



Responsible Data Science

Session 1: 10.04.2024, 13.30 - 15.00 h
MA Seminar, summer semester 2024,
Hasso-Plattner Institute, Potsdam



Today



1. Introduction of the lecturer and course concept



2. Plan and themes of the course sessions



3. Seminar outputs and examination



4. Q & A



International Center for Ethics in the Sciences (IZEW) at the University of Tübingen

Inter- and transdisciplinary research center at
the University Tübingen

Philosophers, social and humanities scholars

Ethical questions linked to the sciences and
humanities.

Research areas

Ethics and education

Nature and sustainable development

Security ethics

Media ethics

AI and data ethics





Exemplary research projects in AI ethics



Trustworthy AI for police investigations
(industry, computer science, law, police)



KITQAR - AI training data quality from the perspective of computer science, standardization, law and ethics
(HPI, VDI, University of Köln, IZEW)



Dedicated tools for addressing ethical aspects in integrated technology development



Dr. Simon David Hirsbrunner

Research Team Leader at IZEW, University of Tübingen

- Academic background in International Relations, Media Studies and Science & Technology Studies (STS)
- Policy consultant in the area of climate diplomacy, environmental politics and international development
- Scientist at the Human-Centered Computing research group of Freie Universität Berlin, Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research and Wikimedia Foundation.
- Researcher in the area of HCI, critical algorithm and data studies, social media analysis, interactive ML, now applied AI, data and security ethics
- Advisor on AI ethics for various institutions





Why ‚responsible data science’?

“Responsibility refers to the **role of people** as they develop, manufacture, sell, and use [AI] systems, but also to the **capability of [AI] systems to answer for their decisions** and identify errors or unexpected results.” (Dignum et al. 2018, p. 26)



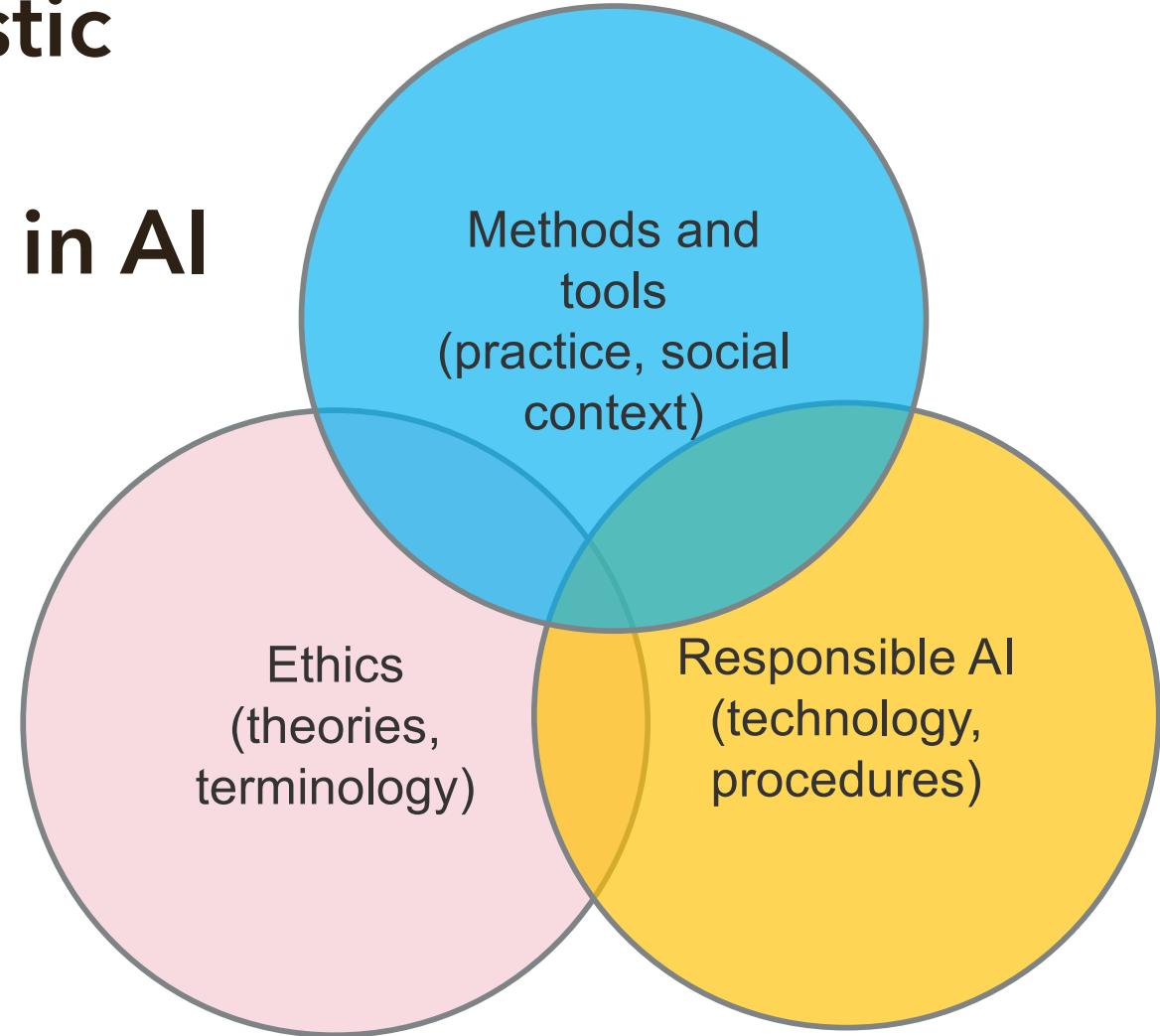
Why ‚responsible data science’?

