CE219656 - PSoC 6 MCU UART using Low Level APIs

Objective

This example demonstrates the UART transmit and receive operation in PSoC® 6 MCU using low level APIs. This is done using polling, ISR, and DMA methods.

Overview

This example contains three sub-examples that implement a UART using: polling, ISR, or DMA to manage the UART. Each sub-example uses low level UART APIs and echoes what is received on the UART serial terminal. The UART_Low_Level_Polling example polls repeatedly. The UART_Low_Level_User_ISR example uses a user interrupt. The UART_Low_Level_DMA example uses DMA functions.

Requirements

Tool: PSoC Creator™ 4.2

Programming Language: C (ARM® GCC 5.4-2016-q2-update, ARM MDK 5.22)

Associated Parts: All PSoC 6 MCU parts

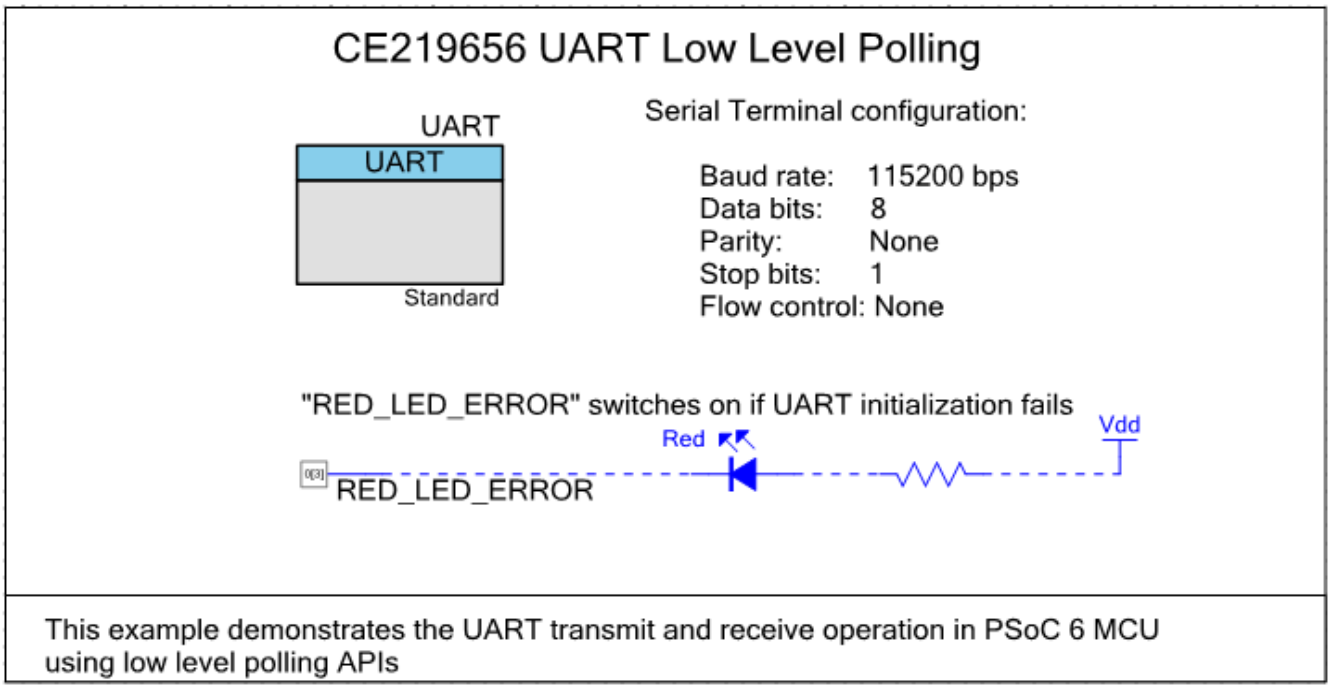
Related Hardware: CY8CKIT-062-BLE PSoC 6 BLE Pioneer Kit

Design

UART_Low_Level_Polling

The UART_Low_Level_Polling design shown in Figure 1 has a UART (SCB_UART_PDL) Component configured for TX+RX mode at 115200 bps baud rate, 8N1.

