Uppaal, a toolbox for modelisation, simulation and verification of real time systems

Jamal Ben Azouze, Marien Bourguignon, Nicolas De Groote, Simon Picard, Arnaud Rosette, Gabriel Ekanga

3 juin 2015

Table of Contents

- Introduction
- 2 Modelisation
- Simulator
- 4 Verifier

Introduction





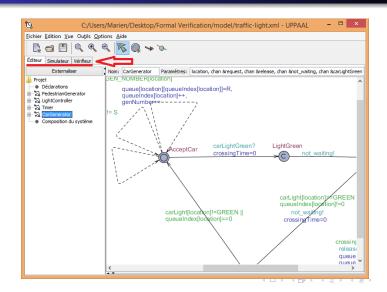


Features of Uppaal

Toolbox which allows

- Modelisation of system through network of timed automata
- 2 Simulation through a real time simulator
- Model checking through TCTL formulas

GUI



Modelisation tool

Model made of

- Extended timed automata (aka templates)
- Combined into a system (network of timed automata)

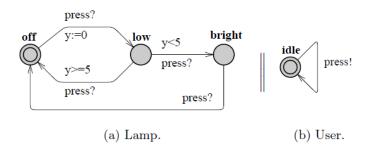


Figure: System made of ETAs. Image from A Tutorial on Uppaal

Extended Timed Automata (ETA)

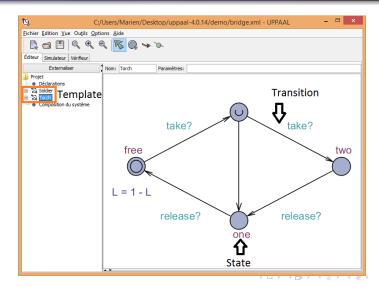
Like TA, ETA are made of

- Vertices, called states
- Edges, called transitions

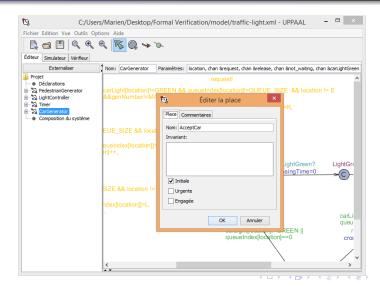
But also

- Bounded integer variables
- Structured data types
- User defined functions
- Channel synchronization

Back to the GUI (ft paint)



State (vertex)

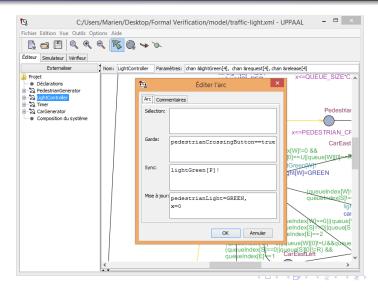


State (vertex) cont'd

Edit window:

- Name : the name of the state
- 2 Invariant : free of side effect condition, only allowed to stay if it holds
- 1 Initial state: the initial state of the automaton
- Urgent state: Like having the following invariant x<=0 (where x is reset in the incoming transition)
- **Solution Engaged state**: Like urgent (freeze time), but the next transition has to come from an urgent state

Transition (edge)



Transition (edge) cont'd

Edit window:

- **Output** Selection: Nondeterministically chose a value for a variable
- Quard: Invariant that has to be true to take the transition
- Sync : Either chan? or chan! Allow inter processes sync
- Update : Expression with side effect. Used to alter object

Binary Synchronization (others are possible)

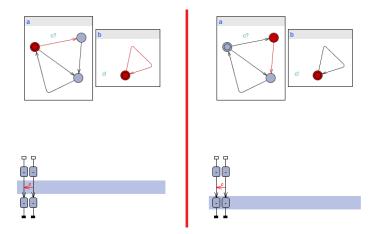
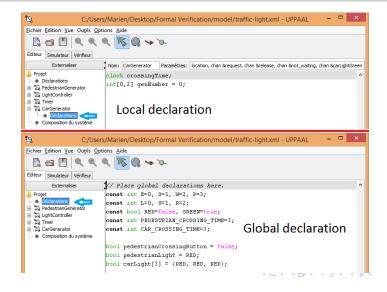
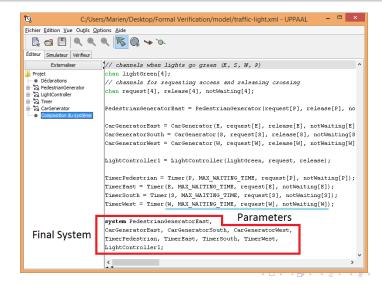


Figure: Before and after using a synchronization channel

Declaration (global or local)



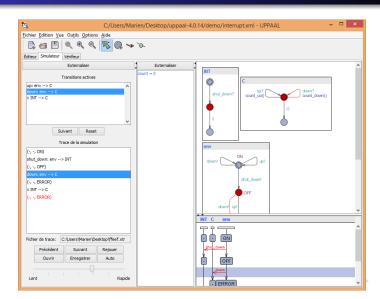
Building the system



Features

- Manually take transitions
- ② Display the state of the system (ETA and variables)
- Output the trace (can be exported)
- 4 Allow replay and step by step analysis

GUI



Features

Goal

- Allow to verify a model according to a requirement specification
- Expressed formally using simplified TCTL formulas

Kind of formulas

- State formula : describe individual states
- 2 Path formula : quantify over path of the model

Formula

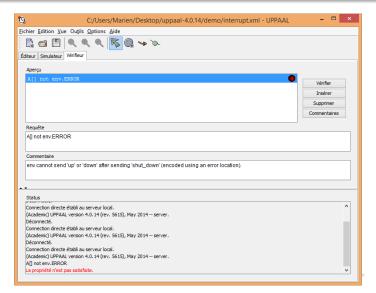
State formula

Expressions that are evaluated for a state, without looking at the behavior of the model

Path formula

- Reachability property : can a formulae be possibly satisfied?
- Safety property: the system never reaches a unwanted state
- Solution Liveness property: the system make progress while avoiding deadlocks

GUI



Sources

- http://www.uppaal.org/
- A Tutorial on Uppaal 4.0 Gerd Behrmann, Alexandre David, and Kim G. Larsen