- Problem of ethicists: challenge to get **from distant ethical critique to responsible engineering**
(AI Ethics Impact Group 2019)
- Problem of AI engineers: ‚Responsible AI’ as family of technologies may be insufficient as ‚responsibility’ of **technology is always sensible to social context** – i.e. there cannot be ‚responsible technology’

“technology is neither good nor bad; nor is it neutral”
(Kranzberg, 1986, 545)



Taking a holistic view on responsibility in AI

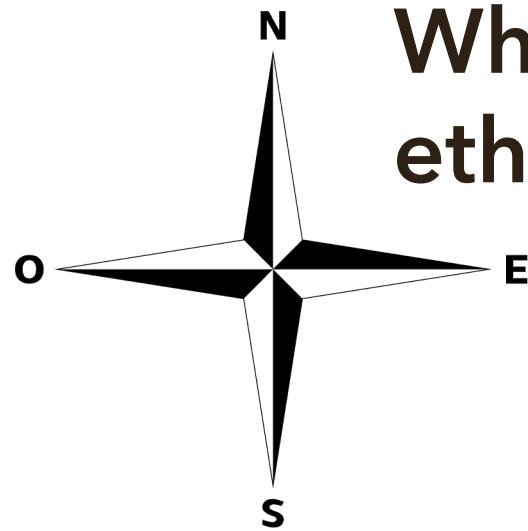




Take aways from the seminar

Get familiar with ...

- main **ethical concerns** regarding AI development and use;
- mainstream approaches for **coping with these challenges**;
- **theoretical concepts** and interdisciplinary approaches for the understanding and consideration of ethical concerns in software development;
- **methods** to imagine the socio-technical fabric of your technology early in a design process.



Why care about ethics in AI?

- Create technology that supports the well-being and prospering of humans;
- Understand the socio-technical embedding of your technology to create better systems;
- Anticipate risks, problems, transformations to make your technology future proof;
- Facilitate compliance with current and future legislation.



What you will not learn in this seminar

1. Technically designing solutions for
 - AI fairness (e.g. evaluating bias, de-biasing);
 - explanations for ML models (e.g. LIME, Shap, ...);
 - data protection (e.g. differential privacy, anonymization, system security).
(what might be referred to as 'responsible AI')

2. How to be compliant with enacted regulation (- though, maybe a little bit).





Plan of the seminar

10.04.2024, 13.30 – 15.00 h

Session 1: Introductory Session

24.04.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session 2: Applied Ethics and Value-Sensitive Design

15.05.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session 3: Discrimination, Fairness and Diversity

22.05.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session 4: Privacy and Informational Self-Determination

29.05.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session 5: Deep Fakes and Disinformation

05.06.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session 6: Human Oversight and Contestability

