## The Effects of Branded Coffee on Preceived Taste Satisfaction

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#### 2024-11-27

```
library(data.table)
## Warning: package 'data.table' was built under R version 4.4.1
library(gridExtra)
## Warning: package 'gridExtra' was built under R version 4.4.1
library(stargazer)
##
## Please cite as:
   Hlavac, Marek (2022). stargazer: Well-Formatted Regression and Summary Statistics Tables.
## R package version 5.2.3. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=stargazer
library(ggplot2)
library(lmtest)
## Warning: package 'lmtest' was built under R version 4.4.1
## Loading required package: zoo
## Warning: package 'zoo' was built under R version 4.4.1
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:data.table':
##
##
       yearmon, yearqtr
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:gridExtra':
##
##
       combine
## The following objects are masked from 'package:data.table':
##
       between, first, last
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(car)
## Warning: package 'car' was built under R version 4.4.1
## Loading required package: carData
## Warning: package 'carData' was built under R version 4.4.1
##
## Attaching package: 'car'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       recode
set.seed(123)
control <- read.csv("Coffee Survey Control (Responses) - Form Responses 1.csv")</pre>
treatment <- read.csv("Coffee Survey Group II (Responses) - Form Responses 1.csv")
# rename column names for control
colnames(control) <- c('timestamp', 'good_and_gather_score', 'chameleon_score', 'age', 'gender', 'how_of</pre>
# rename column names for treatment
colnames(treatment) <- c('timestamp', 'name', 'good_and_gather_score', 'chameleon_score', 'age', 'gender</pre>
# reorder column names for treatment
treatment <- treatment[, c('timestamp', 'good_and_gather_score', 'chameleon_score', 'age', 'gender', 'ho
#--- Control ----
control$treatment <- 0</pre>
control$age <- as.integer(control$age)</pre>
```

## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion

```
# re-labeling gender
control <- control %>%
 mutate(gender = case_when(
    gender == "F" ~ "Female",
    gender == "M" ~ "Male",
    TRUE ~ "Unknown"
 ))
# removing rows where age is null
control<- control %>%
 filter(!is.na(age))
#--- Treatment ----
treatment$treatment <- 1</pre>
treatment$age <- as.integer(treatment$age)</pre>
# re-labeling gender
treatment <- treatment %>%
  mutate(gender = case_when(
    gender == "F" ~ "Female",
    gender == "M" ~ "Male",
    TRUE ~ "Unknown"
 ))
# removing rows where age is null
treatment<- treatment %>%
  filter(!is.na(age))
```

#### Balancing Control and Treatment

There are more participants in Control than in Treatment groups. To help create balance between the two groups, will perform random sampling to match the size of the treatment group.

```
print("Before Random Sampling:")

## [1] "Before Random Sampling:"

cat("Control size:", nrow(control))

## Control size: 51

cat("\nTreatment size:", nrow(treatment))

## ## Treatment size: 39
```

```
# selecting smaller group size
#n_control <- nrow(control)
#min_size <- min(n_control, nrow(treatment))

#random sampling the control group
#control <- control[sample(1:n_control, min_size), ]

# combined data
d <- rbind(control, treatment)
table(d$treatment)</pre>
##
## 0 1
## 51 39
```