Figure 1. The UART_Low_Level_Polling Example Schematic



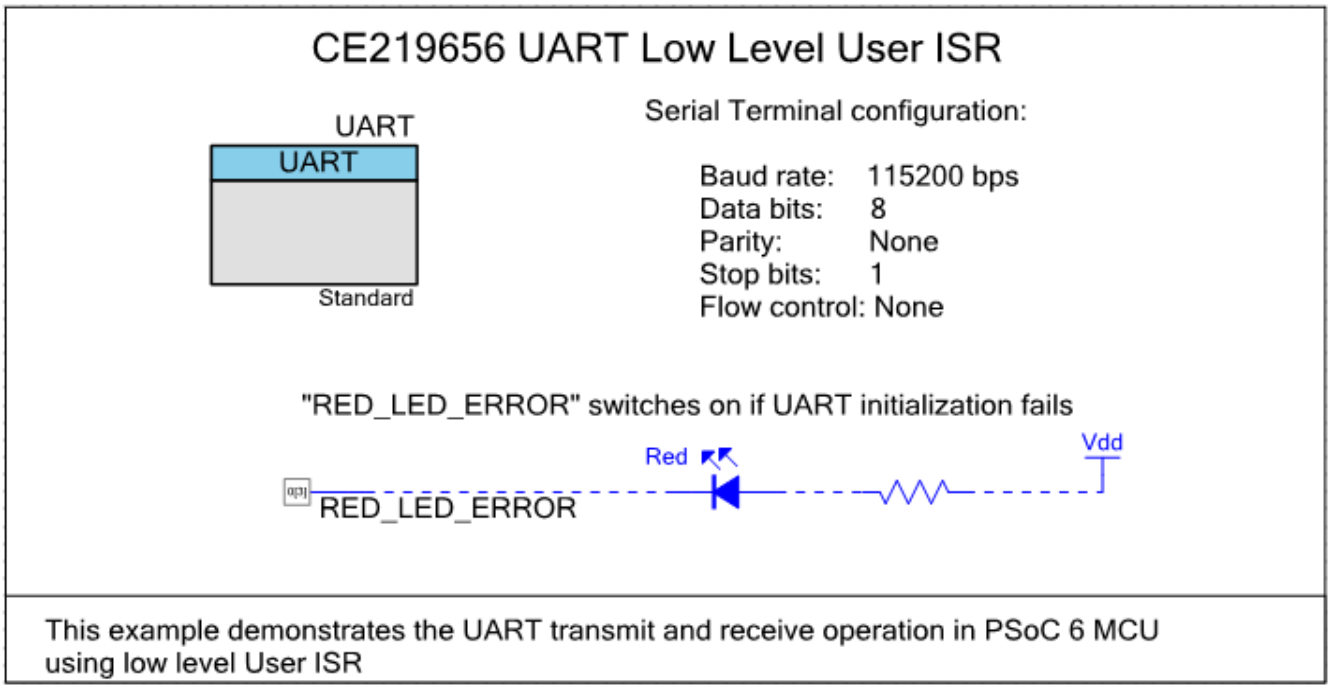
The UART_Low_Level_Polling example firmware performs the following functions:

1. Turns OFF the RED_LED_ERROR.
2. Configures the UART Component.
3. Turns ON the RED_LED_ERROR if the UART Component initialization fails, then stays in an infinite loop.
4. Uses the UART to send a text header to the serial terminal.
5. Uses the low-level UART API to retransmit whatever the user types on the console.

UART_Low_Level_User_ISR

Figure 2 shows the UART_Low_Level_User_ISR design. This design has a UART (SCB_UART_PDL) Component configured for TX+RX mode at 115200 bps baud rate, 8N1, and Interrupt mode: Internal.

