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When in 3 if `x = x.sort()`
it will return None but
if just `x.sort()` then
it `x = sorted list`
the y returns sorted list

Code-Drawing Template

inplace

Code	Variables	Objects
<code>x = [1, 2, 3, 4]</code> <code>y = x</code> <code>x.pop(2)</code>	<code>x = [1, 3, 4]</code> <code>y = [1, 3, 4]</code>	<code>x</code> → [1, 3, 4] <code>y</code> → [1, 3, 4]

Code	Variables	Objects
<code>x = [1, 4, 3, 2]</code> <code>y = x</code> <code>sorted(x)</code>	<code>x = [1, 4, 3, 2]</code> <code>y = [1, 4, 3, 2]</code>	<code>x</code> → [1, 4, 3, 2] <code>y</code> → [1, 4, 3, 2] <code>sorted(x)</code> needs to be reassigned to a new variable to be new list

`x = x.sort()`
or just
`x.sort()`
means
`x = 'None'`
`y` is new
sorted list

Code	Variables	Objects
<code>x = [1, 4, 3, 2]</code> <code>y = x</code> <code>x = x.sort()</code>	<code>x = 'None'</code> <code>y = [1, 2, 3, 4]</code>	<code>x</code> → None <code>y</code> → [1, 2, 3, 4]

Code	Variables	Objects
<code>x = [3, 14, 42]</code> <code>z = {'boring#': [1, 2, 3], 'interesting': x}</code> <code>y = x</code> <code>y.append(1, 618)</code>	<code>x = [3, 14, 42, 1, 618]</code> <code>y = [3, 14, 42, 1, 618]</code> <code>z = {'boring#': [1, 2, 3], 'interesting': [3, 14, 42, 1, 618]}</code>	<code>x</code> → [3, 14, 42, 1, 618] <code>y</code> → [3, 14, 42, 1, 618] <code>z</code> → {"boring#": "[1, 2, 3]", "interesting": "[3, 14, 42, 1, 618]"} (Note: The diagram shows the objects being stored as strings in the dictionary)

Code	Variables	Objects
<code>x = [42, -1]</code> <code>y = [1, 2, x]</code> <code>x.append(-2)</code>	<code>x = [42, -1]</code> <code>y = (1, 2, x)</code>	<code>x</code> → [42, -1, -2] <code>y</code> → (1, 2, [42, -1, -2])

Exercise 2:

`x = [1, 4, 3, 2]`

`y = x`

`sorted(x)`

↳ this leaves x and y as unsorted

`x = [1, 4, 3, 2]` `y = [1, 4, 3, 2]`

`x = [1, 4, 3, 2]`
`y = x` → still pointing to old object
`x = sorted(x)` → creates new object
↳ gives
`x = [1, 2, 3, 4]`
`y = [1, 4, 3, 2]`

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 it will return None, but

Code	Variables	Objects
<pre>Y['dino']=['big guy', 'lizard'] Y['cat_names'].append('tiger')</pre>	<pre>X={'dog': ['fido', 'wouter']} Y={'dog_names': ['fido', 'wouter']}</pre>	<pre>X['dinosaur_names']=['big guy', 'super lizard'] X['cat_names']=['fluffy', 'bife-y', 'tiger']</pre>
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`import copy`
`y = copy.deepcopy(x)`
 means x and y point to
 two different objects