12.06.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

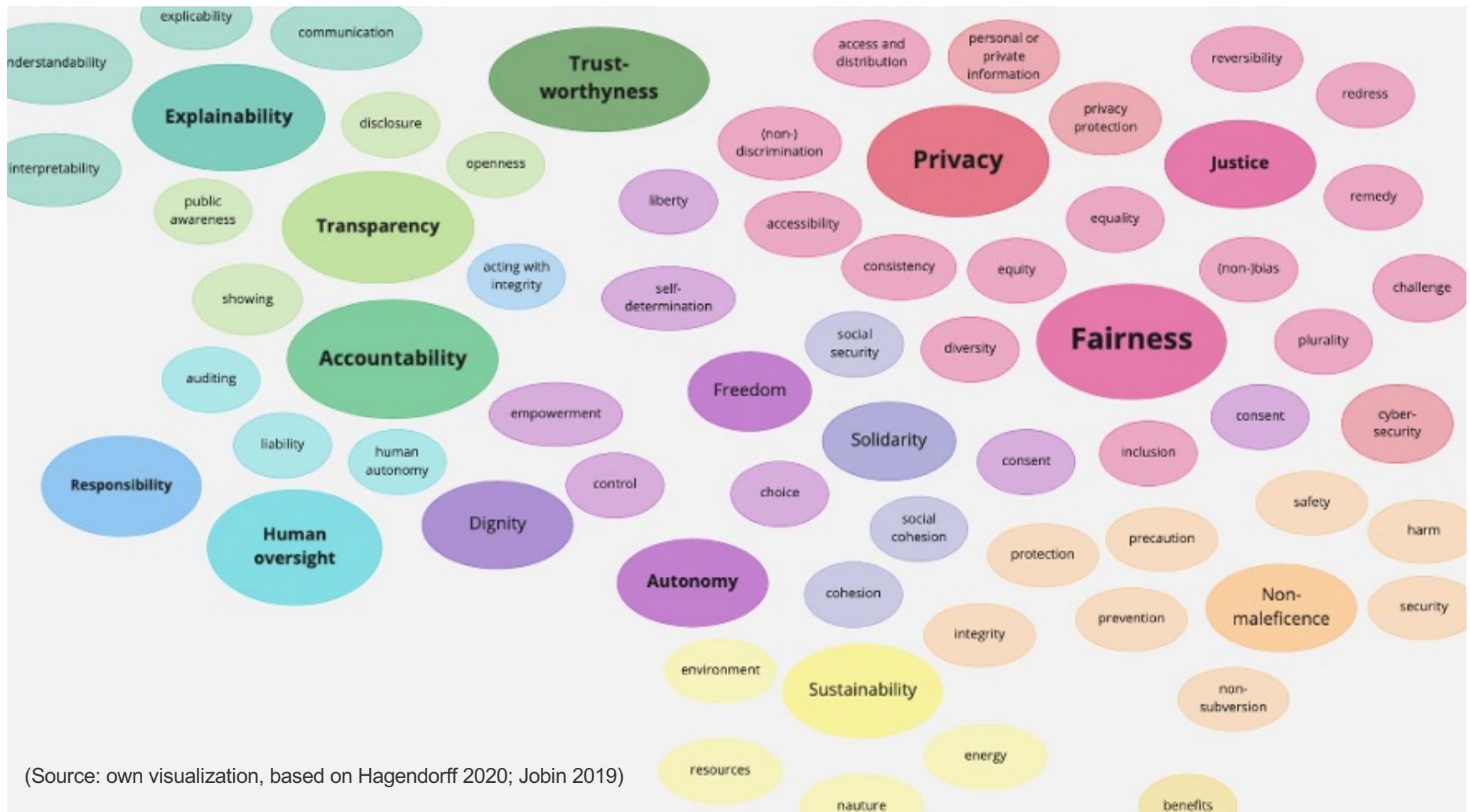
Session 7: Transparency, Documentation and Accountability

26.06.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session 8: Paper Review Session and Wrap Up



Ethical issues and principles

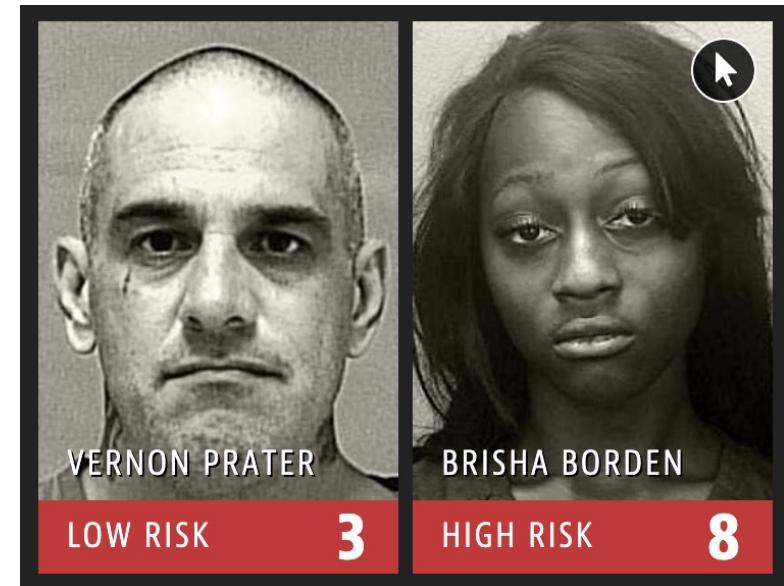


(Source: own visualization, based on Hagendorff 2020; Jobin 2019)