Figure 2. The UART_Low_Level_User_ISR Example Schematic



The UART_Low_Level_User_ISR example firmware performs the following functions in main:

1. Turns OFF the RED_LED_ERROR.
2. Configures the UART Component.
3. Turns ON the RED_LED_ERROR if the UART Component initialization fails, then stays in an infinite loop.
4. Uses the UART to send a text header to the serial terminal.
5. Configures the UART interrupt with ISR_UART as interrupt handler and enables UART interrupt.
6. Waits in an infinite loop for “UART RX FIFO not empty” interrupt.

The UART_Low_Level_User_ISR example firmware performs the following functions in ISR_UART:

1. If the interrupt cause is “UART RX FIFO not empty”, it clears the interrupt, gets the received character from the terminal, and echoes the character to the terminal.
2. If the interrupt cause is not “UART RX FIFO not empty”, it turns ON the RED_LED_ERROR and stays in an infinite loop.

UART_Low_Level_DMA

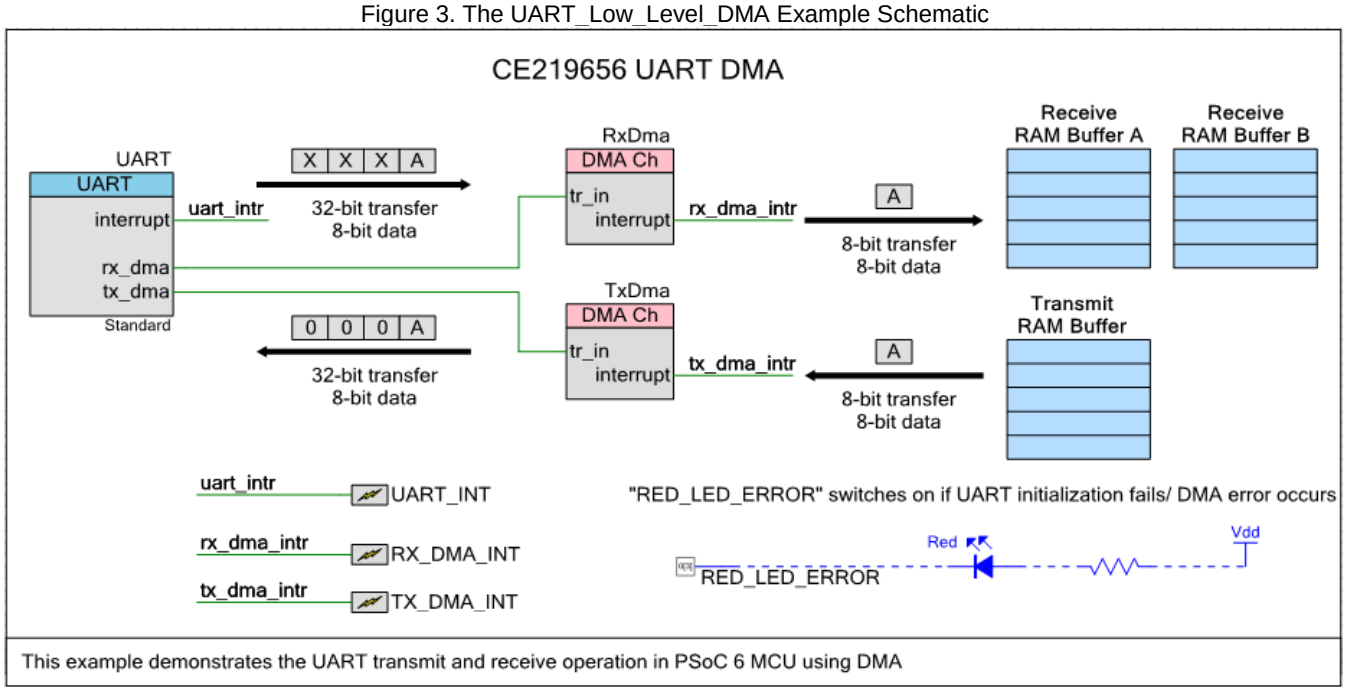
The UART_Low_Level_DMA design shown in Figure 3 has a UART (SCB_UART_PDL) Component configured for TX+RX mode at 115200 bps baud rate, 8N1.

