SUPER DUPER MICRO BREWERY

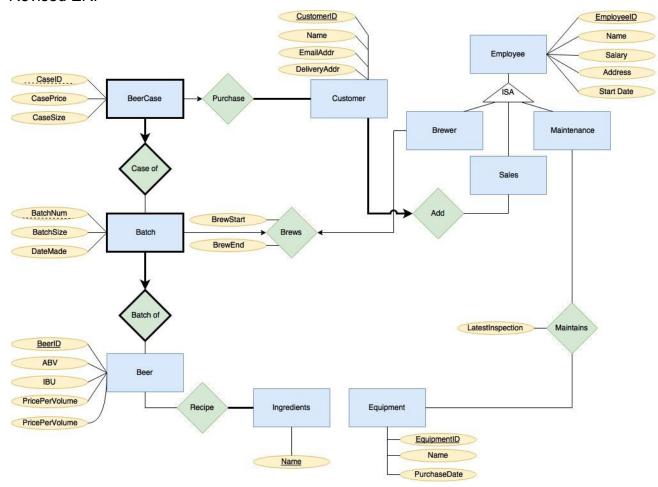
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Account information:

We changed our password to !brewbeer22

Question 1.

Revised ER:



Reviced Relation:

Entities:

Beer(<u>BeerID</u>, beerName, ABV, IBU, pricePerVolume)

Ingredients(IngredientName)

Equipment(<u>EquipmentID</u>, EquipmentName, PurchaseDate)

Employee(EmployeeID, EmployeeName, Salary, Address, StartDate)

Brewer(<u>EmployeeID</u>) (EmployeeID ref Employee)

Sales(<u>EmployeeID</u>) (EmployeeID ref Employee)

Maintenance(<u>EmployeeID</u>) (EmployeeID ref Employee)

Customer(<u>CustomerID</u>, CustomerName, EmailAddress, DeliveryAddress, <u>EmployeeID</u>)

(EmployeeID ref Sales)

Weak entities:

Batch(<u>BatchNum</u>,BatchSize,DateMade, <u>BeerID</u>) (BeerID ref Beer)

BeerCase(<u>CaseID</u>, CasePrice, CaseSize, <u>BatchNum</u>) (BatchNum ref Batch)

Relationships:

Maintains(LaterstInspection, <u>EquipmentID</u>, <u>EmployeeID</u>) (EquipmentID ref Equipment) (EmployeeID ref Employee)

Brews(BrewStart, BrewEnd, <u>EmployeeID</u>, <u>BatchNum</u>, <u>BeerID</u>) (EmployeeID ref Employee) (BatchNum ref Batch) (BeerID ref Beer)

Purchase(<u>CustomerID</u>, <u>CaseID</u>, <u>BeerID</u>) (CustomerID ref Customer) (CaseID ref Case) (BeerID ref eBeer)

Recipe(BeerID, IngredientName) (BeerID ref Beer) (IngredientName ref Ingredients)

Question 2.

Our SQL database schema.

To run our code:

\$psql cs421

cs421g22@comp421:~\$ \i createtables.sql

cs421g22@comp421:~\$ \i insert.sql

We first DROP TABLES

DROP TABLE beer CASCADE;

DROP TABLE ingredients CASCADE;

DROP TABLE equipment CASCADE;

DROP TABLE employee CASCADE;

DROP TABLE brewer CASCADE;

DROP TABLE sales CASCADE;

DROP TABLE maintenance CASCADE;

DROP TABLE customer CASCADE;

DROP TABLE batch CASCADE;

DROP TABLE beercase CASCADE;

```
DROP TABLE maintains CASCADE;
DROP TABLE brews CASCADE;
DROP TABLE purchase CASCADE;
DROP TABLE recipe CASCADE;
Then we create ENTITIES
CREATE TABLE ingredients
(
      ingredientname VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , PRIMARY KEY(ingredientname)
);
CREATE TABLE beer
      beerid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , beername VARCHAR(60)
      , abv FLOAT NOT NULL
      , ibu INTEGER NOT NULL
      , pricepervolume FLOAT NOT NULL
      , ingredientname VARCHAR(40) UNIQUE
      , PRIMARY KEY(beerid)
);
CREATE TABLE equipment
      equipmentid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,equipmentname VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
      purchasedate DATE NOT NULL
      ,PRIMARY KEY (equipmentID)
);
CREATE TABLE employee
(
      employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , employeename VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
      , salary FLOAT NOT NULL
      , address VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL
      , startdate DATE NOT NULL
      , PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
);
```

