

## Chapter 2

**Theorem 1** (De Morgan's Laws). *Let  $S$  and  $T$  be sets. Then*

$$\overline{S \cap T} = \overline{S} \cup \overline{T}.$$

*Proof.* We want to show that  $\overline{S \cap T} \subset \overline{S} \cup \overline{T}$  and  $\overline{S} \cup \overline{T} \subset \overline{S \cap T}$ . Let  $x \in \overline{S \cap T}$ , then  $x \notin S \cap T$  which implies  $x \notin S$  and  $x \notin T$ . Therefore  $x \in \overline{S}$  and  $x \in \overline{T}$  by definition, so  $x \in \overline{S} \cup \overline{T}$ .

Now let  $x \in \overline{S} \cup \overline{T}$ . By way of contradiction, assume that  $x \notin \overline{S \cap T}$ . We have  $x \in \overline{S}$  or  $x \in \overline{T}$  which implies that  $x \notin S$  or  $x \notin T$  by assumption. But since  $x \notin \overline{S \cap T}$ ,  $x \in S \cap T$  which implies that  $x \in S$  and  $x \in T$ , a contradiction. So  $x \in \overline{S \cap T}$ , and we are done.

□