## Java APIs

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website link

### **Arrays**

```
Arrays.binarySearch(arr, target) -> 0(nlogn)
Arrays.sort()
Arrays.toString()
Arrays.asList(int[] arr) -> 0(1) only accept object
Arrays.copyOf(originalArray, newLength) -> 0(1)
Arrays.copyOfRange(originalArray, start, end) -> 0(n)
comparable -> compareTo(secondNum)
```

## **ArrayList**

```
List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
list.add(E e);
list.add(int index, E e); // random access
list.addAll(Collection c);
list.get(int index);
list.remove(int index);
list.remove(E e);
list.clear(); // faster than removeAll
list.set(int index, E e);
list.toArray(); // Object[]

Collections.sort(list, new myComparator());
Comparator -> compare(item1, item2);
Collectionis.reverse(list);
ArrayList.subList(start, end);
list.forEach(k -> sb.append(k));
```

# HashMap

```
Map<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();

// immutable map
ImmutableMap<String, Integer> map = ImmutableMap.of(...);

// ordered map
LinkedHashMap<String, Integer> map = new LinkedHashMap<>();
```

```
// sorted map
SortedMap<String, Integer> map = new TreeMap<>();
map.get(key);
map.getOrDefault(key, defaultValue);
map.put(key, value);
map.putIfAbsent(key, value); // return null or current value
map.containsKey(key);
map.remove(key);
map.keySet()
map.values()
map.entrySet()
for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : map.entrySet()) {
  String key = entry.getKey();
  Integer value = entry.getValue();
}
map.forEach((k, v) -> System.out.println(k + " " + v));
```

#### HashSet

```
Set<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();

// ordered (by insertion)
LinkedHashSet<Integer> set = new LinkedHashSet<>();

// sorted (object need comparator)
SortedSet<Integer> set = new TreeSet<>();

set.add(key);
set.contains(key);
set.remove(key); // return true / false
set.toArray();
```

## Integer

```
int i = Integer.parseInt(String);
String str = Integer.toString(number)
```

## PriorityQueue / Heap

```
// min heap
Queue<X> minHeap = new PriorityQueue<>();

// max heap
Queue<X> maxHeap = new PriorityQueue<>(Collections.reverseOrder());
```

## Deque

```
Deque<X> dq = new ArrayDeque<>>();
dp.offerFirst(E e); // offerLast(E e)
dp.pollFirst(); // pollLast()
dp.peekFirst(); // peekLast()
```

#### Queue

```
Queue<X> queue = new ArrayDeque<>();
Queue<X> queue = new LinkedList<>();

// throw exception
queue.add(E e);
queue.remove();
queue.elements();

// return null
queue.offer(E e);
queue.poll();
queue.peek();
```

## Stack

Stack stack = new Stack <> ();

```
Deque<X> stack = new ArrayDeque<>();

stack.push(E e); // stack.addFirst(E, e); throw exception
  stack.pop(); // stack.removeFirst();

stack.peek(); // stack.getFirst();

// return null
  stack.offerFirst(E e);
  stack.pollFirst();

stack.peekFirst();
```

#### LinkedList

- getFirst() / peekFirst()
- getLast() / peekLast()
- addFirst(e) / offerFirst(e)
- removeFirst() / pollFirst()
- List<> list = new LinkedList<>();

### String:

- s.length()
- s.isEmpty()
- s.equals(s2)
- s.contains("word") -> true/false
- s.indexOf(char)
- s.lastIndexOf(char)
- s.startsWith(str)
- s.endsWith(str)
- s.substring(start)
- s.substring(start, end)
- s.toCharArray()
- String s = new String(char[])
- s.split("/") -> String[]
- s.split(",");
- s.trim()
- s.replaceAll("[^A-Za-z\d]+", "").toLowerCase();
- String.valueOf(num); //int i=10; Now it will return "10"
- Integer.toString(number)
- String.join(",", char[]); "a,b,c"

## StringBuilder

[StringBuilder] StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder()

- contructor: (int capacity/ CharSequence seq / String str)
- sb.append('a' / char[] / int / boolean)
- sb.deleteCharAt(sb.length() 1);
- sb.size()
- sb.insert(int index, char ch) -> O(n)
- sb.setLength(int newLength)
- sb.setCharAt(int index, char ch)
- CharSequence sb.subSequence(int start, int end)
- StringBuilder(sb).reverse().toString();

#### Character

- Character.toLowerCase(c)
- Character.isLetterOrDigit(c)

#### char

- string.charAt(index) 'a' -> ASCII 128 char
- string.charAt(index) '0' // char to int
- Character.toString(char c) // char -> String
- String.valueOf(char c) // char -> String
- (char) int + '0' // int to char

#### Collection

- Collections.binarySearch(collection, target)
- Collections.sort(list, new myComparator())
- Collections.reverse(arrayList)

# **Class Creation**

### Comparator

```
PriorityQueue<Integer> queue = new PriorityQueue<>
((a, b) -> b - a); // biggest pop first, 30 20 10
```

```
private class myComparator implements Comparator<Integer> {
    @Override
    public int compare(Integer i1, Integer i2) {
        if (i1.equals(i2)) {
            return 0;
        }
        return i1 > i2 ? -1 : 1;
    }
}
```

```
Pair<Integer, String> pair = new Pair<>(1, "One");
  Integer key = pair.getKey();
  String value = pair.getValue();

private Object[] getPair() {
    // ...
    return new Object[] {key, value};
}
```