Example topic (1) discrimination, fairness and diversity

- Based on biographic data, COMPAS software calculates the probability (risk) that an arrested person will commit crimes in the future.
- This score can be used, for instance, to inform the determination of bail bonds.

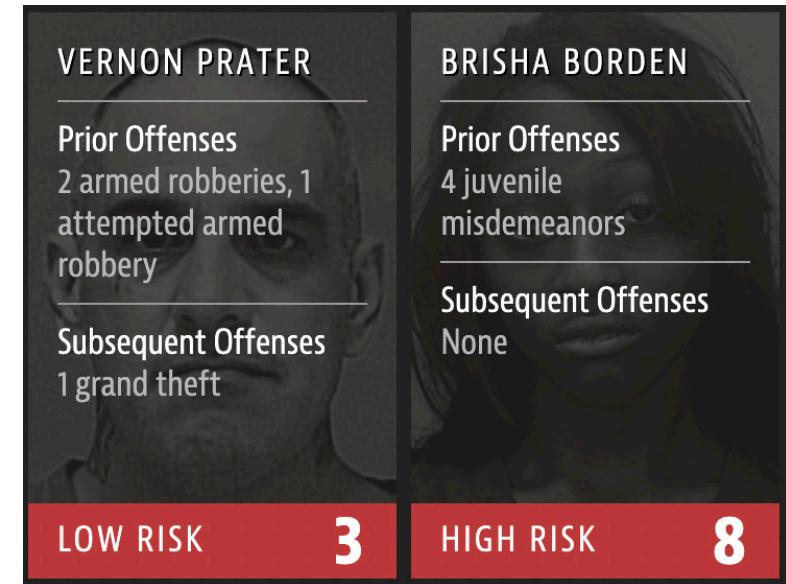


Source: <https://www.propublica.org/article/machine-bias-risk-assessments-in-criminal-sentencing>



Example topic (1) discrimination, fairness and diversity

- Created many ‚false positives‘ (people considered risky without being risky) and ‚false negatives‘ (people considered low risk who later committed crimes)
- Biased against People of Color (PoC).
- Was used for purposes the software had not been designed for.



Source: <https://www.propublica.org/article/machine-bias-risk-assessments-in-criminal-sentencing>



Example topic (1) discrimination, fairness and diversity

Sure, here is an illustration of a 1943 German soldier:

