Report for ForestQuery into Global Deforestation, 1990 to 2016

ForestQuery is on a mission to combat deforestation around the world and to raise awareness about this topic and its impact on the environment. The data analysis team at ForestQuery has obtained data from the World Bank that includes forest area and total land area by country and year from 1990 to 2016, as well as a table of countries and the regions to which they belong.

The data analysis team has used SQL to bring these tables together and to query them in an effort to find areas of concern as well as areas that present an opportunity to learn from successes.

1. GLOBAL SITUATION

According to the World Bank, the total forest area of the world was 41282694.9 in 1990. As of 2016, the most recent year for which data was available, that number had fallen to 39958245.9, a loss of 1324449. or 3.20824258980244 %.

The forest area lost over this time period is slightly more than the entire land area of **Peru** listed for the year 2016 (which is **1279999.9891**).

2. REGIONAL OUTLOOK

In 2016, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was **31.38**. The region with the highest relative forestation was **Latin America & Caribbean**, with **46.16**%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was **Middle East & North Africa**, with **2.07**% forestation.

In 1990, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was **32.42**. The region with the highest relative forestation was **Latin America & Caribbean**, with **51.03**%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was **Middle East & North Africa**, with **1.78** % forestation.

Table 2.1: Percent Forest Area by Region, 1990 & 2016:

Region	1990 Forest Percentage	2016 Forest Percentage
Sub-Saharan Africa	30.67	28.79
Latin America & Caribbean	51.03	46.16
World	32.42	31.38

The only regions of the world that decreased in percent forest area from 1990 to 2016 were **Sub-Saharan Africa** (dropped from **30.67** % to **28.79** %) and **Latin America & Caribbean**(**51.03** % to **46.16** %). All other regions actually increased in forest area over this time period. However, the drop in forest area in the two aforementioned regions was so large, the percent forest area of the world decreased over this time period from **32.42**% to **31.38** %.

3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

A. SUCCESS STORIES

There is one particularly bright spot in the data at the country level, **China**. This country actually increased in forest area from 1990 to 2016 by **527229.062**. It would be interesting to study what has changed in this country over this time to drive this figure in the data higher. The country with the next largest increase in forest area from 1990 to 2016 was the **United States**, but it only saw an increase of **79200**, much lower than the figure for **China** (**448029.062**).

Russian Federation and **China** are of course very large countries in total land area, so when we look at the largest *percent* change in forest area from 1990 to 2016, we aren't surprised to find a much smaller country listed at the top. **French Polynesia** increased in forest area by 27.32 % from 1990 to 2016.

B. LARGEST CONCERNS

Which countries are seeing deforestation to the largest degree? We can answer this question in two ways. First, we can look at the absolute square kilometer decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. The following 3 countries had the largest decrease in forest area over the time period under consideration:

Table 3.1: Top 5 Amount Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Absolute Forest Area Change
Brazil	Latin America & Caribbean	541510
Indonesia	East Asia & Pacific	282193.9844
Myanmar	East Asia & Pacific	107234.0039
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	106506.00098
Tanzania	Sub-Saharan Africa	102320

The second way to consider which countries are of concern is to analyze the data by percent decrease.

Table 3.2: Top 5 Percent Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Forest Area Change
Honduras	Latin America & Caribbean	32.74
Korea, Dem. People's Rep.	East Asia & Pacific	27.38
Zimbabwe	Sub-Saharan Africa	21.75
Cambodia	East Asia & Pacific	20.48
Timor-Leste	East Asia & Pacific	19.58

When we consider countries that decreased in forest area the most between 1990 and 2016, we find that four of the top 5 countries on the list are in the region of **East Asia & Pacific** and **Sub-Saharan Africa**. The countries are **Indonesia**, **Myanmar**, **Nigeria**, and **Tanzania**. The 5th country on the list is **Brazil**, which is in the **Latin America & Caribbean** region.

From the above analysis, we see that _ is the only country that ranks in the top 5 both in terms of absolute square kilometer decrease in forest as well as percent decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. Therefore, this country has a significant opportunity ahead to stop the decline and hopefully spearhead remedial efforts.

