

# SimpleText Best of Labs in CLEF-2024: Application of Large Language Models for Scientific Text Simplification

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Artificial Intelligence & Information Retrieval



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SOUTHERN MAINE



# Problem Statement: Science is Hard to Read

**Challenge:** Scientific literature is dense, full of jargon and buzzwords

- Assumes a large amount of existing knowledge
- Creates a barrier for students, the public, and researchers

**Lab Goal:** Make scientific information more accessible to a broader audience

**Our Approach:** Utilize the Large Language Models (LLMs) and explore construction of prompts as a skill to refine

# SimpleText 2024 Tasks

## Task 1: Content Selection

- Find the right background documents to help explain a complex paper
- Corpus of scientific abstracts
- Query: ad-hoc query + article from which query was generated

## Task 2: Complexity Spotting

- Automatically identify and explain difficult terms in a scientific text

## Task 3: Text Simplification

- Rewrite complex scientific text into simpler language

# Task 1: Retrieving Passages to Include in a Simplified Summary

## LLM for Query Expansion

Pass the query, the related article title, and context to LLaMA3 to expand the initial query

## LLM as a Pair-wise Re-ranker

Passing query + article title + (context)

Task	System Message
Query Expansion	<u>Being a ranking model your first Task is to do query expansion.</u> For an information need, you will add more context to it. Contextualize the query as best as you can in one or two short sentences, for a given information need and context.
Re-ranking	<u>You are a ranking model for information retrieval.</u> Given a query and two documents, you will say which one is more relevant. If Document 1 is more relevant say yes, otherwise say no.

# Task 1: Overview of our Top Approaches

## Approach 1

Query+title+article



Expanded Query

PyTerrier  
TF-IDF

Top-5000 candidates

Bi-Encoder  
'all-mpnet-base-v2'

## Approach 2

Top 100 Results  
from Approach 1

$(Q, A_1, A_2)$



Ranked  
Results

# Task 1: Results and Analysis

Model	MRR	P@10	P@20	NDCG@10	NDCG@20	Bpref	MAP
LLaMABiEncoder	<b>0.94</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.55</b>	<b>0.62</b>	<b>0.52</b>	<b>0.36</b>	<b>0.23</b>
LLaMAReranker2	0.93	0.79	0.54	0.60	0.50	0.35	0.22

LLaMABiEncoder results, for 90% of topics, the MRR value is 1

Topic Id	Original Query	Expanded Query	MRR	P@10
T11.1	character relationship	character relationship network map The Witcher	1	1
G02.C1	concerns related to the handling of sensitive information by voice assistants	voice assistants handling sensitive information concerns Apple Siri recordings	0.33	0.7

# Task 2: Identifying and Explaining Difficult Concepts

- LLaMA-3 and Mistral with few-shot prompting
- Different system prompts for each subtask

Mistral

System Message

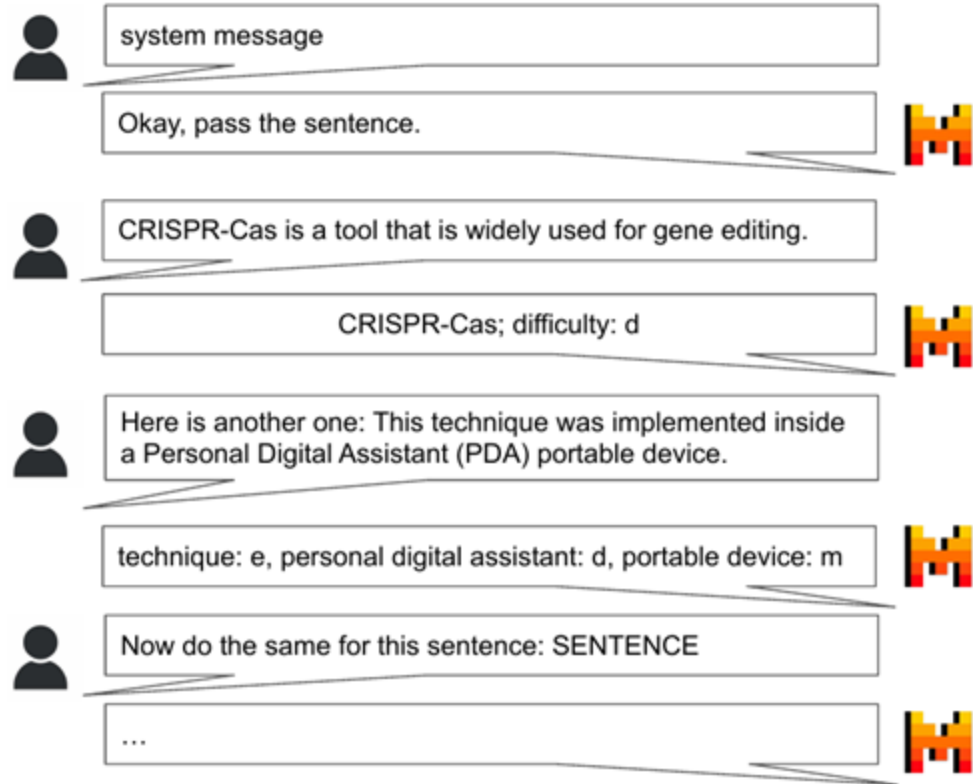
Task 2.1 (Detecting Difficult Terms)

**Role:** You are a helpful assistant.

**Task:** Given a sentence, you will just output the unclear technical term or terms (up to 5 terms). You choose the terms that should be defined in order to understand the sentence. Each sentence can have up to 5 phrases.

