

# Python Cheat Sheet

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## Counter

```
from collections import Counter, defaultdict

word = "mississippi"
counter = defaultdict(int)
for letter in word:
    counter[letter] += 1

# Use a string as an argument
letters = Counter('mississippi')
Counter(set("mississippi")) # Counter({'i': 4, 's': 4, 'p': 2, 'm': 1})
letters.update("missouri") # Counter({'i': 6, 's': 6, 'p': 2, 'm': 2, 'o': 1, 'u': 1, 'r': 1})

for letter, freq in letters.items():
    print(letter, freq)
print(letters.keys()) # dict_keys(['m', 'i', 's', 'p'])
print(letters.values()) # dict_values([1, 4, 4, 2])

counter1.most_common(3) # default sort and return all
counter1.subtract(counter2) # c1 = c1 - c2
counter1.update(counter2) # c1 = c1 + c2
c1 +/ - / & / | c2
# return positive, & == min, | == max
```

## List -> list() / [1, 2]

```
l1 = [1, 2, 3]
l2 = [4, 5]
l1.extend(l2)
l1.append(100)
l1.insert(0, 666)

l1.pop(idx) # default pop last element, -1 means last element
l1.remove(2) # remove first occurrence (value)
del l1[1] # remove at specific index

l1.reverse() # change in place, no return
l1.sort(min) # decreasing order
l1.index(4) # first occurrence
l1.count(0)
l1.sort(key=None, reverse=False) # change l1
sorted(l1) # l1 not change
```

```
# 2D matrix
arr3 = [[0 for _ in range(1)] for _ in range(5)]
arr3[1][0] = 9
arr3 # [[0], [9], [0], [0], [0]]
```

## String -> str

```
s = 'hello simon'
s.title() # 'Hello Simon'
len(s)
s[5:10]
s[-3:-1]
s.upper()
s.lower()
s.index('h')
s[0] == 'h'
s = '    Haha,    SSSimonnnnn    '
s.strip()
s.strip().split(',')
s.count('S')
s.find('XX') # -1 if not find
s.index('S') # throw error if not find

# like Java StringBuilder
l = []
l.append('foo')
l.append('bar')
l.append('baz')
s = ''.join(l)

int('123')
float('1.22')

# f-strings, Formatted string literal
import math
print(f'The value of pi is approximately "{math.pi:.3f}"')

table = {'Simon': 178, 'helen': 165, 'dudu': 30}
for name, age in table.items():
    print(f'{name:10} ==> {age:10}')

print('{1} and {0}'.format('one', 'two')) # position
print('This {food} is {adjective}'.format(food='KFC', adjective='Bad')) #
keyword

table = {'Sjoerd': 4127, 'Jack': 4098, 'Dcab': 8637678}
print('Jack: {0[Jack]:d}; Sjoerd: {0[Sjoerd]:d}; '
      'Dcab: {0[Dcab]:d}'.format(table))
```

## Dictionary -> dict() / {'one' : 1} / {'one'=1}

```

name = {'Simom' : 178,
        'Helen' : 165}
name['Simom']
name['Helen'] = 999
name['xxx'] # KeyError
name.get('xxx') # return None
name.get('Dudu', 30) # default value is 30
name.setdefault('Dudu', 30) # only set when key is not in dict

for key in name: # same as keys()
    print(key)

name['GuaiGuai'] = 25 # add / modify dict use dict[key] = value
del name['GuaiGuai']
name.pop('Helen', default=-1) # return value, remove entry
name.popitem() # return 2-tuple, LIFO order

name.keys()
name.values() # max(d.values()) return max value
name.items()

# f-string, concatenate string and other type
for key, value in name.items():
    print(f'{key} height: {value}')

```

## defaultdict

```

# list for append
s = [('yellow', 1), ('blue', 2), ('yellow', 3), ('blue', 4), ('red', 1)]
d = defaultdict(list)
for k, v in s:
    d[k].append(v)

sorted(d.items())
# [('blue', [2, 4]), ('red', [1]), ('yellow', [1, 3])]

# int for count
s = 'mississippi'
d = defaultdict(int)
for k in s:
    d[k] += 1

sorted(d.items())
# [('i', 4), ('m', 1), ('p', 2), ('s', 4)]

# set for de-duplicate

```

```
s = [('red', 1), ('blue', 2), ('red', 3), ('blue', 4), ('red', 1),
      ('blue', 4)]
d = defaultdict(set)
for k, v in s:
    d[k].add(v)

sorted(d.items())
# [('blue', {2, 4}), ('red', {1, 3})]
```

## Tuple -> tuple() / (1, )

```
t1 = 1,
t2 = (1, 2, 3, 100, 5, 6)
t3 = tuple('hello') # ('h', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o')
for t in t3:
    print(t)
max(t2)
sorted(t2)
len(t3)
```

