# Python Cheat Sheet

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main / test

```
# when import, will NOT run the code under 'main', only run top-level code
if __name__ == '__main__':
    sol = Solution()
    print(sol.func_name(args))
```

#### lambda

```
# lambda
lambda x : x
(lambda x : x + 1)(2) # (func)(args)
(lambda x, y: x + y)(2, 3)

high_ord_func = lambda x, func: x + func(x)
high_ord_func(3, lambda x: x ** 2)
sorted(name, key= lambda x: x.age) # sort by age ascending
```

## Counter

```
from collections import Counter, defaultdict
word = "mississippi"
counter = defaultdict(int)
for letter in word:
    counter[letter] += 1
# Use a string as an argument
letters = Counter('mississippi')
Counter(set("mississippi")) # Counter({'i': 4, 's': 4, 'p': 2, 'm': 1})
letters.update("missouri") # Counter({'i': 6, 's': 6, 'p': 2, 'm': 2, 'o':
1, 'u': 1, 'r': 1})
for letter, freq in letters.items():
    print(letter, freq)
print(letters.keys()) # dict_keys(['m', 'i', 's', 'p'])
print(letters.values()) # dict_values([1, 4, 4, 2])
counter1.most_common(3) # default sort and return all
counter1.subtract(counter2) \# c1 = c1 - c2
counter1.update(counter2) # c1 = c1 + c2
```

```
c1 +/-/&/| c2
# return positve, & == min, | == max
```

# XX.sort vs sorted()

```
digits = [0, 5, 7, 3, 4, 9, 1, 6, 3, 8]

digits.sort(reverse=True) # change input
print(digits) # [9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 3, 1, 0]

digits = [0, 5, 7, 3, 4, 9, 1, 6, 3, 8]
sorted(digits, reverse=True) # return copy of input, not change input
print(digits) # [0, 5, 7, 3, 4, 9, 1, 6, 3, 8]
```

# List -> list() / [1, 2]

```
11 = [1, 2, 3]
12 = [4, 5]
l1.extend(l2)
l1.append(100)
l1.insert(0, 666)
l1.pop(idx) # default pop last element, -1 means last element
l1.remove(2) # remove first accurance (value)
del l1[1] # remove at specific index
l1.reverse() # change in place, no return
l1.sort(min) # decresing order
l1.index(4) # first accurance
l1.count(0)
l1.sort(key=None, reverse=False) # change l1
sorted(l1) # l1 not change
# 2D matrix
arr3 = [[0 \text{ for } \_ \text{ in } range(1)] \text{ for } \_ \text{ in } range(5)]
arr3[1][0] = 9
arr3 # [[0], [9], [0], [0], [0]]
```

# String -> str

```
s = 'hello simon'
s.title() # 'Hello Simon'
len(s)
s[5:10]
s[-3:-1]
s.upper()
```

```
s.lower()
s.index('h')
s[0] == 'h'
s = ' Haha,
               SSSimonnnnn
s.strip()
s.strip().split(',')
s.count('S')
s.find('XX') # -1 if not find
s.index('S') # throw error if not find
# like Java StringBuilder
l = []
l.append('foo')
l.append('bar')
l.append('baz')
s = ''.join(l)
int('123')
float('1.22')
# f-strings, Formatted string literal
import math
print(f'The value of pi is approximately "{math.pi:.3f}"')
table = {'Simon': 178, 'helen': 165, 'dudu': 30}
for name, age in table.items():
    print(f'{name:10} ==> {age:10}')
print('{1} and {0}'.format('one', 'two')) # position
print('This {food} is {adjective}.'.format(food='KFC', adjective='Bad')) #
keyword
table = {'Sjoerd': 4127, 'Jack': 4098, 'Dcab': 8637678}
print('Jack: {0[Jack]:d}; Sjoerd: {0[Sjoerd]:d}; '
      'Dcab: {0[Dcab]:d}'.format(table))
```

# Dictionary -> dict() / {'one' : 1} / {'one'=1}

```
del name['GuaiGuai']
name.pop('Helen', default=-1) # return value, remove entry
name.popitem() # return 2-tuple, LIFO order

name.keys()
name.values() # max(d.values()) return max value
name.items()

# f-string, concatenate string and other type
for key, value in name.items():
    print(f'{key} height: {value}')
```

### defaultdict

```
# list for append
s = [('yellow', 1), ('blue', 2), ('yellow', 3), ('blue', 4), ('red', 1)]
d = defaultdict(list)
for k, v in s:
    d[k].append(v)
sorted(d.items())
# [('blue', [2, 4]), ('red', [1]), ('yellow', [1, 3])]
# int for count
s = 'mississippi'
d = defaultdict(int)
for k in s:
    d[k] += 1
sorted(d.items())
# [('i', 4), ('m', 1), ('p', 2), ('s', 4)]
# set for de-duplicate
s = [('red', 1), ('blue', 2), ('red', 3), ('blue', 4), ('red', 1),
('blue', 4)]
d = defaultdict(set)
for k, v in s:
    d[k].add(v)
sorted(d.items())
# [('blue', {2, 4}), ('red', {1, 3})]
```

# Tuple -> tuple() / (1, )

```
t1 = 1,
t2 = (1, 2, 3, 100, 5, 6)
t3 = tuple('hello') # ('h', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o')
```

```
for t in t3:
    print(t)
max(t2)
sorted(t2)
len(t3)
```

