```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import scipy.stats as stats
In [5]: # Set the random seed for reproducibility
        np.random.seed(42)
        # Create a synthetic dataset
        data = {
            'product_id': range(1, 21),
            'product_name': [f'Product {i}' for i in range(1, 21)],
            'category': np.random.choice(['Electronics', 'Clothing', 'Home', 'Sports'], 20)
            'units_sold': np.random.poisson(lam=20, size=20), # Poisson distribution for s
            'sale_date': pd.date_range(start='2023-01-01', periods=20, freq='D')
        }
        sales_data = pd.DataFrame(data)
        # Display the first few rows of the dataset
        print("Sales Data:")
        print(sales_data)
       Sales Data:
           product_id product_name
                                       category units_sold sale_date
       0
                    1
                         Product 1
                                                         25 2023-01-01
                                           Home
                    2
                                                         15 2023-01-02
       1
                         Product 2
                                         Sports
       2
                    3
                         Product 3 Electronics
                                                         17 2023-01-03
       3
                    4
                         Product 4
                                           Home
                                                         19 2023-01-04
       4
                    5
                        Product 5
                                           Home
                                                         21 2023-01-05
       5
                        Product 6
                                                         17 2023-01-06
                    6
                                         Sports
                        Product 7 Electronics
       6
                    7
                                                         19 2023-01-07
       7
                      Product 8 Electronics
                   8
                                                         16 2023-01-08
       8
                   9
                        Product 9
                                           Home
                                                         21 2023-01-09
       9
                   10
                       Product 10
                                       Clothing
                                                         21 2023-01-10
       10
                   11
                        Product 11
                                           Home
                                                         17 2023-01-11
       11
                   12
                        Product 12
                                           Home
                                                         22 2023-01-12
       12
                       Product 13
                   13
                                           Home
                                                         14 2023-01-13
       13
                   14
                        Product 14
                                           Home
                                                         17 2023-01-14
       14
                   15
                        Product 15
                                         Sports
                                                         17 2023-01-15
                        Product 16 Electronics
       15
                                                         21 2023-01-16
                   16
       16
                   17
                        Product 17
                                         Sports
                                                         21 2023-01-17
       17
                   18
                        Product 18
                                         Sports
                                                         13 2023-01-18
       18
                   19
                        Product 19
                                         Sports
                                                         18 2023-01-19
       19
                   20
                        Product 20
                                           Home
                                                         25 2023-01-20
In [6]: # Save the DataFrame as a CSV file
        sales_data.to_csv('sales_data.csv', index=False)
In [7]: # path Location
        import os
        os.getcwd()
```

```
Out[7]: 'c:\\Users\\admin\\VSCODE\\Stats'
```

```
In [8]: # Descriptive statistics
        descriptive stats = sales data['units sold'].describe()
        # Display descriptive statistics
        print("\nDescriptive Statistics for Units Sold:")
        print(descriptive stats)
        # Additional statistics
        mean sales = sales data['units sold'].mean()
        median_sales = sales_data['units_sold'].median()
        mode_sales = sales_data['units_sold'].mode()[0]
        variance_sales = sales_data['units_sold'].var()
        std_deviation_sales = sales_data['units_sold'].std()
        # Group by category and calculate total and average sales
        category_stats = sales_data.groupby('category')['units_sold'].agg(['sum', 'mean',
        category_stats.columns = ['Category', 'Total Units Sold', 'Average Units Sold', 'St
        # Display the results
        print("\nStatistical Analysis:")
