HOUSE PRICES: ADVANCED REGRESSION TECHNIQUES PROJECT



BY SIMRAN CELLINI

PRESENTATION OUTLINE

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- Project aim.
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PROJECT MOTIVATION

When researching into this topic I found out the following:

- The shortage of homes to buy has caused prices to rise sharply in many areas in the US.
- Home prices in New York City have risen 4.1 percent in the past year, still much higher than U.S. average hourly earnings.
- Eight out of 10 non-homeowners indicate that owning a home is part of their American Dream.

PROJECT AIM

BASED ON DIFFERENT HOUSE FEATURES CAN WE PREDICT WHAT THE SALE PRICE WILL BE?



GATHERING & ANALYSING MY DATA

The first step was to gather and analyze my data. The table below shows 5 different types of house features and the output of the project which is the Sale Price. My table has a total 79 different types of house feature.

	YearBuilt	GrLivArea	Neighborhood	KitchenQual	GarageType	SalePrice)
	1973	987	BrDale	TA	Detchd	83000	
	2005	1541	NridgHt Gd Attchd 220000				
	1916	2526	OldTown	Gd	Detchd	136000	This is the output that am trying to predict.
he different louse features.	1920	1077	IDOTRR	TA	Detchd	67000	
	2005	1274	CollgCr	Gd	Attchd	203000	

YEAR BUILT: The year when the house was built.

GROUND LIVING AREA: The ground floor living area in square feet.

NEIGHBORHOOD: Different neighborhood locations in the US.

KITCHEN QUALITY: The different kitchen quality ratings.

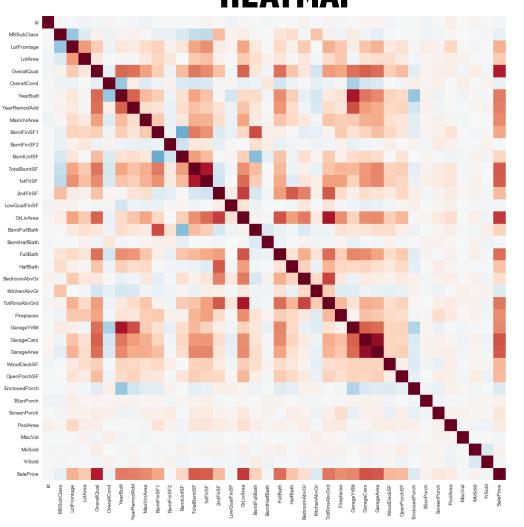
GARAGE TYPE: Whether it is a detached or attached garage.

SALE PRICE: The property's sale price in US dollars.

HEATMAP

0.4

-0.4



APPROACH

Inputs were taken from the table.

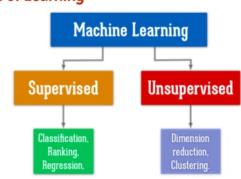
Model built on the training set to predict what the house sale price will be.

Validate / Test the model on the test set . Explore data to understand which inputs are most important.

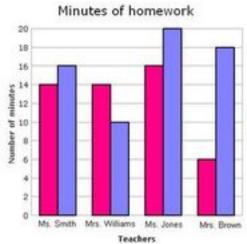
Analyse the results.

Types of Learning

Neighborhood	GrLivArea	YearBuilt
BrDale	987	1973
NridgHt	1541	2005
OldTown	2526	1916
IDOTRR	1077	1920
CollgCr	1274	2005

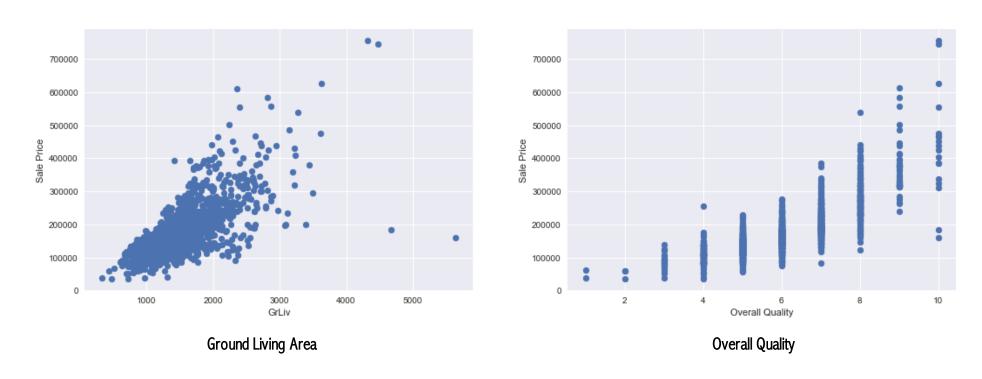




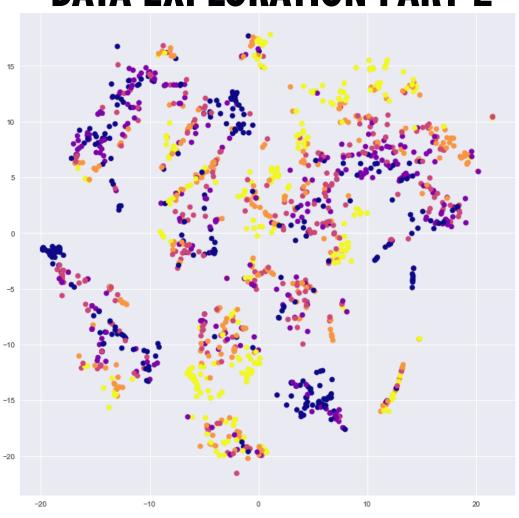


DATA EXPLORATION

In my data exploration stage I created different scatter plots to show how some important features related to the Sale Price.