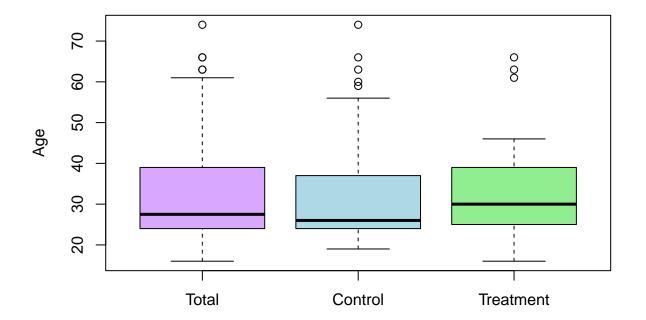
Organizing the rest of the data from dataset "d"

```
# creating age groups
d$age_group <- cut(d$age,
                   breaks = c(0, 20, 30, 40, 50, Inf),
                   labels = c("Under 20", "20-30", "31-40", "41-50", "Over 50"),
                   right = FALSE)
# Convert how_often_drink_coffee to integer by factoring
d$how_often_drink_coffee <- factor(d$how_often_drink_coffee,</pre>
                                    levels = c("Never",
                                               "Occasionally (up to 1 time a week)",
                                               "Sometimes (a few times a week)",
                                               "Often (almost every day)",
                                               "Every day"))
# yes/no flag for if the participant is aware of the coffee brand at all
d$chameleon_awareness_flag <- ifelse(d$chameleon_awareness == "No", 0, 1)
d$good_and_gather_awareness_flag <- ifelse(d$good_and_gather_awareness == "No", 0, 1)</pre>
cat("\nNumber of Rows after cleaning:",nrow(d),"\n")
##
## Number of Rows after cleaning: 90
str(d)
```

```
: chr "Hot Coffee" "Hot Coffee" "Cold Coffee" "Hot Coffee" ...
## $ hot_or_cold
                                          "Not Sweet" "Sweet" "Not Sweet" "Not Sweet" ...
## $ sweet_or_not_sweet
                                   : chr
                                          "No" "Yes, Neutral" "Yes, Positive" "Yes, Positive" ...
## $ good_and_gather_awareness
                                   : chr
## $ chameleon_awareness
                                          "No" "No" "Yes, Positive" "No" ...
                                    : chr
                                          "No" "No" "No" "No" ...
   $ medical_condition
                                    : chr
##
  $ name
                                    : chr
                                          "Kavin" "Arya Desai" "Liz Ren" "Halah Biviji" ...
  $ treatment
                                          0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                    : num
                                    : Factor w/ 5 levels "Under 20", "20-30", ...: 3 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 ...
##
   $ age_group
   $ chameleon_awareness_flag
                                   : num 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 ...
## $ good_and_gather_awareness_flag: num 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 ...
```

#### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

### **Box Plots for Control and Treatment**

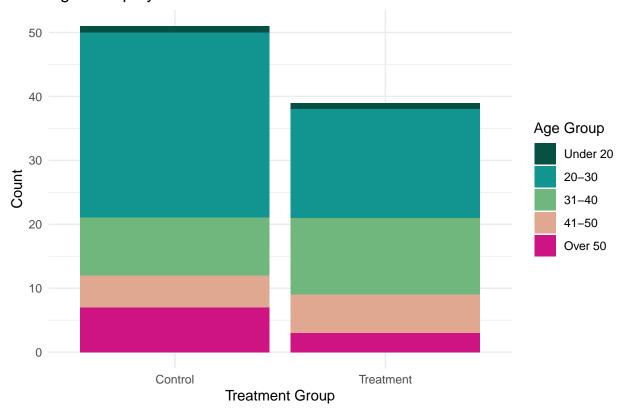


```
cat("Number of Rows for Treatment Group:", sum(d$treatment == 1))
## Number of Rows for Treatment Group: 39
cat("\nNumber of Rows for Control Group:", sum(d$treatment == 0))
##
## Number of Rows for Control Group: 51
ggplot(d, aes(x = as.factor(treatment), fill = age_group)) +
 geom_bar(position = "stack") +
 labs(
   title = "Age Group by Control and Treatment",
   x = "Treatment Group",
   y = "Count"
 ) +
  scale_x_discrete(
   labels = c("0" = "Control", "1" = "Treatment")
  scale_fill_manual(
   values = c("#065143", "#129490", "#70B77E", "#E0A890", "#CE1483"),
   name = "Age Group"
```

## Age Group by Control and Treatment

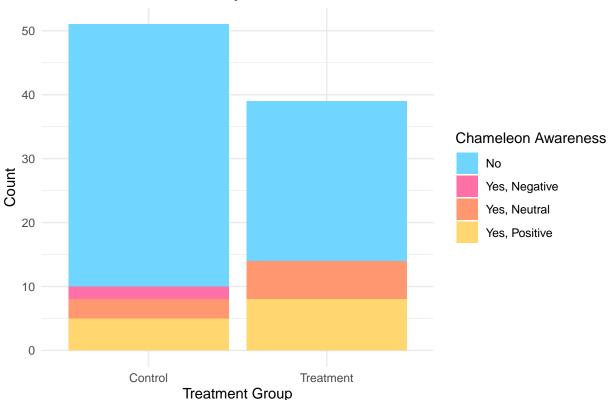
) +

theme\_minimal()



```
ggplot(d, aes(x = as.factor(treatment), fill = chameleon_awareness)) +
  geom_bar(position = "stack") +
  labs(
    title = "Chameleon Awareness by Control and Treatment",
    x = "Treatment Group",
    y = "Count"
) +
  scale_x_discrete(
    labels = c("0" = "Control", "1" = "Treatment")
) +
  scale_fill_manual(
    values = c("#70D6FF", "#FF70A6", "#FF9770", "#FFD670"),
    name = "Chameleon Awareness"
) +
  theme_minimal()
```