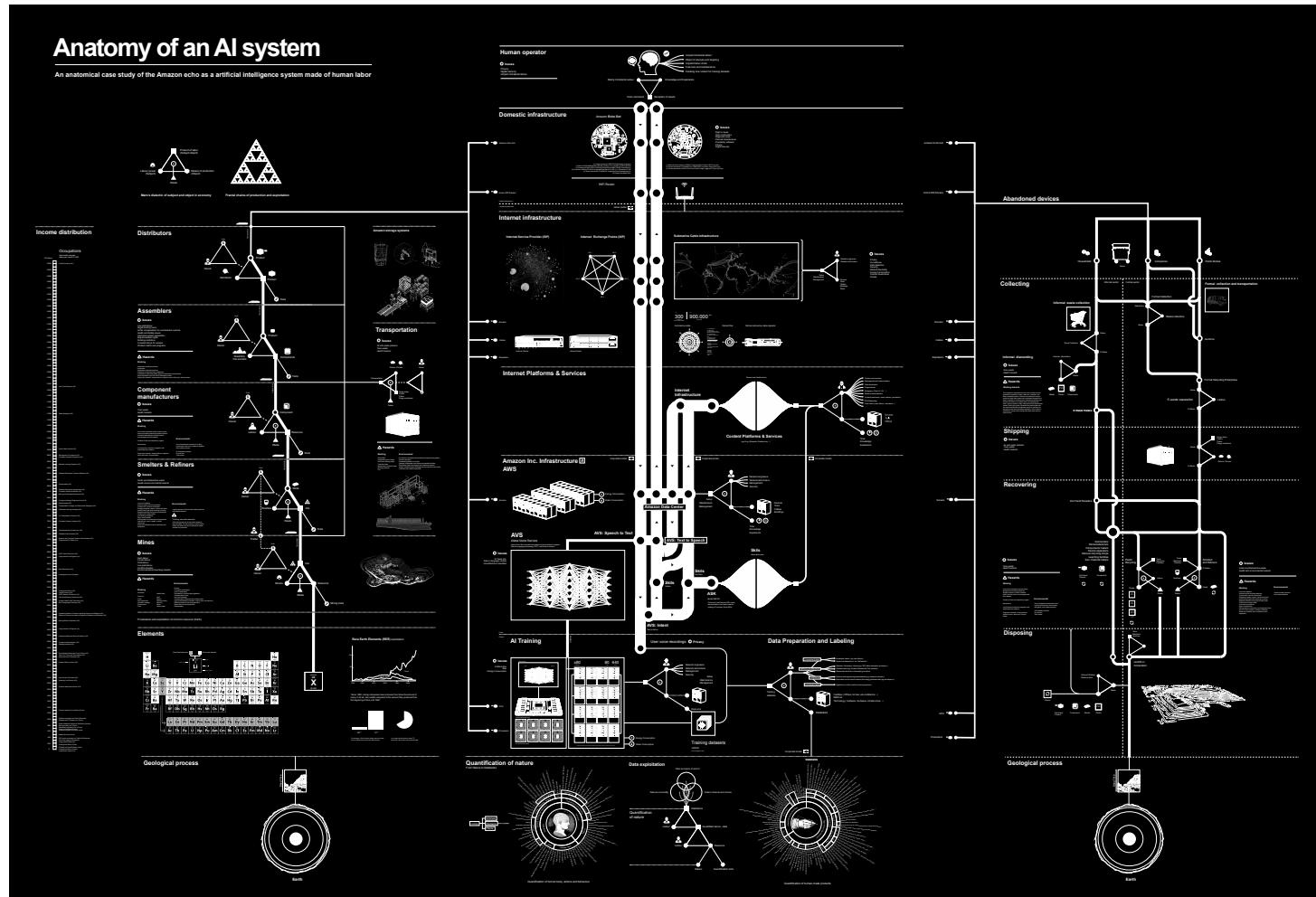
The question of (a lack of /
exaggerated) diversity
in large language models



Image source: <https://www.theverge.com/2024/2/21/24079371/google-ai-gemini-generative-inaccurate-historical>



Example topic (2): people and planet



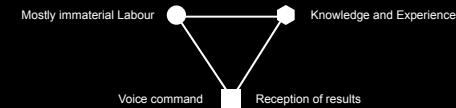
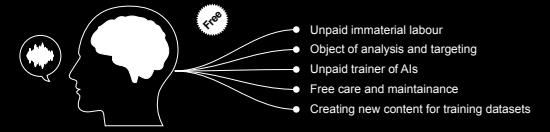
(Source: <https://anatomyof.ai>, Crawford und Joler 2018)

Human labor

Human operator

① Issues

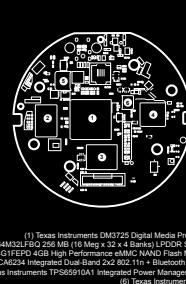
- Privacy
- Digital security
- Unpaid immaterial labour



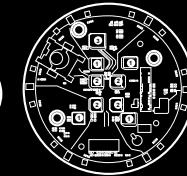
Domestic infrastructure

Amazon Echo Dot

Amazon Echo Dot



WiFi Router

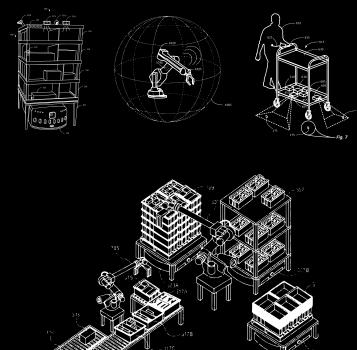


- ### ① Issues
- Right to repair
 - Open schematics
 - Diagnostic tools
 - Planned obsolescence
 - Proprietary software
 - Privacy
 - Digital Security