DATA EXPLORATION PART 2



METHODOLOGY

Below are the three machine learning models that I used.

Models

Decision Trees (Makes predictions by choosing one input at a time splitting the data)

Random Forest(By using many decision trees, it takes a random selection of inputs, combines the outputs then takes average of outputs.

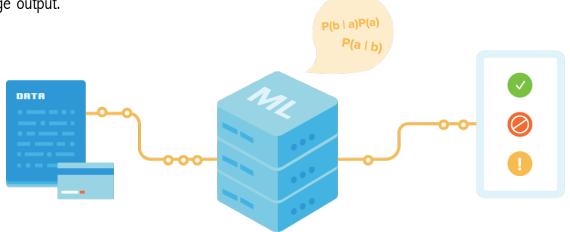
Gradient Boosted Trees(Made up of decision trees, each tree is a weak classifier, adds the outputs and then takes the average output.

Evaluation

Regression Output

Root Mean Squared Error over test set.

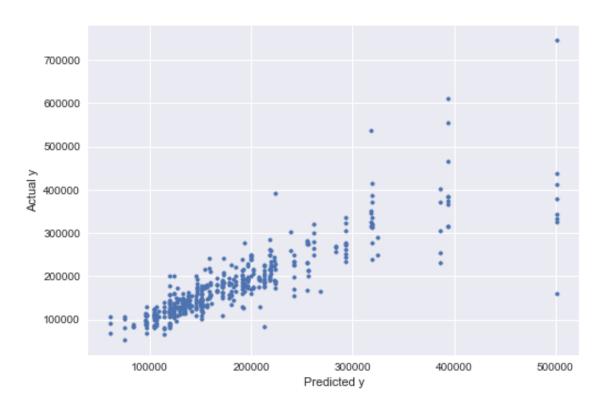
R2 over the test set (how close you are to perfect prediction)



DECISION TREE RESULTS

THE ROOT-MEAN SQUARED ERROR = \$43596

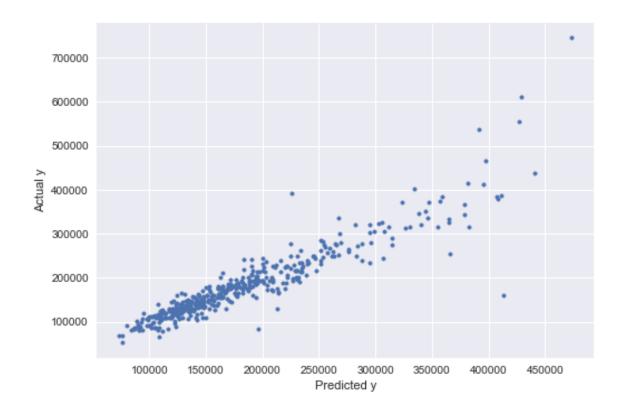
R2 MODEL SCORE = 0.720



RANDOM FOREST RESULTS

THE ROOT-MEAN SQUARED ERROR = \$31395.

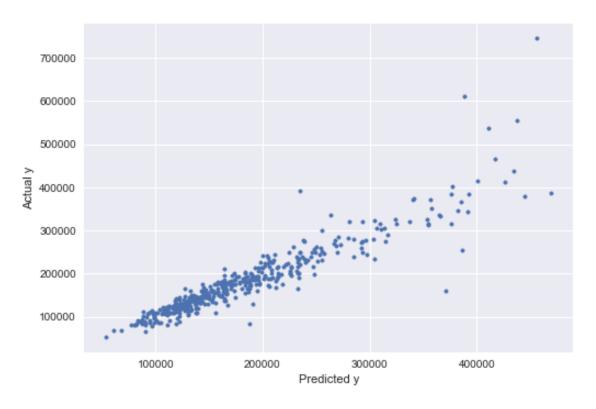
R2 MODEL SCORE = 0.854



GRADIENT BOOSTED TREES

THE ROOT-MEAN SQUARED ERROR = \$31033.

R2 MODEL SCORE = 0.858



CONCLUSION

- To sum up the best models to use were Random Forests and Gradient Boosted Trees. The Root Mean Squared Error for both was around \$30,000. It shows that the predictions are more accurate for the lowest house prices.
- The machine learning models also showed me what the top ten important features are relating to the Sales Price. Number 1 represents the best model feature.
- 1. Ground Living Area
- 2. Overall Quality
- 3. Lot Area
- 4. Garage Area
- 5. Total SF Basement.
- 6. Overall Condition
- 7. Year Built
- 8. Unfinished SF of Basement
- 9. Type 1 Finished SF
- 10. Open Porch SF

ANY QUESTIONS ?