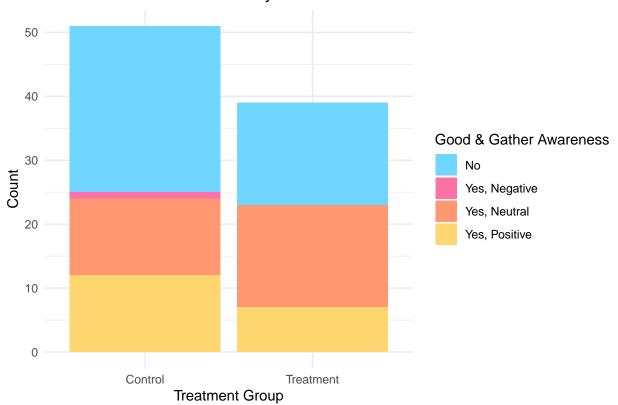
## Chameleon Awareness by Control and Treatment



```
ggplot(d, aes(x = as.factor(treatment), fill = good_and_gather_awareness)) +
    geom_bar(position = "stack") +
    labs(
        title = "Good & Gather Awareness by Control and Treatment",
        x = "Treatment Group",
        y = "Count"
    ) +
    scale_x_discrete(
    labels = c("0" = "Control", "1" = "Treatment")
```

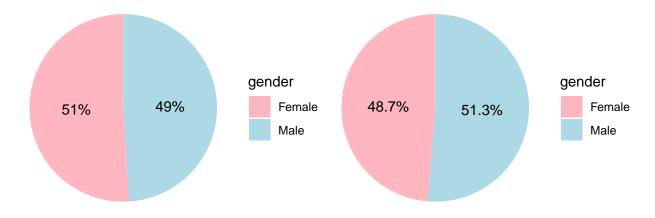
```
) +
scale_fill_manual(
  values = c("#70D6FF", "#FF70A6", "#FF9770", "#FFD670"),
  name = "Good & Gather Awareness"
) +
theme_minimal()
```

## Good & Gather Awareness by Control and Treatment



```
### Control Group Gender ###
control_gender_counts <- control %>%
  group_by(gender) %>%
 tally() %>%
 mutate(percentage = n / sum(n) * 100)
control_pie <- ggplot(control_gender_counts, aes(x = "", y = n, fill = gender)) +</pre>
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 1) +
  coord_polar(theta = "y") +
  geom_text(aes(label = paste0(round(percentage, 1), "%")),
            position = position_stack(vjust = 0.5)) +
 labs(title = "Gender Distribution for Control Group") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("lightpink", "lightblue", "purple")) +
  theme_void()
### Treatment Group Gender ###
treatment_gender_counts <- treatment %>%
  group_by(gender) %>%
```

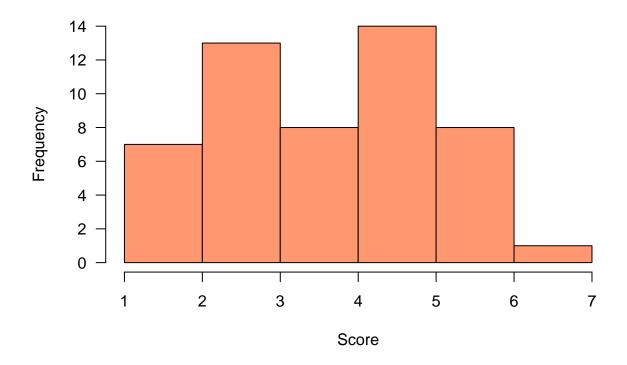
## Gender Distribution for Control Group Gender Distribution for Treatment Group



```
c <- d[d$treatment == 0, ]
t <- d[d$treatment == 1, ]

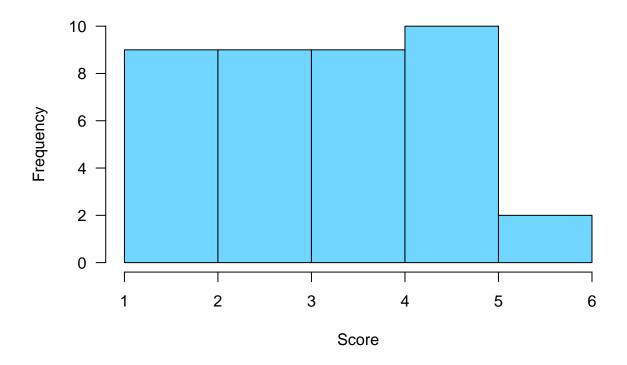
# control good and gather
hist(
   c$good_and_gather_score,
   col = '#FF9770',
   main = "Control - Distribution of Good & Gather Scores",
   ylab = "Frequency",
   xlab = "Score",
   las = 1 )</pre>
```