## Set -> set()

```
s = {c for c in 'abracaabroa' if c not in 'abc'} # {'r', 'o'}
s2 = set('foobar') # {'r', 'f', 'b', 'a', 'o'}
s3 = set(['a', 'b', 'foo'])

s.add(x)
s.remove(x) # raise error if absence
s.discard(x) # return None if absence

# de-duplicate
t = [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
list(set(t))
# [1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8]

# de-duplicate + ordered!
list(dict.fromkeys('abracadabra'))
# ['a', 'b', 'r', 'c', 'd']

s.copy() # deep copy
s.update(s2) s == s2

s.isdisjoint(s2)
s.issubset(s2)
s < s2
s.union(s2) == s | s2
s.intersection(s2) == s & s2
s2.difference(s) == s2 - s
s.symmetric_difference(s2) == s ^ s2 # either in s or s2, but not both
```

## zip / enumerate

```
key = 'abc'
value = '123'
for pair in zip(key, value):
    print(pair)

list(enumerate('simon')) # [(0, 's'), (1, 'i'), (2, 'm'), (3, 'o'), (4, 'n')]
list(zip(range(5), 'simon'))
d = dict(enumerate('abc')) # {0: 'a', 1: 'b', 2: 'c'}
z = zip('xyz', [23, 24, 25])
dict(z)
d1 = {(0, 0) : 5}
```

## stack

```
stack = list(range(6))
stack.append(10)
stack.append(20)
stack.pop()
```

## queue

```
from collections import deque
queue = deque(['simon', 'helen', 'dudu'])
queue.append('neinei')
queue.popleft()
queue.popleft()
queue[0] # peek
queue.clear()
```

## Priority Queue

```
from heapq import heappush, heappop, heapify

def heapsort(iterable):
    h = []
    for value in iterable:
        heappush(h, value)
    return [heappop(h) for _ in range(len(h))]

l = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 6, 8, 0]
```

```

print(heapsort(l))

heap[0] is smallest
heapq.heappush(heap, item)
heapq.heappop(heap) # return smallest
heapq.heappushpop(heap, item) # == push + pop
heap[0] # peek smallest
heapq.heapify(list())
heap.heapreplace(heap, item) # == pop + push
heapq.merge(*iterables, key=None, reverse=False)
heapq.nlargest(n, iterable, key=None)

```

## math

```

-float('inf') == -math.inf
fabs(-100) # absolute value
math.pow(2,10) # 2 ^ 10 = 1024
math.log(math.e) # ln(e) = 1
math.log(math.e ** 2, math.e) # ln(e^2) / ln(e) = 2

```

## ASCII

```

print(ord('a'))    # 97
print(ord('A'))    # 65
print(ord('0'))    # 48

print(chr(97))    # 'a'
print(chr(65))    # 'A'
print(chr(48))    # '0'

```

## Comprehensions & Generator

```

result = [mapping_expr for value in iterable if filter_expr]

result = [{'key': value} for value in iterable
          if a_long_filter_expression(value)]

result = [complicated_transform(x)
          for x in iterable if predicate(x)]

descriptive_name = [
    transform({'key': key, 'value': value}, color='black')
    for key, value in generate_iterable(some_input)
    if complicated_condition_is_met(key, value)
]

```

```

result = []
for x in range(10):
    for y in range(5):
        if x * y > 10:
            result.append((x, y))

return {x: complicated_transform(x)
        for x in long_generator_function(parameter)
        if x is not None}

squares_generator = (x**2 for x in range(10))

unique_names = {user.name for user in users if user is not None}

eat(jelly_bean for jelly_bean in jelly_beans
    if jelly_bean.color == 'black')

```

## class

```

class Student:
    """This is a student class."""

    def __init__(self, name = "") -> None:
        self.name = name

    def set_name(self, name):
        self.name = name

    def get_name(self):
        return self.name

    def speak(self):
        print(f'Hello, World! I am {self.name}')

    def __private(self): # private
        print("NO")

    def public(self):
        print("YES")
        self.__private()

    def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f'student name: {self.name}'

    def __str__(self) -> str:
        return "informal" or nicely printable string representation of
object.'

stu = Student()
stu.set_name("Simon")
print(stu.__dict__) # dict of attributes

```

```
print(stu) # __str__
print(repr(stu)) # __repr__
print(stu.__doc__) # return ""doc""
```

## property

```
class C(object):
    def __init__(self):
        self._x = None

    @property
    def x(self):
        """I'm the 'x' property."""
        return self._x

    @x.setter
    def x(self, value):
        self._x = value

    @x.deleter
    def x(self):
        del self._x

c = C()
c.x = 10 # setx
print(c.x) # getx
del c.x # delx

# class property([fget[, fset[, fdel[, doc]]])
# x = property(getx, setx, delx, "I'm the 'x' property.")
```

## decorator

```
def timer(fun):
    def inner():
        <inner_body>
        fun()
    return inner

import time

# no param
def timer(func):
    def inner():
        start = time.time()
        func()
        end = time.time()
        print('function {} cost {} seconds'.format(func.__name__,
            round(end - start, 2)))
```



```
        return inner

# with params
def repeat_func(n):
    def wrapper(func):
        def inner():
            print('before function run')
            for i in range(n):
                func()
            print('after function run')
        return inner
    return wrapper
```