The rx_dma and tx_dma interrupt outputs are enabled in the Component configuration. The RxDma Component handles data transfer in the receive direction. The RxDma has two descriptors in the chain. These two descriptors are configured such that the source buffer becomes ping pong in the receive direction to provide firmware time to pull the data out of one or the other buffer. Each descriptor is configured to transfer a single element in byte mode. The TxDma Component handles data transfer in the transmit direction. The TxDma has only one descriptor, configured to transfer a single element in byte mode.

The UART_INT (System Interrupt) Component is configured to handle UART error interrupts - RX FIFO Overflow, RX FIFO Underflow, and TX FIFO Overflow. RX_DMA_INT (System Interrupt) Component is configured to handle UART rx_dma interrupt. TX_DMA_INT (System Interrupt) Component is configured to handle UART tx_dma interrupt.

The RED_LED_ERROR indicates UART initialization failure status or DMA error status.

Figure 3. The UART_Low_Level_DMA Example Schematic



The UART_Low_Level_DMA example firmware performs the following functions in main:

1. Configures RxDma:
    a. Initializes the RxDma_Descriptor_1 with source address as UART RX FIFO and destination address as RxDmaUartBufferA SRAM buffer
    b. Initializes the RxDma_Descriptor_2 with source address as UART RX FIFO and destination address as RxDmaUartBufferB SRAM buffer
    c. Initializes the rx_dma interrupt with RxDmaComplete as interrupt handler and enables rx_dma interrupt
    d. Enables the RxDma channel
2. Configures TxDma:
    a. Initializes the TxDma_Descriptor_1 with source address as RxDmaUartBufferA SRAM buffer and destination address as UART TX FIFO. Note that the TxDma_Descriptor_1 source address ping pongs between RxDmaUartBufferA and RxDmaUartBufferB during data transfer
    b. Initializes the tx_dma interrupt with TxDmaComplete as interrupt handler and enables tx_dma interrupt
    c. Enables the TxDma channel

3. Initializes and enables the UART error interrupts
4. Switch OFF the RED_LED_ERROR
5. Configures the UART Component
6. Switches on the RED_LED_ERROR if the UART Component initialization fails and stays in an infinite loop
7. Uses the UART to send a text header into the serial terminal
8. Enables the global interrupts
9. Waits in an infinite loop for any of the rx_dma interrupt, tx_dma interrupt, or UART error interrupt.

Design Considerations

This code example is designed to run on CY8CKIT-062-BLE with the PSoC 6 MCU device. To port the design to other PSoC 6 MCU family devices and kits, you must change the target device in Device Selector, and change the pin assignments in the ***cydwr*** settings. For single-core PSoC 6 MCU devices, port the code from *main_cm4.c* to *main.c* file as CM0+ CPU is not used in this code example.

Hardware Setup

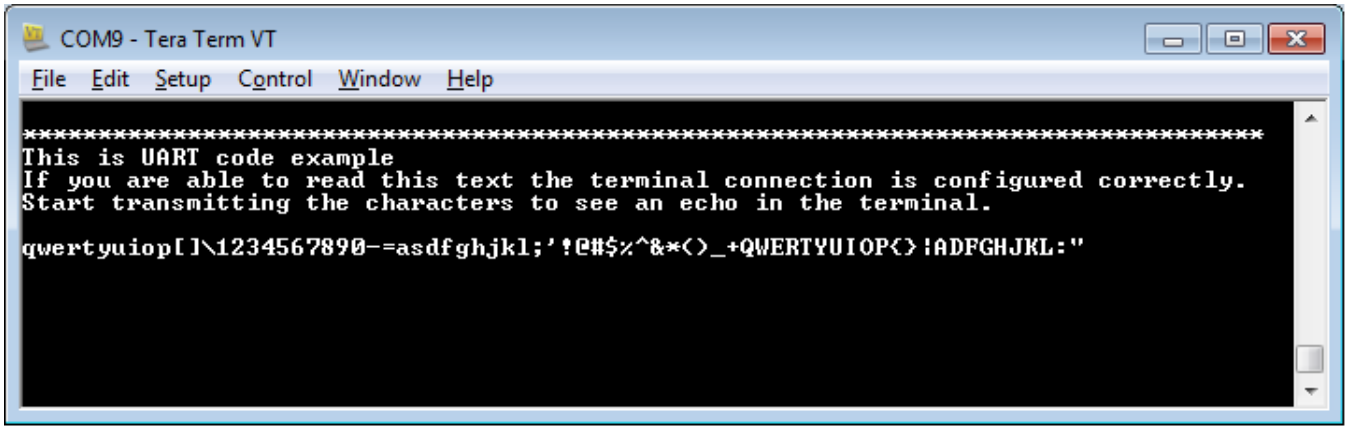
The code example works with the default settings on the CY8CKIT-062-BLE PSoC 6 BLE Pioneer Kit. If the settings are different from the default values, see the “Selection Switches” table in the kit guide to reset to the default settings.