# **Control – Distribution of Good & Gather Scores**



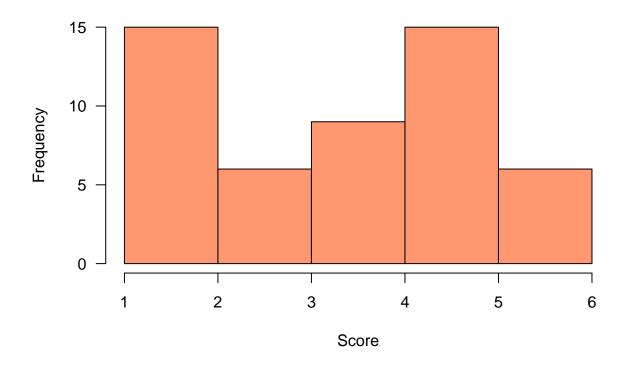
```
# treatment good and gather
hist(
   t$good_and_gather_score,
   col = '#70D6FF',
   main = "Treatment - Distribution of Good & Gather Scores",
   ylab = "Frequency",
   xlab = "Score",
   las = 1 )
```

# **Treatment – Distribution of Good & Gather Scores**



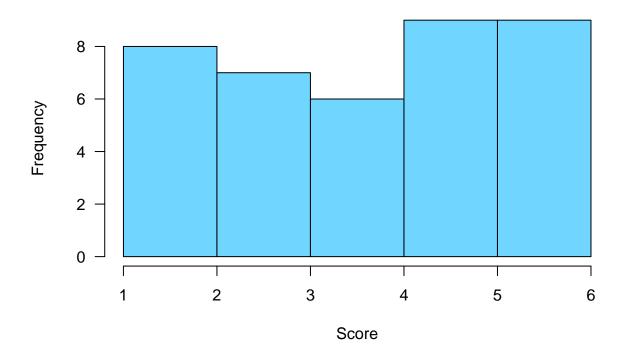
```
# control chameleon
hist(
   c$chameleon_score,
   col = '#FF9770',
   main = "Control - Distribution of Chameleon Scores",
   ylab = "Frequency",
   xlab = "Score",
   las = 1 )
```

# **Control – Distribution of Chameleon Scores**



```
# treatment chameleon
hist(
    t$chameleon_score,
    col = '#70D6FF',
    main = "Treatment - Distribution of Chameleon Scores",
    ylab = "Frequency",
    xlab = "Score",
    las = 1 )
```

## **Treatment - Distribution of Chameleon Scores**



## Simple Average Treatment Effect

### Average Treatment Effect using Linear Regression

```
# Basic Linear regression to estimate ATE
model_gg <- lm(good_and_gather_score ~ treatment, data=d)
ate_regression <- coef(model_gg)["treatment"]
print(ate_regression)</pre>
```

```
## treatment
## -0.4434389
summary(model_gg)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = good_and_gather_score ~ treatment, data = d)
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                     Median
                 1Q
                                   3Q
## -3.05882 -1.05882 -0.05882 0.94118 2.94118
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.0588 0.1992 20.377 <2e-16 ***
              -0.4434
                           0.3026 -1.466
                                             0.146
## treatment
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.422 on 88 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02383,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.01273
## F-statistic: 2.148 on 1 and 88 DF, p-value: 0.1463
stargazer(model_gg,
          type = "latex", # Use "html" for HTML output or "latex" for LaTeX
          title = "Baseline Model for Good and Gather Score",
          covariate.labels = c("Treatment"),
          star.cutoffs = c(0.10, 0.05, 0.01, 0.001), # Significance stars
          report = "vc*p") # Optional: Save output to a text file
##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac
## % Date and time: Wed, Dec 11, 2024 - 9:01:59 PM
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
##
   \caption{Baseline Model for Good and Gather Score}
    \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lc}
## \[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{1}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \
## \cline{2-2}
## \\[-1.8ex] & good\_and\_gather\_score \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Treatment & $-$0.443 \\
##
   & p = 0.147 \setminus
   & \\
##
## Constant & 4.059$^{****}$ \\
   \& p = 0.000 \setminus 
##
##
   & \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 90 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.024 \\
```

```
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & 0.013 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 1.422 (df = 88) \\
## F Statistic & 2.148 (df = 1; 88) \\
## \hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{1}{r}{$^{*}$p$<$0.1; $^{**}$p$<$0.05; $^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}</pre>
```