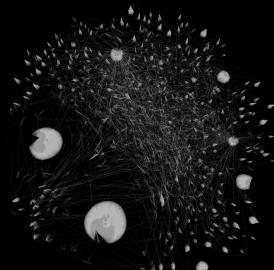
(1) Texas Instruments LP65231 Programmable 9-Output LED Driver (x4)
(2) Texas Instruments TLV320ACDC3101 92dB SNR Low-Power Stereo ADC (x4)
(3) Texas Instruments SNY4LVCT4A Dual Positive-Edge-Triggered D-type Flip-Flops

Internet infrastructure

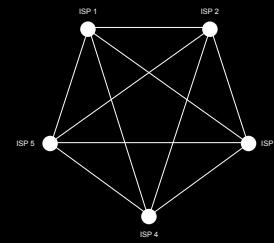
Amazon storage systems



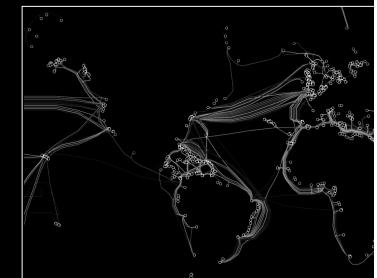
Internet Service Provider (ISP)



Internet Exchange Points (IXP)



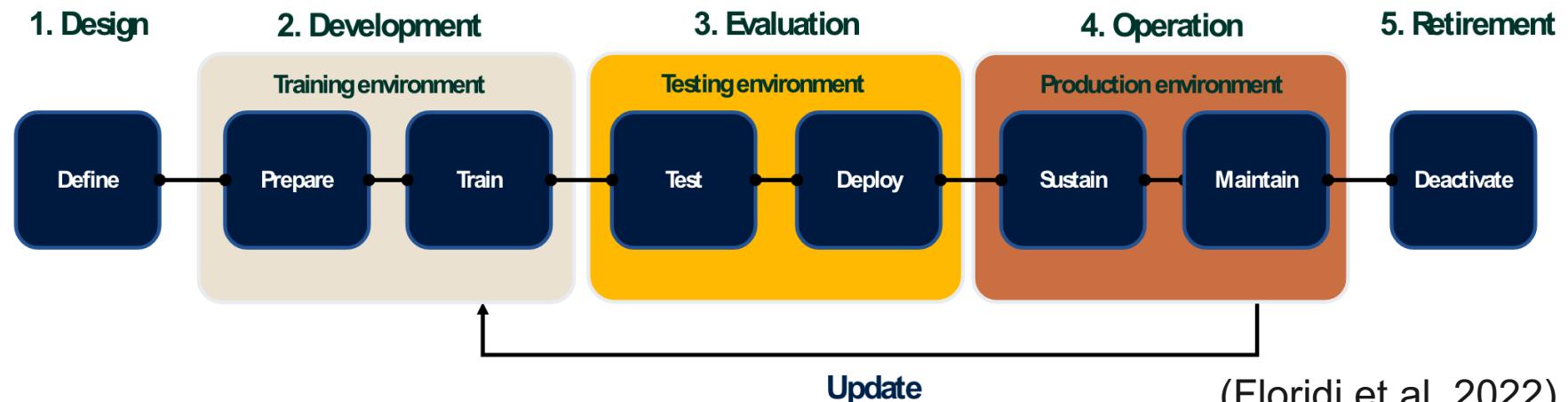
Submarine Cable Infrastructure





Example topic (3): transparency and accountability

Ethical conformity assessments for the different stages of the AI life cycle



Transparency tools

Data sheets

Model cards

System cards



Example plan of a session

- 13h30 Flashlight and recap
- 13h35 Input from lecturer 1 (theory, concepts)
- 14h00 Student presentation
- 14h20 Discussion
- 14h50 ----- Break -----
- 15h00 Input from lecturer 2 (practice-approach)
- 15h30 Exercise in small groups
- 16h15 Reporting from groups and discussion
- 16h45 End