Operation

1. Connect the CY8CKIT-062-BLE Kit or CY8CKIT-062 Kit to a USB port on your PC.
2. Open a serial port communication program such as Tera Term and select the corresponding COM port. Configure the terminal to match the UART: 115200 baud rate, 8N1, and Flow control – None. These settings must match the configuration of the PSoC Creator UART Component in the project.
3. Build and program the application into the CY8CKIT-062-BLE Kit or CY8CKIT-062 Kit. For more information on building a project or programming a device, see *PSoC Creator Help*.
4. Observe the UART example header message printed in the terminal window.
5. Type any character in the terminal window, and make sure that the same character is displayed in the terminal.

Figure 4 shows a snapshot of a sample UART terminal output.

Figure 4. UART Terminal Output



Components

Table 1 lists the PSoC Creator Components used in all three sub-examples and the hardware resources used by each Component.

Table 1. PSoC Creator Components

Component	Instance Name	Hardware Resources
UART (SCB_UART_PDL)	UART	Single SCB peripheral block
General Purpose Input / Output (GPIO)	RED_LED_ERROR	One physical pin
Direct Memory Access (DMA_PDL)	RxDma, TxDma	Two DMA channels
System Interrupt (SysInt)	UART_INT, RX_DMA_INT, TX_DMA_INT	Three entries in the device interrupt vector table

Parameter Settings

Non-default settings for each Component are outlined in red in the following figures.

Figure 5 shows the UART_Low_Level_DMA example UART Component parameter settings.

