# Python Cheat Sheet

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List -> list() / [1, 2]

```
l1 = [1, 2, 3]
l2 = [4, 5]
l1.extend(l2)
l1.append(100)
l1.insert(0, 666)

l1.pop() # default pop last element, return it
l1.remove(2) # remove first accurance (value)
del l1[1] # remove at specific index

l1.reverse() # change in place, no return
l1.sort(min) # decresing order
l1.index(4) # first accurance
l1.count(0)
l1.sort(key=None, reverse=False) # change l1
sorted(l1) # l1 not change
```

### String -> str

```
s = 'hello simon'
s.title() # 'Hello Simon'
len(s)
s[5:10]
s[-3:-1]
s.upper()
s.lower()
s.index('h')
s[0] == 'h'
s = ' Haha, SSSimonnnnn '
s.strip()
s.strip().split(',')
s.count('S')
s.find('XX') # -1 if not find
s.index('S') # throw error if not find
```

### Dictionary -> dict() / {'one' : 1} / {'one'=1}

```
name = {'Simom' : 178,
 'Helen' : 165}
```

```
name['Simom']
name['Helen'] = 999
name['xxx'] # KeyError
name.get('xxx') # return None
name.get('Dudu', 30) # default value is 30
name.setdefault('Dudu', 30) # only set when key is not in dict
for key in name: # same as keys()
    print(key)
name['GuaiGuai'] = 25 # add / modify dict use dict[key] = value
del name['GuaiGuai']
name.pop('Helen', default=-1) # return value, remove entry
name.popitem() # return 2-tuple, LIFO order
name.keys()
name.values()
name.items()
# f-string, concatenate string and other type
for key, value in name.items():
    print(f'{key} height: {value}')
```

### Tuple -> tuple() / (1, )

```
t1 = 1,
t2 = (1, 2, 3, 100, 5, 6)
t3 = tuple('hello') # ('h', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o')
for t in t3:
    print(t)
max(t2)
sorted(t2)
len(t3)
```

## Set -> set()

```
s = {c for c in 'abracaabroa' if c not in 'abc'} # {'r', 'o'}
s2 = set('foobar') # {'r', 'f', 'b', 'a', 'o'}
s3 = set(['a', 'b', 'foo'])
s.isdisjoint(s2)
s.issubset(s2)
s < s2
s.union(s2)
s.intersection(s2)
s2.difference(s) # s2 - s
s.symmetric_difference(s2) # either in s or s2, but not both</pre>
```

### zip / enumerate

```
key = 'abc'
value = '123'
for pair in zip(key, value):
    print(pair)

list(enumerate('simon')) # [(0, 's'), (1, 'i'), (2, 'm'), (3, 'o'), (4, 'n')]
list(zip(range(5), 'simon'))
d = dict(enumerate('abc')) # {0: 'a', 1: 'b', 2: 'c'}
z = zip('xyz', [23, 24, 25])
dict(z)
d1 = {(0, 0) : 5}
```

#### stack

#### queue

#### **ASCII**

```
print(ord('a')) # 97
print(ord('A')) # 65
print(ord('0')) # 48

print(chr(97)) # 'a'
print(chr(65)) # 'A'
print(chr(48)) # '0'
```

### Comprehensions & Generator

```
result = [mapping_expr for value in iterable if filter_expr]

result = [{'key': value} for value in iterable
        if a_long_filter_expression(value)]

result = [complicated_transform(x)
        for x in iterable if predicate(x)]
```

```
descriptive name = [
    transform({'key': key, 'value': value}, color='black')
    for key, value in generate_iterable(some_input)
    if complicated condition is met(key, value)
1
result = []
for x in range(10):
    for y in range(5):
        if x * y > 10:
            result.append((x, y))
return {x: complicated_transform(x)
        for x in long_generator_function(parameter)
        if x is not None}
squares_generator = (x**2 \text{ for } x \text{ in range}(10))
unique_names = {user.name for user in users if user is not None}
eat(jelly_bean for jelly_bean in jelly_beans
    if jelly_bean.color == 'black')
```

#### class

```
class Student:
    """This is a student class."""
    def __init__(self, name = "") -> None:
        self.name = name
    def set_name(self, name):
        self.name = name
    def get_name(self):
        return self.name
    def speak(self):
        print(f'Hello, World! I am {self.name}')
    def __private(self): # private
        print("NO")
    def public(self):
        print("YES")
        self.__private()
    def __repr__(self) -> str:
        return f'student name: {self.name}'
```

#### decorator

```
def timer(fun):
    def inner():
        <inner_body>
        fun()
    return inner
import time
# no param
def timer(func):
    def inner():
        start = time.time()
        func()
        end = time.time()
        print('function {} cost {} seconds'.format(func.__name__,
round(end - start, 2)))
    return inner
# with params
def repeat_func(n):
    def wrapper(func):
        def inner():
            print('before function run')
            for i in range(n):
                func()
            print('after function run')
        return inner
    return wrapper
```