CREATE TABLE brewer

```
(
      employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
      ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE sales
      employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
      ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE maintenance
(
      employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
      ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE customer
(
      customerid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,customername VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
      ,emailaddress VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
      ,deliveraddress VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
  ,employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL
      ,PRIMARY KEY(customerid)
  ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) references sales(employeeid)
);
Then we create WEAK ENTITIES
CREATE TABLE batch
batchnum INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
, batchsize INTEGER NOT NULL
, datemade DATE NOT NULL
, beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
, PRIMARY KEY(batchnum, beerid)
, FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE beercase
(
caseid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
, caseprice FLOAT NOT NULL
, casesize INTEGER NOT NULL
, batchnum INTEGER NOT NULL
, PRIMARY KEY(caseid, batchnum)
, FOREIGN KEY(batchnum) REFERENCES batch(batchnum)
);
Then we create RELATIONSHIPS
CREATE TABLE maintains
latestinspection DATE NOT NULL
,equipmentid INTEGER NOT NULL
,employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL
,FOREIGN KEY(equipmentid) REFERENCES equipment(equipmentid)
,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE brews
      brewstart DATE NOT NULL
      , brewend DATE NOT NULL
      , employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , batchnum INTEGER NOT NULL
      , beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(batchnum) REFERENCES batch(batchnum)
      , FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
);
CREATE TABLE purchase
(
      customerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , caseid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , FOREIGN KEY(customerid) REFERENCES customer(customerid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(caseid) REFERENCES beercase(caseid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
);
```

Refer to attachment: q2.log for the results

Question 3.

Execute 5 insert commands to insert tuples into one of your relations

INSERT STATEMENTS

```
To run our code: $psql cs421 cs421g22@comp421:~$ \i q3.sql  
INSERT INTO purchases VALUES(936699850,935717398,706863725); INSERT INTO purchases VALUES(85769946,49815611,570939377); INSERT INTO purchases VALUES(747715305,332006000,28569098); INSERT INTO purchases VALUES(882928617,90020198,28569098); INSERT INTO purchases VALUES(882928617,481193874,570939377);
```

Refer to attachment: q3.log for the results

Question 4.

We inserted enough meaningful information so that the queries that we create provide meaningful results using our automated data generator (java program which we created)

```
To run our code:
$psql cs421
cs421g22@comp421:~$ \i q4.sql
select * from batch limit 5;
select * from beer limit 5;
select * from beercase limit 5;
select * from brewer limit 5;
select * from brews limit 5;
select * from customer limit 5;
select * from employee limit 5;
select * from equipment limit 5;
select * from ingredients limit 5;
select * from maintains limit 5;
select * from maintenance limit 5;
select * from purchase limit 5;
select * from recipe limit 5;
select * from sales limit 5;
```

Refer to attachment: q4.log for the results

Question 5.

Write 5 queries

To run our code: \$psql cs421 cs421g22@comp421:~\$ \i q5.sql

-- Find all the beer details of distinct batches of beers brewed by brewers named 'Alex'.

```
SELECT *
FROM beer
JOIN
(SELECT beerid, batchnum
```

```
FROM brews
      WHERE employeeid
      IN
            (SELECT *
             FROM brewer
            WHERE employeeid
             IN
                   (SELECT employeeid
                   FROM employee
                   WHERE employeename
                   LIKE 'Alex%')))
                   AS beerinfo
ON beer.beerid=beerinfo.beerid
-- List all beer names and quantity of cases purchased by customers named 'Morty'
SELECT beername, COUNT(customerid)
AS number_of_cases
FROM beer
JOIN purchase
ON beer.beerid=purchase.beerid
WHERE beer.beerid
IN
      (SELECT beerid
      FROM purchase
      WHERE customerid
      IN
             (SELECT customerid
             FROM customer
             WHERE customername
            LIKE 'Morty%'))
GROUP BY beername
-- List all beer names, batchnum, abv, and their brewer with abv above 8.0% that were
brewed by either 'Tynan' or 'Alex'. Order by employeename.
SELECT beername, batchnum, abv, employeename AS brewer
FROM beer
JOIN brews
ON beer.beerid=brews.beerid
```

```
JOIN employee
ON brews.employeeid=employee.employeeid
WHERE beer.abv > 8.0
AND brews.employeeid
IN
      (SELECT *
      FROM brewer
      WHERE employeeid
      IN
            (SELECT employeeid
            FROM employee
            WHERE employeename
            LIKE 'Alex%'
            OR employeename
            LIKE 'Tynan%'))
ORDER BY employeename
-- Find all ingredients in beer 'SaltySeaWater' ORDER BY ingredient.
SELECT ingredientname
FROM recipe
WHERE beerid
IN
      (SELECT beerid
      FROM beer
      WHERE beername = 'SaltySeaWater')
ORDER BY ingredientname
-- Find the average abv of all beers except for the strongest beer.
SELECT AVG(abv)
AS avg_abv
FROM beer
WHERE beerid
NOT IN
      (SELECT beerid
      FROM beer
      WHERE abv
      IN
            (SELECT MAX(abv)
            FROM beer))
```

:

Refer to attachment: q5.log for the results

Question 6.

