans la mesure



d) now we can correct errors!

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cancel{\binom{100}{0}} \binom{1}{100}^0 \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^{100} & 0 \\
 & + \binom{100}{1} \left(\frac{1}{100}\right)^1 \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^{99} & 1 \\
 & - \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^{100} + \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^{99}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left(\frac{99}{100}\right)^{99} \left(\frac{99}{100} + 1\right)$$

Problem 10.4

$$n=2$$

①

on each t changes

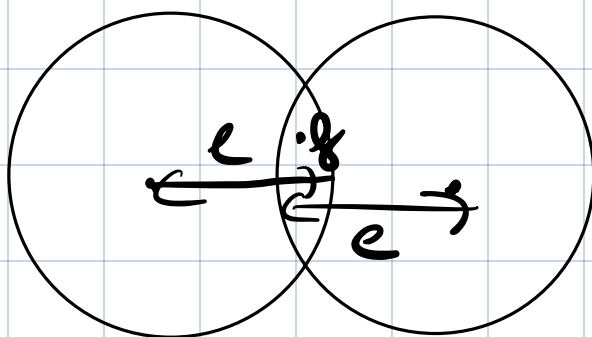
p. ex 1 changes $\Rightarrow n$ possibilities
2 ch — $\Rightarrow \binom{n}{2}$

$$\binom{n}{t}$$

② Ball $B(x, e)$

$$\binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{1} + \dots + \binom{n}{e}$$

③



Let $f \in B(x_1, e), B(x_2, e)$

$$\begin{aligned} d(x_1, f) &\leq e \\ d(x_2, f) &\leq e \end{aligned}$$

$$d(x_1, x_2) \leq d(x_1, f) + d(x_2, f) \leq 2e$$

④

$$\text{then } d_{\min} = e + 1$$

then there can not be two codes closer than $e + 1$

⑧

$$\sum_{t=0}^e \binom{n}{t} = Z$$

le nombre d'éléments
dans une boule de
rayon e

$$\underbrace{2^k}$$

le nombre de code words

pour chaque boule, il y a Z él.

$2^n \rightarrow$ tous les codes du code
block