Table 1: Baseline Model for Good and Gather Score

	Dependent variable:	
	good_and_gather_score	
Treatment	-0.443	
	p = 0.147	
Constant	4.059****	
	p = 0.000	
Observations	90	
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.024	
Adjusted R <sup>2</sup>	0.013	
Residual Std. Error	1.422 (df = 88)	
F Statistic	2.148  (df = 1; 88)	
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01	

```
# Basic Linear regression to estimate ATE
model_c <- lm(chameleon_score ~ treatment, data=d)</pre>
ate_regression <- coef(model_c)["treatment"]</pre>
print(ate_regression)
## treatment
## 0.2865762
summary(model_c)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = chameleon_score ~ treatment, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                1Q Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
## -3.0513 -1.5863 0.2353 1.2353 2.2353
##
```

0.87

<2e-16 \*\*\*

0.387

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

0.3294

0.2169 17.36

## Coefficients:

## treatment

## (Intercept) 3.7647

0.2866

##

## ---

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.549 on 88 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.008525, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 0.7567 on 1 and 88 DF, p-value: 0.3867
ATE Adjusted for Covariates
c('timestamp', 'good_and_gather_score', 'chameleon_score', 'age', 'gender', 'how_often_drink_coffee',
'hot or cold', 'sweet or not sweet', 'good and gather awareness', 'chameleon awareness', 'medi-
cal_condition', 'name')
model_gg_covariates <- lm(good_and_gather_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness,
ate_with_covariates <- coef(model_gg_covariates)["treatment"]</pre>
print(ate_with_covariates)
## treatment
## -0.5684904
summary(model gg covariates)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = good_and_gather_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender +
       chameleon awareness, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
                  1Q Median
##
       Min
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -3.10730 -0.82418 -0.00309 0.84285 2.56540
##
## Coefficients:
                                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                     -0.5236
                                                1.5124 -0.346 0.73005
## treatment
                                     -0.5685
                                                 0.2870 - 1.981 \ 0.05094 .
## log(age)
                                      1.3032
                                                 0.4280
                                                          3.045 0.00312 **
## genderMale
                                      0.3850
                                                 0.2764
                                                          1.393 0.16736
## chameleon_awarenessYes, Negative -1.8873
                                                 0.9450 -1.997 0.04908 *
## chameleon_awarenessYes, Neutral
                                      0.9324
                                                 0.4750
                                                         1.963 0.05298 .
## chameleon_awarenessYes, Positive -0.6172
                                                 0.4014 -1.538 0.12792
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.301 on 83 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2293, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1736
## F-statistic: 4.116 on 6 and 83 DF, p-value: 0.00115
vif(model_gg_covariates)
```

GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2\*Df))

##

```
## treatment
                       1.074927 1
                                          1.036787
## log(age)
                       1.044599 1
                                          1.022056
## gender
                       1.015046 1
                                          1.007495
## chameleon_awareness 1.107752 3
                                          1.017202
model_gg_covariates_v2 <- lm(good_and_gather_score ~ treatment + gender + log(age) + chameleon_awarenes
anova(model_gg_covariates , model_gg_covariates_v2)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Model 1: good_and_gather_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness
## Model 2: good_and_gather_score ~ treatment + gender + log(age) + chameleon_awareness +
       good_and_gather_awareness
     Res.Df
               RSS Df Sum of Sq
##
                                     F Pr(>F)
## 1
         83 140.57
## 2
         80 136.00 3
                         4.5703 0.8961 0.447
```

Interpretation We tested multiple covariates to see if we can improve the regression model for Good&Gather Score. The main covariates we see has a positive impact is how a participate views the Chameleon brand and age group.

When it comes to the Chameleon, even though the participants has a negative view of Chameleon coffee as a brand, they are still likely to score Good & Gather -1.8285 after treatment is provided. The p-value for Chameleon awareness is 0.0561, which means this variable is marginally significant.

We also wanted to test if adding Good&Gather brand awareness as a variable to model has an significant effect to the model. From the ANOVA test we can see that the p-value is 0.5600 which is greater than 0.05. This indicated Good&Gather brand awareness has no statistically significant impact on scoring the coffee.