# Set -> set()

```
s = {c for c in 'abracaabroa' if c not in 'abc'} # {'r', 'o'}
s2 = set('foobar') # {'r', 'f', 'b', 'a', 'o'}
s3 = set(['a', 'b', 'foo'])
s_add(x)
s.remove(x) # raise error if absence
s.discard(x) # return None if absence
# de-duplicate
t = [1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
list(set(t))
# [1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8]
# de-duplicate + ordered!
list(dict.fromkeys('abracadabra'))
# ['a', 'b', 'r', 'c', 'd']
s.copy() # deep copy
s.update(s2) s == s2
s.isdisjoint(s2)
s.issubset(s2)
s < s2
s.union(s2) == s \mid s2
s.intersection(s2) == s & s2
s2.difference(s) == s2 - s
s.symmetric_difference(s2) == s ^ s2 # either in s or s2, but not both
```

# zip / enumerate

```
key = 'abc'
value = '123'
for pair in zip(key, value):
    print(pair)

list(enumerate('simon')) # [(0, 's'), (1, 'i'), (2, 'm'), (3, 'o'), (4, 'n')]
list(zip(range(5), 'simon'))
d = dict(enumerate('abc')) # {0: 'a', 1: 'b', 2: 'c'}
z = zip('xyz', [23, 24, 25])
```

```
dict(z)

d1 = \{(0, 0) : 5\}
```

#### stack

```
stack = list(range(6))
stack.append(10)
stack.append(20)
stack.pop()
```

### queue

```
from collections import deque
queue = deque(['simon', 'helen', 'dudu'])
queue.append('neinei')
queue.popleft()
queue.popleft()
queue[0] # peek
queue.clear()
```

#### **Priority Queue**

```
from heapq import heappush, heappop, heapify
def heapsort(iterable):
   h = []
    for value in iterable:
        heappush(h, value)
    return [heappop(h) for _ in range(len(h))]
l = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 6, 8, 0]
print(heapsort(l))
heap[0] is smallest
heapq.heappush(heap, item)
heapq.heappop(heap) # return smallest
heapq.heappushpop(heap, item) # == push + pop
heap[0] # peek smallest
heapq.heapify(list())
heap.heapreplace(heap, item) # == pop + push
heapq.merge(*iterables, key=None, reverse=False)
heapq.nlargest(n, iterable, key=None)
```

#### math

```
-float('inf') == -math.inf
fabs(-100) # absolute value
math.pow(2,10) # 2 ^ 10 = 1024
math.log(math.e) # ln(e) = 1
math.log(math.e ** 2, math.e) # ln(e^2) / ln(e) = 2
```

### **ASCII**

```
print(ord('a')) # 97
print(ord('A')) # 65
print(ord('0')) # 48

print(chr(97)) # 'a'
print(chr(65)) # 'A'
print(chr(48)) # '0'
```

## Comprehensions & Generator

```
result = [mapping expr for value in iterable if filter expr]
result = [{'key': value} for value in iterable
        if a_long_filter_expression(value)]
result = [complicated_transform(x)
        for x in iterable if predicate(x)]
descriptive_name = [
    transform({'key': key, 'value': value}, color='black')
    for key, value in generate_iterable(some_input)
    if complicated_condition_is_met(key, value)
]
result = []
for x in range(10):
    for y in range(5):
        if x * y > 10:
            result.append((x, y))
return {x: complicated_transform(x)
        for x in long_generator_function(parameter)
        if x is not None}
squares_generator = (x**2 \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(10))
unique_names = {user.name for user in users if user is not None}
eat(jelly_bean for jelly_bean in jelly_beans
    if jelly_bean.color == 'black')
```

### class

```
class Student:
    """This is a student class."""
    def __init__(self, name = "") -> None:
        self.name = name
    def set_name(self, name):
        self.name = name
    def get_name(self):
        return self.name
    def speak(self):
        print(f'Hello, World! I am {self.name}')
    def __private(self): # private
        print("NO")
    def public(self):
        print("YES")
        self.__private()
    def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f'student name: {self.name}'
    def __str__(self) -> str:
        return '"informal" or nicely printable string representation of
object.'
stu = Student()
stu.set_name("Simon")
print(stu.__dict__) # dict of attributes
print(stu) # __str__
print(repr(stu)) # __repr__
print(stu.__doc__) # return """doc"""
```

## property

```
class C(object):
    def __init__(self):
        self._x = None

    @property
    def x(self):
        """I'm the 'x' property."""
        return self._x
```

```
@x.setter
def x(self, value):
    self._x = value

@x.deleter
def x(self):
    del self._x

c = C()
c.x = 10 # setx
print(c.x) # getx
del c.x # delx

# class property([fget[, fset[, fdel[, doc]]]])
# x = property(getx, setx, delx, "I'm the 'x' property.")
```

### decorator

```
def timer(fun):
    def inner():
        <inner_body>
        fun()
    return inner
import time
# no param
def timer(func):
    def inner():
        start = time.time()
        func()
        end = time.time()
        print('function {} cost {} seconds'.format(func.__name__,
round(end - start, 2)))
    return inner
# with params
def repeat_func(n):
    def wrapper(func):
        def inner():
            print('before function run')
            for i in range(n):
                func()
            print('after function run')
        return inner
    return wrapper
```