Figure 5. UART_Low_Level_DMA Example UART Component Parameter Settings

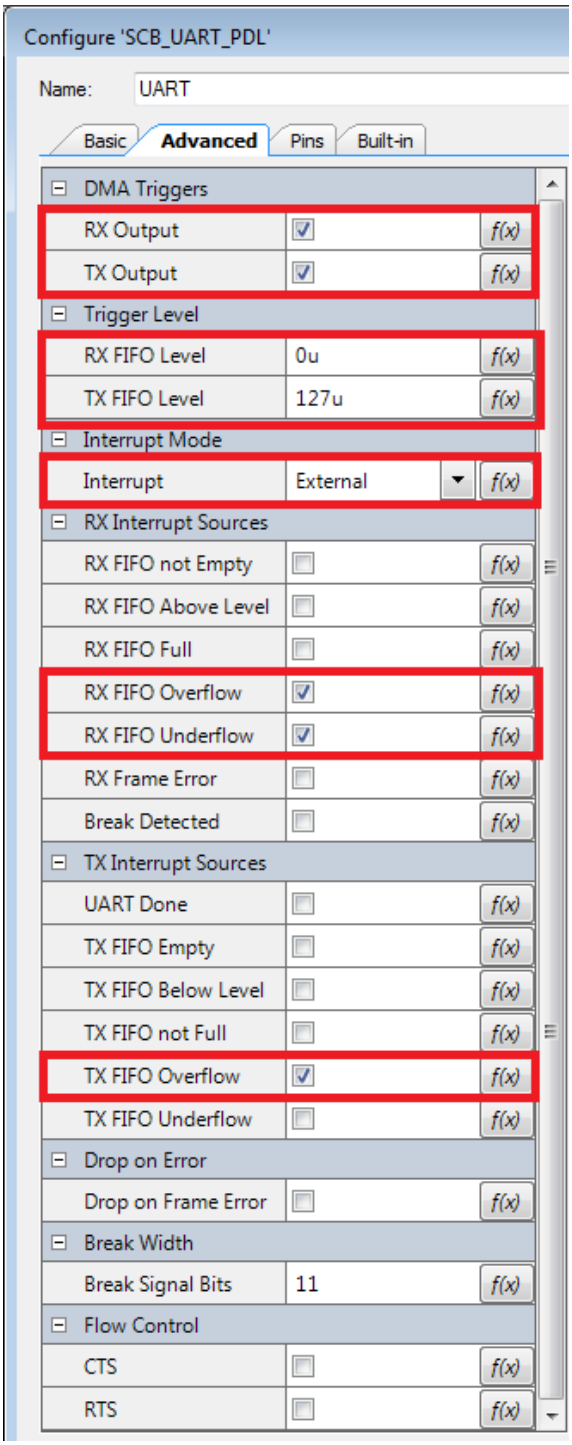


Figure 6 shows the UART_Low_Level_DMA example RxDma Component parameter settings.

Figure 6. UART_Low_Level_DMA Example RxDma Component Parameter Settings

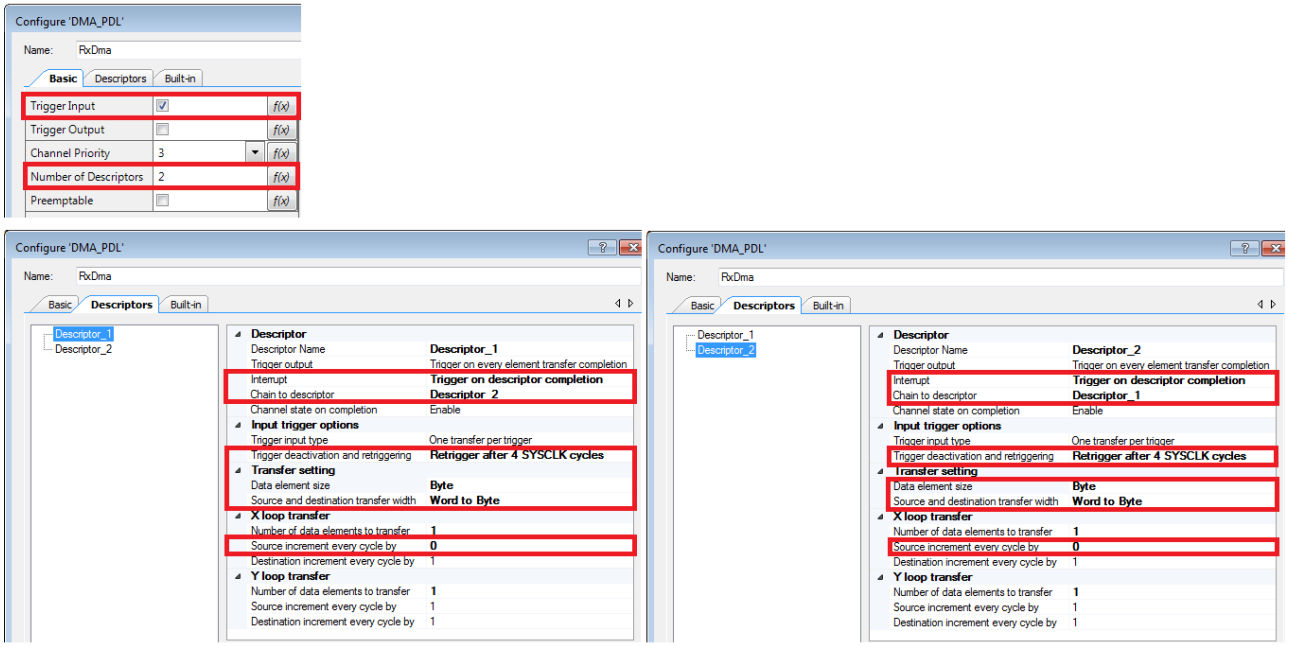
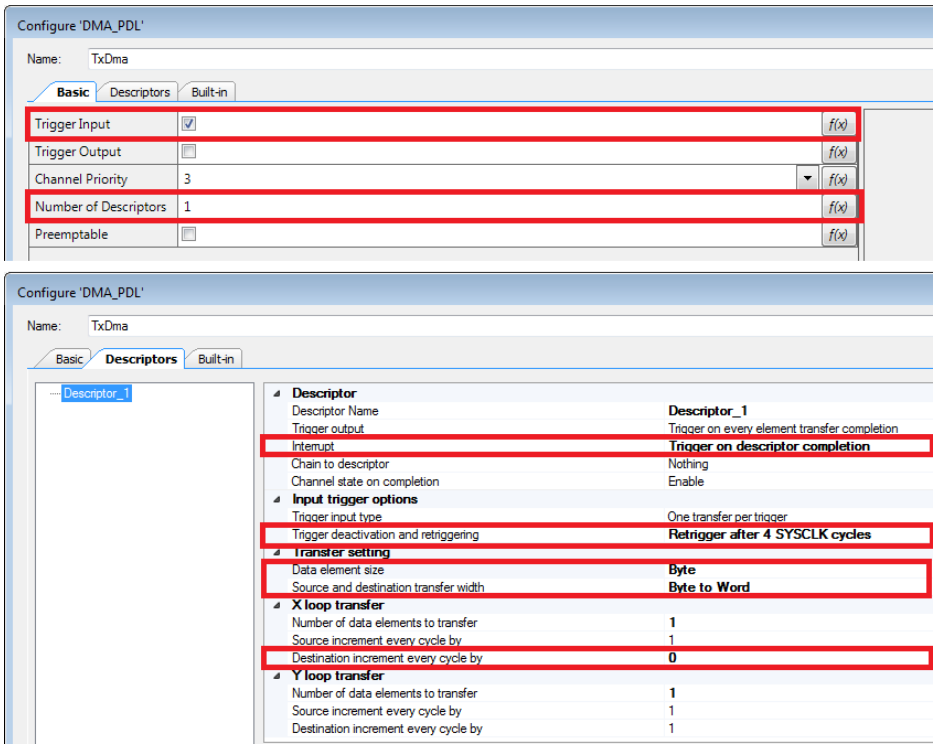