```
##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac
## % Date and time: Wed, Dec 11, 2024 - 9:02:00 PM
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Regression Results for Good and Gather Score}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lcc}
## \[[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{2}{c}\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\
## \cline{2-3}
```

##  $\[-1.8ex] & \[c]_{good\_and\_gather\_score} \$ 

## \\[-1.8ex] & (1) & (2)\\

```
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
  Treatment & $-$0.443 & $-$0.568$^{*}$ \\
     & p = 0.147 & p = 0.051 \setminus 
##
     & & \\
## log(Age) & & 1.303$^{***}$ \\
    & & p = 0.004 \setminus
##
    & & \\
##
   Gender & & 0.385 \\
##
##
     & & p = 0.168 \setminus
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Negative) & & $-$1.887$^{**}$ \\
    & & p = 0.050 \setminus
##
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Neutral) & & 0.932^{*}
    & & p = 0.053 \setminus
##
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Positive) & & $-$0.617 \\
   & & p = 0.128 \
##
    & & \\
## Constant & 4.059$^{****}$ & $-$0.524 \\
##
    & p = 0.000 \& p = 0.731 \setminus
   & & \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 90 & 90 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.024 & 0.229 \\
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & 0.013 & 0.174 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 1.422 (df = 88) & 1.301 (df = 83) \
## F Statistic & 2.148 (df = 1; 88) & 4.116^{***}$ (df = 6; 83) \\
## \hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{2}{r}{$^{*}$p$<$0.1; $^{**}$p$<$0.05; $^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}
model_c_covariates <- lm(chameleon_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness ,
                                                                                                     data
ate_with_covariates <- coef(model_c_covariates)["treatment"]</pre>
print(ate_with_covariates)
## treatment
## 0.01849654
summary(model_c_covariates)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = chameleon_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender +
       chameleon_awareness, data = d)
##
##
## Residuals:
                1Q Median
       Min
                                3Q
## -2.7951 -1.0407 0.1036 1.2510 2.4980
```

Table 2: Regression Results for Good and Gather Score

	Dependent variable:  good_and_gather_score	
	(1)	(2)
Treatment	-0.443	-0.568*
	p = 0.147	p = 0.051
$\log(\mathrm{Age})$		1.303***
		p = 0.004
Gender		0.385
		p = 0.168
Chameleon Awareness (Negative)		$-1.887^{**}$
( .8)		p = 0.050
Chameleon Awareness (Neutral)		$0.932^{*}$
,		p = 0.053
Chameleon Awareness (Positive)		-0.617
,		p = 0.128
Constant	4.059****	-0.524
	p = 0.000	p = 0.731
Observations	90	90
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.024	0.229
Adjusted $\mathbb{R}^2$	0.013	0.174
Residual Std. Error	1.422 (df = 88)	1.301 (df = 83)
F Statistic	2.148 (df = 1; 88)	$4.116^{***} (df = 6; 83)$
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01	

```
##
## Coefficients:
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                                                1.6373 -0.464 0.643693
## (Intercept)
                                     -0.7601
## treatment
                                     0.0185
                                                0.3107
                                                         0.060 0.952674
## log(age)
                                     1.1962
                                                0.4634
                                                         2.582 0.011589 *
## genderMale
                                                          0.922 0.359081
                                     0.2760
                                                0.2992
## chameleon_awarenessYes, Negative
                                     1.2500
                                                1.0230
                                                          1.222 0.225208
## chameleon_awarenessYes, Neutral
                                     1.1921
                                                0.5142
                                                          2.319 0.022881 *
## chameleon_awarenessYes, Positive 1.6751
                                                0.4345
                                                          3.855 0.000227 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.409 on 83 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2261, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1702
## F-statistic: 4.043 on 6 and 83 DF, p-value: 0.001329
stargazer(model_c,
         type = "latex", # Use "html" for HTML output or "latex" for LaTeX
          title = "Baseline Model for Chameleon Score",
         covariate.labels = c("Treatment"),
         star.cutoffs = c(0.10, 0.05, 0.01, 0.001),
                                                       # Significance stars
          report = "vc*p") # Optional: Save output to a text file
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac
## % Date and time: Wed, Dec 11, 2024 - 9:02:00 PM
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
    \caption{Baseline Model for Chameleon Score}
##
     \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lc}
## \\[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{1}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\
## \cline{2-2}
## \\[-1.8ex] & chameleon\ score \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Treatment & 0.287 \\
   & p = 0.387 \setminus
##
##
    & \\
## Constant & 3.765$^{****}$ \\
   p = 0.000 \
   & \\
##
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 90 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.009 \\
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & $-$0.003 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 1.549 (df = 88) \\
## F Statistic & 0.757 (df = 1; 88) \\
## \hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{1}{r}{$^{*}$p$<$0.1; $^{**}$p$<$0.05; $^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}
```

Table 3: Baseline Model for Chameleon Score

	Dependent variable:	
	chameleon_score	
Treatment	0.287	
	p = 0.387	
Constant	3.765****	
	p = 0.000	
Observations	90	
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.009	
Adjusted $R^2$	-0.003	
Residual Std. Error	1.549 (df = 88)	
F Statistic	0.757 (df = 1; 88)	
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01	