C. QUARTILES

Table 3.3: Count of Countries Grouped by Forestation Percent Quartiles, 2016:

Quartile	Number of Countries
0-25	85
25-50	73
50-75	38
75-100	9

The largest number of countries in 2016 were found in the **0-25** quartile.

There were **85** countries in the top quartile in 2016. These are countries with a very high percentage of their land area designated as forest. The following is a list of countries and their respective forest land, denoted as a percentage.

Table 3.4: Top Quartile Countries, 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Designated as Forest
American Samoa	East Asia & Pacific	87.5000875
Micronesia, Fed. Sts.	East Asia & Pacific	91.85723907
Gabon	Sub-Saharan Africa	90.03764187
Guyana	Latin America & Caribbean	83.90144891
Lao PDR	East Asia & Pacific	82.10823176
Palau	East Asia & Pacific	87.60680855
Solomon Islands	East Asia & Pacific	77.86351779
Suriname	Latin America & Caribbean	98.25769397
Seychelles	Sub-Saharan Africa	88.41113674

How many countries had a percent forestation higher than the United States in 2016? - **94**

5. RECOMMENDATIONS

Write out a set of recommendations as an analyst on the ForestQuery team.

- What have you learned from the World Bank data?
 From the World bank data, We have got to know the forest area is decreasing and the land area is increasing over the time, which is leading to deforestation.
- Which countries should we focus on over others?
 For some countries, Forest area is decreasing over the time. We need to focus on the countries where the forest area has decreased from 1990 to 2016.

6. Appendix - SQL Queries

View -

```
/* View */
CREATE VIEW Forestation AS
SELECT f.country_code,f.year,f.country_name,f.forest_area_sqkm,
1.total_area_sq_mi,r.region,r.income_group,
  ((f.forest_area_sqkm * 100 ) / (1.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59)) AS Forest
FROM forest_area f
INNER JOIN land_area 1 ON f.country_code = 1.country_code AND
f.year = 1.year
INNER JOIN regions r ON
r.country_code = f.country_code
```

Global Situation

```
select sum(forest area sqkm) from forestation
where year = 1990 and country name = 'World'
select sum(forest area sqkm) from forestation
where year = 2016 and country name = 'World'
1990 to 2016? */
SELECT ( (select sum(forest area sqkm)
from forestation where year = 1990 and country name = 'World') - (select
sum(forest area sqkm)
from forestation where year = 2016 and country name = 'World')) AS change
and 2016? */
SELECT (((select sum(forest_area_sqkm)
from forestation where year = 1990 and country name = 'World') - (select
sum(forest area sqkm)
from forestation where year = 2016 and country name = 'World'))*100) /
((select sum(forest area sqkm)
from forestation where year = 1990 and country name = 'World'))
AS percentchange
```

```
/* If you compare the amount of forest area lost between 1990 and 2016,
to which country's total area in 2016 is it closest? */
select total_land_area, country_name
from (select sum(total_area_sq_mi*2.59)
    as total_land_area,country_name
    from forestation
        where year = 2016
        group by country_name
        order by total_land_area desc)
        as land_area_16
where total_land_area <
(SELECT (
        (select sum(forest_area_sqkm)
        from forestation where year = 1990 and country_name = 'World') -
              (select sum(forest_area_sqkm)
        from forestation where year = 2016 and country_name = 'World')))
limit 1;</pre>
```