Figure 7 shows the UART_Low_Level_DMA example TxDma Component parameter settings.

Figure 7. UART_Low_Level_DMA Example TxDma Component Parameter Settings



Design-Wide Resources

Table 2 shows the pin assignment for the code example.

Table 2. Pin Names and Location

Pin Name	Location
UART:rx	P5[0]
UART:tx	P5[1]
RED_LED_ERROR	P0[3]

Related Documents

Table 3 lists all relevant application notes, code examples, knowledge base articles, device datasheets, and Component/user module datasheets.

Table 3. Related Documents

Application Notes	
AN210781 Getting Started with PSoC 6 MCU with Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) Connectivity	Describes PSoC 63 with Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) Connectivity and how to build your first PSoC Creator project
PSoC Creator Component Datasheets	
UART	Supports UART communication
Direct Memory Access	Supports up to 16 DMA channels
System Interrupt	Interrupt vectoring and control
General-Purpose Input / Output	Supports Analog, Digital I/O and Bidirectional signal types
Device Documentation	
PSoC 6 MCU: PSoC 63 with BLE Datasheet	PSoC 6 MCU: PSoC 63 with BLE Architecture Technical Reference Manual
Development Kit (DVK) Documentation	
CY8CKIT-062-BLE PSoC 6 BLE Pioneer Kit	

Document History

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Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*A	5856608	VJYA	08/23/2017	Initial public release
*B	6003214	VJYA	12/22/2017	Updated to latest PSoC Creator build and Fixed CDT#295974

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