```
model_c_covariates_v2 <- lm(chameleon_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness + goo
anova(model_c_covariates , model_c_covariates_v2)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Model 1: chameleon_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness
## Model 2: chameleon_score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness +
##
      good_and_gather_awareness
##
    Res.Df
              RSS Df Sum of Sq
                                    F Pr(>F)
        83 164.74
## 1
                      7.8875 1.3409 0.267
        80 156.86 3
stargazer(model_c, model_c_covariates,
         type = "latex", # Use "html" for HTML output or "latex" for LaTeX
         title = "Regression Results for Chameleon Score",
          covariate.labels = c("Treatment", "log(Age)", "Gender",
                               "Chameleon Awareness (Negative)",
                              "Chameleon Awareness (Neutral)",
                               "Chameleon Awareness (Positive)"), # Manually add all factor levels
         star.cutoffs = c(0.10, 0.05, 0.01, 0.001),
         report = "vc*p") # Optional: Save output to a text file
```

```
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac
## % Date and time: Wed, Dec 11, 2024 - 9:02:00 PM
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Regression Results for Chameleon Score}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lcc}
## \\[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{2}{c}\{c}\{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\
```

##

```
## \cline{2-3}
## \[-1.8ex] & \multicolumn{2}{c}{chameleon\_score} \\
## \\[-1.8ex] & (1) & (2)\\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Treatment & 0.287 & 0.018 \\
## & p = 0.387 & p = 0.953 \\
   & & \\
## log(Age) & & 1.196$^{**}$ \\
   & & p = 0.012 \\
##
##
    & & \\
## Gender & & 0.276 \\
##
   & & p = 0.360 \
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Negative) & & 1.250 \\
##
    & & p = 0.226 \setminus
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Neutral) & & 1.192$^{**}$ \\
   & & p = 0.023 \
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Positive) & & 1.675$^{****}$ \\
##
   & & p = 0.0003 \setminus
   & & \\
## Constant & 3.765$^{***}$ & $-$0.760 \\
   & p = 0.000 & p = 0.644 \\
##
    & & \\
##
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 90 & 90 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.009 & 0.226 \\
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & $-$0.003 & 0.170 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 1.549 (df = 88) & 1.409 (df = 83) \\
## F Statistic & 0.757 (df = 1; 88) & 4.043$^{***}$ (df = 6; 83) \\
## \hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{2}{r}{$^{*}$p$<$0.1; $^{**}$p$<$0.05; $^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}
library(tidyr)
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.4.1
library(dplyr)
reshaped_data <- d %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = c(good_and_gather_score, chameleon_score), # Columns to pivot
   names_to = "brand",
                                                     # New column for brand
   values_to = "score"
                                                     # New column for scores
  ) %>%
  mutate(brand = case_when(
   brand == "good_and_gather_score" ~ "Good and Gather",
    brand == "chameleon_score" ~ "Chameleon"
```

Table 4: Regression Results for Chameleon Score

	Dependent variable:  chameleon_score	
	(1)	(2)
Treatment	0.287	0.018
	p = 0.387	p = 0.953
log(Age)		1.196**
		p = 0.012
Gender		0.276
		p = 0.360
Chameleon Awareness (Negative)		1.250
		p = 0.226
Chameleon Awareness (Neutral)		1.192**
		p = 0.023
Chameleon Awareness (Positive)		1.675****
		p = 0.0003
Constant	3.765****	-0.760
	p = 0.000	p = 0.644
Observations	90	90
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.009	0.226
Adjusted $\mathbb{R}^2$	-0.003	0.170
Residual Std. Error	1.549 (df = 88)	1.409 (df = 83)
F Statistic	0.757 (df = 1; 88)	$4.043^{***} (df = 6; 83)$
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01	

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```
))
# View the reshaped data
head(reshaped_data)
## # A tibble: 6 x 16
                   age gender how_often_drink_coffee hot_or_cold sweet_or_not_sweet
     timestamp
##
     <chr>>
                 <int> <chr>
                             <fct>
                                                     <chr>
                                                                  <chr>
                              Often (almost every d~ Hot Coffee Not Sweet
## 1 11/11/2024~
                    34 Male
## 2 11/11/2024~
                              Often (almost every d~ Hot Coffee Not Sweet
                    34 Male
## 3 11/11/2024~
                              Often (almost every d~ Hot Coffee Sweet
                    21 Male
                              Often (almost every d~ Hot Coffee Sweet
## 4 11/11/2024~
                    21 Male
## 5 11/11/2024~
                    27 Female Often (almost every d~ Cold Coffee Not Sweet
## 6 11/11/2024~
                    27 Female Often (almost every d~ Cold Coffee Not Sweet
## # i 10 more variables: good_and_gather_awareness <chr>,
       chameleon awareness <chr>, medical condition <chr>, name <chr>,
     treatment <dbl>, age_group <fct>, chameleon_awareness_flag <dbl>,
## #
## #
       good_and_gather_awareness_flag <dbl>, brand <chr>, score <int>
ate <- mean(reshaped_data$score[d$treatment == 1], na.rm = TRUE) -
                       mean(reshaped_data$score[d$treatment == 0], na.rm = TRUE)
print(ate)
## [1] 0.1025641
ate <- mean(reshaped_data\$score[reshaped_data\$treatment == 1], na.rm = TRUE) -
       mean(reshaped_data$score[reshaped_data$treatment == 0], na.rm = TRUE)
print(ate)
## [1] -0.07843137
model1<- lm(score ~ treatment, data = reshaped_data)</pre>
model2 <- lm(score ~ treatment + log(age) + gender + chameleon_awareness + brand, data = reshaped_data
stargazer(model1, model2,
          type = "latex",
                            # Use "html" for HTML output or "latex" for LaTeX
          title = "Regression Results",
          covariate.labels = c("Treatment", "log(Age)", "Gender",
                               "Chameleon Awareness (Negative)",
                               "Chameleon Awareness (Neutral)",
                               "Chameleon Awareness (Positive)",
                               "brand Good and Gather"), # Manually add all factor levels
          star.cutoffs = c(0.10, 0.05, 0.01, 0.001),
          report = "vc*p") # Optional: Save output to a text file
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac
## % Date and time: Wed, Dec 11, 2024 - 9:02:00 PM
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
```