        print(f"Mean Units Sold: {mean sales}")
        print(f"Median Units Sold: {median_sales}")
        print(f"Mode Units Sold: {mode_sales}")
        print(f"Variance of Units Sold: {variance sales}")
        print(f"Standard Deviation of Units Sold: {std deviation sales}")
        print("\nCategory Statistics:")
        print(category_stats)
       Descriptive Statistics for Units Sold:
       count
               20.000000
       mean
               18.800000
       std
               3.302312
              13.000000
       min
       25%
              17.000000
       50%
              18.500000
       75%
               21.000000
                25.000000
       max
       Name: units_sold, dtype: float64
       Statistical Analysis:
       Mean Units Sold: 18.8
       Median Units Sold: 18.5
       Mode Units Sold: 17
       Variance of Units Sold: 10.905263157894737
       Standard Deviation of Units Sold: 3.302311789927586
       Category Statistics:
             Category Total Units Sold Average Units Sold Std Dev of Units Sold
             Clothing
                                     21
                                                 21.000000
                                                                               NaN
       1 Electronics
                                     73
                                                  18.250000
                                                                         2.217356
       2
                Home
                                    181
                                                 20.111111
                                                                         3.723051
       3
               Sports
                                    101
                                                 16.833333
                                                                          2.714160
```

```
In [9]: # Confidence Interval for the mean of units sold
         confidence level = 0.95
         degrees_freedom = len(sales_data['units_sold']) - 1
         sample mean = mean sales
         sample_standard_error = std_deviation_sales / np.sqrt(len(sales_data['units_sold'])
         # t-score for the confidence level
         t_score = stats.t.ppf((1 + confidence_level) / 2, degrees_freedom)
         margin_of_error = t_score * sample_standard_error
         confidence_interval = (sample_mean - margin_of_error, sample_mean + margin_of_error
         print("\nConfidence Interval for the Mean of Units Sold:")
         print(confidence_interval)
        Confidence Interval for the Mean of Units Sold:
        (np.float64(17.254470507823573), np.float64(20.34552949217643))
In [10]: # Confidence Interval for the mean of units sold
         confidence_level = 0.99
         degrees_freedom = len(sales_data['units_sold']) - 1
         sample mean = mean sales
         sample_standard_error = std_deviation_sales / np.sqrt(len(sales_data['units_sold'])
         # t-score for the confidence level
         t_score = stats.t.ppf((1 + confidence_level) / 2, degrees_freedom)
         margin_of_error = t_score * sample_standard_error
         confidence_interval = (sample_mean - margin_of_error, sample_mean + margin_of_error
         print("\nConfidence Interval for the Mean of Units Sold:")
         print(confidence_interval)
        Confidence Interval for the Mean of Units Sold:
        (np.float64(16.687430485978535), np.float64(20.912569514021467))
In [11]: # Hypothesis Testing (t-test)
         # Null hypothesis: Mean units sold is equal to 20
         # Alternative hypothesis: Mean units sold is not equal to 20
         t_statistic, p_value = stats.ttest_1samp(sales_data['units_sold'], 20)
         print("\nHypothesis Testing (t-test):")
         print(f"T-statistic: {t_statistic}, P-value: {p_value}")
         if p_value < 0.05:</pre>
             print("Reject the null hypothesis: The mean units sold is significantly differe
         else:
             print("Fail to reject the null hypothesis: The mean units sold is not significal
        Hypothesis Testing (t-test):
        T-statistic: -1.6250928099424466, P-value: 0.12061572226781002
        Fail to reject the null hypothesis: The mean units sold is not significantly differe
        nt from 20.
In [12]: # Visualizations
         sns.set(style="whitegrid")
         # Plot distribution of units sold
```

9/17/25, 5:48 PM Statistics-Project

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(sales_data['units_sold'], bins=10, kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Units Sold')
plt.xlabel('Units Sold')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.axvline(mean_sales, color='red', linestyle='--', label='Mean')
plt.axvline(median_sales, color='blue', linestyle='--', label='Median')
plt.axvline(mode_sales, color='green', linestyle='--', label='Mode')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# Boxplot for units sold by category
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(x='category', y='units_sold', data=sales_data)
plt.title('Boxplot of Units Sold by Category')
plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Units Sold')
plt.show()
# Bar plot for total units sold by category
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x='Category', y='Total Units Sold', data=category_stats)
plt.title('Total Units Sold by Category')
plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Total Units Sold')
plt.show()
```