Regional Outlook

```
/* Create a table that shows the Regions and
their percent forest area (sum of forest area divided by sum of land area)
in 1990 and 2016 */

SELECT region, year,
(sum (forest_area_sqkm)*100)/(sum (total_area_sq_mi*2.59))
AS region_forest_area
INTO Regions_data
FROM Forestation
where year in ('1990','2016')
Group by region, year
```

```
/* Ques 1 */
/* What was the percent forest of the entire world in 2016? */
select cast((region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
from Regions data
where year = 2016 and region='World'
^{\prime *} Which region had the HIGHEST percent forest in 2016 ^{*}/
select region, cast((region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
AS Highest percent forest
from Regions data
where year = 2016
order by Highest percent forest desc
limit 1;
select region, cast((region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
AS lowest percent forest
from Regions data
where year = 2016
order by Highest percent forest asc
limit 1;
/* Ques 2 */
select cast((region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
from Regions data
where year = 1990 and region='World'
```

```
select region, cast((region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
AS Highest percent forest
from Regions data
where year = 1990
order by Highest percent forest desc
limit 1;
^{\prime *} Which region had the LOWEST percent forest in 1990 ^{*}/
select region, cast((region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
AS lowest percent forest
from Regions data
where year = 1990
order by Highest percent forest asc
limit 1;
forest area from 1990 to 2016? */
select r.region, cast((r.region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
AS Forest percentage 1990, cast((d.region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
AS Forest percentage 2016
from Regions data r
INNER JOIN Regions data d
ON r.region = d.region
where r.year = 1990 and d.year = 2016
and cast((r.region_forest_area) as decimal(10,2)) >
cast((d.region forest area) as decimal(10,2))
```

Country level details

```
to 2016? */
select fa.country name, fa.forest area sqkm
AS Forest area 1990, faa.forest area sqkm
AS Forest area 2016, faa.forest area sqkm- fa.forest area sqkm
AS difference
from forest area fa
INNER JOIN forest area faa
ON fa.country name = faa.country name
where fa.year = 1990 and faa.year = 2016
and fa.forest area sqkm < faa.forest area sqkm
order by difference desc
limit 1;
/* Which country saw the 2nd largest increase over this time period? */
select fa.country name, fa.forest area sqkm
AS Forest area 1990, faa.forest area sqkm
AS Forest area 2016, faa.forest area sqkm- fa.forest area sqkm
AS difference
from forest area fa
INNER JOIN forest area faa
ON fa.country name = faa.country name
where fa.year = 1990 and faa.year = 2016
and fa.forest area sqkm < faa.forest area sqkm
order by difference desc
limit 2
offset 1;
```

```
/st Which country saw the largest percent increase in forest area from 1990
to 2016? */
select fa.country name, fa.Forest
AS Forest percentarea 1990, faa.Forest
AS Forest percentarea 2016,
cast((faa.Forest) as decimal(10,2)) - cast((fa.Forest) as decimal(10,2))
AS difference
from Forestation fa
INNER JOIN Forestation faa
ON fa.country name = faa.country name
where fa.year = 1990 and faa.year = 2016
and fa.Forest < faa.Forest
order by difference desc
limit 1;
/* 2 largest countries in total land area*/
select country name, sum(total area sq mi*2.59)
as total land area from Forestation
where total area sq mi is not null and country name != 'World'
and year=2016
group by country name
order by total land area desc
limit 2;
```

```
1990 to 2016? */
select fa.country name, fa.region, fa.forest area sqkm-
faa.forest area sqkm
AS difference
from Forestation fa
INNER JOIN Forestation faa
ON fa.country name = faa.country name
where fa.year = 1990 and faa.year = 2016
and fa.forest area sqkm > faa.forest area sqkm
and fa.country name != 'World'
order by difference desc
limit 5;
select fa.country name, fa.region,
cast((fa.Forest) as decimal(10,2)) - cast((faa.Forest) as decimal(10,2))
AS difference
from Forestation fa
INNER JOIN Forestation faa
ON fa.country name = faa.country name
where fa.year = 1990 and faa.year = 2016
and fa.Forest > faa.Forest
order by difference desc
limit 5;
```

```
group had the most countries in it in 2016? */
select t.range, count(*)
from (
  when Forest between 0 and 25 then ' 0- 25'
  when Forest between 25 and 50 then '25-50'
  when Forest between 50 and 75 then '50-75'
from Forestation where year = 2016 and Forest IS NOT NULL) t
group by t.range
order by t.range, count desc
limit 1;
select country name, region, Forest
from Forestation
where Forest>75 and year = 2016
/* Que - 7 */
States in 2016? */
select country name
from Forestation
where year = 2016 and country name != 'United States' and Forest >
(select Forest from Forestation
where country_name = 'United States' and year = 2016)
```