**Answer Format:** You will decide the difficulty of unclear terms with scales easy (e), medium (m), hard (d).

**Negative Sample:** Note that easy does not include terms such as shown, pronouns, or numbers



## Task 2: Results and Analysis

Model	Recall	Precision	Recall of Difficult Terms	Precision of Difficult Terms
Mistral	<b>0.41</b>	<b>0.69</b>	0.19	0.49
LLaMA	0.28	0.65	<b>0.26</b>	<b>0.67</b>

LLaMA extracts fewer terms compared to Mistral

- More precise on detecting difficulty levels
- LLaMA has less consistency compared to Mistral for the same sentences

Ground-truth		Mistral		LLaMA	
Term	Difficulty	Term	Difficulty	Term	Difficulty
cryptocurrency	m	cryptocurrency	d	cryptocurrency	d
digital currency	m	digital currency	m	digital currency	m
capital management	m	capital management	m	derivatives	m
nonmonetary applications	d	nonmonetary applications	m		
financial transactions	e	financial transactions	e		



# Task 3: Simplify Scientific Text

## Instruction-Tuned LLaMA3:

- Encode the provided training corpus with QLoRA to Instruction-Tune a LLaMA3 model
- Each run consists of new system message which is used for both sub-Tasks

### Instruction Tuning

#### System Message (Run 1)

**Task:** Simplify this text for science students in college.

**Output Format:** Maximize the use of simple words and short sentences but include key words from the original text.

Optimize the output FKGL, SARI and BLEU scores.

**Negative Sample:** Don't give an explanation, just output the simplified text.

### Instruction Tuning

#### LLaMA3 Input Prompt

System Message +  
Source Sentence/Abstract +  
Target Sentence/Abstract

# Task 3: Simplify Scientific Text

## Training

Initial  
Training  
Corpus



QLoRA  
Encoded  
Training  
Corpus



Fine-Tuned  
Model



## Approach

Test  
Corpus



Simplified Sentences  
or  
Abstracts Results

# Task 3: Results and Analysis

Task 3.1

Run	FKGL	SARI	BLEU
1	8.39	<b>40.58</b>	<b>7.53</b>
2	<b>9.47</b>	40.36	6.26

Task 3.2

Run	FKGL	SARI	BLEU
1	<b>9.07</b>	<b>43.44</b>	<b>11.73</b>
3	10.17	43.21	11.03

- Instructing LLaMA3 during training to target specific metrics lead to more desirable output
- In the output for run 1, the instructed “science student in college” scored lower on the FKGL scale than expected

Reference Sentence

Many Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) are not able to understand decimal numbers

Submitted Sentence

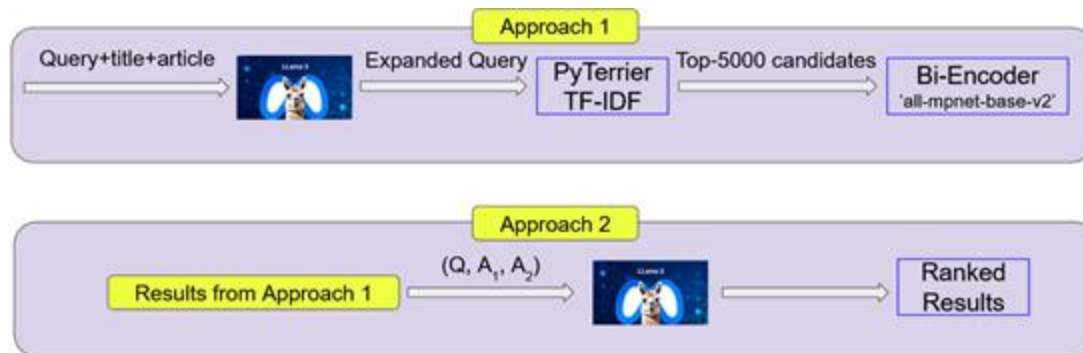
Most PDA CPUs are integer-only CPUs, meaning they can't perform calculations with decimal numbers

# Conclusion

AIIR Lab approaches in SimpleText'24 involved using LLMs for all tasks

- Used for query expansion and re-ranking for Task 1 with promising results
- Used for extracting difficult terms and explanation for Task 2
  - Less competitive results
  - Future work will involve using retrieval augmented generation (RAG) for definition generation
- Fine-tuned for Task 3 with QLoRA, also, with promising results
  - We plan to explore Chain-of-Thoughts to teach the models how to reason about simplification

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