Write 4 data modification commands (insert/delete/update)

To run our code: \$psql cs421 cs421g22@comp421:~\$ \i q6.sql

-- Add new beers to repertoire.

Before INSERT:

cs421-> ;				
beerid	beername	abv	ibu	pricepervolume
693734615		7.2	64	3.15
344260827	SaltySeaWater	7.29	38	4.95
92636195	GaseousVolcano	10.73	109	3.4
733993151	LiquidIceberg	11.55	69	3.1
415254748	LukeSkyWalkersGreenNippleJuice	10.33	80	3.21
224571418	ToiletWater	9.83	5	5.2

INSERT INTO beer (beerid, beername, abv, ibu, pricepervolume) VALUES (114571418, 'DoubleDouble', 4.9, 50, 2.99);

INSERT INTO beer (beerid, beername, abv, ibu, pricepervolume) VALUES (366260827, 'DarkerBetter', 5.5, 10, 0.50);

After INSERT:

beerid	beername	abv	ibu	pricepervolume
693734615	 TearsOfAVirgin	7.2	64	3.15
344260827	SaltySeaWater	7.29	38	4.95
92636195	GaseousVolcano	10.73	109	3.4
733993151	LiquidIceberg	11.55	69	3.1
415254748	LukeSkyWalkersGreenNippleJuice	10.33	80	3.21
224571418	ToiletWater	9.83	5	5.2
114571418	DoubleDouble	4.9	50	2.99
366260827	DarkerBetter	5.5	10	0.5

-- Maintain List of Active Customers. (Insert the result of a query)

DROP TABLE activecustomers;
CREATE TABLE activecustomers
(
customerid INTEGER NOT NULL

```
,customername VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
```

Before insert the result of a query:

);

```
[cs421=> SELECT * FROM activecustomers;
  customerid | customername
  ------(0 rows)
```

```
INSERT INTO activecustomers (
```

SELECT customer.customerid, customer.customername FROM customer, purchase

WHERE customer.customerid = purchase.customerid);

After insert the result of query:

```
cs421=> SELECT * FROM activecustomers;
customerid customername
   70564146 | Morty
  942136591 | Mr. Poopy Butthole
  26493178 | Bev
  340733760 | Rick
  942136591 | Mr. Poopy Butthole
  26493178 Bev
  70564146 | Morty
  596793719 | Summer
  26493178 Bev
  596793719 | Summer
  596793719 | Summer
  70564146 | Morty
  596793719 | Summer
942136591 | Mr. Poopy Butthole
  340733760 | Rick
  340733760 | Rick
  942136591 | Mr. Poopy Butthole
  958685071 Jerry
  26493178 Bev
  340733760 | Rick
(20 rows)
```

-- Fire two active customers. (delete a set of tuples that is more than one)

DELETE FROM activecustomers WHERE customerid IN (340733760, 596793719);

-- Update customer personal details. (update several tuples at once) Before UPDATE:

customerid employeeid	customername	emailaddress	deliveraddress
+ 			++ -
942136591	Mr. Poopy Butthole	420blazeit@hotmail.com	1 Ave WALAO
232716130			
26493178	Bev	wakaka@gmail.com	6 Hong Gan Plz
232716130			
958685071	Jerry	youdontknowme@vahoo.com	Area 51
232716130			
340733760 🦚	Rick	bigcowstrongchicken@gmail.com	The Jupiter System
232716130			
70564146	Morty	dropitlikeitscold@hotmail.com	Hoth Rebel Base
232716130			
596793719	Summer	zipzap@yahoo.com	221b Baker Street
232716130			
(6 rows)			

UPDATE customer

SET emailaddress = 'beerlover42@gmail.com', deliveraddress = '2 Wallaby Lane' WHERE customername LIKE 'Rick%';

After UPDATE:

customerid mployeeid	customername	emailaddress	deliveraddress
		*	'
942136591	Mr. Poopy Butthole	420blazeit@hotmail.com	1 Ave WALAO
232716130			
26493178	Bev	wakaka@gmail.com	6 Hong Gan Plz
232716130			
958685071	Jerry	youdontknowme@yahoo.com	Area 51
232716130			
70564146	Morty	dropitlikeitscold@hotmail.com	Hoth Rebel Base
232716130			
596793719	Summer	zipzap@vahoo.com	221b Baker Street
232716130			
340733760 💣	Rick	beerlover42@gmail.com	2 Wallaby Lane
232716130			
(6 rows)			

Question 7.

