

**Homework 1**

Please show all work for full credit. You're only allowed to use the standard built-in Python 3 libraries.

**Question 1.** Watch [Mary's Room: A philosophical thought experiment – Eleanor Nelsen](#) on YouTube.

Do you think there is something about human learning that is different than machine learning?

**Question 2.** Rate your skills out of ten in the following subjects,

- 1) Probability and Statistics
- 2) Calculus
- 3) Linear Algebra
- 4) Python

**Question 3.** Of the sub-plots (a), (b), (c) and (d) in figure 1, state which ones have no correlation, negative correlation, positive correlation and non-linear correlation.

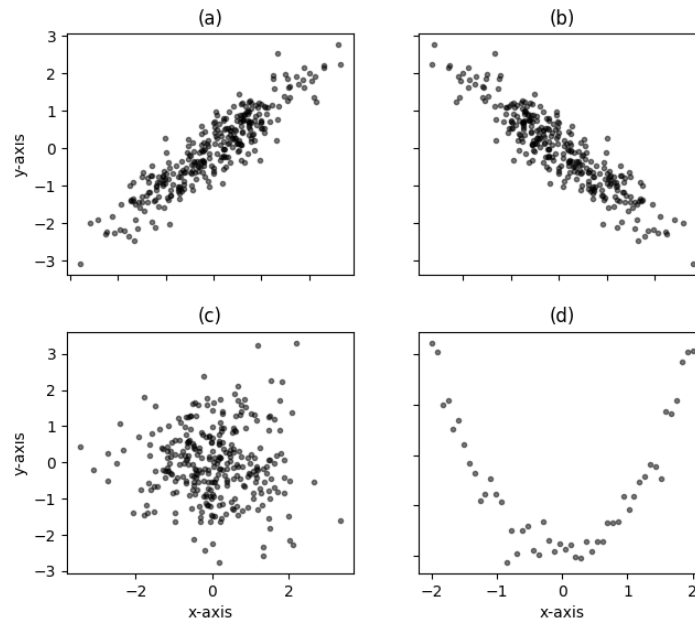


FIGURE 1. Different types of correlations.

**Question 4.** Assume that the probability of Alice going to class everyday given she got a good grade is  $\frac{5}{6}$  and the probability of her getting a good grade is  $\frac{2}{5}$  while the probability of her going to class everyday is  $\frac{1}{3}$ . What is the probability that Alice gets a good grade given she went to class everyday?

Hint: Thomas Bayes.

**Question 5.** We define the natural numbers as,

$$\mathbb{N} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots\}$$

Let  $x$  be the arithmetic mean of the first  $2^{33} - 1$  natural numbers. What is  $\log_2(x)$ ?

Hint: Carl Friedrich Gauss.

**Question 6.** Let `arr = [x % 2 for x in range((2**100)-1)]` be a Python list using [Python list comprehension](#). What is the statistical mode of the list `arr`? Justify your answer.

**Question 7.** Define a function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(x^2)}{y}$$

Calculate the following,

- The partial derivative with respect to  $y, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$
- The partial derivative with respect to  $x, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$
- The gradient vector  $\nabla f(x, y)$ .

**Question 8.** Let  $\vec{v}_1 = [e, \pi, \sqrt{2}]$  and  $\vec{v}_2 = [1, 2, 0]$ . What is the dot product  $\vec{v}_1 \cdot \vec{v}_2$ ? Please do not give an approximation.

**Question 9.** We define a matrix of  $n$  rows and  $p$  columns with real values as  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$ . We can think of  $\mathbf{A}$  as having  $n$  row vectors with the  $i^{\text{th}} \leq n$  row vector being  $\text{row}(\mathbf{A})_i$ . Similarly, we can think of  $\mathbf{A}$  as having  $p$  column vectors with the  $j^{\text{th}} \leq p$  column vector being  $\text{col}(\mathbf{X})_j$ .

Then matrix multiplication between  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$  and  $\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times m}$  is defined as,

$$\mathbf{AB} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_1 \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_1 & \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_1 \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_2 & \cdots & \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_1 \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_m \\ \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_2 \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_1 & \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_2 \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_2 & \cdots & \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_2 \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_m \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_n \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_1 & \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_n \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_2 & \cdots & \text{row}(\mathbf{A})_n \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_m \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $\text{row}(\mathbf{A})_i \text{col}(\mathbf{X})_j \in \mathbb{R}$  is a dot or inner product.

Further, the transpose of  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$  is written as  $\mathbf{A}^T \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times n}$  and is defined as,

If  $\mathbf{A}^T$  is the transpose of  $\mathbf{A}$  then  $\text{row}(\mathbf{A})_i = \text{col}(\mathbf{A}^T)_j$ .

- What must be true of the number of columns of  $\mathbf{A}$  and number of rows of  $\mathbf{B}$  for  $\mathbf{AB}$  to be defined?
- What information do the number of rows of  $\mathbf{A}$  and number of columns of  $\mathbf{B}$  give you about the dimensions of the product  $\mathbf{AB}$ ?
- For the two matrices bellow, give the product  $\mathbf{AB}$ .

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Prove that the matrix product is not a symmetric relation, i. e.,  $\mathbf{AB} \neq \mathbf{BA}$ . Hint: can you construct a small counter example?
- Prove that  $(\mathbf{AB})^T = \mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{A}^T$ .
- For  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}, \beta \in \mathbb{R}^p, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$  prove that,

$$\beta^T \mathbf{X}^T y = y^T \mathbf{X} \beta$$

- Let  $f(\beta) = \beta^T \beta$ . Prove that the derivative  $\frac{df}{d\beta} = 2\beta$ .

**Question 10.** For  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  we have,

$$f(x) = \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^3}{3}$$

Give,

$$\min_x f(x) = \min_x \left( \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right)$$

Plot  $f$  to double check your answer.

**Question 11.** Let  $x \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  be a normally distributed random variable with mean 0 and standard deviation 1. What is the likelihood that  $x = \sqrt{2}$ . Give an exact answer.

**Question 12.** The code snippet in listing 1 reads the plain text of the novel *The Cosmic Computer* by the famous American science fiction writer Henry Beam Piper over the internet and saves it to a string variable `text`.

---

```

1  from urllib.request import urlopen as get
2
3  url = 'https://www.gutenberg.org/files/20727/20727.txt'
4  with get(url) as response:
5      text = response.read().decode('utf-8')
6
7  print(text)

```

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LISTING 1. A Python program to download the text of the *The Cosmic Computer* by Piper.

Write a Python program that prints out the ten most used words in the novel that have more than 5 letters. State your findings. Put your code in a file called `frequency.py`.

**Question 13.** Watch [Laziness in Python - Computerphile](#) on YouTube.

Implement the function `fibonacci(n)` in the code listing 2.

---

```

1  def fibonacci(n):
2      # implement me
3
4  for t in fibonacci(50):
5      print(t)

```

---

LISTING 2. A Python 3 program to print out the first  $n \geq 0$  Fibonacci numbers.

Run your program for  $n = 50$ . What are the last five numbers printed? Put your code in a file called `fibonacci.py`.

### SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Submit a PDF that answers all the questions.
- 2) Submit Python files, e. g., `frequency.py` and `fibonacci.py`.

OKLAHOMA CITY UNIVERSITY, PETREE COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCES, COMPUTER SCIENCE