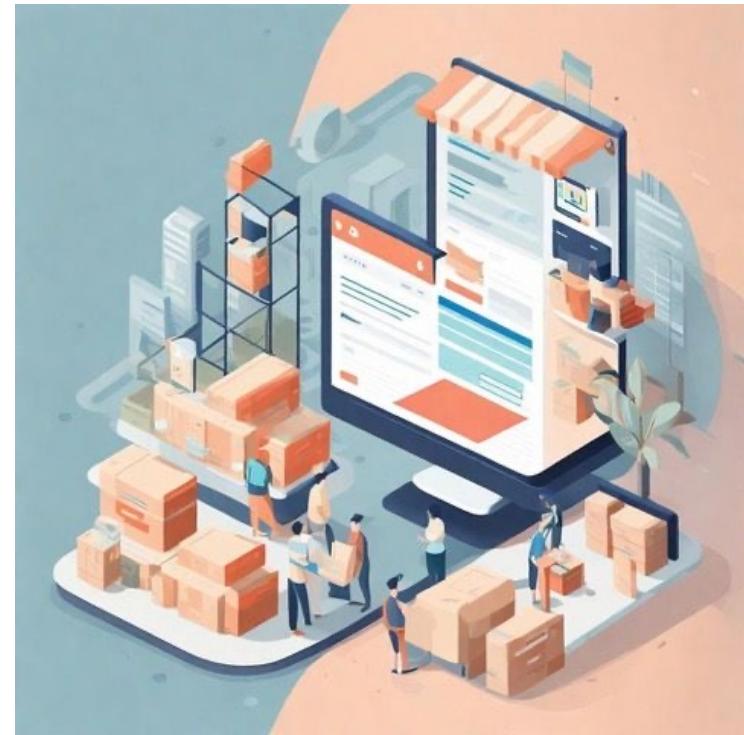


Image source: Generated with BlueWillow v4



Value-Sensitive Design (VSD)

“Value sensitive design seeks to guide the shape of being with technology. It positions researchers, designers, engineers, policy makers, and anyone working at the intersection of technology and society to make insightful investigations into technological innovation in ways that foreground the well-being of human beings and the natural world.”
(Friedman and Hendry 2019, 3)



Conceptualized by
Prof. Dr. Batya
Friedman (HCI
Professor at the
Information school of
the University of
Washington



VSD definition

„[VSD] provides theory, method, and practice to account for human values in a principled and systematic manner throughout the technical design process.“

(Friedman and Hendry 2019, 3f)

**This seminar:
Value-Sensitive Design (VSD) for data
science and AI software engineering**



Tools (1)

Envisioning cards

(Friedman et al. 2011)





Tools (2)