To run our code: \$psql cs421 cs421g22@comp421:~\$ \i q7.sql

Create 2 views:

CREATE VIEW [Light Beer List] AS SELECT beername FROM beer WHERE abv < 5.0

CREATE VIEW [All Employees] AS SELECT employeename FROM employees

//Updating Views
CREATE OR REPLACE [Light Beer List] AS
SELECT beername, abv
FROM beer
WHERE abv < 5.0

CREATE OR REPLACE [All Employees] AS SELECT employeename, employeeid FROM employees

Refer to attachment: q7.log for the results

Question 8.

CREATE TABLE equipment

```
Our revised SQL database schema.
To run our code:
$psql cs421
cs421g22@comp421:~$ \i createcheckedtables.sql
cs421g22@comp421:~$ \i insert.sql
Add 2 CHECK constraints to relations(We did CHECK on batch and beercase)
DROP TABLE beer CASCADE;
DROP TABLE ingredients CASCADE;
DROP TABLE equipment CASCADE;
DROP TABLE employee CASCADE;
DROP TABLE brewer CASCADE;
DROP TABLE sales CASCADE;
DROP TABLE maintenance CASCADE;
DROP TABLE customer CASCADE;
DROP TABLE batch CASCADE;
DROP TABLE beercase CASCADE:
DROP TABLE maintains CASCADE;
DROP TABLE brews CASCADE;
DROP TABLE purchase CASCADE;
DROP TABLE recipe CASCADE;
CREATE TABLE ingredients
      ingredientname VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , PRIMARY KEY(ingredientname)
);
CREATE TABLE beer
      beerid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , beername VARCHAR(60)
      , abv FLOAT NOT NULL
      , ibu INTEGER NOT NULL
      , pricepervolume FLOAT NOT NULL
      , ingredientname VARCHAR(40) UNIQUE
      , PRIMARY KEY(beerid)
);
```

```
(
     equipmentid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,equipmentname VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
      purchasedate DATE NOT NULL
      ,PRIMARY KEY (equipmentID)
);
CREATE TABLE employee
     employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , employeename VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
      , salary FLOAT NOT NULL
      , address VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL
      , startdate DATE NOT NULL
      , PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE brewer
     employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
      ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE sales
     employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
      ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE maintenance
(
     employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      ,PRIMARY KEY(employeeid)
      ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE customer
(
     customerid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
```

```
,customername VARCHAR(60) NOT NULL
      ,emailaddress VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
      ,deliveraddress VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
  ,employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL
      ,PRIMARY KEY(customerid)
  ,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) references sales(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE batch
(
batchnum INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
, batchsize INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (batchsize > 0)
, datemade DATE NOT NULL
, beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
, PRIMARY KEY(batchnum, beerid)
, FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
);
CREATE TABLE beercase
(
caseid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
, caseprice FLOAT NOT NULL CHECK (caseprice > 0)
, casesize INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (casesize > 0)
, batchnum INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (batchnum > 0)
, PRIMARY KEY(caseid, batchnum)
, FOREIGN KEY(batchnum) REFERENCES batch(batchnum)
);
CREATE TABLE maintains
latestinspection DATE NOT NULL
,equipmentid INTEGER NOT NULL
employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL
,FOREIGN KEY(equipmentid) REFERENCES equipment(equipmentid)
,FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
);
CREATE TABLE brews
      brewstart DATE NOT NULL
      , brewend DATE NOT NULL
      , employeeid INTEGER NOT NULL
```

```
, batchnum INTEGER NOT NULL
      , beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , FOREIGN KEY(employeeid) REFERENCES employee(employeeid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(batchnum) REFERENCES batch(batchnum)
      , FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
);
CREATE TABLE purchase
      customerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , caseid INTEGER NOT NULL UNIQUE
      , beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , FOREIGN KEY(customerid) REFERENCES customer(customerid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(caseid) REFERENCES beercase(caseid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
);
CREATE TABLE recipe
      beerid INTEGER NOT NULL
      , ingredientname VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL
      , FOREIGN KEY(beerid) REFERENCES beer(beerid)
      , FOREIGN KEY(ingredientname) REFERENCES ingredients(ingredientname)
);
```

Refer to attachment: q8.log for the results

Question 9.

Creativity points

- Super duper automated data generation written in java