\caption{Regression Results}

```
\label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lcc}
## \\[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{2}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\
## \cline{2-3}
## \\[-1.8ex] & \multicolumn{2}{c}{score} \\
## \\[-1.8ex] & (1) & (2)\\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Treatment & $-$0.078 & $-$0.275 \\
## & p = 0.727 & p = 0.217 \\
   & & \\
## log(Age) & & 1.250$^{****}$ \\
## & & p = 0.0003 \setminus
## & & \\
## Gender & & 0.331 \\
## & & p = 0.124 \
##
   & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Negative) & & $-$0.319 \\
    & & p = 0.663 \
##
   & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Neutral) & & 1.062^{***}
   & & p = 0.005 \setminus
##
##
    & & \\
## Chameleon Awareness (Positive) & & 0.529^{*}
   & & p = 0.090 \
##
   & & \\
## brand Good and Gather & & $-$0.022 \
## & & p = 0.917 \setminus
   & & \\
##
## Constant & 3.912$^{****}$ & $-$0.631 \\
## & p = 0.000 \& p = 0.592 \setminus
## & & \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 180 & 180 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.001 & 0.121 \\
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & $-$0.005 & 0.085 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 1.490 (df = 178) & 1.422 (df = 172) \\
## F Statistic & 0.123 (df = 1; 178) & 3.375$^{***}$ (df = 7; 172) \\
## \hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{2}{r}{$^{*}$p$<$0.1; $^{**}$p$<$0.05; $^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}
```

Table 5: Regression Results

	Dependent variable:	
	s	core
	(1)	(2)
Treatment	-0.078	-0.275
	p = 0.727	p = 0.217
$\log(\mathrm{Age})$		1.250****
		p = 0.0003
Gender		0.331
		p = 0.124
Chameleon Awareness (Negative)		-0.319
		p = 0.663
Chameleon Awareness (Neutral)		1.062***
		p = 0.005
Chameleon Awareness (Positive)		$0.529^{*}$
		p = 0.090
brand Good and Gather		-0.022
		p = 0.917
Constant	3.912****	-0.631
	p = 0.000	p = 0.592
Observations	180	180
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.001	0.121
Adjusted R <sup>2</sup>	-0.005	0.085
Residual Std. Error	1.490  (df = 178)	1.422  (df = 172)
F Statistic	0.123  (df = 1; 178)	$3.375^{***} (df = 7; 172)$
Note:	*p<0	0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

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