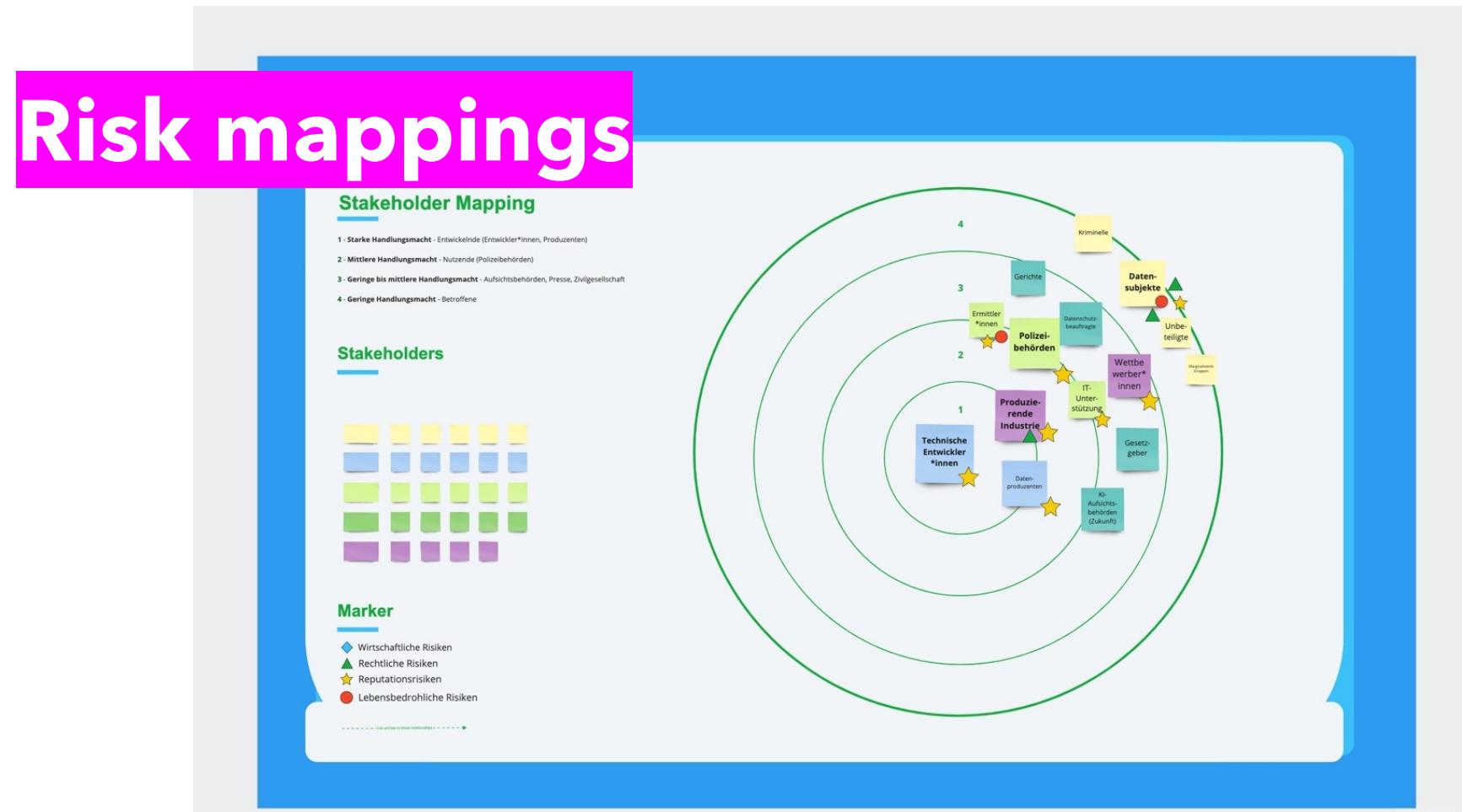
Stakeholder tokens

(Yoo 2017)





Tools (3)





Examination

The grade is based on

- a **group presentation of 20-25 min incl. handout** (30% of the grade). The group presentations (2-3 students) will each address one specific literature piece and related ethical issues.
- a **written analysis of an ethical dilemma and possible solutions of 6 pages per person** (70% of the grade). The paper should apply VSD-based methods and discuss the ethical issues covered by the course. Students are also invited to submit (longer) papers developed in a group (e.g. 18 pages for 3 students with clear markers for the individual contributions).



Indications for presentation

- 20 min. for one person / 30 min. for two persons
- Focusing on one piece of literature (see xls-table)
- Content of the presentation
 - Context of the author and paper
 - Main ideas of the paper
 - Critique of the arguments
 - Links to further readings
- Propose 3 questions for the discussion
(and send it to lecturer in advance)
- Handout (2 pages / 800 words text per person)



Indications for paper

- 6 pages per person, with the option of developing a paper in a group of two students (12 pages)
- Address one ethical dilemma in an application area of AI or data engineering using the concepts and methods learned in the seminar.



Indications for use of AI in the course

- We will occasionally use GenAI for brainstorming, gather information on theories and approaches and to generate and discuss ethical dilemma;
- While you are encouraged to use Generative AI applications (ChatGPT, Gemini, Midjourney, etc.) for the production of the paper (text and/or visualizations) while adhering to the following rules:
 - Use of AI has to be documented on a transparency sheet, whose form may be inspired by the literature addressed in the course (i.e. Data Sheets, Model and System Cards).
 - The transparency sheet has to specify a) what kind of AI has been used b) in what ways to c) produce which exact element of the study and/or paper.
 - An evaluation of the transparency sheet will also feed into your course grade.



Registration for the course

- If you like to participate in the seminar, **register** via <https://tinyurl.com/rds-hpi-2024> (sheet ,Seminar-participants_registration') until **Sunday 14.4. noon (12h00)**.
- On **Monday 15.04**, I will send you an update of the course schedule with the literature and dates for group presentations. You can then **choose your presentation topic and presentation date** in <https://tinyurl.com/rds-hpi-2024> (sheet ,literature-and-presenters') and enter your name into the document **until Fri 19.4. evening**.
- Please always check the up-to-date course information on **Github**: <https://github.com/simonsimson/responsible-data-science> (not the HPI seminar website, which will not be updated.)



Next session

24.04.2024, 13.30 – 16.45 h

Session literature

1: Jobin A, Ilenca M and Vayena E (2019) The global landscape of AI ethics guidelines. *Nature Machine Intelligence* 1(9): 389–399.
<https://www.nature.com/articles/s42256-019-0088-2>

2: Friedman B (1996) Value-sensitive design. *Interactions* 3(6): 16–23. <https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/242485.242493>



**Your questions
or specific wishes
for the course?**

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Hope to see you
on 24.04!



Bibliography

The entire bibliography for the course will be uploaded on Github in another text file.

Image sources

Most sources are cited on the relevant slide. Slide 1: © Adobe Stock / kras99, slide 37: genewolf CC BY-ND 2.0